The Provincial Wesleyan.

[FOR THE PROVINCIAL WESLEYAN.]

Letter from Philadelphia.

PHILADELPHIA, Feb. 28, 1854.

Methodism was introduced into this large city about one century ago, and has been on the increase ever since. Lately, however, it has given evidence of more abiding and wider influences in the construction of new and beautiful edifices. The members reach some 7,000, not including some colored people. But few of these in the Northern States remain with the white congregations, they are a peculiar people,—wanted their own colored Bishops,—now have them, and conduct ecclesiastical matters according to their own notions, none daring to molest or to make them afraid. On the contrary in the Southern States, the blacks often prefer worshipping with the white people, to their own churches and with ministers of their own color, of which there are many. It is a common custom at the South for the blacks to occupy a portion, and often the entire galleries of the churches. The rule is invariable in Methodist Churches.

To hear them "sing and shout," as I have hundreds of times in my travels, would seem as if they greatly enjoyed such religious privileges. Apparantly, I have never met with a happier set of christians. They make the very arches of the sacred temples ring with their hallelujahs and praises, thousands of them die in this triumphant frame of mind, and rest where there is a freedom, more glorious than all earthly and never ending.

There is a great deal said about American slavery, and by those who 'don't know' much about the thing. I wish we were clear of it. Still if I had been born a negro in bondage in the U. S. instead of a white man, for which I thank my Creator—I think I would greatly prefer shouting the praises of my Redeemer, as a converted American slave, than to have been born in the heathenism of Africa, uncivilized, cruel, and shouting and bowing down to the devil; and then I might possibly, be among the noble free Liberians, and thus return to the land of my forefathers, civilized, converted, and have a hand in extending these christian mercies, to the less fortunate of my race on her gloomy shores. Amidst the darkness of American slavery, this is a cheering view to my own mind.

Yours, &c.

Religious Items.

. . . The *Watchman* of Feb. 8th, states, that the amount promised to the Wesleyan Connexional Relief and Extension Fund, is considerably more than £81,000, a full one-half of which has been already received by the Treasurers. Some seventy Circuit Meetings yet remain to be held in different parts of the Kingdom.

. . . The Rev. Samuel Hardey, Wesleyan Missionary of Madras, had arrived at the Mauritius, and at the date of the last accounts, says the *Watchman*, was recovering from the severe illness which rendered it necessary for him to leave India. Applications had been made to him to undertake the religious instructions of the Coolies in that island—more than one hundred thousand in number; and he would probably remain two or three months, at least, with a view to ascertaining the practicability of the plans proposed.

. . . A deputation from the Wesleyan body, consisting of the Rev. Dr. Bunting, the Rev. Dr. Beecham, Rev. Charles Brest, Mr. James Heald, Mr. T. P. Bunting, and the Rev. John Scott, had an interview with Viscount Palmerston on Feb. 6th at the Home office.

. . . The last monthly paper of the British and Foreign Bible Society announces that Her Majesty the Queen has again given a donation of £100 to the Society, and that Lord Palmerston has forwarded a donation of £10 to the Romsey Auxiliary for the Chinese New Testament Fund.

. . . The Rev. Walter Oke Croggon, whose name has been so long familiar to our readers, as general Superintendent of the Wesleyan Missionary Society's operations in Ireland died on the 30th January last. He met the last enemy, says the *Watchman*, fully prepared for the event, calmly resigning himself into the hands of the Saviour, whom he had loved and served His memory will be dear to many in England, in France, in Greece, and in Ireland, for years to come.

. . . The *Tablet* has reason to believe that Dr. Newmam, the illustrious President of the Catholic University in Ireland will shortly be raised to the dignity of bishop *in partibus*."

. . . A great split has taken place among the Jews, the seceders denying that the Talmud, or oral tradition, is of equal obligation with the Word of God, and binding on Israelites. The London *Record* observes that a similar schism has existed for some years among the Jews on the Continent of Europe and in the East. The seceders are called Karaites, or Jews who keep by the text of the Word of God and reject traditions. Their prayer-book is a beautiful compilation, being taken almost entirely from the Scripture, with some hymns; and they do not omit any book of the Bible on the Scriptures, as some have asserted. The other Jews hate this sect more than they do the Gentiles. May we we not hope that many of these Karaites will be brought to embrace Christ as their long looked for Messiah?

. . . Cardinal Wiseman, it is said, will remain in Rome, as one of the College of Cardinals.—He has taken a palace adjoining the parish church in Rome, of which he is rector.

. . . Persecution of Protestants in Normandy is going on apace. Local authorities in many places acting as the tools of the clergy, have determined to do away with religious liberty and Protestant meetings also. Where Christian Societies are allowed to pursue their labours, it is by mere toleration.

. . . What is still worse, Protestant Sweeden is persecuting Protestants who dissent from the National church. Between three and four hundred persons, it is said, are under sentence of imprisonment, on bread and water, for twenty-eight days, for exclusively religious causes.—Shame on the instigators of this atrocity!—The sentence, however, has not yet been executed. The spirit which dictated it comes from the lower regions.

