

THIS MAY MEAN WAR

U. S. Senate Foreign Committee Ask for Armed Intervention in Cuba.

Every Indication That the Struggle Cannot Now Be Much Longer Delayed.

Washington, April 13.—The house was excited during the preliminary business. No attention was paid to it. Members talked about Mr. Adams, acting chairman of the foreign affairs committee, who brought over a printed copy of the senate resolutions, and read them in the main aisle.

The following is the majority resolution reported to the senate by Senator Davis, immediately upon the convening of the senate at noon to-day:

Resolved—That the present conditions which have existed in Cuba, so near our own borders, have shocked the moral sense of the people of the United States, and that it is a disgrace to Christian civilization to permit such a state of things to continue.

Resolved—That the people of the island of Cuba are in the right to demand that the government of Spain should at once relinquish authority and government over the island of Cuba and withdraw its land and naval forces from Cuba and Cuban waters.

Resolved—That the president of the United States be and he is hereby directed and empowered to use the entire land and naval forces of the United States, and to call into active service the militia of the United States, to such an extent as may be necessary to carry these resolutions into effect.

Resolved—That the president of the United States be and he is hereby directed and empowered to use the entire land and naval forces of the United States, and to call into active service the militia of the United States, to such an extent as may be necessary to carry these resolutions into effect.

Resolved—That the president of the United States be and he is hereby directed and empowered to use the entire land and naval forces of the United States, and to call into active service the militia of the United States, to such an extent as may be necessary to carry these resolutions into effect.

Resolved—That the president of the United States be and he is hereby directed and empowered to use the entire land and naval forces of the United States, and to call into active service the militia of the United States, to such an extent as may be necessary to carry these resolutions into effect.

Resolved—That the president of the United States be and he is hereby directed and empowered to use the entire land and naval forces of the United States, and to call into active service the militia of the United States, to such an extent as may be necessary to carry these resolutions into effect.

Resolved—That the president of the United States be and he is hereby directed and empowered to use the entire land and naval forces of the United States, and to call into active service the militia of the United States, to such an extent as may be necessary to carry these resolutions into effect.

Resolved—That the president of the United States be and he is hereby directed and empowered to use the entire land and naval forces of the United States, and to call into active service the militia of the United States, to such an extent as may be necessary to carry these resolutions into effect.

Resolved—That the president of the United States be and he is hereby directed and empowered to use the entire land and naval forces of the United States, and to call into active service the militia of the United States, to such an extent as may be necessary to carry these resolutions into effect.

Resolved—That the president of the United States be and he is hereby directed and empowered to use the entire land and naval forces of the United States, and to call into active service the militia of the United States, to such an extent as may be necessary to carry these resolutions into effect.

Resolved—That the president of the United States be and he is hereby directed and empowered to use the entire land and naval forces of the United States, and to call into active service the militia of the United States, to such an extent as may be necessary to carry these resolutions into effect.

Resolved—That the president of the United States be and he is hereby directed and empowered to use the entire land and naval forces of the United States, and to call into active service the militia of the United States, to such an extent as may be necessary to carry these resolutions into effect.

Resolved—That the president of the United States be and he is hereby directed and empowered to use the entire land and naval forces of the United States, and to call into active service the militia of the United States, to such an extent as may be necessary to carry these resolutions into effect.

Resolved—That the president of the United States be and he is hereby directed and empowered to use the entire land and naval forces of the United States, and to call into active service the militia of the United States, to such an extent as may be necessary to carry these resolutions into effect.

Resolved—That the president of the United States be and he is hereby directed and empowered to use the entire land and naval forces of the United States, and to call into active service the militia of the United States, to such an extent as may be necessary to carry these resolutions into effect.

Resolved—That the president of the United States be and he is hereby directed and empowered to use the entire land and naval forces of the United States, and to call into active service the militia of the United States, to such an extent as may be necessary to carry these resolutions into effect.

Resolved—That the president of the United States be and he is hereby directed and empowered to use the entire land and naval forces of the United States, and to call into active service the militia of the United States, to such an extent as may be necessary to carry these resolutions into effect.

Resolved—That the president of the United States be and he is hereby directed and empowered to use the entire land and naval forces of the United States, and to call into active service the militia of the United States, to such an extent as may be necessary to carry these resolutions into effect.

