what elso was the Gospel in conflict? Why?-Is the Gospel opposed to all false religious? -Why did Demetrius appeal to this religious

11. The First Result, Commotion (vs. 28.34). How did Demetrius' speech affect Ephesians? What does Jesus say-about such an effect of the toospe? (Mat. 10. 34-36.) Is this true to this day? What two men did the mob seize? Where did they take them? Why to the theatre? What did Paul-try-to-do? For-what purpose? Who prevented him? Who next tried to quiet the mob? With what success? What are the evils of righting wrongs by means of a mob? 11. The First Result, - Convotion (vs.

111. The Temely Quelled (vs. 35-41) 111. The Tenuta Culling two 35-41.—
Who was able to appears the people? What
was his office? (1) What was his first armmatt! What do you know about this image?
Was -t. likely that a few-foreners couldovertarow-such a temple with so many
worshippers? What are the facts to-day as
to the temple of Dana and the Gospel? If
we believe hearthy in the libble do we need we believe heartrix-in-the libble do we need to be evented over the attacks upon it? (2). What was his second organizate? (2, 37.) What does this teach us as to the way we should speak of opponents even when lead? (Jude-1, 9.) (3) What was his third armoment? (vs. 38, 39.) What does this teach us as to settling vected questions and overcoming had matriations? (4) What was his fourth argument? What was the final result? Will the Gospel always conquer in the end? Where did-Paul go when he left Ephesus?

#### Practical Studistions.

1. The Gospel is sure to come-in conflict with the eval of the world

2. When this conflict arises there will arise commotions and troubles.

3. Bad men hate the Gospel because it interferes with them.

4. But they will oppose it in the name of religion and the good of the people.

5. Those who believe the Bible is God's Word can afford to be calm even when it is attacked.

6. The Gospel endures, the things it op-poses fall.
7. When we cannot labour for Christ in

one field, let us go to another

REVIEW EXERCISE .- (For the whole School in concert.)

12. With what did the Gospel come in conflict in Ephesus? Ass. With had business and false religion. 13. What did it. do? Ass. It lessed the sale of alvershrings and the worship of Diana. 14. What was the result? Ass. A great commotion and an angry mob. 15. How was it quelled Ass. God raised up ricents among the rülers. 16. What did Paul do when it was over? Ass. He left Ephesus, and went into Macedonia.

LESSON VIII. [May 25. A.D. 57.1. LIBERAL GIVING.

2. Cor. 9. 1.15. Commit to memory vs. 6.8.

GOLDEN-TEXT.

God loveth a cheerful giver. -2 Cor. 9. 7.

CENTRAL TRUTH.

The blessing of God-and-of-man rests upon the liberal soul.

#### DAILY READINGS.

M. 2 Cor. 8. 1-24. Th. Prov. 11. 24-31. T. 2 Cor. 9. 1-15. F. Matt. 25, 31-46. W. Psa. 112, 1-10. Sa. 2 Cor. 1. 1-24. Su. 2 Cor. 2. 1-17.

Time. — This Epistle was written in autumn of A.D. 57, a few months after the first Epistle, and not very long after Paul's escape from the uproar at Ephesus.

PLACE. — It -was written in Macedonia, either at Philippi or Thessalonica.

IT WAS SENT by Titus and two companions (2 Cor. 8. 16, 22).

AUTHOR. - Paul, aged - 55, on his third missionary journey.

INTERVENING EVENTS. - After the uproar INTERVENING EVENTS.—After the uproar at Ephesus, Paul went to Troas, 150 miles to the north-west, hoping to see Titus with news from the church at Corinth. Titus was not there, hence he left and went on to Macedonia, in order to meet Titus. Here Titus came to him with the desired news, which led him to write the second Epistle.

INTRODUCTION.—One subject he had to write about was the contribution for the poor Christians in Judea, which had been promised (Gal. 2-10), and which had been legun a year-before this at Corinth (2 Cor. 9.-2), but was not completed. This subject is discussed in the eight and muth chapters. To day's lesson consists of a series of reasons for liberal giving.

for liberal giving.

Hell's over Hard Places,—1: Ministering to the situats—By giving money to their poor. 2: Jour real half proveded many—Has metted, strived up their feelings to do good.

3. -l-seat the brithren—Titus and two companions (ch. S. 16, 22), who carried this letter with them. Ye may be ready—Hymeans of weekly ofterings (I Cor. 10. 1-4).

4. Lest we should be ashamed—By their not having done as well as he had said they would.

5. Als a metter of bounds—From a free, loving heart, and not compelled what they did not wist to. 8. Galtanble, etc. God will—reward them by his Grace, i.e., favour, both temporal-and-spiritual. God would prosper the therat givin, in giving him plenty for himself and to give to others.

