

THE FARMERS' EXCHANGE

One Cent a Word
Cash With Order

Advertisements under this head one cent a word. Cash must accompany orders. No display type or cuts allowed. Each initial and number counts as one word.

FARMS FOR SALE

GENTLEMEN'S HOMESTEAD for sale, in the City of Brampton, consisting of nearly 7 acres, solid brick residence in first-class repair, good drive house and stable, root cellar, lawn house, tennis lawns and pool house, two ophelia's, close to schools and churches. Grand Trunk Railway Main Line Station. Suitable for retired farmer. Write or call upon S. G. READ & SON, 129 Colborne Street, Brantford, Ont.

FIRST-CLASS DAIRY OR STOCK FARM, 150 acres, well watered, 8 miles from Toronto. Large new bank barn, hog pen, poultry house, new solid brick house. Possession next spring. Terms to suit. Inquiries for further particulars address F. G. GARHUT, 231 Euclid Ave., Toronto.

LIVE STOCK

SHORTHORNS—The best and butter combination. Scotch origin, guaranteed stock. Write for particulars. H. C. GRAHAM, Alton Craig, Ont.

SHROPSHIRE Rams and Woes of all ages for sale at reasonable prices. J. W. GOSNELL & SONS, Ridgeway, Ontario.

NURSERY STOCK

WANTED—Energetic, responsible men to sell fruit trees, ornamental trees, etc. Clearing outfit free. Liberal pay weekly. Arrangements made for whole part time. We also have a special line of seed potatoes never before offered for sale in Canada. For terms apply NOW. **PELHAM NURSERY COMPANY, Toronto, Ont.**

BALERMAN wanted for our busy Nursery Stock. Choice material. Liberal terms. Elegant outfit free. **J. W. GOSNELL, CAYERS BROS., Gait, Ont.**

STRAWBERRY PLANTS—All the new kinds raising big crops of big fancy berries. \$1.00 in plants will grow enough for you and your neighbors. Our prices are low. A. W. SMITH, Box 2, Beachville, Ont.

SEED POTATOES—Ontario College Farm experiments with 194 varieties, some yielded 300, others 125 bushels, some half rotten, others none. What kind of croppers are you growing? Get some new seed, double your crops. Don't grow rotten ones. Sent for list. 25 varieties, low prices. A. W. SMITH, Box 2, Beachville, Ont.

WANTED—A few good reliable men, with horse and rig to introduce and sell our goods, also a local agent in towns where we are not represented. Exclusive territory, permanent work and good pay. **H. W. GALT, St. James, Montreal.**

POULTRY

BUFF ORPINGTONS—8 brooding pens this season, headed by imported and prize stock. Eggs \$100, \$120 and \$150 per setting. Incubator eggs \$3.00 per doz. Price on order. See catalogue describing them. **J. W. CLARK, Free Organisation Club, Importer and Breeder, Cainsville, Ont.**

HELP WANTED

BRIGHT YOUNG MEN wanted to prepare for positions on Canadian railways. Write for forty to sixty dollars per month. Write for free book giving more particulars. **DOMINION SCHOOL OF TELEGRAPHY, Toronto.**

MACHINERY FOR SALE

ROAD ROLLERS, Graders, Plows, Scrapers, Rock Crushers, Elevators, Screens, Sifters, Spreading Wagons, Dump Carts, Concrete Ties, Moulds, and Contractors' Supplies. Catalogues, prices and estimates free. SAWYER & MASSEY, Road Machine Department, Hamilton, Canada.

CONCRETE MOULDING—Assorted sizes, new Steel Moulds (all diameters) for manufacturing concrete drain tile, well curbing, etc. Newest and nicest thing in concrete. Made of the most expensive concrete mixture also. **SAWYER & MASSEY, Road Machine Department, Hamilton, Canada.**

few reaching these figures. The best loads sell at \$4.25 to \$4.50; medium, \$3.75 to \$4.25, and common, \$2.50 to \$3.50 per cwt. Feeders and stockers are lower in sympathy with fat cattle. Light feeders sell at \$3.75 to \$4, and stockers at \$2.75 to \$3.50 per cwt. Trade in milch cows has been slow. They sell at \$2 to \$2.50 each, with very few reaching the latter figure. Veal calves are firm and sell readily at \$2 to \$10 each, or \$3.50 to \$5.75 per cwt.

Trade in sheep has been fair at steady to firm prices. Export ewes are quoted at \$3.75 to \$4, and bucks at \$3 to \$3.25 per cwt., and lambs at \$1.50 to \$1.25 each.

