

## ON TO BISLEY.

## Major Markham Banquetted by the 8th Hussars.

## A Large Gathering of Representative Militia Men at Hotel Aberdeen.

## The Toasts Proposed and Responses Given—Names of the Members of the Team.

The dinner to Major Alfred Markham, commandant of this year's Bisley team, by the officers of the Eighth Hussars, at Hotel Aberdeen, on Friday night, was one of the most enjoyable social military gatherings ever held in St. John. Surgeon March occupied the chair, with Capt. Harrison in the vice chair. Lieut. Col. Domville was toast master, and the list of invited guests comprised:

Hon. Minister of Militia, Lieut. Governor of New Brunswick, Hon. Mr. Justice Tuck, acting chief justice; Hon. A. G. Blair, attorney general; E. McLeod, C. C. M. P.; J. D. Hazen, C. C. M. P.; J. A. Chesley, M. P.; General Warner; Col. Derby, U. S. consul; Col. Panet, deputy minister militia; Col. Percy Lake, quartermaster general; Col. Powell, adjutant general militia; Lieut. Col. Turnbull, inspector general of cavalry; Lieut. Col. Macpherson, dir. gen. of stores; Lieut. Col. Blaine; Lieut. Col. Armstrong; M. B. G. A.; Lieut. Col. Tucker, 62nd Fusiliers; Lieut. Col. Maunsel, D. A. G.; Lieut. Col. Gordon, R. R. C. Infantry; Lieut. Col. Beer, 73rd Batt.; Lieut. Col. Call, Newcastle Field Battery; Lieut. Col. McCully, 73rd Batt.; Lieut. Col. Alexander, 71st Batt.; Lieut. Col. Baird, 6th Batt.; Lieut. Col. McShane; Major Ryan, Kings County Hussars; Major Armstrong, district paymaster; Capt. Douglas, R. N. R.; Major Parks, president P. R. association; Major Jones, N. B. G. A.; Major McLean, 62nd Fusiliers; Major Sturges, 62nd Fusiliers; Major Hart, 62 Fusiliers; Major Gordon, N. B. G. A.; Major Vince, Brighton Engineers; Capt. E. A. Smith, St. John Rifles; Major Edwards, 62nd Batt.; Capt. John D. Chipman, 71st Batt.; Capt. Hart; Capt. McLeod, N. B. G. A.; Surgeon Walker, 62nd Batt.; Surgeon Major

ada this year as well as it had ever done in the past. Mr. Ellis upheld the idea of training our people to defend their own land, and paid an earnest tribute to Hon. Mr. Dickie's ability as a minister of the crown. Mr. Ellis' speech was heartily applauded.

Lt. Col. Domville then read the following telegram from Hon. Mr. Dickie, dated Ottawa, June 14th:

"Very much regret that I cannot join you and the officers of the 8th in your dinner to Major Markham, to whose team we all wish good luck."

Letters and telegrams of regret were received from Col. Powell, Lt. Gov. Fraser, Col. Maunsel, Justice Tuck, Attorney General Blair and others, as follows:

Lt. Col. Maunsel regrets that owing to his absence on leave he will be unable to avail himself of the invitation of Lieut. Col. Domville and officers of the 8th Hussars to a dinner to be given to Major Alfred Markham, commandant Bisley team, 1895, at St. John on Friday, the 14th June, 1895. Lt. Col. Maunsel regrets his inability to accept the invitation the more, as he considers that the well deserved honor conferred upon Major Markham in his being selected for the command of the Bisley team is an honor to the military district and to the regiment of Hussars to which he belongs.

His Honor the Lieutenant Governor regrets extremely that he is unable to accept the very kind invitation of Lt. Col. Domville and officers of the 8th Hussars to a dinner to be given to Major Alfred Markham, commandant Bisley team, 1895, at the Hotel Aberdeen, on Friday, June 14th, at 9 p. m.

The Attorney General best to acknowledge the kind invitation of Lt. Col. Domville and officers of the 8th Hussars to a dinner to be given to Major Alfred Markham, commandant Bisley team, 1895, at the Hotel Aberdeen, on Friday, June 14th, at 9 p. m.

St. John, June 14.—Many warm friends here congratulate you upon the handsome tribute of respect being shown to you at the Aberdeen this evening by Col. Domville and officers of the 8th Hussars in honor of your appointment as commandant of the Bisley team. We know your meeting will be a pleasant one, and we trust the runner of what awaits you in your native land.

