

CHINA COUNTS HER LOSSES.

Detailed Statement of Losses for the Six Months Between July and December.

Further Particulars by Mail of Some of the Battles in the East.

Tokio, March 14.—(Correspondence of the United Press per S. S. City of Rio de Janeiro).—It appears that the resolute stand made by a portion of the Chinese troops in New Chungang on March 7th was not of a deliberate character. General Wu's army was quite unprepared for the Japanese commander's brilliant counter march, and believed him to be pursuing the Liao Yang army which had fled northward after suffering a defeat at his hands on the last day of February. New Chungang was thus taken by surprise and its garrison of 20,000 men retreated as speedily as possible. But some five or six thousand, finding their line of escape cut off, took refuge in the houses of the town, barricading themselves as best they could. The Japanese troops struck up one of the war songs that they have been accustomed to sing throughout the campaign, and as they opened the houses with gunshots and cut down the Chinese soldiers within, wailing their weapons in unison with the refrain.

The Chinese, flying from Tien Chwang Tai on March 9, set fire to the town and burned it to the ground. A considerable quantity of material of war was destroyed in the conflagration. At Ying Kow the principal spoils taken by the Japanese were 56 cannon of various calibre, 243 stands of rifles, half a million rounds of large and small ammunition, a ship of war, two small steamers and a hundred junks.

The first detailed statement made by the Chinese themselves of their casualties during the war has appeared in a newspaper called the Shenao, published in Shanghai. It shows that from the sinking of the Ko Shung on July 25th to the battle of Kang Wasson on December 10th the Chinese killed were 6,680, the wounded 9,600 and the prisoners 1,164. The same account puts the Japanese killed at 413 and wounded 1,712. The figures are not accurate, but constitute a remarkable admission coming from the Chinese side.

Washington, April 2.—The Japanese legation is in receipt of a cable message confirming the dispatches that peace negotiations have been resumed between the plenipotentiaries on the part of Japan and China.

ATTEMPTED ASSASSINATION.

Explosion in a Parlor crowded with Guests.

Cincinnati, Ohio, April 2.—An attempt was made last night to assassinate Rabbi Wise. A party was being entertained in his parlor when suddenly there was a loud explosion, followed by dense smoke and a shower of glass. All escaped in jury save Mrs. May, the rabbi's daughter, who was painfully cut by flying glass. Investigation showed that a large quantity of gunpowder, with a time fuse, had been placed in the parlor.

BEHRRING SEA PATROL.

Four Revenue Cutters to Look After the Sealers and Whalers.

San Francisco, April 2.—The revenue cutter Richard Rush, which has been lying at Sausalito during the winter months, will haul over to this side tomorrow and commence preparations for her cruise in northern waters. The Bear for years has been the guardian angel of the whalers in the far north, and she will be found in the Arctic this year after the ice has begun to break up. In company with the Richard Rush she will leave for the Sound on the 15th. The Corwin has already gone, and the Perry is expected to arrive almost any day from the Central American coast. These four vessels will constitute the fleet which will patrol the whaling and sealing grounds this season, the Rush being the flagship of the fleet. All four will coal at the Sound and then proceed to Alaska and thence to the Behring Sea.

THE BISMARCK CELEBRATION.

Emperor William Sends Another Message to the ex-Chancellor.

Friedrichsruhe, April 2.—When Bismarck arose this morning he was somewhat fatigued after the efforts of yesterday, but otherwise he was in excellent health. The weather to-day is foggy and chilly. Friedrichsruhe presents a desolate appearance. The burgomasters will have an audience with the ex-chancellor.

Berlin, April 2.—The National Zeitung says after the court banquet last evening in honor of Bismarck the emperor ironically expressed to the president, and first vice-president of the reichstag his regret that they had come to represent the reichstag upon so grievous an occasion. The remark caused much laughter.

The emperor sent the following congratulatory dispatch to Bismarck yesterday: "Once more I express the thanks of house and the German nation for all you have done for the Fatherland. God bless and render happy the evening of the life of a man who will remain ever the pride of Germany."

TO HIDE THEIR CRIME.

Mexican Murderers Kill a Stockman and Burn His Remains.