Resolved—That the president of the United States be and he is hereby directed and empowered to use the entire land and naval forces of the United States, and to call into active service the militia of the United States, to such an extent as may be necessary to carry these resolutions into effect.

Resolved—That the president of the United States be and he is hereby directed and empowered to use the entire land and naval forces of the United States, and to call into active service the militia of the United States, to such an extent as may be necessary to carry these resolutions into effect.

Resolved—That the president of the United States be and he is hereby directed and empowered to use the entire land and naval forces of the United States, and to call into active service the militia of the United States, to such an extent as may be necessary to carry these resolutions into effect.

Resolved—That the president of the United States be and he is hereby directed and empowered to use the entire land and naval forces of the United States, and to call into active service the militia of the United States, to such an extent as may be necessary to carry these resolutions into effect.

Resolved—That the president of the United States be and he is hereby directed and empowered to use the entire land and naval forces of the United States, and to call into active service the militia of the United States, to such an extent as may be necessary to carry these resolutions into effect.

Resolved—That the president of the United States be and he is hereby directed and empowered to use the entire land and naval forces of the United States, and to call into active service the militia of the United States, to such an extent as may be necessary to carry these resolutions into effect.

Resolved—That the president of the United States be and he is hereby directed and empowered to use the entire land and naval forces of the United States, and to call into active service the militia of the United States, to such an extent as may be necessary to carry these resolutions into effect.

Resolved—That the president of the United States be and he is hereby directed and empowered to use the entire land and naval forces of the United States, and to call into active service the militia of the United States, to such an extent as may be necessary to carry these resolutions into effect.

Resolved—That the president of the United States be and he is hereby directed and empowered to use the entire land and naval forces of the United States, and to call into active service the militia of the United States, to such an extent as may be necessary to carry these resolutions into effect.

Resolved—That the president of the United States be and he is hereby directed and empowered to use the entire land and naval forces of the United States, and to call into active service the militia of the United States, to such an extent as may be necessary to carry these resolutions into effect.

Resolved—That the president of the United States be and he is hereby directed and empowered to use the entire land and naval forces of the United States, and to call into active service the militia of the United States, to such an extent as may be necessary to carry these resolutions into effect.

Resolved—That the president of the United States be and he is hereby directed and empowered to use the entire land and naval forces of the United States, and to call into active service the militia of the United States, to such an extent as may be necessary to carry these resolutions into effect.

Resolved—That the president of the United States be and he is hereby directed and empowered to use the entire land and naval forces of the United States, and to call into active service the militia of the United States, to such an extent as may be necessary to carry these resolutions into effect.

negotiating for the purchase of several vessels for Spain. The minister of war is pushing work actively on the defenses of the Balearic and Canary Islands, at Morocco. In military and naval circles, it is believed that the truce will be unlikely to lead to anything, unless the Pope and the powers exert again the same pressure upon Spain and President McKinley and force both to make concessions in the final settlement of the Cuban question, which is the chief reason for the Spanish people to accept, unless their rights are respected and their debt charged to Cuba.

War Orders Issued. New York, April 13.—Colonel William Seward, ninth regular senior colonel of the state, who will have the right of line in the event of the first brigade being ordered out, has issued orders to his regiment to prepare for war.

The Flying Squadron Sails. Old Point Comfort, Va., April 13.—The flying squadron sailed at 2 o'clock under sealed orders for the south.

Postal Service Terminated. New York, April 13.—With the departure of the steamer City of Washington to-day, the postal service between the United States and Cuba will close for the present.

Spanish Press Opinions. Madrid, April 13.—El Liberal, hitherto so favorable to the present cabinet, criticizes the present cabinet, and criticizes to the powers, and urges an energetic attitude towards the United States. It is clear that a recognition of the rights of Spain in Cuba and the cessation of assistance from America to the insurgents will redeem the conduct of the cabinet in the eyes of a nation that is morally sad and weary of successive humiliations.

The Imperial body asserts that the honor of Spain can only be vindicated if the truce is short and the time devoted to complete naval and military preparations for the movement of the 25th infantry, which has started from Fort Mifflin, Mont., after many delays. Six companies of this regiment are under orders to proceed to Chickamauga, and two to direct Dr. ...