G. H. WALLACE.

Ottawa, June 12.—Dear Capt. McRobbie: May I ask you to kindly convey to Lt. Col. Domville and officers of the 8th Hussars my appreciation of the honor you have done me in inviting me to a dinner to be given to Major Markham, commandant of the Bisley team of 1895, at St. John, N. B., on Friday, the 14th inst., and to express my regrets that I will be unable to be present on the occasion to join with Major Markham and his friends in wishing him all the success possible on his expedition to the great national competition at Bisley. The selection of an officer of Major Markham's standing to command the Canadian riflemen this year has been hailed with much satisfaction by the Dominion Rifle association, as well as by the riflemen of Canada, and I was pleased that the officers of his corps and the militia of his own province so fully recognized his

fitness for the position as to tender him the honor of a banquet on the eve of his departure as a representative of Canada in England. The team selected this year is a good one, and I and one of the members feel a pride in being commanded by Major Markham.

Believe me, yours sincerely,

J. MACPHERSON,  
Lt. Col. and Treasurer D. R. A.

The next toast, the health of the Lieut. Governor, coupled with "The Boys of the Old Brigade," was heartily drunk.

Lt. Col. Blaine, in proposing "Our Guest," made a capital speech. He complimented the 8th Hussars for their soldierly record and their high reputation for hospitality. He was willing to overlook many shortcomings at St. John in view of the fact that the government had the good taste to select as the commandant of the Bisley team the most popular of the officers of the most popular corps in the maritime provinces.

The toast was received with three times three and He's a Jolly Good Fellow, after which Capt. Hart sang "The Gay Hussar."

Major Markham in rising to reply was greeted with a repetition of He's a Jolly Good Fellow, three cheers and a tiger. When order had finally been restored, Major Markham said this was the first occasion on which the Hussars had an opportunity to return the kind reception he and his fellow officers had so often received at the hands of the city corps. He felt much gratified at the hearty way in which his name had been received, and particularly thanked Mr. Ellis for his good words on behalf of the militia of Canada. He (Major Markham) was going home for the first time in thirty years, and would endeavor to do his duty there and keep Canada to the front to the best of his ability for although English born he was a Canadian in heart and soul. He regretted the chances were against having a New Brunswick team on the team, but he had confidence that the men going over would do their best to do credit to the Dominion. Before sitting down he thanked one and all for their good wishes and words of cheer. (Cheers.)

Lt. Col. Tucker, following up Major Markham's remarks with respect to New Brunswick's representation on the team, pointed out that it might be

well to press on the local government the advisability of lending a hand in sending a larger annual representation than ever before to the Rideau competition, where the Bisley team was selected.

Major Fred Hart then sang "The Boys of the Old Brigade."

Surgeon Walker in a happy speech proposed The Press, which was drunk to his applause, the orchestra playing "Strangers Year."

Mr. Haunay of the Telegraph, Mr. Bowes of the Gazette, Mr. Penney of the Record, and The Sun representative responded.

The Ladies, by Surgeon March, was fittingly responded to by Major Hart.

A song by Lt. Col. Armstrong followed, and then Surgeon Daniel sang "The Midshipmite."

Major Parks, who alluded to the fact that Major General Herbert had pronounced the 8th Hussars the best cavalry regiment in Canada, and congratulated Major Markham on his selection as commandant, proposed the health of Col. Domville, the efficient commander of the corps that had been so highly complimented by the commander-in-chief.

The toast was drunk with the utmost enthusiasm.

Col. Domville thanked the assembly for its good words for the 8th Hussars. It had turned out some good men. Lt. Col. Armstrong came from the Cavalry. Mr. Penneyfeather had entered the British army. Mr. Forester had gone into the Canadian Cavalry. And now Major Markham was to command the Bisley team. He felt proud of the Hussars. (Applause.)

Col. Domville gracefully referred to the kindly hospitality his corps had so often received at the hands of their city military friends, and referring to the attitude of the present minister of militia, said that he was glad to see Hon. Mr. Dickie was alive to the necessities of the present situation, and that it would give him pleasure to support his military policy, above and apart from all political considerations. Whatever honors Major Markham might win in England would redound to the credit of the 8th Cavalry. (Cheers.)

Capt. Hart proposed "The Good Fellowship of the Team of 1895."

