

GREAT LOSS--General Booth, Veteran Salvationist, Passed Away in London, Yesterday

SALVATION ARMY HEAD PASSED PEACEFULLY AWAY LAST EVENING

Gen. William Booth Is Mourned By Thousands

FOUNDED GREAT EVANGELIST BODY

Underwent Operation Twelve Weeks Ago and Health Has Steadily Declined Since - Bramwell Booth, Leader's Son, Probable Successor -- Speculation as to Place of Burial.

London, Aug. 20.—General Booth, commander in chief of the Salvation Army, died here tonight at 10.20 o'clock.

The Reverend Wm. Booth, General, Commander-in-Chief and founder of the Salvation Army, passed away at 10.13 o'clock tonight. He was born at Nottingham in 1829. His loss will be mourned by thousands of followers in almost every civilized land.

The veteran Salvation Army leader was unconscious for 48 hours previous to his death. The medical bulletins had not revealed the seriousness of the general's condition, which for a week past, it is now admitted, was hopeless.

Twelve weeks ago General Booth underwent an operation for the removal of a cataract in his left eye. For two days after the operation indications justified the hope of the general's recovery. Then, however, septic poisoning set in, and from that time with the exception of rallies, the patient's health steadily declined.

The general recognized that the end was near, and often spoke of his work as being finished. Throughout the Commander-in-Chief's illness his son, Bramwell Booth, chief of the staff of the Army, and Mrs. Bramwell Booth, gave their unremitting attention to him, both night and day.

Family With Him.

The aged evangelist died at his residence, the Rockstone, Hadley Wood, some eight miles from London, where he had been confined to his bed ever since the operation. Present at his bedside when the end came were Mr. and Mrs. Bramwell Booth and their daughter and son, Adjutant Catherine Booth and Sergeant Bernard Booth, the general's youngest daughter, Commissioner Mrs. Booth, Helber, and Commissioner Howard, Colonel Kitching and Dr. Wardlaw Milne.

Public interest now centres in the question of a successor to the late commander. Under the constitution of the Salvation Army the general nominates his successor. That general Booth did several years ago, placing the name in a sealed envelope which was deposited with the Salvation Army's lawyer with the instructions that it should be opened after his death.

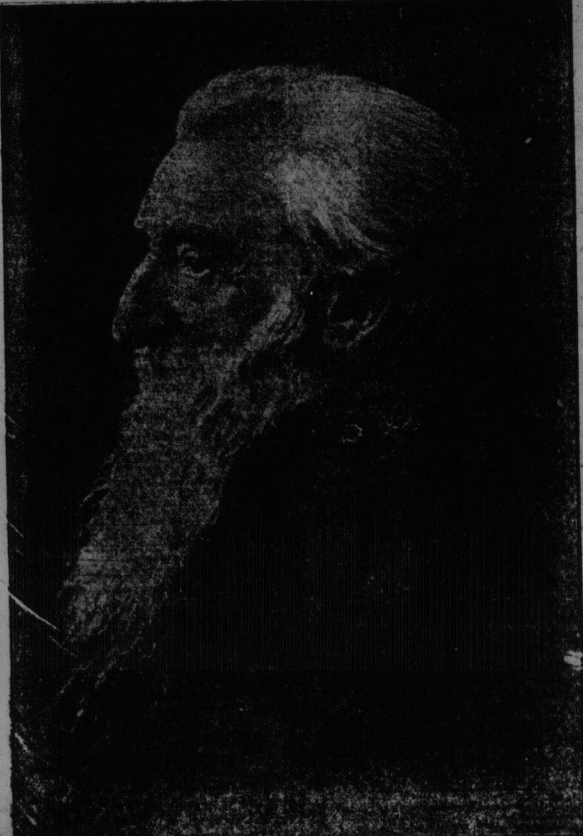
While nobody knows what name the envelope encloses, the general belief among the Salvation Army is that the name will prove to be that of Bramwell Booth, for thirty years its chief of staff.

Where General Booth will be buried has not yet been decided. While every English member of the Salvation Army is convinced that no man was more worthy of interment in Westminster Abbey, it is not expected that honor will be accorded to General Booth by the Abbey authorities. It is the general belief that the Commander-in-Chief's last resting place will be along side that of his wife who 21 years ago was buried in Abney Park, Stoke Newington.

William Booth was born at Nottingham, England, April 10, 1829 and became interested in religion at the age of 15. He was at first a Wesleyan Methodist local preacher and afterward a preacher attached to the Methodist New Connection, but at the age of 25 took an independent course, as an evangelist. Going to London in 1864 he started the East London Revival Society, which became the East London Christian Mission. Then the Salvation Army.

Two years later the Army was introduced into the United States, and within ten years it established its outpost in every civilized land, being assisted rather than deterred by campaigns of narrow-minded opposition. In 1880, when the tide was already

GENERAL WILLIAM BOOTH



THE LATE COMMANDER-IN-CHIEF OF SALVATION ARMY.