9. Als a scritten (PS, 112, 9). His rightconsness—As manifested in liberal giving. Remice h for via —He shait always have (1) the liberal spirit, (2) the means of giving—11. heavy-ended—In large-heartedness and in wealth. Whee can the Aback-pring—On the part of those who are aided. —13. While by the experiment—The—experience, the proof that they are the children of God. On the part of those who are ancention. While by the experience, the proof that they are the children of Godon account of this liberality. Tour professional surject on-Your profession of religion is real, a true subjection of the soul to God. 15. I aspeakable gift Of His Son-Jesus

SUBJECTS FOR SPECIAL REPORTS. Cornthans — The needs of the poor saints at Jerusalem.—The weekly offering (I Cor. 46, 14), —What is true liberality, Golfs temporal blessings upon the liberal. His spiritual blessings.—The reasons for being liberal. (Golfs unspeakable gift.

-INTRODUCTORY, - When was the second Epistle-to-the Corinthians written? By whom? At what place? Where did Paul go after the uproxt at Ephesus? Whom did he meet from Corinth? (2:Cor. 2:12, 13).

SUBJECT: REASONS-FOR LIBERAL GIVING.

FIRST REASON. THE NEED OF THE POOR (v. 1).—What munstering to the saints is nere referred to why are Christians called "saints"? What had Paul promised the Jewish Christians? (Gal. 2, 10.) Whywere they poorer than other Christians? How was this contribution to be taken up? How was this contribution to be taken up? (I Cor. 16 14) How long ago had it been begun? (v. 2.) Can any one be a Christian and not be liberal to the poor? Do those without the tosped also need our aid as much as the poor around us?

Second Reason.—The Heart to Give (v. 2).—What does Paul say of the readmess of the Corinthians to give? Is our benevolence measured by the amount we give, or by the heart-to-give? (Matt. 12. 41-44.) How is this a comfort to the poor?

THERD REASON,—OUR EXAMPLE (v. 2).—What was the effect of their liberality upon others? Meaning of "provoked" here.

FOURTH REASON, — OUR BAD-INFLUENCE IN CASE WE FAIL (vs. 3, 4).—Whom did Paul send to Cormth? (2 Cor. 8, 6, 16, 22.) For what purpose? Why would he be ashamed if they failed? How long since they began to make the collection? Was this a reason for fear of failure?

Characteristics of True Giving (v. 5). Charactellattics of True Giving (v. 5).

How was the collection made? (1 Cor. 16.

How was the collection made? (1 Cor. 16.

How was the collection made? (1 Cor. 16.

How was the planning before hand a good way. Should we adopt a systematic plan of giving? Should we adopt the reckly planning? What other characteristics did he want their giving to have? Will a free-hearted gift always be a liberal gift?

FIFTH REASON,—BLOAUSE THE FRUITS ARE IN PROPORTION TO THE SEED SOWN (vs. 6, 7).—What is the law of giving laid down in this verse? Give examples in nature? What is the seed to be sown? What is the harvest we are to expect from our giving?

SIXTH REASON, - THE TEMPORAL -RE-SIXTH REASON, —THE TEMPORAL RE-WARDS OF LIBERALITY (vs. 8-11).—How does God reward the liberal? (Ps. 112-1-3; Prov. 11. 24-26.) What is meant by God's "grace." here! Where else are verses 9 and 10 written? Does God always give. riches to the liberal? Do not the selfish-sometimes grow rich? How is the promise

fulfilled? Will not this expectation make men generous from selfish motives?

SEVENTH-REASON. - THE SPIRITUAL -RE-SEVENTIC-IGAGON,—THE SCHRITCH LANGE WARDS OF LIBERALTY (VS. 8-11).—Why does God bless the liberal? (See last-clause-of-us. S. 9; and 10.) How does liberally enter the soul? Does any other use of money make us happier? How does it make us like God? (James 1, 5.)

Eighth Reason,—It Georges God (vs. 11-13)—How does the liberality of Christians inspire thankfulness to God? How does it honour God? How would it prove that they were real Christians? Read v. 13 in the Revised-Version.

NINTH REASON, THE PRAYERS AND LOVE of Those Alded (v. 14). Whom would their liberality lead to pray for them? What blessing in this? How would it tend to make them love them? What blessing in

TENTIL-REASON,—GRATITUDE TO GOD (V. 15).—What is God's unspeakable gift to us? Why is it-called unspeakable? How does this lead us to be generous to others? (Matt. Jul 8).