Santa Fe, April 2.—Jesus Violi Pardo and Feliciano Chavez were found guilty of murder in the first degree. Last Jan-

uary they shot Joseph Martinez, a stockman, and burned the body. They confessed, admitting that Martinez had caught them sealing cattle. After killing him, Violi Pardo shot his dog and left him for dead, but the next day the animal returned home bleeding and appealing by whining to the murdered man's brother. The dog led his follower to the scene of the tragedy and began barking and scraping the ashes with his paws, where the charred remains were found. One witness, Angel, who visited the ash heap two days after the murder, testified that he saw distinctly the outlines of the murdered man's form lying in the ashes. The form seemed impalpable but perfectly distinct.

NATIVE VICTORY.

African Chief Captures the Stronghold of Kong.

Paris, April 3.—A dispatch from St. Louis, Senegal, says that the African chief Ramiry, has captured the stronghold of Kong, and Comontell's French column is in a critical condition.

NEW SYSTEM PREDICTED.

Balfour Looks for an Agreement on a New Medium of Exchange.

London, April 3.—Hon. A. J. Balfour, M.P., in an address before the bimetallic league predicted an early agreement to introduce into international transactions some medium of exchange less hurtful to industry than the present system.

London, April 3.—The cabinet met to-day, Lord Rosebery presiding.

WORSE THAN EVER.

Coke Operators Advance Wages but Decide to Charge More for Provisions.

Cornellville, April 2.—The coke operators in Cornellville region to-day announced that they would pay sixteen per cent. advance in wages inaugurated by the Erick company about two weeks ago, but to offset this they have advanced the rents and prices at the company's stores, causing dissatisfaction.

DEBT INCREASE.

United States Debt Increased by Eighteen Million Dollars in March.

Washington, April 2.—The debt statement issued to-day shows a net increase in the public debt, less cash in treasury, during March, of \$18,320,105. The total cash in the treasury is \$797,237,589.

WAS HE MURDERED?

Relatives of Dr. James of San Francisco Believe That he was.

San Francisco, April 2.—The relatives of Dr. Chas. K. James who died here recently leaving an estate valued at \$75,000, which has been claimed by a young woman who alleges a contract marriage with the doctor, have engaged the services of a local attorney. The body of the dead physician will be exhumed, his relatives being of the belief that he was murdered.

WANT TO ASSIST SPAIN.

Ex-Confederate Soldiers Spoiling for a Fight.

Washington, April 2.—Oddly enough the insurrection in Cuba is beginning to take on, so far as the United States is concerned, somewhat of a sectional and political coloring. Withing the past few days letters have been received at the Spanish legation from ex-confederate soldiers in the South offering their services to assist Spain in suppressing the rebellion, thus showing there are still some confederate veterans "spoiling for a fight."

CALIFORNIA HIGHWAYMEN.

Sheriff on the Trail of the Castle Switch Robbers.

Stockton, Cal., April 2.—The men who attempted to hold up the Oregon express near Wheatland have been making Stockton the base of their operations for the past month. From time to time they have been here and have always stayed at the Mansion House. The dead robber registered here as O. McDonald, but at other times as O. Brown. Under the last name he registered here the morning before the robbery at Castle Switch. Several trips were made by the men to Sacramento and to San Francisco, but they always returned to Stockton. Shortly before the Castle Switch robbery, the smaller man met a boarder at the hotel who knew him and he at once demanded his bill and vanished. The hotel people have given Sheriff Cunningham much information that may lead to the arrest of the murderer of Sheriff Bogard.

SURVEY OF ALASKA.

Examination of Coal and Gold to be Made for the Geological Department.

Washington, April 2.—Secretary Smith, upon the request of Director Wolcott, of the Geological Survey, has asked Secretary Herbert and Fish Commissioner McDonald for the use of such a vessel as may be available in Alaskan waters to assist in the transportation of men who are to go to Alaska to make an examination for the geological department of the gold and coal deposits. Dr. G. F. Becker and Dr. Wm. B. Dale will make the investigations. The points to be covered are Kadiak Island, Unga Island, the southwest portion of the Alaskan peninsula, Cook's Inlet and the Sitka region. It is stated by Director Wolcott that there will be no time to examine the Yukon river foreign this season. It is expected that the fish commission steamer Albacross will be available for carrying the investigators from one point to another.

