

SNAP

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TWENTY-SEVENTH YEAR

TWELVE PAGES—MONDAY MORNING DECEMBER 10 1906—TWELVE PAGES

ONE CENT

POPE DIRECTS REBELLION AGAINST "COMMON LAW WORSHIP" FROM FRENCH CATHOLICS

His Holiness Orders Priests to Refuse Compliance With Government's Final Proffer to Avert Crisis, and a Serious Situation is Created—Extreme Measures May Be Necessary.

LIKE A FATHER OF A FAMILY SHOULD HAVE BEEN CONSULTED

Paris, Dec. 9.—France to-night seems to face an alarming religious crisis. Last night's reports of the Pope's rejection at the eleventh hour of the government's final proffer, under which Catholic worship was to be continued under the common law, turned out to be true. The deadlock now is apparently complete. According to the Pope's orders declarations under the law of 1811 are prohibited, but the parish priests must remain in their churches until driven out by violence.

The official confirmation of this communication has created a sensation, both in government and in Catholic circles. Cardinal Lecot, Archbishop of Bordeaux, Archbishop Germain, and others who had advised compliance with the law, have hastily instructed the parish priests in the dioceses that their former advice is null and void. To-day in all the Churches of Paris bishops and priests, after mass, read the letter from Cardinal Lecot, Archbishop of Paris, communicating the direction of the Holy See, to the French clergy, to "continue services in the churches, but to abstain from any declaration," and Cardinal Richard's own instructions, in view of the order issued by the prefect of the Seine yesterday forbidding for the present the employment of ceremonial draperies at marriages or funerals. The church wardens, whose legal existence will expire next Tuesday, will be asked to-day to remain in the various churches. Prayers, also, were offered for the protection of God during the coming period of persecution.

The government regards the action of the pontiff as little less than a summons of the French Catholics to open rebellion, and a state of anarchy, and possibly as entailing the most deplorable consequences. Premier Clemenceau and M. Briand, minister of public worship, were in conference all day to-day. There is no sign of the government faltering, but it recognizes that it may be forced to resort to extreme measures. "The encyclical is very grave," said M. Briand. "While condemning the law of 1905, it advised recourse to the common law. To refuse to form cultural associations was the church's legal right. In a spirit of conciliation, and to do nothing to disturb the peace and tranquillity of the country, the government prescribed this easy means of continuing worship by a simple declaration in accordance with the law of 1811. The Pope no longer acts as the spiritual head of the church, as the canonical objections of the law of 1811 cannot be invalid against papal leadership, and the vital question is whether the Catholics of France will consent to follow him or not. If they do, the government will act with even greater energy because of the resistance it has manifested heretofore. Every violation of the law will be prosecuted, and furthermore special measures, legislative and otherwise, may be taken."

Penal Measures Threatened. The special measures referred to by M. Briand are those intimated by Premier Clemenceau in the chamber of deputies, namely, to strip the clergy of their privileges, to compel them to perform military service, and, as a last resort, to treat them as foreign subjects. Militant Catholics are rejoicing at the stern attitude of the Pope. The decision of the Vatican may be summarized as follows: Parish priests, vicars, etc., must remain passive, and may not co-operate in any act of sequestration, but if the bishop considers that the refusal of the treasurers to surrender the keys may cause grave consequences, he can permit them to do so, on condition that they do not sign any document concerning the spoliation. Bishops may authorize Catholic officials to participate in the sequestration. At the refusal would endanger positions necessary for the maintenance of their families.

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COMMENT OF LONDON PRESS ROUGH ON FOREIGN OFFICE

Too Much Deference to U.S. Discerned in Negotiations re Newfoundland.

The correspondence respecting the Newfoundland fisheries dispute published in London on Saturday after recounting the negotiations, is pointed out that Lord Elgin remonstrated with the United States Government that had ministers had refused any readiness to consider the proposal and make suggestions, and that in such circumstances the United States should be invited to his majesty's government. While the tone of the correspondence is conciliatory, it shows that a wide chasm remains to be bridged.

