UNCONDITIONAL SURRENDER IS THE ONLY SURE ROAD TO PEACE, IS WILSON'S, REPLY TO GERMANY'S LAST NOTE

President of United States Informs the German Government That He Has Transmitted Berlin's Note to the Allied Government for Their Consideration.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 23.—President Wilson has submitted the German plea for an armistice and peace to the Allies and at the same time has informed Berlin that there can be no armistice except upon terms that would make it impossible for Germany to renew hostilities.

While consenting to deal further with the present authorities in Germany the President has given them this warning:

'If it (the United States) must deal with the military masters and monarchical autocrats of Germany now, or if it is likely to have to deal with them later in regard to the international obligations of the German empire, it must demand not peace negotiations, but surrender. Nothing can be gained by leaving this essential thing unsaid."

And Then To Back Him Ub.

At the same time that the president's reply to Germany was made public, the White House gave out correspondence between Secretary Baker and President Wilson, showing that more than two million American soldiers have embarked to participate in the war overseas.

The president's reply to the last German note was handed to the charge of the Swiss legation tonight for transmission to the German Government. It accedes to the request that the proposals of the new spokesmen of the German people, but does it with notice that virtual surrender of the Teutonic armies in the field will be the price demanded for interr otion of the beating now being adminis.cred.

Foch Will State Terms.

In transmitting the matter to the Allies, the president says he has suggested that if they are disposed to effect peace upon his terms and principles how accepted by the present German authorities, the American and Allied military advisers be asked, if they deem such an armistice possible from a military point of view, to submit such terms as will fully protect the interests of the people invoved and insure to the associated governments the unrestricted power to enforce peace on the conditions accepted.

The president says he feels he cannot decline to take up the question of an armistice, having received solemn and explicit assurances of the German Government that it accepts the terms.

CEPPMAN CORPERS DANDANCE

ciples of settlement enunciated in

his subsequent addresses, particu-

larly the address of the 27th of

September, 1918, where he discusses the details of their applica-

tion, and that this wish and pur-

pose emanated, not from those who

have hitherto dictated Germany's policy and conducted the present

war on Germany's behalf, but from

ministers who speak for the major-

ity of the Reichstag, and for an overwhelming majority of the German people; and having received

also the explicit promise, of the

present German Government that

the humane rules of civilized war-

fare will be observed both on land and sea by the German armed

forces, the president of the United

States feels that he cannot decline

to take up with the governments with which the Government of the

United States is associated, the

Draw Germany's Fangs.

"He deems it his duty to say again, however, that the only arm-

istice he would feel justified in sub-mitting for consideration would be

one which should leave the United

States and the powers associated with her in a position to enforce any arrangements that may be en-

tered into, and to make a renewal

of hostilities on the part of Ger-

transmitted his correspondence

with the present German authori-

ties to the governments with which

the Government of the United

States is associated as a belligerent.

with the suggestion that if those

governments are disposed to effect peace upon the terms and principles

Indicated, their military advisers and the military advisers of the

United States be asked to submit

to the governments associated against Germany the necessary

terms of such an armistice as wi

fully protect the interests of the

people involved, and insure to the

associated governments the unre-

stricted power to safeguard and enforce the details of the peace to

which the German Government has

agreed, provided they deem such

an armistice possible from the mili-tary point of view. SHOULD SUCH

TERMS OF ARMISTICE BE SUG.

GESTED, THEIR ACCEPTANCE BY GERMANY WILL AFFORD

THE BEST CONCRETE EVI-

ACCEPTANCE OF THE TERMS

AND PRINCIPLES OF PEACE

FROM WHICH THE WHOLE ACTION PROCEEDS.

"The president would seem him-

Safeguards Demanded.

self lacking in candor did he not point out in the frankest possible

terms the reason why EXTRAOR DINARY SAFEGUARDS MUST BE DEMANDED. Significant and important as the constitutional changes seem to be which are

spoken of by the German foreign secretary in his note of the twen-tieth of October, it does not appear

that the principle of a Government responsible to the German people has yet been fully worked out, or that any guarantees either exist or are in contemplation that the al-

terations of principle and of practice now partially agreed upon will

be permanent. Moreover, it does not appear that the heart of the present difficulty has been

reached. It may be that future wars have been brought under the control of the German people, but

the present war has not been; AND IT IS WITH THE PRESENT WAR THAT WE ARE DEALING. It is

evident that the German people have no means of commanding the

acquiescence of the military authorities of the empire on the popular will; that the power of the King of Prussia to control the policy of the empire is unimpaired; that the determining initiative still remains with those who have hither to been the masters of Germany.

to been the masters of Germany.