NEWS OF THE DOMINION.

Kingston to Have a Blast Furnace and Steel Plant if the People Say So.

Oldest Official of the Province of Ontario Dead—A Big Fire in Toronto.

Toronto, April 2.—In the legislature yesterday, Field's bill to prevent the de-segregation of the Lord's day cannot for a second reading. He explained the object of the bill, which was to prevent farmers from working on Sunday. He understood a good many farmers in the province were in the habit of working on that day. (Cries of Oh. Oh.) The bill was allowed to stand.

While attempting to arrest Herbert Wright yesterday, constable Sharpe received a serious stab in the arm. The prisoner barricaded himself in his brother's house, and before being captured struck Wright on the head with a brick. A desperate struggle ensued, other constables assisting. Sharpe was shot twice. Wright's condition is serious. Sharpe is in jail.

Halifax, April 2.—The schooner that was on Trinity Lodge Sunday was the Alfred Dean of Rockland, Maine. The mate was killed in jumping from the deck. Other members of the crew were saved.

The Allan steamship Parisian arrived from Liverpool yesterday. Among the passengers was Sir Herbert H. Murray who goes to Newfoundland to administer the relief fund provided by the Imperial government.

Strathroy, April 2.—J. A. Patterson, the ascending tiler of the Trader's Bank has been located at Los Vegas, New Mexico, and will be brought back for trial.

Ottawa April 2.—Hon. Messrs. Bowell, Foster and Caron have been appointed a sub-committee of the cabinet to discuss the terms of confederation with the Newfoundland delegates, who will arrive on Wednesday and be entertained by the city.

From all signs here the government have no intention of ever asking parliament to legislate on the Manitoba school question. Quimet is engaged in the Verscheres contest where he is now making the school question the sole issue.

It is understood the question of the Conservative leadership in the commons will be decided by a vote of party caucus when parliament meets.

An order-in-council has been passed bringing the act providing for the Dwyercher ballot into force immediately. At the annual meeting of the Dominion rifle association yesterday, Major Markham of St. John, N. B. was appointed commandant, and Captain Mitchell of Winnipeg adjutant of the Bistey team.

Chief Justice Davis has been gazetted in Admiralty for British Columbia. While here, in addition to transacting the business already mentioned, he secured a promise that a representative of British Columbia will be appointed on the Alaska boundary commission.

An order in council has been passed reducing the space for cattle on the spar deck of steamers to 2 feet 6 inches. The change will be a great boon to the steamship companies.

A new contract for the Trent canal will go either to Geo. Goodwin of Ottawa, or to Brown, Lowe & Co. of Toronto. By the change made in the present specifications the country saves \$100,000.

D. Ansell, Consul General for Mexico, saw Mackenzie Bowell to-day and urged the representation of Canada at the great international fair in Mexico next year.

The government have ceased the collection of 12 1-2 per cent. royalty on British copyright works.

Calgary, April 1.—D. G. Geddes, city clerk, an old and respected resident, died on Saturday night after a few days' illness in his home.

Hamilton, April 1.—City millers have declared an advance in the price of flour from \$2.40 to \$3.00, and up to \$3.20 a barrel. With wheat at the present price they claim they have not been making any profit.

Chatham, Ont., April 3.—The body of Wm. Potter, employed at the Merchants' Bank, was found near the Chatham Pacific crossing. There are no bruises on the body, and Potter is supposed to have fallen down.

Kingston, April 3.—The civic committee have closed with the Dominion Steel and Blast Furnace Co., of Youngstown, Ohio, for the erection of a blast furnace and steel plant here. The report is to be submitted to the electors asking for permission to raise by way of loan \$250,000, granting of exemption from taxation for a term of years on the site, which is to be given free for the works. The by-law will likely carry.

Joseph Northar, the oldest official in Ontario, having been in office for fifty years, died at Cataragui. He was born in England and leaves a large family.

Toronto, April 3.—Arthur W. Godson, the well known contractor, has made an assignment. A few years ago he was reported to be worth well on to \$400,000, but like many others in Toronto he carried too much real estate and fell under the load.