. . . We learn from *Hazard's Gazette* that the Eighth anniversary of the Prince Edward Island association, in connection with the London Society, for promoting Christianity amongst the Jews, was held in the Temperance Hall, Charlottetown, on Friday Evening the 10th ult., the Hon Charles Hensley in the Chair. The report was read by Mr. James Moore, Secretary. Several appropriate resolutions were moved and seconded, and a collection amounting to £6 7s. 4d. was taken up in behalf of the funds. We shall make some extracts from the Report in our next.

. . . We see by the *Baltimore Clipper* that the *Baltimore Annual Conference of the Methodist Episcopal Church* commenced its session in that city on the morning of March 1st, at the Light-street Church. Bishop Ames is the presiding officer, assisted by Bishop Waugh. The Conference includes about three hundred ministers, who have the pastoral charge of 73,100 members, and extends over the western shore of Maryland, and portions of Virginia and Pennsylvania. It will probably continue in session for ten or twelve days, during which time there will be several anniversary meetings held, in which several distinguished strangers will assist, among others Rev. Dr. Durbin and Rev. Abel Stevens. The missionary collections during the year in this Conference will propably amount to over $30,000—a considerable increase over the previous year.

. . . We learn from the Evangelist that Rev Dr. Cox has been compelled, by continued ill-health, to request the people of his charge, the First Presbyterian Church in Brooklyn, to unite with him in asking of the Presbytery a dissolution of the pastoral relation, which has subsisted for nearly twenty years.

. . . The Bishop of the Cape of Good Hope mentions one truly astounding fact—that some English emigrants have actually been converted to Mohammedanism by certain Malay settlers.

. . . It is now one hundred and fourteen years that the Methodists have existed as a people.—They now number in the world nearly 2,000,000 of communicants, and preach the gospel to ten or twelve millions.

. . . The various Protestant Denominations in France have prepared an address, to be presented to the Emperor, asking him to issue a law for the enforcement of religious liberty.

Literary and Scientific.

. . . Amongst the new patents advertized in the London *Gazette*, is one to Adolphus T. Wagner, of Berlin, in the kingdom of Prussia, professor of music, for the invention of a "psychograph, or apparatus for indicating persons' thoughts by the agency of nervous electricity."

. . . Some papers relating to the Cromwell period have lately been discovered in an ancient chest, long standing in a neglected corner of an obscure tower in Lambeth palace. It is stated that some of them bear the signature of the Protector.

. . . A Mr. Cunningham, in England, has invented a contrivance whereby top-sails are reefed and unreefed from the deck in a few minutes without the necessity of sending a man aloft.

. . . There are now, says the *Boston Journal*, 120 Colleges in the United States. Most of these have been founded and directed by the clergy and other members of the Congregational and Presbyterian denominations. Thirteen are now under the superintendence of Baptists, thirteen of Methodists, eight of Episcopalians, and eleven of Roman Catholics.—Besides the above institutions or those connected with them, there are forty-three theological seminaries.

. . . Mr. Borton, of Hong-Kong, writes to the *Friend of China*, insisting that he has discovered a method of deducing the longitude by a common watch. "The method is simply this:—The difference of time of the moon's distance by day or night gives the longitude by the longitudinal table under any meridian. Take the angular distance of the sun and moon in sight,—compare with the *Nautical Almanack*, lay off the nearest distance to that, and note the time of contact by your insrument; the difference of that time at ship and time by *Nautical Almanack*, agreeing to that distance, is the longitude of the place of observation. This may be effected at any time having true mean time, which may be always obtained by finding the time at sea."

. . . A very remarkable discovery was announced to the Academy of Science by M. Dumas in its last sitting. He stated that M. Saint-Clair Devile had succeeded in obtaining from clay a metal as white and brilliant as silver, as malleable as gold, and as light as glass. It is fusible at a moderate temperature. Air and damp do not affect this metal, which is called alluminium; it attains its brilliancy, and is not affected by nitric or sulphuric acid, either strong or diluted, if the temperature be not raised. It is only dissolved by very hot chlorhydric acid. Several specimens of this metal were exhibited to the Academy, and on the propsition of Baron Thenard, it was voted unanimously that a sufficient sum should be placed at the disposal of M. Saint-Claire Deville to enable him to make experiments on a large scale.

Legislative.

HOUSE OF ASSEMBLY.

TUESDAY, February 28.

MARRIAGE LICENCE LAW.

The house went into Committee on Bills.

The Marriage License Bill was taken up.

A long discussion ensued—a variety of amendments were mooted—the conclusion was that the Law should remain as at present.

The Bill relating to the Pilotage was taken up.

The Railway Bills were taken up, and the Bill "authorizing the construction of Railways in this Province" passed.

The Act authorising "a loan" was read, and passed clause by clause—until the Clerk arrived at that wherein the City of Halifax was bound to take £100,000 in stock, when.