"Feeling that the whole peace of the world depends on the plain speaking and straightforward action, the president deems it his duty to say without any attempt to soften what may seem hersh words, that the nations of the world do not, and cannot, trust the world of those who have hitherto been the masters of German policy.

been the masters of German policy

"The president has, therefore,

question of an armistice.

many impossible.

GERMAN CORRESPONDENCE SENT TO ALLIED GOVERNMENTS

Washington, Oct. 23.—President Wilson has informed the German Government that he has transmitted its correspondence of the control of the con ment that he has transmitted its cor-respondence, seeking an armistice and peace, to the Allies, with the suggestion that if these governments are disposed to effect peace upon the terms and prin-ciples indicated, their military advisers and the military advisers of the United States be asked to submit the necessary terms of such an armistice as will fully protect the interests of the peoples in-volved.

He says that should such terms of armistice be suggested, acceptance by Germany will afford the best concrete evidence of her unequivocal acceptance of the terms and principles of peace.

Is Directed to Berlin.

The president's raphy to the last Germany will apply the peace of the conceptance of the terms and principles of peace.

Is Directed to Berlin.

The president's reply to the last German note was made public tonight, and will be transmitted to Berlin through the Swiss legation immediately.

It says that having received the solemn and explicit assurance of the German Government that it unreservedly accepts the terms of peace and principles enunciated by him, and that the desire to discuss the details of the application emanated not from those who hitherto dictated the German policy, but from the ministers who speak for the overwhelming majority of the German people, and having received explicit promise that the humane rules of civilized warfare will be observed by the German armed forces, the president feels he cannot decline to take up the question of an armistice with the Allies.

The Secretary of State makes

"The Secretary of State makes public the following:

"From the Secretary of State to the Charge d'Affaires ad interim in charge of German interests in the United States: "Department of State

"Sir,—I have the honor to acknowledge the receipt of your note of the 22nd, transmitting a com-munication, under date of the 20th, from the German Government, and to advise you that the president has instructed me to reply thereto as follows:

"Having received the solemn and explicit assurance of the German Government that it unreservedly accepts the terms of peace laid down in his address to the Congress of the United States on the 8th of January, 1918, and the prin-



Saving Sugar and Wheat

is comfortably done when one

This cereal food is composed part-ly of barley and contains its own sugar made from its own grains.

Atruly wonder ful Food, ready to eat.

Canada Food Board License Nº 2-026

SWORN IN AS QUEBEC'S LIEUTENANT-GOVERNOR



SIR CHARLES FITZPATRICK. SIR CHARLES FITZPATRICK.

QUEBEC, Oct. 23.—Sir Charles Fitzpatrick was sworn in today as lieutenant-governor of Quebec Arovince. The ceremony took place in the legislative council room. His excellency the governor-general, the Duke of Devonshire, presided at the ceremony. The formula of the swearing-in was read by the duke in French.

Sir Charles and Lady Fitzpatrick will reside in Ottawa for a while before taking up residence at Spencerwood.

and to point out once more that in concluding peace and attempting to undo the infinite injuries and injustices of this war, the Government of the United States cannot deal with any but veritable representatives of the German people who have been assured of a genuine constitutional standing as the real rulers of Germany.

"If it must deal with the millitary masters and the monarchial autocrats of Germany now, or if it is likely to have to deal with them later in regard to the international obligations of the German national obligations of the German empire, iT MUST DEMAND, NOT PEACE NEGOTIATIONS, BUT SURRENDER. Nothing can be gained by leaving this essential

and to point out once more that

"Accept, sir, the renewed assurances of my high consideration.

"(Signed) ROBERT LANSING.

"Mr. Frederick Oederlin, "Charge d'affairs of Switzerland, ad interim, in charge of German interests in the United States."

thing unsaid.

ALLIES-AGREED ON THEIR CONDITIONS FOR AN ARMISTICE

LONDON, Oct. 23 .- Reuter's Limited earns that the Allied Governments cs result of continual commenications are perfectly acquainted with and agreed upon the terms under which it will be possible to enter into negotiations for an armistice. It should be observed that navai questions have never been dealt with in any negotiations between the United States and Germany, and they are of high importance from the Allies' view-

Bruges by airplane Tuesday. They left Dunkirk at 8:45 o'clock in the morning, and landed at Bruges a half hour later. They visited the chief streets of the city, and were given a joyful welcome by the natives. On their return they left Bruges at 11 o'clock.