The Tutti Frutti Chewing gum factory and adjoining premises was destroyed by fire early this morning. Loss, \$200,000.

Montreal, April 3.—The Conservative convention at Vercheres, nominated F. J. Bissalon for the commons.

Pierre Allin, 32 Duke street, while crossing the Lachine canal broke through the rotten ice and was drowned.

Paris, April 3.—It is announced that the French foreign minister will reply to-day to the declarations made by Sir Edward Grey, a few days ago in the British Commons regarding the Congo possessions.

FIGHT WITH MOONSHINERS.

Two Outlaws Killed and an Illicit Still Found.

Little Rock, Ark., April 1.—Deputy U. S. Marshal Johnson and a posse of six men fought a gang of Moonshiners in the mountains of Hampstead county early yesterday morning. After the smoke had cleared away the posse found the bodies of two of the outlaws, captured a third alive and took possession of an illicit plant capable of making twenty gallons of whiskey a day.

TERRITORIAL EXHIBITION.

Budget of News from the Prairie Province—General Booth's Scheme.

Winnipeg, April 1.—Invitations have been issued by Lient-Governor Mackintosh to the governors of neighboring states to be present at the opening of the territorial exhibition at Regina, including those of Kansas, Minnesota, Montana, Nebraska, North Dakota, Oregon, South Dakota and Washington. Those accepting will be guests of his honor during the exhibition.

The advisory committee adopted an agricultural text book for schools, to be used as a supplementary reader. It will be placed in the hands of the printer at once.

The Northern Pacific railway receivers are here to-day on a trip of inspection.

The Winnipeg trades and labor council has adopted a memorial opposing General Booth's colonizing scheme.

W. Toole has been appointed C. P. R. land agent at Calgary.

NORTHWEST SCHOOLS.

Hughes Will Again Try to Abolish the Separate Schools.

Toronto, April 1.—Samuel Hughes, M. P., editor of the Lindsay Warder, says editorially in his paper: "It is our intention during the coming session, to again bring before the house and the country the abolition of separate schools in the Northwest territories. Last session only two supported our position, but there are many who have since declared their conversion to our views. It is our hope that even Dalton McCarthy, who declared last session that he preferred separate schools to secular schools, may be another convert to our view."

The Evening News publishes interviews with 50 leading clergymen of Toronto, and those which existed between the Manitoba school question. Summing up the News says: "The clergymen and ministers of the city speak as one voice. They denounce interference with Manitoba and give their reasons. Almost a unit are they on the question. Out of the 50 or 60 interviewed, but two or three were found to even acknowledge that interference was legally justifiable. Further than that, many of them would have the schools of Manitoba secularized altogether before they would see the province yielded."

CHANG'S ASSASSIN.

Sentenced to Penal Servitude for Life. The Amnistie.

Simonevski, March 31.—Koyama Rokuneki, the young Jap who attempted to assassinate Li Hung Chang, has been sentenced to penal servitude for life.

The amnistie established by the order of the Mikado extends to April 21, but it will terminate if the peace conferences are broken in the meantime. According to the terms of the amnistie, the movement of troops and the transportation of contraband of war by sea is forbidden. New distributing of troops, not intended to augment the armies in the field, is allowed.

Washington, April 1.—The Chinese legation has received a cablegram from Pekin stating that the condition of Li Hung Chang is still a matter of doubt. It does not express fear of serious results, but the tenor of the dispatch is such to indicate that it is still too early to feel assured that the envoy is entirely out of danger.

Now that suspension of hostilities has been directed, there is a renewal of interest as to the terms of peace to follow. While there is no definite information on that subject at the Chinese legation, the opinion prevails that the money indemnity will be paid largely in silver, which is the metal in common use in China.

Secretary Gresham has received official confirmation of the declaration of an unconditional amnistie by the Emperor of Japan. It is not understood here that it is in any sense equivalent to a declaration of peace, but it is believed that there is not likely to be resumption of hostilities. It is quite certain that Japan will abate none of her demands on account of the amnistie. In fact, the granting of the latter is looked upon as a shrewd move by the Japanese Emperor to diminish the harmful effect of the attack upon Li Hung Chang. If the war were prosecuted now it would have the effect to force the peace negotiations to a speedy conclusion, and it is realized by the Japanese that in the present state of feeling caused by the attack they scarcely could insist upon as good terms of peace as can be realized after the lapse of a few weeks, when the first impression will have worn off.