Dr. Brown moved the following addition:

That every County through which such Railways may pass shall take stock therein to the extent of Thirty Thousand Pounds, on the same terms and conditions as the City of Halifax.

This was negatived by a large majority.

The Bill passed in the affirmative;

WEDNESDAY, March 1st,

BILLS.

The Bill for amending the act for incorporating the Halifax Horticultural Society was taken up and passed. The provisions of the Bill were as we understood to make the stock of the Company £2,300 in £25 shares, and to absolve the old shareholders from an objectionable liability.

The Halifax Marine Railway Bill, and the Bill to allow assessments to be sued for in Cape Breton were agreed to.

The Bill for allowing persons not freeholders to be appointed Assessors was taken up and passed, under charge of Mr. Annand.

The same gentleman pressed Bills for amending the revised statutes so as to prevent asses, mules, and geese going at large.

THE MAINE LAW.

Hon, J. W. Johnston rose to ask leave to present a bundle, (about as round as a barrel.) of Temperance petitions from all parts of the province, except Cape Breton, in favor of the adoption of the Maine Liquor Law in Nova Scotia. The four Counties of Cape Breton had not yet been heard from, and he craved leave to be allowed to present petitions from those places as they came—the subject being one of general Legislation. Several petitions had not arrived from other counties also, but were daily expected. The following were the number of signatures received:—

Counties.	
Halifax,	4508
Annapolis,	2586
Yarmouth,	2564
Queen's,	1815
Shelburne,	2230
Hants,	4492
Kings,	3352
Pictou,	1822
Guysborough,	911
Cumberland,	1539
Lunenburg,	870
Digby,	909
Sydney,	258
Colchester,	2742
	30,681

HALIFAX FISH MARKET.

Mr. Doyle introduced a Bill to allow Fresh Fish to be sold in any part of Halifax, which was read a first time.

General Intelligence.

The Latest European News

The R. M. Steamer *Asia* arrived at this port on Wednesday evening, the 8th inst., and the R. M. S. *Arabia* yesterday noon. The following are the most important items of intelligence received by these arrivals:—

The English expedition had been increased from 12,000 to 26,000 men, and the guards and regiments of the line selected were fast proceeding to the East. Many had already embarked. Naval and military recruits flock to the service with alacrity, which fact is considered as a proof of the general popularity of the war.

Sir Charles Napier it i stated, will command the Baltic fleet. The Autocrat has been notified by England, that a definite number of days is allowed him for the withdrawal of his forces beyond the Pruth,—the penalty of non-compliance being open and immediate hostilities on the part of the allied forces of England and France.

The Times says it is stated that the British force will be armed with the Minie rifles. Thirteen ships have been taken up for the conveyance of stores and munitions of war to Malta.—Nothing further is known respecting the shipments of cavalry.

The march of the French troops is not noticed in the French journals; but 70,000 men will be sent; and it is supposed that with the consent of the Emperor of Austria they will proceed by railway across his dominions.

All the news from the Danube tends to show that the Russians are pressing their forces towards Kalafat, with a view to force Omer Pacha's position.

Five additional French line of battle ships will be sent to the Black Sea, and the English Fleet will be ready for action long before the weather in the Baltic will allow of any operations.

The Emperor of France states in his published manifesto, that he has every confidence in the trustworthiness and chivalrous character of the Emperor of Austria, whose interests are in fact identical with France.

Letters from St. Petersburgh of the 10th state that a financial crisis prevails in that city, Money has become extremely scarce, and most of the transactions have been adjourned. Trade is completely paralyzed. Nothing but paper is seen, and the principal houses avoid engaging in important operations. War is considered inevitable; it is, however, anything but popular in that capital.

Considerable uneasiness is experienced at the attempt of Russia to foment insurrection amongst the Christian subjects of the Sultan. Accounts from Albania and elsewhere had come to hand showing that such game had already commenced through Muscovite agency.

The Chronicle's Vienna correspondent states that Bucharest advices of the 8th mention a report that the Crown Prince of Russia will supersede Gortschekoff.

CONSTANTINOPLE, Feb. 2.—The attitude of Persia is again disquieting. M. Khannkoff had returned to Tabriz from Teheran, where he had left his large staff of Officers. Prince Dolgorouke seems to recover his old influence over the Shah.

United States

DREADFUL SHIPWRECKS.—The New York papers contain an account of the loss of the ship Columbiana, of that city. Capt. Fletcher, of the ship Cornelius Grinnell, which arrived at New York on Tuesday, says:

On Friday, 26th Jan, at noon, in lat, 48 lon. 32 00, saw a vessel with the American flag, union down, went to her assistance and found it to be the ship Columbiana, of New York, Capt. Stahl, from New Orleans, bound to Liverpool. On rounding under her lee, saw her decks had been swept, that her masts were gone and the men lashed to the pumps, and the bulwarks were much broken. We succeeded in getting along side and taking all hands off. On the following Tuesday, 30th, saw another dismasted vessel, with the British flag union down, went to her assistance, and succeeded in taking off the captain and crew, nine in number, of the brig Frederick, of Parrsboro', N. S., from Halifax, bound to Liverpool. It was dark at the time, and being comparatively moderate, very little trouble or danger attended the circumstance.