Major Markham in a brief but well conceived speech, proposed the toast of The Sister Corps in St. John.

Lt. Col. Armstrong, in replying to the toast, said he belonged to the oldest corps in Canada, a history of which is being prepared by Capt. Baxter. He expressed the hope that his militia life-long friend would come back covered with glory and having won the esteem of every member of the Bisley team.

Capt. Tucker heartily returned thanks on behalf of every officer of the 62nd for the toast, and voiced the cordial fellowship that had always existed between his corps and the 8th Cavalry. The 62nd were in the strongest sympathy with Major Markham in his high office, and felt he would develop the Bisley team to the utmost of their resources. (Cheers.)

Replying to the toast of the Royal Naval Reserve, Capt. Douglas expressed the great pleasure it gave him to be present, and as the oldest militiaman, he expressed his confidence in Major Markham and his team the greatest success. (Cheers.)

Major Markham here announced that the doings of the team each day would be reported in The Sun and Telegraph by cable.

Mr. Ellis proposed the Provincial Rifle Association, and in so doing referred to the special gifts that had made Major Parks for many years the choice of that body as its efficient president.

Mr. Ellis, in responding, disclaimed all special fitness for the office he held, save an earnest desire to promote the efficiency of New Brunswick's riflemen. He bespoke a more generous support of the P. R. A. from the provincial treasury; at least as much support as was given in other provinces.

Col. Armstrong proposed the District Staff, coupled with the name of Major Armstrong.

Major Armstrong replied to the toast proposed by his namesake and expressed his regret that Mr. Maunsel had been prevented by ill health from being present to do honor to Major Markham. Personally he felt assured that if the Bisley team did not work harmoniously under the major, it would be their own fault.

Capt. Smith of the Rifles endorsed Lt. Col. Tucker's remarks and on behalf of the Rifles, and personally as well, wished Major Markham the greatest success, and congratulated Lt. Col. Domville on the fact that private Walter Langstroth of the 8th Hussars had in 1897 won the highest place ever attained by a New Brunswick soldier, that of 7th on the Queen's prize list. (Cheers.)

Col. Domville, on behalf of the 8th Hussars, expressed their appreciation of the honor conferred upon them by a Kings county institution. He proposed their health, wealth and prosperity.

G. R. Pugsley, in modest yet grateful terms, thanked the company for their presence, and Col. Domville for his good words. It was his aim to run a good horse race, and he surrounded himself with the best possible staff. So far the patronage had been more than equal to his expectations. (Cheers.)

Personally it gave him infinite pleasure to welcome Major Markham, who had been the first to help him when he started out in professional life. (Applause.)

The proceedings closed with Auld Lang Syne, and God Save the Queen.

THE BISLEY TEAM.

The Bisley team will sail from Montreal on June 22nd. They will be inspected on Friday. There is no St. John man on the team, and while Col. Sergeant Henderson of the 62nd Fusiliers is second waiting man, it is not probable that he will have a place on the team. The following is a list of the team up to date:

Thomas H. Hayhurst, Hamilton. Thomas Mitchell, Toronto. Col. Sgt. Shelden, Hamilton. B. R. Smith, Hagersville, Ont. J. Rolston, Hagersville, Ont. T. C. Boville, Ottawa. R. J. Spearing, Sherbrooke. S. H. Norris, Hamilton. S. M. Rogers, Ottawa. W. G. Russell, Berlin. J. P. Nattin, Ottawa.

W. J. B. White, Kingston. W. P. Anderson, Ottawa. J. Broadhurst, Montreal. J. Tink, Ottawa. J. C. Chamberlain, New Westminster, B. C. J. H. Simpson, Guelph. C. Armstrong, Guelph. Capt. Mercer, Toronto. Col. Sergt. Meadows, Toronto.

## CAMP SUSSEX.

## The Orders Issued for the Assembling of the Militia on June 25th.

## The Corps Called Out for Drill and How They Will Proceed to Camp.

## MILITARY DISTRICT No. 8. Headquarters, Fredericton, 10th June, 1895.

## District Orders

## (1)

In accordance with G. O. (20), 18th May, 1895, the following corps are to assemble for drill in the camp of instruction to be formed at Sussex on the 25th June, to leave their local headquarters on that day and proceed to the camp at Sussex, as follows:

Cavalry—8th Hussars—Lieut. Col. Domville.