GEN. ALLENBY PRAISES

BOSTON, Oct. 23.—Praise for the Armenians who have been fighting with the British army in Palestine is contained in a telegram sent by Gen. Allenby, in command of the army, to Boghos Nubar, president of the Armenian National Delegation in Paris. A copy of the message was received today by the Armenian National Council at its headquarters in this city. Gen. Allenby wired:

"I beg you and the Armenians to ac-Allenby wired:
"I beg you and the Armenians to accept my sincere thanks for your agreeable telegram of congratulations. I am proud to have had under my command an Armenian force which has fought so brilliantly and has taken a great part in our victory."

OTTAWA, Oct. 23.—Notice is given by the financial department that the books of the first war loan, due in 1925 and of the Victory Loan of 1917, the semi-annual interest of which is payable on the first of December, 1918, will be closed from the first of November until the first of December. Interest checks for these loans will be issued by the department to fully registered holders as of record first of November, 1918.

CROTHERS 'OVERWORKED' GIVES HIMSELF HOLIDAY

UKRAINIAN MINISTRY

WILL TAKE OFF

Do you know that there is a simple, harmless, effective remedy for overfatness that may be used safely and secretly by any man or woman who is iosing the slimness of youth?

There is; and it is none other than the tablet form of the now famous Marmola Prescription Tablets. You can well expect a reduction of from two to four pounds a week without dieting or exercising. Marmola Prescription Tablets are sold by all druggists at 75c for a large case, or if you prefer you can order direct from the Marmola Company, 864 Woodward avenue, Detroit,

HOUSEHOLDERS WILL GET PREFERENCE IN HARD COAL SUPPLY

Controller Can Take Away From Large Consumers.

MAY CAUSE A SHUFFLE! Provincial Official Wants Hard

Coal Removed From Public Buildings. OTTAWA, Oct. 23.-Regulations to

acilitate the equitable distribution of anthracite coal in each community in Canada have just been approved by order-in-council at the instance of C. A. Magrath, fuel controller.

These regulations are devised to prevent disproportionate deliveries of anthracite to large consumers at times when the ordinary householder cannot be surplied. The fuel administrator is given the right to prohibit entirely, or to limit in any manner he may deem advisable, the use of anthracite coal in any building. This does not apply to private residences using less than 40 tons of coal annually.

Whenever the fuel administrator decides that it is in the public interest at certain points to give effect to the regulations above outlined, he will issue a formal order through the local fuel commissioner of any city or town within his province. In the absence of such official, the administrator may notify any consumer to the same effect.

Heavy penalties are enacted for contravention of the regulations. anthracite coal in each community in

THOMAS W. LAWSON, FINANCIER, INJURED WHEN AUTO UPSETS

MARLBOROUGH, Mass., Oct. 23.— Thomas W. Lawson, the Boston finan-cier and independent candidate for United States senator, was injured when his limousine was overturned on the state road in Northboro late today. He was brought to a hospital in this city. Hospital authorities refused to say how hadly Mr. Lawson was injured.

Belgium Demanding the Evacuation of Duchy of Luxembourg

OTTAWA, Oct. 23.—That the Bel-gian Government is demanding the evacuation of the Grand Duchy of Lux-embourg in the event of Germany's request for an armistice being con-sidered, is a statement made in an official cable received here today by the Belgian consul-general from Havre

GATES CARRIED AWAY ON WELLAND CANAL; CAUSES BIG TIE-UP

DISTRICT CASUALTIES

KILLED IN ACTION SARNIA.
Roy Bruce Crawford.
OWEN SOUND.
838728 R. Beaton.
839127 T. H. Walte.
WOODSTOCK.
923988 H. Watson.
Gordon Turner.
487282 M. D. Schell.
WINDSOR.
Lieut. J. Regume

270198 J. G. Tucker. MEAFORD.

769325 A. H. Shute.
SHEDDEN.
400599 S. C. Silcox.
HAY.
654092 S. J. Smith.
LEAMINGTON.

LEAMINGTON.
Pte. George Ludlam.
PORT DOVER
255424 G. Spain.
BEACHVILLE.
2453306 F. E. Rounds.
GUELPH.
238121 C. J. Flaherty.
STAFFA.
1054359 J. G. Hutchison.
ROCKWOOD.
3130005 J. J. Fryer.