WILL LIKELY SIGN BILL

Probable that President Taft Will Indorse Panama Canal Measure -- British Charge Lodges No Further Protest.

Washington, Aug. 20.—President Taft today held a brief conference with A. Mitchell Innes, Charge of the British Embassy, who recently presented Great Britain's protest against features of the Panama Canal Bill. Mr. Innes said that he had not lodged any further protest against the bill, and had not heard the views of his foreign office on the joint resolution suggested by President Taft to permit foreign nations to test the free tolls clause in the United States courts.

Visitors talking with President Taft today were inclined to believe that he would sign the Panama bill, even if no assurances were given that the joint resolution explaining that it was not passed to abrogate the Hay-Pauncefote Treaty, could be put through congress.

The senate inter-continental canal committee debated the proposed resolution more than an hour today without action. It was said that a majority of the committee present expressed views to the effect that it was a useless proposal. Two or three favored recommending the resolution to the senate.

MONTREAL'S MAYOR RE-ELECTED HEAD OF FRENCH SOCIETY

L'Alliance Nationale of Canada and U. S. Closes Convention at Woonsocket—All Officers Are Returned.

Woonsocket, R. I., Aug. 20.—L'Alliance Nationale of Canada and the United States ended its two days' convention by re-selecting its old board of officers for the coming year. L. A. Levallee, mayor of Montreal, is president.

The delegates later in the day went to Providence, where they were the guests of Governor Fothergill, at the state house.

TWO ARE KILLED IN ATTEMPT TO KIDNAP BELLE PLAINS GIRL

Farmer Murders Brother and Fatally Wounds Father of Ethel Manahan—Later He Shoots Himself.

Belle Plains, Kans., Aug. 20.—In a fight that followed an attempt by Sam Wood, 35 years old, a farmer, to kidnap Ethel Manahan from her home on a farm near here early today, Jas. Thompson, 16 years old, was killed, Matt Manahan, father of the girl, was fatally wounded and Gaylord Manahan, 16 years old, a son, was hurt but not seriously. Wood spared young Manahan's life when the latter agreed to drive him away from the farm.

A posse overtook Wood this afternoon near his own farm, two miles north of Belle Plains. He ran from a cornfield into the road and fired three bullets into his breast. He was brought to Belle Plains fatally wounded.

DANGER OF RISINGS IN CHINA OVER NOW; MISSIONARIES BACK

Baptists Urged to Send Workers Back to Field—Twenty On Their Way Now.

Boston, Mass., Aug. 20.—A cablegram received today by the American Baptist foreign mission society from Shanghai, indicated that there would be no further danger of uprisings in west China, in the opinion of local officers. The cablegram contained the news that consuls in west China were encouraging the return of the missionaries. The measure which would send 20 workers under various boards has gone to that section of China, and the Baptist missionaries plan to return in September and December.

NAVAL APPROPRIATION BILL ADOPTED.

Washington, Aug. 20.—By a vote of 150 to 50, the house adopted the conference report on the naval appropriation bill. The measure which will now go to the President provides for one battleship and a number of submarines, colliers and auxiliary vessels.

GRAFT CASE--Detroit Alderman in Court on Bribery Charge--Detective Brennan on Stand

TELLS STORY OF HOW DETECTIVE BRIBED DETROIT ALDERMEN.

How Detective Bribed Detroit Aldermen.

FIRST CASE HEARD

Charges Against "Honest Tom" Glinnan, One of the Eighteen, Aired in Police Court -- W. S. Brennan Describes Trapping of Civic Officials.

Detroit, Mich., Aug. 20.—The testimony of W. J. Brennan, a Burns operative, was the feature of the police court examination today of Honest Tom Glinnan, the first of the 18 aldermen recently arrested on bribery charges to be tried in court. It was Brennan's evidence which resulted in the arrests of the 18 aldermen and common council clerk Edward Spreitzer, the latter having since made a complete confession.

Today Brennan went into all of the details of the trapping of the aldermen up to the time he alleges that he, representing himself to be an official of the Wabash Railroad, paid Glinnan \$1000 for his influence in granting the railroad's request for the use of a city street for building purposes. The cases against Aldermen Watson, Ellis, Zoeller, Merritt, Hindle and Szraki today were postponed until Aug. 30.

The St. John and Rosetsey cadets gave a concert in their lines tonight and will break camp tomorrow morning, returning home by the Prince Rupert Wednesday.

The badge band of the Inverness cadet corps marched out this afternoon and paraded the camp grounds.

The boys have been practicing hard all camp and deserve much credit.

Sergeant Hunter, of the St. Stephen's church band, was formally presented with the Strathcona trophy for the best shot in the Maritime Provinces, and was carried through the camp on his comrades' shoulders and cheered by the whole camp.

Former members of the St. Stephen's corps are planning to give the boys a welcome on their return. A number of the old boys will meet the Prince Rupert on her arrival today and escort the cadets with their newly captured trophy through the city. It is hoped that the friends of the corps will turn out in force for the occasion.