New York, April 1.—The rise in silver of the last few days is due to the granting of an amnistie and renewed hopes of a declaration of peace between China and Japan, on terms which will compel China to pay a heavy indemnity, thereby forcing her to come into the market as a silver buyer. It is expected also that with the close of the war a revival of the trade in the East will take place which will make an increased demand for silver.

"The Beauty"

of having a bottle of Perry Davis' Pain Killer in the house is, that you are prepared for the "worst." Croup or Cholera, the Pain Killer is a sovereign remedy. 25c. Big bottle.

BISMARCK HAS HIS ENEMIES

Comments of Some of the German Papers on the Vote in the Reichstag.

Majority of the Nation Disapprove of the Decision—Emperor's Address.

Berlin, April 1.—The refusal of the majority of the reichstag to celebrate Prince Bismarck's birthday, Emperor William's bitter comment thereon, and the scenes which occurred at Friedrichsruhe last week, have altogether put the Germans in a feverish condition, and public opinion is expressed much more generally and outspoken than is customary. The Conservative and National Liberal press vigorously denounce the reichstag majority, one paper in Leipzig going to the extent of saying that "they ought to be buried like so much carrion."

So far as the spontaneous utterances of popular feeling are concerned, the vast majority of the German people certainly disapprove of the reichstag's decision. A significant sign of this is the fact that throughout the week, whenever the emperor appeared publicly, both in Berlin and elsewhere, he was the recipient of popular ovations. Thousands of people lined Unter den Linden on Monday and cheered him, and this has been repeated every day since. On the other hand, the Centrist, Radical and Socialist press have taken the emperor to task in unequivocal language for his telegram to Prince Bismarck, and because of sundry passages in his address at Friedrichsruhe.

The Cologne Volks-Zeitung, the chief organ of the center party, in a series of prominent articles criticizes the emperor sharply, saying that while it is the emperor's right to change his mind or conduct toward Prince Bismarck, it could not be dismising that it was the right of the reichstag majority, and the Centrist especially, to adhere steadfastly to their old opinions. "It could be disputed still less," the Volks-Zeitung proceeds, "that the reichstag has the right to demand whether the politics of the empire are to be again shaped by Prince Bismarck, or whether the present chancellor is counted for something."

Herr Richter's organ, the Freisinnige Zeitung, pointedly compares the relations between the emperor and Prince Bismarck and those which existed between them a couple of years ago, and asks whether the reichstag has gone as far in refusing to share in the present celebrations as the monarch did in 1892, when he forbade all recognition of Prince Bismarck. Out of the 50 or 60 interviewed, but two or three were found to even acknowledge that interference was legally justifiable. Further than that, many of them would have the schools of Manitoba secularized altogether before they would see the province yielded."

The passage in the emperor's address to Prince Bismarck at Friedrichsruhe, when his majesty presented the ex-chancellor with a sword on behalf of the army, in which he referred to the sword of princes, is likewise severely criticised by a certain section of the press. Several of the Radical organs ask the emperor to study history for the proof of the fact that the sword in the hands of a prince is nowise an unfailing weapon, being too easily broken.

The Socialist press, notably the Vorwaerts, is more outspoken, and calls upon the reichstag to rebuke the monarch's utterances respecting their votes, and claims that Herr von Lovetow and the Conservative minority were instigated from Friedrichsruhe in provoking the stormy scene in the reichstag on March 23, and that the Bismarck clique is aiming to displace the present cabinet.

CANADA OBJECTS

To the Enforcement of Last Year's Behring Sea Regulations.

New York, April 2.—A special from Ottawa, Ont., says that the fisheries department of Canada is objecting to the enforcement of the Behring Sea regulations. The regulation for the sealing of arms is outside of the Paris award. It was agreed to last year between England and the United States merely for that season and against the protest of Canada. Experience has shown that the sealing of arms is impracticable, without inflicting injury on the Canadian sealer, for it practically prevents the use of arms in a large part of the Pacific where the use of arms is legal.