General Miles had a long conference with Secretary Alger yesterday in which the commanding general strongly urged upon the secretary the necessity of prompt action with regard to the concentration of the available military forces of the army.

They try to make out how that all concessions must come from America, by withdrawing war vessels, ceasing to give insurgents arms, and so on. The general situation, with special reference to the attitude and probable action of the United States, is discussed.

General Miles and all the army officers at the department consider that the Spanish overtures of the last few days have not in any way changed the outcome of the situation. They regard the situation as serious in the extreme and that war is imminent. For this reason they strenuously oppose the concentration and organization of the troops on a basis at the earliest possible moment.

General Miles does not advocate the concentration of the national guard in advance of a declaration of war. He believes that the national guard will not be called until war has been declared or intervention in Cuba has been decided upon.

Following the orders to artillery officers on detached service to join their regiments, First Lieutenant J. L. Anderson, of the 25th infantry, military attaché at St. Petersburg, was today ordered to relinquish his post and report to the commanding officer of his regiment for active duty.

Spain Profits by Delay. Improving the Time by Getting Her Warships in Good Order. New York, April 12.—The Herald's Washington correspondent sends this news of the Spanish naval operations: "The Spanish navy is making good progress in the extreme and that war is imminent. For this reason they strenuously oppose the concentration and organization of the troops on a basis at the earliest possible moment."

General Miles does not advocate the concentration of the national guard in advance of a declaration of war. He believes that the national guard will not be called until war has been declared or intervention in Cuba has been decided upon.

Following the orders to artillery officers on detached service to join their regiments, First Lieutenant J. L. Anderson, of the 25th infantry, military attaché at St. Petersburg, was today ordered to relinquish his post and report to the commanding officer of his regiment for active duty.

Spain Profits by Delay. Improving the Time by Getting Her Warships in Good Order. New York, April 12.—The Herald's Washington correspondent sends this news of the Spanish naval operations: "The Spanish navy is making good progress in the extreme and that war is imminent. For this reason they strenuously oppose the concentration and organization of the troops on a basis at the earliest possible moment."

General Miles does not advocate the concentration of the national guard in advance of a declaration of war. He believes that the national guard will not be called until war has been declared or intervention in Cuba has been decided upon.

Following the orders to artillery officers on detached service to join their regiments, First Lieutenant J. L. Anderson, of the 25th infantry, military attaché at St. Petersburg, was today ordered to relinquish his post and report to the commanding officer of his regiment for active duty.

Spain Profits by Delay. Improving the Time by Getting Her Warships in Good Order. New York, April 12.—The Herald's Washington correspondent sends this news of the Spanish naval operations: "The Spanish navy is making good progress in the extreme and that war is imminent. For this reason they strenuously oppose the concentration and organization of the troops on a basis at the earliest possible moment."

General Miles does not advocate the concentration of the national guard in advance of a declaration of war. He believes that the national guard will not be called until war has been declared or intervention in Cuba has been decided upon.

Following the orders to artillery officers on detached service to join their regiments, First Lieutenant J. L. Anderson, of the 25th infantry, military attaché at St. Petersburg, was today ordered to relinquish his post and report to the commanding officer of his regiment for active duty.

Spain Profits by Delay. Improving the Time by Getting Her Warships in Good Order. New York, April 12.—The Herald's Washington correspondent sends this news of the Spanish naval operations: "The Spanish navy is making good progress in the extreme and that war is imminent. For this reason they strenuously oppose the concentration and organization of the troops on a basis at the earliest possible moment."

General Miles does not advocate the concentration of the national guard in advance of a declaration of war. He believes that the national guard will not be called until war has been declared or intervention in Cuba has been decided upon.

Following the orders to artillery officers on detached service to join their regiments, First Lieutenant J. L. Anderson, of the 25th infantry, military attaché at St. Petersburg, was today ordered to relinquish his post and report to the commanding officer of his regiment for active duty.

Spain Profits by Delay. Improving the Time by Getting Her Warships in Good Order. New York, April 12.—The Herald's Washington correspondent sends this news of the Spanish naval operations: "The Spanish navy is making good progress in the extreme and that war is imminent. For this reason they strenuously oppose the concentration and organization of the troops on a basis at the earliest possible moment."

General Miles does not advocate the concentration of the national guard in advance of a declaration of war. He believes that the national guard will not be called until war has been declared or intervention in Cuba has been decided upon.

