

always been found as detrimental to health, as to moral reformation and improvement.

The Committee would next invite public notice and attention to the following letter from the Secretary of the Prison Discipline Society in London, upon which this Association have adopted Resolutions, in conformity to which they will be ready to communicate to that respectable and benevolent body, the views of any respectable and charitable individuals, who may be disposed to receive and provide for one or more boys in the spirit which has dictated the proposals of the London Society.

(COPY.)

LONDON, 25th Feb. 1832.
23, Southampton Row.

Dear Sir,

I am desired by the Committee of the London Prison Discipline Society, to present to you their best thanks for the Report of the Quebec Prison Association, which you have been so good as to forward to them. The formation of your Society, and the gratifying circumstances by which its labours has been hitherto attended, are highly satisfactory to the London Committee, to whom it will at all times afford sincere pleasure to receive accounts of your proceedings, and to learn in what manner they can contribute to the success of your exertions.

The Committee desire me to request your attention to a subject which has much interested them, and on which they are anxious to receive your advice and assistance.—The great difficulties which arise in this country from the excess of its population, apply in a very painful degree to the juvenile classes. The want of means for providing employment for the youth of the labouring classes, is an extensive cause of criminality. Our work houses and prisons are consequently crowded with young person, who, with trifling assistance might be sent abroad and rendered valuable members of a Colony. No doubt can exist that the