A TRAGEDY IN REAL LIFE.—There is at present in the Washington Orphan Asylum, an orphan child, the daughter of a married couple of the name of West, both of which ill fated pair wege the victims, about twelve months ago of want and misery. The woman fell down dead in our city, as she was begging from door to door for relief, and the husband followed her a few days after to their last resting place, having been conveyed to the alms house, where he died. Their sole companion, a daughter five years of age, was placed in the Orphan Asylum, and has now been sent for from England, by the sister of the mother. It appears that they were very highly connected, the unfortunate man having been an Episcopalian minister of the Church of England, and the sister of the wife is married to a Colonel in the British army.—*Washington Star*

MUNIFICENT BEQUESTS.—The will of the late Elliott Cresson, of Philadelphia, distributes $127,000 for philanthropic objects—including $50,000 for the American Sunday School Union, $10,000 for the School of Design, $10,000 to the Historical Society, $10,000 for a Monument to William Penn, $10,000 to the Episcopal Missions to Port Cresson, Africa, $5,000 to the Episcopal Seminary at Alexandria, $5,000 to the Hospital for the Insane, $5,000 to Philadelphia for planting trees; besides sums to various benevolent institutions of the city.

PUBLIC BARY HOUSE.—A subscription is now going round, towards which $6,000 have been raised, for the purpose of establishing in New York City certain houses on the model of those in Paris, where woman who go out to work may deposit their children during their absence. The infants will be ticketed, and at the proper hours the mothers, on producing their checks, can return to feed them. In the intervals the children will be provided with nurses. Institutions of this kind have proved highly successful in Paris, where there are over twenty already in full operation.

MUTINY ON A BRITISH SHIP.—Norfolk, March 1. A survey was held on the British ship David Brown and she was pronounced sound. Her crew are still mutinous and will be sent in irons to England. The Collector has refused a Revenue Cutter for that purpose as being beyond his jurisdiction.

IMPORTANT TO MARINERS.—Capt Perkins, of Pilot boat Ariomedes, of Salem, reports the Buoys missing from Gale's Ledge, and Peach's Point, at the mouth of Salem harber.

The Buoy on the Middle Ground, Providence river, has been missing some time, making it very bad for masters of vessels unacquainted, as there is only about four feet water at low tide.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 27.—Judge Campbell delivered the opinion of the Supreme Court to day, in the celebrated McDonough Will Case. The decision sustains the Will throughout, giving to the cities of Baltimore and New Orleans their claims under the same.

FROM BUENOS AYRES.—By the arrival of the bark Swan, at this port, we have Buenos Ayres dates to Jan 9. A letter from Buenos Ayres says that Gen. Urquiza has been elected President of the Argentine Confederation, only two states have voted against him. The province of Buenos Ayres took no part in the election. Produce of all kinds is extremely scarce and high—the protracted contest having for a time exhausted the energies of the country.

The city of Montevideo, which while Buenos Ayres was besieged, obtained a considerable increase of trade, and importance, now seems to be troubled with revolutions, the result of the quarrels of military chieftains. The last accounts say that Moreno and his band, having been defeated in their attempts to control the government, had fled to Entre Rios, but were likely to have a warm reception from Urquiza, who threatens to shoot them down without ceremony.—*Boston Traveller.*

NEW MEXICO.—*Independence.*—The Santa Fe mail arrived at 10 A. M. The intelligence is up to the 1st of February.

A memorial was presented, asking Congress to re-establish Fort Atkinson, on Arkansas river.

Legislature had adjourned.

General Armijo died at his residence at Rio Aboge.

The Apaches have been driving large droves of cattle and flocks of sheep from the ranche of Jesus Gallejos.

Louis Salazar and one of his party had been killed by the Indians, while on a buffalo hunt.

Business was dull; efforts are being made to develope the mineral resources in New Mexico.

Earl Fitzwilliam, a member of the English Parliament; who has been passing the Winter at Taos and Bent's Fort, has arrived at Westport, in this state, homeward bound.—*St. Louis Republican.*

CALIFORNIA.—The *San Francisco News* of January 31 says:

The news from the interior, received by last night's boat, is of a much more favourable character than that received here for some time before. The recent rains have been of incalculable benefit to the miners in all sections of the State, who were, at last accounts industriously engaged in prosecuting their works. Greater activity in business prevailed in most of the mining towns, and the merchants generally seem to entertain much higher hopes of a good trade.

LOWER CALIFORNIA.—The intelligence from San Diego is to the 21st of January. The *San Diego Herald* gives but little information relative to the movements of the Walker marauding party, further than the publication of four decrees issued by him. The subject matter of these are the annexation of Senoro to Lower California; changing the name of the now so-called republic to the "Republic of Senora," and dividing it into two states, to be known as Senora and Lower California. The islands in the gulf of California are to be attached to one of these states respectively according to their proximity to the respective coasts. The bark Caroline, in which the expedition commenced its work, had been captured by the Mexican revenue cutter Gueros.