Following the orders to artillery officers on detached service to join their regiments, First Lieutenant J. L. Anderson, of the 25th infantry, military attaché at St. Petersburg, was today ordered to relinquish his post and report to the commanding officer of his regiment for active duty.

Spain Profits by Delay. Improving the Time by Getting Her Warships in Good Order. New York, April 12.—The Herald's Washington correspondent sends this news of the Spanish naval operations: "The Spanish navy is making good progress in the extreme and that war is imminent. For this reason they strenuously oppose the concentration and organization of the troops on a basis at the earliest possible moment."

General Miles does not advocate the concentration of the national guard in advance of a declaration of war. He believes that the national guard will not be called until war has been declared or intervention in Cuba has been decided upon.

Following the orders to artillery officers on detached service to join their regiments, First Lieutenant J. L. Anderson, of the 25th infantry, military attaché at St. Petersburg, was today ordered to relinquish his post and report to the commanding officer of his regiment for active duty.

Spain Profits by Delay. Improving the Time by Getting Her Warships in Good Order. New York, April 12.—The Herald's Washington correspondent sends this news of the Spanish naval operations: "The Spanish navy is making good progress in the extreme and that war is imminent. For this reason they strenuously oppose the concentration and organization of the troops on a basis at the earliest possible moment."

General Miles does not advocate the concentration of the national guard in advance of a declaration of war. He believes that the national guard will not be called until war has been declared or intervention in Cuba has been decided upon.

Following the orders to artillery officers on detached service to join their regiments, First Lieutenant J. L. Anderson, of the 25th infantry, military attaché at St. Petersburg, was today ordered to relinquish his post and report to the commanding officer of his regiment for active duty.

Spain Profits by Delay. Improving the Time by Getting Her Warships in Good Order. New York, April 12.—The Herald's Washington correspondent sends this news of the Spanish naval operations: "The Spanish navy is making good progress in the extreme and that war is imminent. For this reason they strenuously oppose the concentration and organization of the troops on a basis at the earliest possible moment."

General Miles does not advocate the concentration of the national guard in advance of a declaration of war. He believes that the national guard will not be called until war has been declared or intervention in Cuba has been decided upon.

Following the orders to artillery officers on detached service to join their regiments, First Lieutenant J. L. Anderson, of the 25th infantry, military attaché at St. Petersburg, was today ordered to relinquish his post and report to the commanding officer of his regiment for active duty.

Spain Profits by Delay. Improving the Time by Getting Her Warships in Good Order. New York, April 12.—The Herald's Washington correspondent sends this news of the Spanish naval operations: "The Spanish navy is making good progress in the extreme and that war is imminent. For this reason they strenuously oppose the concentration and organization of the troops on a basis at the earliest possible moment."

General Miles does not advocate the concentration of the national guard in advance of a declaration of war. He believes that the national guard will not be called until war has been declared or intervention in Cuba has been decided upon.

Following the orders to artillery officers on detached service to join their regiments, First Lieutenant J. L. Anderson, of the 25th infantry, military attaché at St. Petersburg, was today ordered to relinquish his post and report to the commanding officer of his regiment for active duty.

Spain Profits by Delay. Improving the Time by Getting Her Warships in Good Order. New York, April 12.—The Herald's Washington correspondent sends this news of the Spanish naval operations: "The Spanish navy is making good progress in the extreme and that war is imminent. For this reason they strenuously oppose the concentration and organization of the troops on a basis at the earliest possible moment."

General Miles does not advocate the concentration of the national guard in advance of a declaration of war. He believes that the national guard will not be called until war has been declared or intervention in Cuba has been decided upon.

Following the orders to artillery officers on detached service to join their regiments, First Lieutenant J. L. Anderson, of the 25th infantry, military attaché at St. Petersburg, was today ordered to relinquish his post and report to the commanding officer of his regiment for active duty.

Spain Profits by Delay. Improving the Time by Getting Her Warships in Good Order. New York, April 12.—The Herald's Washington correspondent sends this news of the Spanish naval operations: "The Spanish navy is making good progress in the extreme and that war is imminent. For this reason they strenuously oppose the concentration and organization of the troops on a basis at the earliest possible moment."

General Miles does not advocate the concentration of the national guard in advance of a declaration of war. He believes that the national guard will not be called until war has been declared or intervention in Cuba has been decided upon.