3130005 J. J. Fryer. BRANTFORD. 270095 W. J. Jones.

334403 C. Jones, BRANTFORD. 205180 J. Sumbey. NORFOLK.

BADEN.
Pte. A. Forler.
ST. THOMAS.
Pte. Joseph Evans.
SYDENHAM.
3058386 E. Smith.
INGERSOLL.
3134458 V. A. Couch.

675540 E. Utton.

1066278 W. Hazen.

DIED OF WOUNDS

DIED

BADEN.

WOUNDED

HIS ARMENIAN FORCES WINDSOR.
Lieut. J. Reaume.
SHEDDON.
Sidney Silcox.
ST. MARYS.
727745 C. W. Robson.
NOT STATED. NOT STATED.
1030382 T. Johnston.
2303355 J. Welding.
GALT.
730079 F. G. Boundy.
STRATFORD.
3131737 C. F. Wahl.
400524 A. Hall.
ST. THOMAS. 190225 C. H. Westbrook, TILBURY. 189823 R. E. Wellington RIDGETOWN. 477942 C. Turner. ST. GEORGE.

INTEREST CHECKS ON WAR LOANS BEING PREPARED

OTTAWA, Oct. 23.-Hon. T. W. Crothers, minister of labor, is leaving shortly for a holiday in the south. When questioned this morning regarding labor conditions in Canada, Mr. Crothers said: "I have had nothing like a rest since the beginning of the war, which has greatly added to the onerous work and trying worries of the administration of the labor department. I have kept constantly on the job, and it has been stated in the press that 'capital and labor have got along in Canada with less friction than in any other important belligerent country.'

RESIGNS IN A BODY

LONDON, Oct. 23.—The British Wireess Press says the entire Ukrainian ministry has resigned.

ALL EXCESS FAT

600652 F. Brohman. 199302 W. Herriot. 727218 H. Engler. ST. THOMAS. 123558 R. Kew. Pte. Edward Cushman. Pte. Mark B. Cushman

Pte. Mark B. Gushman.

MITCHELL
WIIFIId F. Ratz.
NEWTON.
206203 J. McDonald.
HANOVER.
838000 A. Corbett.
NOT STATED.
749134 J. W. Gross.
3086702 F. Hurat.
829276 B. Lyndon.
648434 J. B. Huard.
454840 J. Ferguson.
SHALLOW LAKE.
3033655 E. Wilson.
LISTOWEL.
727725 W. S. Schotts.
WALTON.
2378471 G. R. McClure.
WILLIAMSFORD.
838977 C. S. McCauley.
SEAFORTH.
804788 J. A. Steel.

804768 J. A. Steel. WOODSTOCK. 678011 H. Hampson. WEST ZORRA.

WEST ZORRA.
675238 M. 6. Nutchinson.
TILBURY.
182126 A. J. Dupule.
DUNGANNON.
257061 W. A. Ivore.
PORT DOVER. 696442 W. J. Law.
TECUMSEN.
2355976 L. B. Laramie.
PARKHILL. 802752 M. Burp. CLINTON. 835117 D. P. Bealey. CHATHAM.

Lester Stokes. STRATFORD.

778443 B. Scanion, QUELPH. 928020 J. S. Lingwood. ST. MARYS. 651175 Q. Lidster.

Tiess O. Purey. HANOVER.

PRISONER OF WAR (WOUNDED)

72200 F. W. Soott.
PRINCE ALBERT.
1061061 H. W. Schofield.
PRANTFORD.
778443 B. Scanlon.

BRANTFORD 513084 J. Tutt.

LUCAN.
334583 T. Hodgins.
LONDON.
334564 G. Langford.
400846 W. Carfrae.
823810 W. Dicker.
400617 J. Langford. 823810 W. Dicker.
400617 J. Langley.
OWEN SOUND.
310560 J. McMillan.
409401 T. R. Norton.
SARNIA.
334199 F. Styart.
53613 P. Ross.
LEAMINGTON.
Pte. Byron Lane.
AYLMER.
2591022 N. Murray.
WINDSOR.
3132145 C. Humphrey.
ELORA.
1066278 W. Hazen. ness, Germany's greed would enslave! For they were heirs to Canada's boundless wealth - our mines, our forests, our teeming fields—the Hunhungered for these riches of Canada.

In his plans for world power, Canada was not overlooked in the German scheme of plundering the nations.

THESE, our little Canadians, born

to freedom, to a heritage of happi-

Doubtless there are to-day in Berlin plans for the apportionment of concessions of Canada's natural resources, plans for the government of Canada, for the policing of our cities, the levying of taxes, for enforced adoption of the German language as was done in Lorraine after 1871, and all the other systems of government by German methods.