KALAFAT.—Kalafat of which so much has been said lately, is a town of 200 houses—is surrounded with walls, has a quarantine, a town hall, a custom house, three churches, a cavalry barracks. It is the chief place of a subadministrator's district. The redoubts raised by the Turks are of great extent and very strong. They are partly raised on two high hills in the plain of Kalafat, about a mile distant from each other, and have a numerous artillery. All the neighbouring country is commanded by these hills in such a way that no approach to the Danube can be made. In 1828 these hills were occupied and fortified by the Russians. Between Widden and Kalafat the Danube is little less than a mile, wide and the course of it is very rapid. The island in which the Turks are fortified is situated near the left bank; it is partly covered with wood, and is defended by strong intrenchments in earth, bearing large artillery. Above Widdin the Turks have constructed a new citadel according to all the rules of art.

Items.

The income of the Railroads in France during 1852 were $32,000,000.

New York is the richest State in the Union, her property being $1,112,000,000.

Pennsylvania has $850,000,000 of property.

Ohio has $740,000,000; and Virginia has $508,000,000 of property.

Knowledge is not wisdom; it is only the raw material from which the beatiful fabric is produced.

A Montreal paper states that 1500 persons took the pledge on Sunday, the 13th instant, in St. Patrick's church, in that city.

Rev. H. W. Beecher says that out of a population of 125,000 in Brooklyn, 50,000 do not attend on public worship.

Dr. Cox, through an appeal in the N. Y. Journal of Commerce, raised $80 to enable a persecuted Protestant Irishman to bring his family to the United States.

The Rev. Edward J. Doane was, on Sunday evening, ordained a Missionary to Micronesian Islands, by the Third Presbytery of New-York, at the Rev Dr. Hatfield's Church in Broome-st.

Peter Mackenzie of Philadelphia has just sold a beautiful seedling camelia of his own raising, for $1,000. Henderson and Son of London were the purchasers.

The silver mine announced to have been discovered ninety miles east of Monterey, in the mountains, is said to be very promising Some of the ore which has been tried produced £40 from 100 pounds of ore.

It is a fact, says the *Bombay Gazette*, that the entire population of India do not spend 6d. per head a year for clothing.

A recent census of the Russian empire gives the enumeration of all the races comprehended in the dominions of the Czar at 65 951,350 souls.

It is estimated that 45,075 men in the United States are engaged in internal navigation; 55,021 in navigating the ocean; 86,225 in the learned professions; 119,607 in commerce; 791,740 in manufactures and 4,119,091 in agriculture.

The Prussians have put glass to a novel use. A Column, consisting entirely of glass, placed on a pedestal of Carrara marble, and surmounted by a statue of Peace six feet high, by the celebrated sculptor Rauch, has been erected in the garden of the palace at Potsdam. The shaft is ornamented with spiral lines of blue and white.

The health of Mrs. Judson (Fanny Forrester) is still declining. The Madison County Journal says:—"The progress of her decline, though less rapid than it was during the month of January, has not been stayed, and we have no assurance that it will be. She is attended by one of the most eminent physicians in Central New-York, and everything that skill can accomplish will be done to restore her health."

The East India Company have recently forwarded to the Manchester Commercial Association samples of fibrous grasses, said to grow in Assam and other districts of India. One of these samples is identical with fibres known as China grass, and has been valued by the Messrs. Marshall of Leeds at £48 to £50 per ton. Another of the samples seems calculated to rival Russia hemp, as in a recent experiment the former bore a strain of 343 lbs, while the latter could only sustain 160 lbs.

An invention has lately been patented, which promises to effect a new era in locomotion. It consists in the application of India rubber, working, when extended in contrary directions, on two axles, which communicate with the wheels of the carriage. The model, it is said, works admirably, and has been pronounced by some of the first engineers in Manchester as likely to be eminently successful.

The Indian steamer Meduse was lost between Prome and Meaday.

Madras is threathened with famine; rains and crops having failed, there will be a great loss of revenue in Nellore.

The freedom of the city of London has been bestowed, in compliment, on M. Layard, the explorer of Ninevah.

The Sandwich Islands—12 in number—contain 6100 square miles. Four of the Islands are so rocky as to be uninhabitable.

The small pox appears to have abated its ravages in the Sandwich Islands. The total cases reported up to the 1st of January were 6,240, and the deaths 2 424

A census of the Sandwich Islands, in the course of being taken, shows a rapid depopulation. It is estimated that the number of inhabitance does not exceed 70,000, a decrease of 10,000 since 1849.

Thirty Ships, averaging about one thousand three hundred tons each, are in process of construction, or contracted for, in Bath, Me

It is stated that Dr Gwin intends to move an amendment to the Gadsden Treaty for the purchase of Lower California and Senora for a certain sum.