SHIPS READY FOR SEA

Half a Dozen War Vessels Turned Out of New York Navy Yard.

New York, April 12.—The Sioux, in command of Ensign Ghevardi, is ready for sea and will probably sail to-day. The Uncas is nearly ready and the repairs to the Tecumseh are expected to be finished to-day.

When the Eagle and the Hornet were floated out of the dry dock, the Scorpion and Wasp were put in their places. The Eagle and Hornet are painted and have their guns in position. They will be finished this week. The main masts of the Scorpion and Wasp have been removed and their foremast masts taken down. The steamers are to be placed on the sides to protect their engines and boilers.

The Saturn went into commission yesterday and is now nearly ready to go to sea. Work on fitting out the El Norte, now the Yankee, El Sol, now the Yosemite, and the Erie, and 12 other gunboats and the gunboat Annapolis is being overhauled and having changes made in her armament.

The Flying Squadron Sails. Old Point Comfort, Va., April 13.—The flying squadron sailed at 2 o'clock under sealed orders for the south.

Postal Service Terminated. New York, April 13.—With the departure of the steamer City of Washington to-day, the postal service between the United States and Cuba will close for the present.

Spanish Press Opinions. Madrid, April 13.—El Liberal, hitherto so favorable to the present cabinet, criticizes the present cabinet, and criticizes to the powers, and urges an energetic attitude towards the United States. It is clear that a recognition of the rights of Spain in Cuba and the cessation of assistance from America to the insurgents will redeem the conduct of the cabinet in the eyes of a nation that is morally sad and weary of successive humiliations.

The Imperial body asserts that the honor of Spain can only be vindicated if the truce is short and the time devoted to complete naval and military preparations for the movement of the 25th infantry, which has started from Fort Mifflin, Mont., after many delays. Six companies of this regiment are under orders to proceed to Chickamauga, and two to direct Dr. ...

General Miles had a long conference with Secretary Alger yesterday in which the commanding general strongly urged upon the secretary the necessity of prompt action with regard to the concentration of the available military forces of the army.

They try to make out how that all concessions must come from America, by withdrawing war vessels, ceasing to give insurgents arms, and so on. The general situation, with special reference to the attitude and probable action of the United States, is discussed.

General Miles and all the army officers at the department consider that the Spanish overtures of the last few days have not in any way changed the outcome of the situation. They regard the situation as serious in the extreme and that war is imminent. For this reason they strenuously oppose the concentration and organization of the troops on a basis at the earliest possible moment.

General Miles does not advocate the concentration of the national guard in advance of a declaration of war. He believes that the national guard will not be called until war has been declared or intervention in Cuba has been decided upon.

Following the orders to artillery officers on detached service to join their regiments, First Lieutenant J. L. Anderson, of the 25th infantry, military attaché at St. Petersburg, was today ordered to relinquish his post and report to the commanding officer of his regiment for active duty.

Spain Profits by Delay. Improving the Time by Getting Her Warships in Good Order. New York, April 12.—The Herald's Washington correspondent sends this news of the Spanish naval operations: "The Spanish navy is making good progress in the extreme and that war is imminent. For this reason they strenuously oppose the concentration and organization of the troops on a basis at the earliest possible moment."

General Miles does not advocate the concentration of the national guard in advance of a declaration of war. He believes that the national guard will not be called until war has been declared or intervention in Cuba has been decided upon.

Following the orders to artillery officers on detached service to join their regiments, First Lieutenant J. L. Anderson, of the 25th infantry, military attaché at St. Petersburg, was today ordered to relinquish his post and report to the commanding officer of his regiment for active duty.

Spain Profits by Delay. Improving the Time by Getting Her Warships in Good Order. New York, April 12.—The Herald's Washington correspondent sends this news of the Spanish naval operations: "The Spanish navy is making good progress in the extreme and that war is imminent. For this reason they strenuously oppose the concentration and organization of the troops on a basis at the earliest possible moment."

General Miles does not advocate the concentration of the national guard in advance of a declaration of war. He believes that the national guard will not be called until war has been declared or intervention in Cuba has been decided upon.

Following the orders to artillery officers on detached service to join their regiments, First Lieutenant J. L. Anderson, of the 25th infantry, military attaché at St. Petersburg, was today ordered to relinquish his post and report to the commanding officer of his regiment for active duty.