CUBAN REBELLION.

Agents in New York to use Efforts on Behalf of the Cubans.

Washington, April 3.—Some curiosity is expressed here as to the movements of "Generals" Macao, Crombe and Milnes, who sailed a week ago from Port London to New York. All three were prominently connected with the Cuban revolution of twenty years ago. They were with Maximino Gomez, were charged with having sold the Cuban cause. It is thought they will make their headquarters in New York and use their efforts to promote the rebellion from that point by securing subscriptions and enlistments for the insurgents.

NEWFOUNDLAND DELEGATES.

First Meeting of the Confederation Conference Held This Afternoon.

Ottawa, April 3.—The Newfoundland delegates, Messrs. Bond, Morris, Emerson, and Howard, arrived here this afternoon. They were met at the depot by Premier Bowell and Messrs. Caron and Haggart. An informal meeting was held in the afternoon to arrange for the order of the conference, which is to take place at the premier's office. J. L. Payne, private secretary to Bowell, is to be secretary of the conference.

an excellent water power for building purposes. plentiful. The owners about ten tons of ore each is valued at about \$100. They intend going on working the ore out by Jennings, on the Great from there to one of the in the States. Several thin the last year been y and have made prop- ners. We hope that such rangement will be made y will be opened up and oned.

ING ASSOCIATION, March 25, 1895.

MINING NEWS.

First Tramway to be Mr. Kelle's Bill.

The Ledge.

has received for re- most fancy documents. It is a deed of convey- interest in the Alpha mineral claims on Four Alexander Mackenzie in Hensbraugh, of Devil's of \$11,630.52 1-2. On the seals and signa- of State Gresham and Olney, of the American sides those of sundry no- ble hanging therefromiegated ribbons to stock p.

and John Vallance are ration under the laws of the Slocan Tramway Co. the company is to build a up Howson creek, con- centuator at New Luluth and Alamo group of purpose of getting out ore. first company incorporat- tello's famous bill.

Winter 48 men have been anks of the Lardeau for en took out three thous- and nuggets between have made good wages. nuggets taken out were 2. A large quantity of gold, was found in the miners will combine and ountains with the inten- the ledge from whence

almers of Chicago, have er from the Alpha people centrating plant to be r property on Four Mile. the capacity of the plant daily. Mr. Owens, who Chicago outfit and who su- building of the new con- w Dufuth, went down to Tuesday and looked over He will meet Alexander principal owner of the al, and make final ar- h him. This will make ntrating plant Mr. Owens

people have been getting the past week and ore ore freely. Slides on the ue to worry them some- work train just put on will any to keep the cuts oads from the mines have the several of the prop- erties. About 1500 tons the upper end, which will men busy for three weeks. and fifty-two tons in all the railway last week, 200. It was cost about 20 tons from the Reco, Tacoma. The Pilot Bay 20 tons of bullion daily to

way's delay in getting out Three Forks, the mine own- s over \$5 per ton more pro- in silver. It's an ill wind,

de claim, an extension of Trail, has been purchased by. A. R. Ralston, Frank Hudin and H. W. Bonne. work will be begun on a

NAIMO NEWS.

Shipment of Coal—Scarce Food in Alaska.

April 2.—Although there veral idle days in the dif- during the past month the of coal show an increase of The total shipment amount- s made up as follows: The Coal Company retain 24,144 tons Union comes 006—4,000 of this amount en placed to the February en Everett having sailed on a Wellington with 20,377 s the total.

ns returns for the past t as follows:

.....\$4474 41
..... 143 27
..... \$4617 08

IMPORTS. 510 00
.....\$14,150 00

.....\$14,690 00

Villapa, Capt. Roberts, ar- yesterday from Alaska, and reports that there is a scarc- the Yukon district. Those munition of course are able abundance of meat, which sed to live chiefly upon at time. The captain says that a speedily taken in a good offer.

Simpson was sworn in as rate by Mayor Quennell at a morning.

fifty cents for filling this pre- at the drug store down the laged me only a quarter.

They put about four cents in the bottle and fill it up y put in the same drugs and up with finest aqua pura- hing else?