(Canadian Associated Press Cable.) London, Dec. 9.—The Times says the Newfoundland correspondence is not very satisfactory reading. The most obvious thing is that the question of possible difficulties ought to have been foreseen fully and discussed between Newfoundland and the foreign office, and the nature of the desired solution, provisional or permanent, arrived at by common consent. As it was, "We seem to have been so frightened by Secretary Root's aggressive tone and the imminence of the fishing season that we not only hurriedly gave away the point on which the colony laid most stress, but the Standard says the Newfoundland government is entirely right when it asserts that Americans, having rights in common with the British, are entitled to be treated with them and if bound the ministers have shown themselves unduly stiff-necked. The Standard feels bound to condemn the west attitude of the imperial government."

The Observer says it forms anything but pleasant reading to intelligent well-wishers of the colonies. "We cannot but feel that once more we bent the knee of deference to American interests. In vulgar parlance we threw the colony down." The Tribune says that the answer of the foreign office to Newfoundland lay in two subtle distinctions, and that the colonies are equally bound with them and if bound the ministers have shown themselves unduly stiff-necked. The Standard feels bound to condemn the west attitude of the imperial government.

ROOSEVELT DENIES.

And Insinuates that Mr. Storer Hasn't Acted as a Gentleman.

Washington, Dec. 9.—President Roosevelt to-night made public letters addressed to Secretary of State Root, giving correspondence between the president and former Ambassador Storer at Vienna, and Mrs. Storer, in which he says that Mr. Storer's refusal to answer his letters, and the publication of various private letters justified the ambassador's removal; that Mr. Storer's publication of private correspondence was particularly ungentlemanly; and that he (the president) had stated with absolute clearness his position, that it was out of the question for him to preside to try to have any archbishop made cardinal, despite his admiration for Archbishop Ireland, as well as for leaders of other religious denominations.

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FIRE FIEND'S BUSY DAY MONTREAL FIRMS SUFFER GLASGOW, N.S., SCORCHED

Nine Montreal Concerns Lose in Blaze Which Destroys Three Buildings and Does Damage Estimated at \$340,000.

Montreal, Dec. 9.—One of the worst fires that have taken place in Montreal for some time visited the business district this morning, entailing heavy loss to a number of leading business houses. The fire started shortly after 8 o'clock in the establishment of M. C. Galarnau and Bro., merchants, 12 St. Helen-street, and when the flames had secured great headway and it took several hours to get them under control.

The following firms suffered by fire, smoke and water: Matthews, Towers & Co., men's furnishings, \$80,000; Canadian Underwear Co., \$75,000; the Dry-fus Importing Co., \$45,000; Thos. May & Co., wholesale drygoods, \$35,000; Redpath estate, owners of Matthews, Towers, \$15,000; Yorkshire Importing Co., woolen trims and hosiery, \$10,000; W. J. Stephen, commission merchant, stock, \$10,000; S. T. Greenleese & Sons, furriers, stock, \$5,000; J. Arthur Paquet, wholesale hatiers, \$5,000. Three buildings were gutted and will have to be rebuilt.

PROPPELLER BLADES SNAPPED

Helpless in Ocean Storm

Lumber Steamer Briardene, Bordeaux to Halifax, Picked Up When in Perilous Plight by the Kensington and Towed into Port.

Year-end navigation on the lakes is dangerous and costly. The steamer Briardene, a 240-ton schooner, was wrecked on Monday night at Lake Superior. The vessel was carrying a cargo of lumber and was bound for Halifax. The ship was in a perilous plight when it was picked up by the Kensington and towed into port.

MANITOBA LEGISLATURE.

Called to Meet for Last Time on January 3.

Winnipeg, Dec. 9.—(Special.)—The Manitoba cabinet has decided to call the legislature on Jan. 3.