A, B, C, D, E, G troops will march to camp.

F troop will entrain at Sackville at 8.30 a. m.

H troop will entrain at Sackville at 8.30 a. m.

Officers, N. C. O. and troopers from St. John will entrain at 10 a. m.

Officers, N. C. O. and troopers from Rothesay will entrain at 10.44 a. m.

Officers, N. C. O. and troopers from Hampton will entrain at 11.35 a. m.

3rd Battalion—Lieut. Col. McCully: No. 1 company will entrain at Buco-touche at 7.45 a. m.

No. 2, 4 and 5 companies and staff will entrain at Chatham at 7.50 a. m.

No. 3 company will entrain at Doaktown at 8.55 a. m.

74th Battalion—Lieut. Col. Beer: No. 1 company will entrain at Rothesay at 10.44 a. m.

No. 2 and 4 companies will entrain at Moncton at 11.30 a. m.

No. 5 company will entrain at Sackville at 8.05 a. m.

No. 6 company will entrain at Bale Verte at 6.30 a. m.

(The above named hours are standard time.)

"Order" for troops proceeding to camp is "marching order," and this will be complied with as far as possible in the defective condition of the equipment now in possession, but all equipment, of whatever kind, in possession must be issued to the men and brought to camp.

Regimental quartermasters will be required to be in camp one clear day before the arrival of their corps, and one clear day after its departure, for the purpose of drawing and returning camp equipment. Pay will be allowed for these days, also an allowance for subsistence of one dollar per diem.

Quartermasters failing to comply with this regulation will forfeit all pay and allowance.

Officers commanding corps will make arrangements for the men under their command bringing cooked rations with them to camp on the first day.

For this purpose an allowance in lieu of rations of 25 cents per officer and man is granted, together with 35 cents per day in lieu of forage for the day of arrival in camp.

Transport.

(1) Attention is drawn to Regulations and Orders, 1887, paragraphs 367 to 374.

(2) Transport will only be allowed for those officers and men whose names are borne on the pay list of a corps ordered to camp or whose employment on the staff has been approved at headquarters.

Transport of Baggage.

(1) An allowance will be granted at the following rates for transport of all regimental baggage to and from camps of instruction.

Each officer.....50 cents

Each N. C. O. or man.....10 cents

(2) This allowance is to cover cost of transport for the distance between headquarters to railway or steamboat station, and from terminal station to site of camp and return to headquarters. Claims for this allowance will be made on A. G. O. form C 58 and forwarded to the camp commandant.

(3) Corps receiving marching allowance (Regulations and Orders, paragraph 373), will not be entitled to the above allowances.

(4) Sec. 7 G. O. (13) of 13th May, 1892, and G. O. (24) of 10th June, 1892, have been cancelled.

The attention of officers commanding is drawn to section xvi, Queen's Regulations, 1894, and Regulations and Orders, 1887.

The general principles of which will be observed by all ranks.

(3)

Books.

In addition to the regimental and company books, referred to in paragraph 968, R. & O. 87, and in district orders, 4th April, 1892, commanding officers will see that the following books are in possession of every officer in camp:

In Cavalry.

Latest edition Cavalry Drill, Queen's Regulations, 1894, and Regulations and Orders, 1887.

In Infantry.

Infantry Drill, 1893, Rifle Exercises, supplement, 1888; Queen's Regulations, 1894, Regulations and Orders, 1887.

They will further see that the enrolment of men is carried out without delay, and in accordance with the Militia act.

(4)

Standing orders, regulating the duties in camp, will be issued, as so staff, guards, military police, infantry picquets, etc.

W. D. GORDON,  
Major and Lieut. Col. for D. A. G., MIL. Dist. No. 8.

## HEALTH.

"What do you mean by health?" asked the "teacher."

"Health," said a timid little voice, "is when you're real fat and have lots of skin."

—Exchange.

THE WEEKLY SUN, \$1.00 a year.