There is an editor in North Carolina with seven bullets in his body, received in duels and street encounters. His paper ought to be called the "bulletin," and contain all "leaded" matter.

NEWFOUNDLAND.—The Sons of Temperance at St John's held their annual winter Festival on Monday evening 6th inst in the Factory. It was quite a splendid turn out, the arrangements being first rate and the attendance both numerous and respectable. John Bemister Esq M. H. A. occupied the chair, and was nobly supported by Mr T. C. James (one of the most energetic and efficient members of the Order of Sons in this Colony) and by his worthy compeer Mr D. Reid.—*Harbour Grace Herald.*

☞ The fifth Lecture before the Young Men's Christian Association, was delivered in Temperance Hall, on Monday evening last, by the Rev. Mr. Sprott. The subject—Individual Exertion—was ably treated by the Rev. Lecturer, and was listened to with marked attention by the crowded assembly.

☞ We are requested by the Author of *The Guardian Angels*, recently published at this office to say that it is an entirely *original* work, the production of a gentleman residing in this Province, and not borrowed in any shape or form from any other writer. The *Christian Messenger* will confer a favour by copying this notice.—*Athenæum.*

☞ The Sackville Academy Agent for the *N. S. West District* acknowledges the receipt of the following:

Mr. Nicholas Mosber, 2nd, first instalment of Scholarship £8 6 8

☞ Correspondents having occasion to quote *Scripture*, or *Poetry*, are requested to take the trouble of verifying the passages, as we have not always time to do so.

☞ The *National Magazine* for March is a capital number. For sale at the Wesleyan Book-Room. $2 per annum.

☞ We have had to defer Communications, Parliamentary Intelligence, and a large number of news items prepared for this number.

☞ Requests of brethren respecting accounts shall be attended to.

Letters & Monies Received.

(See that your remittances are duly acknowledged.

VOL. VI.

Rev. Mr. Pickles, (for Mr. J. Hayden 5s., Capt. J. Gilliat 10s., Mr. J. Potter 10s., Annapolis Circuit; also, Mr. Warren Bent 5s., Bridgetown Circuit—in all 30s.); Prof. Holloway, London, (the terms are accepted); Mr. John M. Campbell, Londonderry, (two new sub.); Rev. Dr. Evans, (new sub.); Mr. Gustavus W. Hamilton, Bay Verte, (for self 5s., Mes-rs. J. Sillaker 5s., M. Chappell 5s., A. Gooden 5s., J. C. Harper 5s., G. Sprague 5s., A. Atkinson 5s.,—in all 35s.); Mr. R. N. Pope, Windsor, (new sub); Mr. G. Henderson, Digby, (three new sub.); Rev. R. A. Temple, (100s., new sub.); E. J. Cunningham, Esqr., Guysboro, (new sub., alteration made); Rev. C. Lockhart, (new sub.—20s., also Feb. 11. per Rev. McMurray 30s); D. P. Allison, Esq., Windsor, (the paper had been previously ordered); Mr. John Bennett, Newport, (10s.); Mrs. Eliza Miner, Scotch Bay, Cornwallis, (new sub. per Rev. J. McMurray, 5s.)

☞ *Eleven* new subscribers are acknowledged above, for which we return thanks. Increase the circulation, friends. Every new subscriber helps. Aid can be afforded, by showing the paper to neighbours who do not take it, and requesting them to subscribe for it.

Dr. M'Lane's Vermifuge.

☞ During a practice of more than twenty years, Dr. McLane had attended innumerable patients afflicted with every form of worm disease, and was induced to apply all the energies of his mind to the discovery of a vermifuge, or worm destroyer, certain in its effects; the result of his labors is the American Worm Specific, now before the public, which is perfectly safe, and may be given alike to children of the most tender age, or to the aged adult; it purges mildly and subdues fever, and destroys worms with invariable success. It is easy of administration, and as it does not contain mercury in any form whatever, no restrictions are necessary with regard to drinking cold water, nor is it capable of doing the least injury to the tenderest infant. An incredible number of worms have been expelled by this great vermifuge.

☞ Purchasers will be careful to ask for Dr. McLANE'S CELEBRATED VERMIFUGE, and take none else. All other Vermifuges, in comparison, are worthless. Dr. M'Lane's genuine Vermifuge, also his Celebrated Liver Pills, can now be had at all respectable Drug Stores in the United States and Canada.

Agents in Halifax, WM. LANGLEY and JOHN NAYLOR. 29.