SHELLFISH BOARD WILL START WORK IN THIS PROVINCE

Meets at St. Andrews September Third and Will Hold Sessions at Various Points in Maritime Provinces.

Special to The Standard.

Ottawa, Aug. 20.—The Shellfish Commission recently appointed by the Dominion government has completed arrangements for holding about forty public sittings in Nova Scotia, New Brunswick and Prince Edward Island.

The commission opens at St. Andrews, N. B., on September 3, and proceeds round the Bay of Fundy. It will be in Prince Edward Island from September 12 to 15 and will return to New Brunswick, working from Cocagne to Bathurst. From October 5 to October 31 it will make a tour of the Nova Scotia shore, holding sittings at Wallace, Malagash, Pictou, Tracadie, Sydney, Mira, Louisa, Malagawatch, Halifax, Liscomb, Canso, Chester, Liverpool, Clark's Harbour, Lockport, Yarmouth and Digby.

FROGMORE TO BE GOVERNMENT HOUSE

Fredericton, Aug. 20.—Lieut. Gov. Wood and party are expected to arrive in Fredericton tomorrow to take up their residence at Frogmore, which will be the temporary government house during the visit of H. R. H. the Duke of Connaught and party next Saturday.

CLERKS USED BANKS' MONEY FOR BETTING

Bank of Toronto Loses \$25,000 and Standard Bank is Out \$5,000 Through Employees' Folly.

Tried to Recoup Early Losses.

Arthur Richmond's Shortage Grew Rapidly After First Success.

Toronto, Aug. 20.—The defalcations of Arthur Richmond, the young clerk of the Elm street branch of the Bank of Toronto, who attempted suicide, is now estimated at \$25,000, as a result of playing the races with money belonging to the bank.

According to his statement to the police, after he was arrested, Richmond made \$7,000 last May at the Woodbine. After that he played them at Dufferin Park and through the local hand books and lost not only his own \$7,000 but \$10,000 of the bank's money as well. Then he went to Hamilton to try and recoup his losses, taking with him \$12,000 of the bank's money and this he also lost. At the present time the charge against him is stealing \$500 from the bank, but when he appears in court tomorrow the charge is likely to be amended.

This morning his condition at the hospital was such that the doctors would not allow him to be removed. Roland Harris, assistant clearing house teller of the main branch of the Standard Bank is in a similar position through using the funds of the bank to keep him going while playing the races, but the loss to the bank in this case will amount to about \$5,000 at the most according to the bank officials.

PRESIDENT'S SUGGESTION TURNED DOWN

Senate Committee Votes Not to Report Resolution on Canal Bill Asked For By Taft.

SMALL CHANCE OF PASSAGE.

Considered Unlikely That Upper Chamber Will Take Further Action.

Washington, Aug. 20.—The Panama joint resolution asked by President Taft yesterday is a special message to congress to make clear the rights of foreign ship owners to carry into American coasts the question of free tolls in the Panama Canal was turned down late today by the senate committee on inter-oceanic canals.

By a vote of 8 to 6 the committee determined not to report the resolution asked for by President Taft. This is taken by leaders of the senate to mean that there will be no resolution passed supplementary to the Panama Canal bill which now lies on the President's table awaiting his signature.

The resolution has not yet been formally introduced in either house, but the senate committee took a direct vote on the proposal as embodied in the President's message.

The request of the president was for a special law that would permit the United States to decide whether the Panama canal bill, in giving free tolls to American vessels, violates those sections of the Hay-Pauncefote treaty which guarantee the canal a complete treatment to ships of all nations.

Those who voted against the resolution expressed the belief that President Taft would not veto the bill now before him even if the supplementary resolution is not acted on by congress. This argument was based on the statement in his message that he did not consider the bill a violation of treaty rights with Great Britain.

PREMIER BORDEN WILL RETURN THE LAST OF AUGUST

Premier Does Not Look for Action on Canal Dispute By Canada Until His Return to Ottawa.

London, Aug. 20.—Rt. Hon. Robert L. Borden, the Canadian Premier, who came to London last July to discuss Canada's naval policy and the Panama Canal question, will leave England for Canada August 30. The Premier does not expect that anything will be done by the Canadian government regarding the Panama Canal Bill until after his return to Ottawa and until after the measure has been finally ratified by the American congress.

The witness then went into the details of a further visit with Glinnan at the alderman's home and meetings in the City Hall. At last, he said, all arrangements were complete for the payment of the bribe money. It had been planned for the aldermen to go individually to Brennan's office in the Ford building and get their share.

Glinnan was to go last and get what was left. Brennan had told him it would be about \$1,000 at least. According to the testimony Glinnan appeared promptly on July 26th for the money.

"I look out a roll of bills," said the witness, "and counted them. I said, 'Glinnan, here is the \$1,000 that I promised you for voting for the Wabash closing.' He thanked me and put the money in his pocket. As he left I took him into the next room. Mr. Burns was there.