## "I AM PERMANENTLY CURED"

## The Joyful Exclamation of Mr. Alexander Moffatt, of Millbrook, Ont.

## Paine's Celery Compound Victorious After the Doctors Failed.

Mr. Moffatt is of opinion that all his sufferings and tortures had their origin in liver complaint, a terribly dangerous malady that is dragging many a man and woman to the grave. This disease may be acute or chronic. In the acute form, there are violent burning pains conveyed to the shoulder or right arm, short cough, fever, irregular bowels and constipation. In the chronic form of liver complaint there are many morbid conditions, such as enlargements, softening, abscesses and degeneration. The symptoms are, weight in stomach, flatulence, nausea, bilious vomiting, loss of appetite, thirst, white and dry tongue, bitter taste, and a host of other miserable conditions. Long experience has fully proved that Paine's Celery Compound is the only medicine that can successfully grapple with the dread disease of liver complaint. Honest and able doctors are advising their patients to make use of Paine's Celery Compound, for

the great reason that they know of no other medicine that gives such prompt and effective results. The cure of Mr. Moffatt amply proves every statement made in favor of Paine's Celery Compound, and clearly demonstrates the fact that when physicians fail to cure, nature's medicine is sure to do good work. Mr. Moffatt writes thus:

"Having been a sufferer for years from severe pains in the side, back and breast, caused, I firmly believe, by a sluggish liver, I received the treatment of eminent physicians; and was compelled to wear a fur coat summer and winter; I was also advised to wear a chamois vest, but nothing seemed to do me good."

"At last I was advised by kind friends to try Paine's Celery Compound; and after using six bottles I find that I am permanently cured. Paine's Celery Compound has indeed done wonders for me. You may publish this for the benefit of suffering humanity."

## PATENT RECORD.

The following list of United States patents, granted to Canadian inventors, May 28th and June 4th, 1895, is reported for the Sun by James Sangster, patent attorney, Buffalo, N. Y.:

Rufus P. Redmond and W. Wythe, Canada—Combined whip-socket and rein-holder.

Geo. H. Millen, Canada—Match-box for advertising.

James H. Byrne, assignor of one-half to G. W. Byrnes, Toronto, Canada—Hand fire-extinguisher.

Frederic P. Thompson, Fredericton, Canada—Dust-guar and oil-saver for car-axle boxes.

Helen B. Leadbetter, Kincairdine, Canada—Supplemental stopper for ink bottles.

William Harding, Orangeville, Canada—Wrench.

REV. L. W. SHOWERS

Gives His Experience With Organic Heart Disease—The Dread Malady on the Increase.

For many years my greatest enemy has been organic heart disease. From an uneasiness about the heart, with palpitation more or less severe, it had developed into abnormal action, thumping, fluttering and choking sensations. Dull pain with a peculiar warm feeling ever present near the heart. I have tried many physicians and taken numberless remedies with very little benefit. Seeing Dr. Agnew's Cure for the Heart advertised in the Kittanning, Pa., papers, I purchased a bottle and began its use, receiving almost instant relief. I have now taken several bottles of the remedy and can speak most highly in its favor. The choking, abnormal beating, thumping and palpitation have almost entirely disappeared. The remedy is certainly a wonder-worker, for my case was chronic. Rev. L. W. Showers, Elder, Clinton, Pa.

COUNT DE DORY.

A Well-Known Denmark Nobleman Makes a Statement of Interest and Value to Many.

Under date of September 1st, 1894, Count de Dory writes as follows from Neepawa, Man.: "I have been ailing constantly for six or seven years with severe kidney and bladder trouble. I have doctored during all this time with physicians in different countries without any relief. During my travels I was induced to try South American Kidney Cure, from which remedy I received instant relief. I most heartily endorse this remedy, as I do not think I have an equal." South American Kidney Cure invariably gives relief within six hours after first dose is taken.

CURES CATARRHAL DEAFNESS.

Strong and Unreserved Testimony of the Curative Powers of Dr. Agnew's Catarrhal Powder.

Actions speak louder than words. Mr. John Macdonald, of Washabuck Bridge, N. S., made use of Dr. Agnew's Catarrhal Powder and says: "I used the medicine according to directions and found it to be a wonderful cure for catarrh and deafness. I can hear as good as ever. You will find sixty cents enclosed, for which send me another bottle. After recommending the catarrhal cure to my neighbor, and as seeing the wonderful good it has done me, wants a bottle, so you will please send a bottle and blower to her also."

One short puff of the breath through the Blower, supplied with each bottle of Dr. Agnew's Catarrhal Powder, diffuses this powder over the surface of the nasal passages. Painless and delightful to use, it relieves in ten minutes, and permanently cures Catarrh, Hay Fever, Colds, Headache, Sore Throat, Tonsillitis and Deafness; 60 cents.