While deliveries of hogs are not large, prices are lower at \$6.25 for select and \$6 for lights and fats. Buyers complain of too many rough unfinished light as well as some heavy fat hogs coming forward. It is claimed that this class of hogs are not wanted. But who is to blame for their increase in numbers but the buyer who does not pay a sufficient premium for selects. If the packer can pay only \$6.25 for selects, then reduce the price of lights and fats to \$5.50 per cwt., and the supply of the latter will soon fall off.

HORSES

The local horse market here is dull, though not any more so than is usual at this season. General prices, however, for all classes are well maintained. The draft horse is still to the top. Geo. Little, of Scarborough, has a two-year-old fully bred, by Lyon Macgregor, to Mossom Boyd, of Owen Sound, for \$375. Current prices at the Repository, Toronto, are as follows:

Single roadsters, 15 to 16 hands, \$125 to \$300; single cobs and carriage horses, 15 to 16.1 hands, \$125 to \$225; matched pairs and carriage horses, 15 to 16.1 hands, \$350 to \$700; delivery horses, 1,100 to 1,200 lbs., \$125 to \$165; general purpose and express horses, 1,200 to 1,350 lbs., \$130 to \$175; draught horses, 1,350 to 1,750 lbs., \$140 to \$190; serviceable second-hand workers, \$50 to \$90; serviceable second-hand drivers, \$65 to \$100.

MARITIME MARKETS

Halifax, N.S., July 10, 1905.

There is a slight tendency towards easier prices in eggs which was so long looked for. Island handlers are a shade lower in quotations. In the Upper Provinces the expectation is that hot weather will see a reduction in price. They are still jobbing here at 17 to 18c and the demand is good at that price. The shortage in receipts is unaccountable.

Receipts of butter are improving, but are far below the average for this season of the year. The price remains as firm as ever, and the fact that large handlers in the Upper Provinces are putting a lot into cold storage at present prices does not look as though they anticipate any material reduction. There is a considerable quantity of local made creamery butter now on the market. Creamery tubs and boxes are quoted at 21c, creamery prints 22c, and dairy tubs 18c.

The outlook for cheese factories is not very promising, due principally to the scarcity of milk.

In vegetables there is now nothing but imported stock on the market with the exception of old potatoes, which are plentiful at \$1 for three bush. Native strawberries are making their way on the market at 18 cents per box.

In the matter of flour and feed the market is firm and the buying demand good. The crop outlook for the province is good and the hay yield promises to be large.

Dairy Farmer's Discouragement

The chief weaknesses of the dairy industry from the farmer's point of view are: 1. Not enough return, in some seasons, for labor and capital expended. During a great part of the season of 1904 the money received in breeding dairy stock did not pay the man who milked the cows, and he grew discouraged. It would seem as if there should be some way to prevent these discouraging seasons. The chief cause is doubtless speculation. How to prevent this is a subject well worth the attention of political economists. 2. Lack of paying cows. When one considers how difficult it is to obtain and maintain a herd of first-class cows, some allowance must be made for the man who milks some poor cows. But one of the greatest hindrances to the securing of better cows is the lack of systematic breeding for a definite purpose. There is altogether too much "hit and miss" in the methods adopted in breeding dairy stock. The use of pure-bred sires and the sticking to one breed, rather than mixing the breeds, are the two main requisites for success in establishing and maintaining a dairy herd.

3. Lack of proper reward for improved efforts is another weakness from the viewpoint of the dairy farmer. We still find the same price being paid for all kinds of milk and cream regardless of its value. As a result of this many of the best and most progressive patrons of our factories are leaving the factory and making the milk up at home, or are selling milk direct to the consumer. In consequence, we find markets like Toronto flooded with dairy butter which often sells for a price that can leave little or no profit for the farmer; yet he considers this better than the injustice meted out at many factories. Grading of cream at creameries, and payment for milk according to its cheese or butter value are steps that should be taken by factory owners in order to give justice to all and to retain the patronage of the best farmers.

4. The labor problem is also a difficult one for dairy farmers. Especially is the milking of cows a serious question. We feel confident, however, that a practical milking machine will be placed on the market in the near future. In the meantime dairy farmers should not grow discouraged as dairying is and will continue to be the best paying branch of agriculture throughout a term of years.—Prof. H. H. Dean, O.A.C., Guelph.

The Patient Farmer

The teamster strikes for shorter hours, the miner wants more pay, the mason and the carpenter demand an eight-hour-day. The section hand throws up his job, the factories are closed, and everybody else, it seems, to work is indispensible. But still the farmer never kicks; he plants and sows and plows; he works till dark and then goes home and milks ten head of cows. He never asks for shorter hours; he does not complain; he's up at four o'clock next day and milks the cows again. Then to the fields he hurries forth and sings his merry tune, and wonders what the world is going to be next June.—Exchange.