It would be to some extent a neglect of the duty which we owe to our readers, if we failed to allude to the unprecedented mass of evidence that has reached us, in proof of the remedial efficacy of "DU BARRY'S REVALENTA ARABICA FOOD," in many disorders which, whilst most painful and distressing in their symptoms, have, at the same time, through their obstinacy and continuity, been inaccessible to medical skill. We have looked over some of the lists of heartfelt testimony to the beneficial effects of this Food, in various and complicated stages of disorder, including dyspepsia (indigestion), constination, functional irregularity, obstructions, acidity, cramps, fits, heartburn, diarrhœa, nervousness, affections of the liver and kidneys, flatulency, distention, palpitation of the heart, nervous headache, dealness, noises in the head and ears, giddiness, pains between the shoulders and in almost every part of the body, chronic inflammation and ulceration of the stomach, eruptions on the skin, scurvy, fever, scrofula, impurities, poverty of blood, consumption (if not beyond human aid), dropsy, rheumatism, gout, influenza, grippe, nausea and vomiting during pregnancy, after eating, or at sea, low spirits, spleen, general debility, paralysis, cough, asthma, tightness across the chest, phlegm, inquietude, sleeplessness, involuntary blushing, tremors, dislike to society, unfitness for study, delusions, loss of memory, vertigo, blood to the head, exhaustion, melancholy, groundless fear, indecision, wretchedness, thoughts of self-destruction, &c. One or two examples, from the FIFTY THOUSAND Testimonies, received by Messrs. Du Barry, may be interesting and useful. The Ven Alex. Stuart, Archdeacon of Ross, informs us that he has been relieved from excessive nervousness, pains in the neck and left arm, general weakness of constitution, and other ailments, rendering his life very miserable" Mr. Hunt, barrister-at-law (a gentleman 85 years old) certifies that he has been radically cured of paralysis of *sixty years standing* as well as of other afflictions; and after a long life of comparative misery, he gratefully protests that he is now "a stranger to all complaints, except a hearty old age." Major Elie states that, after "having suffered fearfully for two years from an enlargement of the liver, and an inveterate diarrhœa," which had totally defied the most eminent medical aid, and had brought him to the brink of the grave, being unable to lift his arms, from perfect exhaustion, he had recourse to the Food, and he then goes on to say:—"The result of eating this delicious Food is the perfect restoration of my health within a month, and I take a peculiar pleasure in recommending all sufferers to follow my example" But to pursue these testimonials would be an endless task. Upon FIFTY THOUSAND authenticated certificates, we have the "great" and auspicious fact, that, for the first time in the history of pathology, an agent has been discovered which COMPLETELY EFFECTS all that had hitherto been fruitlessly ATTEMPTED by all the nauseous preparations of the laboratory. Not merely in its remedial, but in its preservative capacity, as a protector, as well as a restorer of health, its efficacy is attested by the grateful evidence of those who have had experience *in propria persona*. The circumstances brought to light in connexion with its use as food for infants, show that whilst it prolongs the lives of thousands of adults, it is calculated to cause many to reach maturity who would otherwise perish in early childhood. Altogether, we confess to the pleasing conviction that the extended use amongst all classes, of Du Barry's Food, must produce a marked change for the better in the average value of life, and in the sanitary statistics of our era.—For further particulars we refer our readers to Messrs. Du Barry's advertisement in our to-days columns. 3.

Holloway's Ointment and Pills have effected an Astonishing Cure of an Abscess that the Faculty pronounced Incurable.—Robert Parlett, mariner, of Wolsoken, near Wisbeach, was afflicted with a dreadful abscess in the arm. He had been two years in a Hospital abroad, and for a considerable time in one at home, without receiving the least benefit, and at last was given up by the faculty, who pronounced him to be incurable; but after using Holloway's Ointment and Pills for a short time the wound was completely healed, and his health permanently restored. This can be attested by Mr. Abraham Catlin, and other respectable inhabitants of the parish of Wolsoken. 1

☞ It matters not hot weather or cold, washing day will come round, and to make it easy and pleasant use the Boston Chemical Washing Powder sold by all grocers.

HURD'S GOLDEN GLOSS FOR THE HAIR.

Among the many preparations for the growth of the *Hair* this GOLDEN GLOSS takes the lead. Three reasons will be given why it is so universally used and preferred to all others. 1st. Because it has proved the most effectual in Baldness. 2nd. Because it imparts a beautiful dark gloss and delightful perfume to the hair 3rd. Because the Ladies, with fine discrimination, which they all possess have adopted it. Many other reasons could be given why it is a great favourite, but those who want more have only to give it a trial. Price 25 cts. in large bottles. For sale by Druggists and Storekeepers everywhere.

D. TAYLOR, Jr., Boston, General Agent. Sold in Halifax by John Naylor and the principal Druggists. 254—269.

March 16, 1854. W. & A. 6m.

Marriages.

At the North Bar, C. B., on the 1st inst, by the Rev. A. M. DesBrisay, Mr. William RUDDERHAM, to Miss Margaret TUTTY, both of the North West Arm.

On Friday evening, 10th inst, by the Rev. Dr. McLeod, Mr. William GRAHAM, of the Royal Artillery, to Miss Sarah Sophia WAGNER, of this city.

On the 9th Feb., by the Rev. J. F. Bent, Mr. Robert BRATTY, of Hillsborough, to Miss MARY JANE, youngest surviving daughter of the late Mr. John Beaumout, of Hopewell Co., Albert, N. B.