REVIEW EXERCISE. (For the whole School m Concert.)

17 Whom did Paul meet in Macedonia-? -17 Whom did Paul meet in Maccdonia? Ass. Titus with-news from-the church at Corinth -18. What did Paul then-do? Ass. He wrote a second letter to the Corinthians. What was one of the things he wrote about? Ass. A collection they were making-for-the-poor-Christians in Judea. 20. What ten reasons did-he give for being liberal? (Repeat the ten given in the question headings.) 21. Repeat the Golden-Lext and Central Truth.

# **Methodist Centennial**

# Methodist Union.

June 1st will be the Union Day of the Methodist Churches of Canada. This year is also the Centennial Anniversary of the organization of Methodism on this continent. In commemoration of these two events,

# A SPECIAL MEMORIAL NUMBER

# "PLEASANT HOURS"

will be issued for May 31st. It will contain a full account of the BEGINNINGS OF METHODISM in portit the UNITED STATES and GANADA. It will have also the following Illustrations:

EMBURY-HOUSE, New York, where the first Methodist Service was, held,

IE OLD RIGGING LOFT, where Captain Webb preached.

FIRST METHODIST CHURCH IN NEW YORK.

BARBARA - HECK, Mother of American and Canadian Methodism.

FIRST METHODIST PREACHING IN BALTIMORE.

CAPTAIN WEBB, BISHOP ASBURY, and other Fathers and Founders of Methodism in the New World.

CENTENNIAL POEMS, etc.

Every child in every Methodist School should have a cop, of this MEMORIAL NUMBER OF "PLEASANT HOURS."

#### Price, post-free, \$1 per 100.

Schools not yet taking PLEASANT HOURS, and schools wanting an extra quantity of this number, will please send in their orders at once, that we may know how many to print, or we may be thable to supply the demand. Address

### WILLIAM BRIGGS.

78 & 80 King Street East, TORONTO.

Authorized Copyright Edition,

JUST PUBLISHED.

LIFE OF

With a Portrait on the Title-page.

## CHARLES H. ALLEN, F.R.G.S.,

Secretary of the British and Foreign Anti-Slavery Society.

# Price; post-free; Five Cents.

Over 300,000 copies of this life of "Chinese" Gordon, by Mr. Allen, were sold in England in a very short time.

sold in England in a very short time.

The English publishers have authorised us to publish a Canadian Copyright Edition, which we have done, at a price so low that many thousands of the Canadian public can easily procure it, and thereby have interesting and instructive reading concerning this wonderful man.

this wonderful-man.

"He got the nickname of 'Chines' Gordon from his splendid victories in China, in what is called the great Tai-ping rehellion Occasionally, when the Chinese officers filinghed, he would take one-quietly, by the arm, and lead him into the thickest of the enemy's fire, as coolly as though he were taking him in to dinner. He was the mean of saving thousands of lives, but he left China without taking a penny of reward."

# FIRST CLASS BOOKSI For Mind and Heart.

The Young Man's Friend.

Containing Admonitions to the Bring; Counsels for the Tempted; Encouragement for the Desponding; and Hops for the The Relation of the Eddy, D.D. 12mo, cloth. Price 50 cents.

The Bible in the Counting-House. By Rev. H. A. Boardman, D.D. Cloth. Price 50 cents.

#### Choice Sermons.

By "Billy" Dawson of Barnbow. With a Sketch of the Author, by R. A. West. Cloth. Price 50 cents.

True Tales for my Grandsons. By Sir Samuel Baker, M.A., F.R.8, F.R.G.S. With numerous illustrations 12mo, cloth, 435 pp. Price \$1.75.

Religious Duty.

By Frances Power Cobbe. Cloth, 1222, Price \$1.25.

Homely Talks.

By Mark Guy Pearse. Cloth, extra gilt edges. Price 90 cents.

The Choice of Books.

By Chas. F. Richardson. Cloth, 16, 208 pp. Price 45 cents.

What Shall I Read?

A Confidential Chat on Books. Price 75 cents.

The World's Foundations;

Or, Geology for Beginners. Giberne. Illustrated. 12 Price \$1.50. By A 12mo.

Sun, Moon, and Stars.

A Book for Beginners. By Agnes Gibers. With a preface by the Rev. C. Pritches. M.A., F.R.S. 12mo, cloth, illustrational price \$1.50.

The Fairy-Land of Science. By Arabella B. Buckley. Illustra cloth, 244 pp. Price \$1.75.

### WILLIAM BRIGGS

78 & 80 King STREET EAST, TORONS. ATES, Montreal, Que. S.-F. HUESTIS, Halifax, C. W. COATES, Montreal, Que.