Sample bottle and blower sent on receipt of two three-cent stamps, E. G. Detchon, 44 Church street, Toronto.

Another Hamilton Citizen Cured of Rheumatism in Three Days.

Mr. I. McFarlane, 246 Wellington street, Hamilton: "For many weeks I suffered intense pain from rheumatism—was so bad that I could not attend to business. I procured South American Rheumatic Cure on the recommendation of my druggist and was completely cured in three or four days by the use of this remedy only. It is the best remedy I ever saw."

THE FRUIT CROP IN ONTARIO.

The report issued by the Ontario department of agriculture on June 1, has the following: Orchards and vineyards near the lake have suffered less than the others. On the west the grape crop is reported a failure, except from Pelee Island and a few favored places on the southwest and Niagara districts. Small fruits, peaches, plums and pears will be limited in quantity. Cherries are likely to be very short. With the exception of the Lake Huron tract, a fair yield, especially in the case of winter varieties. Some fruit trees may yet make up for a part of the loss. There will probably be a fair amount of fruit.

## AN EXTENDED MINISTRY.

(Richibucto Review.)

The Rev. Lewis Jack has been a minister in the Presbyterian church for the long period of 50 years. His jubilee was held last Monday in the home of Dr. King, his son-in-law, Buco-touche. Many of his relatives met on such an interesting and happy occasion, among which were Dr. King and family, Rev. Chalmers Jack of Millbrook, N. S., his son; Mrs. Roseburgh, widow of the late Rev. Mr. Roseburgh, his daughter; Mrs. Salter of Chatham, daughter; and many others.

The Rev. L. Jack came from Scotland to New Brunswick nearly 50 years ago. He was soon afterwards ordained into the Presbyterian congregation of St. James, Charlottetown. After a five years' pastorate he was translated to the congregation of Springfield, where he labored with great success for upwards of 30 years, much beloved by all who knew him. Mr. Jack was one of the pioneers of the Presbyterian church in New Brunswick. He is a truly evangelical preacher, and in the days of his vigor was an impressive and enthusiastic speaker. He is now 84 years of age, and still wonderfully strong. His recently partner died a number of years ago. Her name is still very fragrant in Springfield, where she greatly assisted her husband in the work of the Lord. Mr. Jack retired from the active duties of the ministry a few years ago, and is spending the remainder of his days in the hospitable family of Dr. King, his son-in-law. It is the ardent wish of many friends that he may be spared for many years yet, and that they may be as sunny as the past.

EUROPEAN WHEAT CROP.

One of the best known of the foreign grain houses, Dreyfus, writes Counselman of Chicago from Paris under date of June 2: "As far as we can judge at present there seems to be every prospect of an average wheat yield, for, although in some parts of Europe great damage has been done by recent cold weather, in other parts the outlook is quite satisfactory. In Roumania there is every hope for a good harvest; on the other hand the crops all along the Black Sea, in Odessa, Nicolaev, etc., as well as in the Crimea, have suffered to a considerable extent by frost. In Germany wheat stands very well, but, on the other hand, gives cause for grave complaint. In France and England everything is very much behindhand at present, owing to inclement weather, and in England, at least, there is every fear of a rather meagre crop, and, as is usually the case with late crops in this country, the quality will probably be far from satisfactory. As regards our market has lately been exceedingly firm owing in a great measure to unsatisfactory reports from your side. We do not think, however, that prices are by any means exaggerated, and we see every prospect of a continuance of the present improvement, at least until the new crop comes. There is nearly no maize in Roumania, Bulgaria, Turkey and Russia."

MANITOBA WHEAT.

As high as 85c and 86c has been paid in the country to farmers this week for wheat, these being the highest figures reported from Manitoba country points, but only a few loads here and there are being offered. Manitoba wheat in Ontario is selling to millers at \$1.05 to \$1.07, and the idea of values at Fort William afloat, has ranged from 97c to \$1 per bushel. About 80c has been the average basis of values, but very little business is doing—Winnipeg Commercial.

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ision gives the latest, best exact information on these the question. The members continually quoting this or if, or prosecuting counsel, or al, or mayor, or chief, could be glad to get together any of so many officials as could be reached by this apprehensive enquiry. The records collected is alone of a student of this ques-

## YEARS OF TORTURE.

nd Fingers Twisted out of pe With Rheumatism.

of an Old Man Now Nearing the Life's Hill—How Relief Came to er