Spain Profits by Delay. Improving the Time by Getting Her Warships in Good Order. New York, April 12.—The Herald's Washington correspondent sends this news of the Spanish naval operations: "The Spanish navy is making good progress in the extreme and that war is imminent. For this reason they strenuously oppose the concentration and organization of the troops on a basis at the earliest possible moment."

General Miles does not advocate the concentration of the national guard in advance of a declaration of war. He believes that the national guard will not be called until war has been declared or intervention in Cuba has been decided upon.

Following the orders to artillery officers on detached service to join their regiments, First Lieutenant J. L. Anderson, of the 25th infantry, military attaché at St. Petersburg, was today ordered to relinquish his post and report to the commanding officer of his regiment for active duty.

Spain Profits by Delay. Improving the Time by Getting Her Warships in Good Order. New York, April 12.—The Herald's Washington correspondent sends this news of the Spanish naval operations: "The Spanish navy is making good progress in the extreme and that war is imminent. For this reason they strenuously oppose the concentration and organization of the troops on a basis at the earliest possible moment."

General Miles does not advocate the concentration of the national guard in advance of a declaration of war. He believes that the national guard will not be called until war has been declared or intervention in Cuba has been decided upon.

Following the orders to artillery officers on detached service to join their regiments, First Lieutenant J. L. Anderson, of the 25th infantry, military attaché at St. Petersburg, was today ordered to relinquish his post and report to the commanding officer of his regiment for active duty.

Spain Profits by Delay. Improving the Time by Getting Her Warships in Good Order. New York, April 12.—The Herald's Washington correspondent sends this news of the Spanish naval operations: "The Spanish navy is making good progress in the extreme and that war is imminent. For this reason they strenuously oppose the concentration and organization of the troops on a basis at the earliest possible moment."

General Miles does not advocate the concentration of the national guard in advance of a declaration of war. He believes that the national guard will not be called until war has been declared or intervention in Cuba has been decided upon.

Following the orders to artillery officers on detached service to join their regiments, First Lieutenant J. L. Anderson, of the 25th infantry, military attaché at St. Petersburg, was today ordered to relinquish his post and report to the commanding officer of his regiment for active duty.

Spain Profits by Delay. Improving the Time by Getting Her Warships in Good Order. New York, April 12.—The Herald's Washington correspondent sends this news of the Spanish naval operations: "The Spanish navy is making good progress in the extreme and that war is imminent. For this reason they strenuously oppose the concentration and organization of the troops on a basis at the earliest possible moment."

General Miles does not advocate the concentration of the national guard in advance of a declaration of war. He believes that the national guard will not be called until war has been declared or intervention in Cuba has been decided upon.

Following the orders to artillery officers on detached service to join their regiments, First Lieutenant J. L. Anderson, of the 25th infantry, military attaché at St. Petersburg, was today ordered to relinquish his post and report to the commanding officer of his regiment for active duty.

Spain Profits by Delay. Improving the Time by Getting Her Warships in Good Order. New York, April 12.—The Herald's Washington correspondent sends this news of the Spanish naval operations: "The Spanish navy is making good progress in the extreme and that war is imminent. For this reason they strenuously oppose the concentration and organization of the troops on a basis at the earliest possible moment."

General Miles does not advocate the concentration of the national guard in advance of a declaration of war. He believes that the national guard will not be called until war has been declared or intervention in Cuba has been decided upon.

Following the orders to artillery officers on detached service to join their regiments, First Lieutenant J. L. Anderson, of the 25th infantry, military attaché at St. Petersburg, was today ordered to relinquish his post and report to the commanding officer of his regiment for active duty.

Spain Profits by Delay. Improving the Time by Getting Her Warships in Good Order. New York, April 12.—The Herald's Washington correspondent sends this news of the Spanish naval operations: "The Spanish navy is making good progress in the extreme and that war is imminent. For this reason they strenuously oppose the concentration and organization of the troops on a basis at the earliest possible moment."

General Miles does not advocate the concentration of the national guard in advance of a declaration of war. He believes that the national guard will not be called until war has been declared or intervention in Cuba has been decided upon.

