Rule III.—The conjunction disjunctive has an effect contrary to that of the conjunction copulative; for, as the verb, noun, or pronoun, is referred to the preceding terms taken separately, it must be in the singular number; as, "Ignorance or negligence has caused this mistake;" "John, James, or Joseph, intends to accompany me;" "There is in mamy minds neither knowledge nor understanding."-p. 146.

Rule IV .- A noun of multitude. or signifying many, may have a verb or pronoun agreeing with it. outher of the singular or plural number; yet not without regard to the import of the word* as conveying unity or plurality of idea; as, "The meeting was large:" "The Parliament is dissolved:" "The nation is powerful:" " My people do not consider; they have not known me :" "The multitude eagerly pursue pleasure as their chief good:" "The council were divided in their sentiments." -p. 147.

Rule XIX.—Some conjunctions subjunctive mood after them. It is a general rule, that when somewill not be pardoned unless he re- trusted .- p. 89.

Conjunctions that are of a posifive and absolute nature, require the indicative mend: "As vir: "e edvances, so vice receder " " He is houlthy, becau e he is temperate."-p. 195.

Corresponding Rules in this.

Two or more singular nouns separated by or or nor, require a verb and pronoun in the singular; as, James er John is first.-p. 83

Rule VIII.—When a noun of multitude conveys unity of idea, the verb and pronoun should be singular; as, The class was large. When a noun of multitude con-

veys plurality of idea, the verb and pronoun should be plural; as, My people do not consider; they have not known me .- p. 87.

Rule X.—Sentences that imply require the indicative, some the contingency and futurity, require the subjunctive mood; as, If he be alone, give him the letter.

thing contingent or doubtful is limited, the subjunctive ought to used; as, "If I were to write, he would not regard it:" "He as he thinks he may salely be

t it is easy to explain contingency and futurity, but what is a posttive and absolute conjunction?

By the Author's Key to this Grammar, a grown-up person, though he had never learned Grammar before, may easily teach bimmelf.

^{*} The second part of this rule is a flat contradiction of the first. The first says the 'er's and pronoun may be either of the singular or plural number; the second says, No; "Not without regard to the suport of the word," &c.