On the 16th Feb., by the same, Mr. Asa JONAH, to Miss JANE, fourth daughter of Mr. Benjamin Jonah, both of Hillsborough, N. B.

On the 23rd February, by the same, Mr. William COUPITY, of Coverdale, to Miss JANE, third daughter of Mr. Samuel Boyd, of Hillsborough, Albert Co., N. B.

On Sunday, 19th Feb., by the Rev. W. B. McLeod, at the residence of the bride's father, Mr. Alexander McPHERSON, Carpenter, Antigonish Road, to FLORA, eongest daughter of Mr. Alexander Gillis, Way Office Keeper, Arisaig, Gulf Shore.

At Five Islands, on the 7th inst., by the Rev. James Thompson, Mr. James DURKINE, of Economy, to Martha BOYD, of Five Islands; and Mr Isaac ADAMS, to Mary BOYD, both of Five Islands.

Deaths.

At Liverpool, on the 28th February, of Consumption, Mary POPE, aged 28 years, daughter of the Rev. Henry Pope, Senr., Wesleyan Minister of Windsor.

At Buffalo, N. Y., on the 27th ult., ANNIE KNOWLTON, infant daughter of Mary E. and Dr. S. F. Mixer

On Monday, 13th inst, Joseph GILLIS, aged 72 years, a native of Donegal, Ireland.

At Addington Grant, on the 1st inst, Donald McDOUGAL, in the 86th year of his age.

At Yarmouth, on Tuesday the 7th inst, the Rev. Harris HARDING, Baptist Minister, aged 92. He was the oldest Baptist Minister in these Provinces.

At Margaree, Cape Breton, on the 18th Feb., Mr. Edmond ROSS, aged 83, and the oldest resident in the District—a gentleman highly respected, and a good member of society—much and deeply regretted.

At Greenock, on the 20th Feb., in the 45th year of her age, JANE, wife of Mr. Alexander Henry, and eldest daughter of Mr. James Reid, of this city.

On the 4th inst., by the falling of a tree, at Liverpool Mills, N. S., Joseph CRUCKFORD, of Halifax, aged 32 years.

At Greenwich, Scotland, on 23rd Feb, Capt. Hugh HUNTER, of the barque Alham, aged 32 years.

On the 3rd February, at the residence of Mr. Robert Cotter, Shubenacadie, much respected by a large circle of friends, ELIZABETH, relict of the late George L. Ettinger, aged 79 years. She left 14 children, 72 grand children, and 26 great-grandchildren. She died in the Lord and rests from her labours.

At Dartmouth, on Tuesday, after a short illness, GEORGE SAMUEL, only son of Mr. Wm. Bowers, aged 29 years.

Shipping News.

PORT OF HALIFAX.

ARRIVED.

TUESDAY, March 7.

H M ship Cumberland, Capt Seymour, Bermuda, 15 days.

Brigt Rapid, Campbell, Matanzas, 12 days.

Boston, Layhold, Boston, 52 hours.

Schr Jasper, Banas, Havana, 19 days.

WEDNESDAY, March 8.

R M steamship Asia, Liverpool, 10 days.

Brig Florence, Jones, New Orleans 16 days.

Schrs James McNab, Turner, Cienfuegos via Liverpool, 30 days.

Delegate, Cummans, Ragged Islands.

Ocean Queen, Barrington.

Herald, Barrington.

THURSDAY, March 9.

Schr Elizabeth, Costello, Fortune Bay, 5 days.

SATURDAY, March 11.

Schr James Fraser, Fraser, Fortune Bay, 9 days.

SUNDAY, March 12.

Brigs Belle, Meagher, Boston, 5 days.

Grand Master, Pinkney, Matanzas.

Humming Bird, Tuzo, Ponce, 14 days.

Brigts Lady Ogle, Wood, Mayaguez.

Water Lilly, Jost, Ponce.

Schrs Billow, Dix, New York.

Magnet, Griffin, New York 11 days.

Providence, Barrington; True Blue, Arichat.

Garland, Crowell, Barrington.

MONDAY, March 13.

Brig Magnet, Yarmouth, 36 hours.

Schr Pheasant, Cameron, New York.

Martha, hence for Boston, returned from sea.

TUESDAY, March 14.

Brigts Laura, McKay, St John, P R, 18 days.

Sylph, Williams, Trinidad, 28 days.

Brisk, Miller, Portland.

Schrs Newfoundland Packet, Fraser, Mayaguez.

Achiever, Banks, Matanzas.

CLEARED.

March 8.—schr Ocean Wave, Seabover, B W Indies.

March 9.—steamships Asia, Lott, Boston; Osprey, Hunter, Bermuda; brigt Halifax, Doty, Cadiz, Boston; schr Uncle Tom, Lecke, Newfoundland.

March 10.—Brigt Boston, Liverpool, Boston; schr Three Brothers, Nearing, Philadelphia.

March 13.—Schr Maria, Si