Following the orders to artillery officers on detached service to join their regiments, First Lieutenant J. L. Anderson, of the 25th infantry, military attaché at St. Petersburg, was today ordered to relinquish his post and report to the commanding officer of his regiment for active duty.

Spain Profits by Delay. Improving the Time by Getting Her Warships in Good Order. New York, April 12.—The Herald's Washington correspondent sends this news of the Spanish naval operations: "The Spanish navy is making good progress in the extreme and that war is imminent. For this reason they strenuously oppose the concentration and organization of the troops on a basis at the earliest possible moment."

General Miles does not advocate the concentration of the national guard in advance of a declaration of war. He believes that the national guard will not be called until war has been declared or intervention in Cuba has been decided upon.

Following the orders to artillery officers on detached service to join their regiments, First Lieutenant J. L. Anderson, of the 25th infantry, military attaché at St. Petersburg, was today ordered to relinquish his post and report to the commanding officer of his regiment for active duty.

Spain Profits by Delay. Improving the Time by Getting Her Warships in Good Order. New York, April 12.—The Herald's Washington correspondent sends this news of the Spanish naval operations: "The Spanish navy is making good progress in the extreme and that war is imminent. For this reason they strenuously oppose the concentration and organization of the troops on a basis at the earliest possible moment."

General Miles does not advocate the concentration of the national guard in advance of a declaration of war. He believes that the national guard will not be called until war has been declared or intervention in Cuba has been decided upon.

Following the orders to artillery officers on detached service to join their regiments, First Lieutenant J. L. Anderson, of the 25th infantry, military attaché at St. Petersburg, was today ordered to relinquish his post and report to the commanding officer of his regiment for active duty.

Spain Profits by Delay. Improving the Time by Getting Her Warships in Good Order. New York, April 12.—The Herald's Washington correspondent sends this news of the Spanish naval operations: "The Spanish navy is making good progress in the extreme and that war is imminent. For this reason they strenuously oppose the concentration and organization of the troops on a basis at the earliest possible moment."

EAST ATLANTIC LINE

Sir Wilfrid Laurier Announces That the Contractors Plans Have Been Perfected.

Ottawa, April 13.—Sir Wilfrid Laurier stated in the house to-day that by the first of July next, he believed that Patterson & Tate would have their vessels for the East Atlantic line under construction. The capital has been secured and a strong board organized.

In the house to-day Mr. Sifton said that Mrs. Livingston had gone to the Old Country and will bring women servants to Canada. The government will pay their passages to Canada and the amount of the same would be refunded at the end of six months. Mr. Sifton also said that 10,552 free miners' certificates had been issued up to March last.

The meeting of the railway committee of the bill to incorporate the Miles Canyon & Lewis River Tramway Company was passed. Those asking for incorporation were: John J. Shalleross, Victoria; Molyneux St. John, Ottawa; Alford Clark, Yukon; and John Connor, St. John.

The bill to incorporate the Canada Railway Company was withdrawn, as the parties intend to amalgamate with the incorporators of the bill which was passed.

The Miles Canyon & White Horse Tramway Company's bill was adopted. The bill provides for the construction of a railway in the Rainy River district from Minnaha lakes to upper Manitowish and south. These roads are a portion of the route between Wabigoon and Rainy River. The company asked power to operate ropeways and tramways for the transportation of a survey of the route in the Rainy River district and province of British Columbia. Mr. Blair had this amended to provide that such a survey be made by the department of the Interior, and that approval be given to the project.

When the Brandon & Southwestern railway bill was reached a protest was made by the Portage settlers along the route, stating that the company was not making any progress with the work, and that they could not have any kind of assurance that the work would be done. The bill was allowed to stand over. The Calgary & Edmonton railway company wanted power to build a spur from the present road to connect with the Crow's Nest Pass railway. The bill passed.

LONG FOR INTERFERENCE. The Cubans Anxious for Help From the United States. New York, April 12.—Chief Officer Frank Crossin, of the British steamer Aldenice, which has just arrived from Matanzas, Cuba, said: "When an American reaches Cuba the people will flock to his ranks. All Cubans will be glad to help and they will rise in a body. They were won by the magnificent gifts of clothing, and food and are longing for more. They are anxious to see the American flag and to join in enthusiastic applause."

The new Canadian Pacific air line between Montreal and Ottawa, which is now practically completed to the outskirts of the capital