WOMAN BRAVES AWFUL TASK SAVES LIVES OF SAILORS

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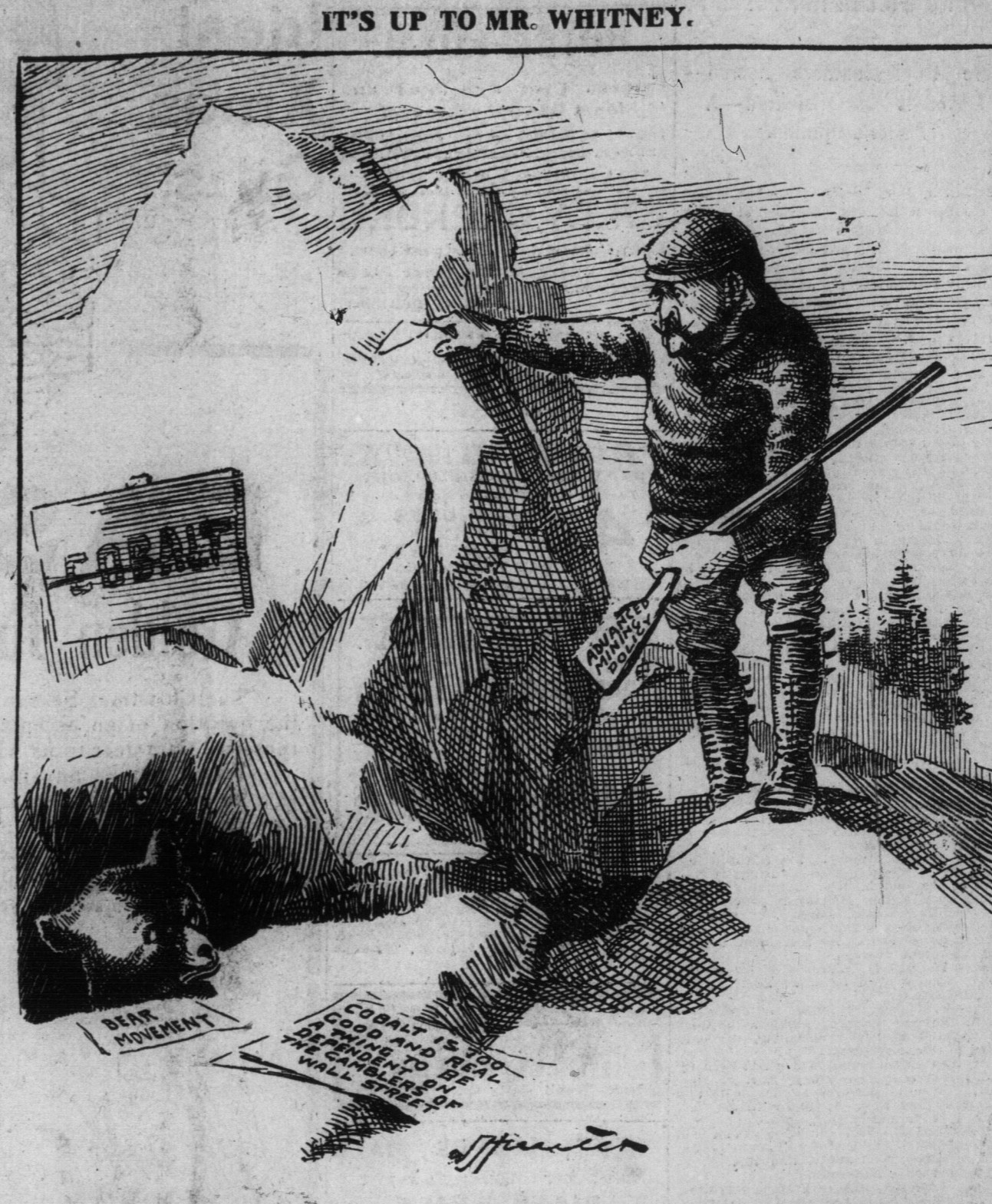
CAMPBELLFORD BLOCK GUTTED.

Campbellford, Dec. 9.—At about 1:30 this morning fire broke out in a brick block on Front-street, occupied by the Campbellford Dispatch Printing office and R. M. McGuire, photographer. The firemen were called at 2:30 a.m. and the block was gutted.

AT KAY'S YOU CAN SEE A GREAT ASSORTMENT OF SMALL DECORATIVE PIECES OF FURNITURE SUITABLE FOR CHRISTMAS GIVING.

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IT'S UP TO MR. WHITNEY.



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"Maltese Cross" Rubbers

ELECTRICAL SYNDICATE EAGER TO FIND MARKET TO RUSH CONSTRUCTION

Have Bought Right of Way Into Brantford and Will Radiate Into Western Ontario Territory— Toronto Was Attended to First.

The despatch from Brantford in The Sunday World, stating that the Grand Valley Railway was about to secure more electric power from the Electrical Development Company of Ontario, of which Sir Henry Pellatt and Frederic Nicholls are the controlling spirits, was referred to Mr. Nicholls by The World, and he confirmed the news.

The syndicate have bought a right of way 100 feet wide to Brantford, which will be made a centre from which will radiate 25 according to the present intention, the extension of the company's line to Paris, Woodstock, Ingersoll and London, and north to Galt, Preston, Hespeler, Guilford and Berlin.