And a brutal German soldiery would have enforced those systems by which the people would have been enslaved and every vestige of freedom and independence destroyed.

If Prussian plans had carried the smile

654241 F. HI

BLYTH.

STRATFORD.

ST. CATHARINES.

928922 C. Allen.

928922 C. Allen.
WATERLOO.
751416 A. Valle.
3155639 A. Bessell.
MIDLAND.
4317266 N. Bell.
ST. THOMAS.
18961 F. Gardner.
LEAMINGTON.
31305 S. Hillman.
MILTON.
66364 W. Robertson.
SHERKSTON.
3314381 A. Otto.

CHATHAM.

WOUNDED AND GASSED

REPORTED MISSING

GASSED

GUELPH.

ILL

PRISONER

MARKDALE.

NOT MISSING (ERROR)

MISSING

3130142 C. Ambrolse.
BLENHEIM
Lieut, E. Hartwick.
WATFORD.

OWEN SOUND.
258197 C. Underwood.
MITCHELL.
2010607 L. Tuck.
GUELPH.
161047 J. O'Boile.
ST. THOMAS.
Pte. Arthur Dayles.

838340 H. F. McKelchne. COLLINGWOOD. 842625 J. Burch.

651838 W. Ottewell.

845156 W. Restorick.

MOUNT BRYDGES. 2344466 H Lockwood, SOUTHAMPTON. 651814 O. Nickel.

would have passed forever from the happy little faces in our homes.

Our boys and girls-heirs to Canada's riches-would have worked as slaves in their own mines, in their forests, their fields and factories.

The fruits of their toil, the wealth of Canada, theirs by right, would have been borne across the seas to fatten the German

While the beast lives, his venom, his gall, his merciless, monstrous ambition threaten our homes.

Canada - young, high-spirited, independent-must stand firm.

Canada must use the wealth the Hun lusts after to crush him to earth.

Canada's strength, the united strength of each and every true Canadian, must raise the shield of protection for the generations to come.

The call will soon come for more of Canada's wealth. It is your money that is needed-every cent that you by cheerful sacrifice and loving self-denial can lend to your country.

Be ready when the call comes to buy Victory Bonds

On them the Shadow fell

Issued by Canada's Victory Loan Committee in es-operation with the Minister of Finance of the Dominion of Canada

3135908 J. M. Finion. DIPHTHERIA ANTI-TOXIN IS USELESS **AS INFLUENZA CURE**

MISSING, BELIEVED

Report From Chicago Professor Found To Be Without Foundation.

Toronto, Oct. 24.—The story sent out from Chicago a few days ago that diphtheria anti-toxin could be used successfully as a preventive of influenza was apparently the idea of someone who had

denial today reached the provincial authorities or any such treatment being a success in Chicago, and the director of medical research at the University of Chicago stated they knew of no such man as a Dr. Vint.

Applications for the preventive vaccine being manufactured by the provincial health authorities are being received in large numbers by the department. So far only hospitals have been supplied, but it is expected to have a large supply on hand by the end of this week.

week.

Toronto, with 67 deaths yesterday, as against 127 on Tuesday, recorded a sharp decline in the list of fatal cases. Doctors also report having only half the number of patients of a week ago.

With 6 deaths, Hamilton believes the

SENATOR LODGE SORE BECAUSE PRESIDENT FORWARDED REQUEST

87

WASHINGTON, Oct. 23 .- Disapprov al of President Wilson's course in co tinuing the discussions with the Gerthe request for an armistice and peace to the Allied Governments was voiced tonight by Senator Lodge of Massachusetts, the ranking Republican leader in the Senate. Senator Hitchcock, of Nebraskt, chairman of the Senate foreign relations committee approved

MAN WHO COMMITTED DOUBLE MURDER CAUGHT

EDMONTON, Oct. 23 .- Joseph Camapparently the idea of someone who had a good imagination. The story was sent from one end of the country to the other, the authority for the statement being given of Dr. Louis J. Vint. A denial today reached the provincial authorities of any such transfers of any Tuesday night by provincial po-



worst is over.

Kingston reports little change since Tuesday. With a slight increase in the number of cases, there have not been as many deaths. Both the Royal Millitary College and the penitentiary have escaped so far.

Ottawa again had a marked decrease in the number of deaths, 22, as against in the number of deaths, 22, as against 40 the previous day.

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