It was suggested to Mr. Nicholls that this would not be welcome intelligence to the hydro-electric power commission, but he said there was nothing new in it, as it had been the expressed intention of the company a year ago. "The delay in that direction," he said, "has been on account of us devoting all our energy to get power into Toronto. In view of the tremendous expenditure Toronto by the Electric Light Company, naturally our best energies have been devoted to delivering power in the city. "Now that delivery in Toronto is assured, we are able to devote our energy to our original intention of extending our lines through the western peninsula.

"The Toronto and Hamilton Railway construction will be commenced in the spring, and pushed vigorously forward.

"The company have developed the whole of their concession of 125,000 horsepower, and naturally desire to find a market in order that the cost to the consumer may be as low as possible. In other words, if we sell 40,000 horsepower that amount has to bear a larger proportion of the cost of the whole undertaking than if we had a market for 100,000 horsepower. Therefore, our endeavor will be to develop the business and dispose of the whole of the power company or municipalities as quickly as possible, it being the policy of the company, not themselves, to supply light and power at retail, but at wholesale, to municipalities and existing companies.

"We shall have power in Brantford," continued Mr. Nicholls, "and possibly in other directions. We have not yet further west by the all of 1907. We hope, by a year later, to have many other extensions completed.

"A second generation will be in operation, which is expected, in another month, which, with one already in operation, will make available about 25,000 horsepower, or an emergency load of 36,000 horsepower, making available 60,000 horsepower in the early spring.

"One cause that may delay the rapid extension of transmission lines is the abnormally high price of copper, the difference in to-day's price and the price two years ago amounting in value to about \$200,000 on a double transmission line from Toronto to Niagara Falls, and consequently the same conditions prevail as to the copper at the moment for the lines west and north."

MILLION DOLLARS IN ORE NOW READY FOR SHIPMENT

Nipissing's Wealth Revealed—Trethewey Also Impresses Big Party of Visitors.

Cobalt, Dec. 9.—(Special.)—A party of gentlemen interested in the Nipissing mine from New York, Chicago, Buffalo, Toronto, Montreal and other Canadian cities left Toronto on Friday night in the private cars Idlewild and Pilgrim for Cobalt.

The party, thru the courtesy of the management of the Nipissing, were also permitted to see the properties of that company, and were astonished at the wealth of the mines, and the enormous quantity of ore sacked and barreled ready for shipment, which was roughly estimated by one of the party to be worth not less than one million dollars.

They are satisfied that the camp is a permanent one, and that the value of the majority of the producing mines has still to be appreciated by the investing public.

A mining man from the Western States, who accompanied the party, stated that if such mines as the Trethewey and Nipissing existed in Mexico or the Western States, they would be priceless.

The party left for Toronto this afternoon after a most instructive and enjoyable trip.

THE BAROMETHER.

Time. Ther. Bar. Wind.

8 a.m.	52	30.1	N.W.
11 a.m.	52	30.1	N.W.
2 p.m.	52	29.97	N.W.
5 p.m.	52	30.0	N.W.
8 p.m.	52	30.12	N.W.
10 p.m.	52	30.12	N.W.

Highest, 23; lowest, 14; difference from average, 10 below; snowfall, 3 inches.

STEAMSHIP ARRIVALS.

Dec. 8.	At.	From.
K.A. Victoria	New York	Hamburg
Philadelphia	Southampton	New York
Caronia	Queenstown	New York
Hayford	Queenstown	Philadelphia
N. Amsterdam	Hamburg	New York
Emp. Ireland	Liverpool	St. John, N.B.
Lake Manitoba	Liverpool	Montreal
Lake Michigan	Antwerp	Montreal
Etruria	London	New York
New York	New York	Southampton

Lower Lakes and Georgian Bay— Strong easterly winds; cloudy, with light local snow falls.

Give a man one of Kay's Mission Morris hats if you wish to make him happy. They show a great assortment at 36 and 38 King Street West.

Continued on Page 5.

You can't build a warehouse on a sandy foundation—neither can you build up a successful business unless the foundation is laid on the solid rock of advertising.

At Kay's you can see a great assortment of small decorative pieces of furniture suitable for Christmas giving. 16 and 38 King Street West.

Best Yet for Christmas. Hand modelled and figured, with unique electric effects. Each piece designed by the artist. Just arrived from Vienna, Austria. No. 535 Queen-street east.

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