

deducted the number of deaths. Is it not right to say that our money would be much better spent for the safe-keeping of our own citizens? I remember that, in previous years, a Canadian citizen from the province of Quebec who went to establish himself out west, had to pay more than immigrants coming from central Europe to the same place.

I said that this question of immigration was a very important one, and I base my contention on the report of the Department of Mines and Resources for the year ending March, 1943. At page 175 of this report, I read the following sentences under the title, "Post-War Immigration". I quote:

Many suggestions are being received as to post-war immigration. These are being carefully examined and filed for future reference. It is everywhere recognized that Canada must, first of all, deal with the reestablishment of her own service personnel and their dependents and during that period turn the Canadian war industry to peace-time pursuits. The magnitude of this task cannot be known until the war is over.

Those best able to form an opinion agree that tens of thousands of the war-oppressed people of Europe will look to the western world for new homes when war has ceased. Few of these are likely to have funds either for transportation or settlement and many may require to be built up physically before being fit for transfer from Europe. How many and what type of settlers, especially those without capital, will Canada be able to absorb with benefit to the newcomers and to the dominion. Will the assistance given by the allies to the suffering millions of Europe after the war include financial assistance for migration and settlement?

We are fighting the most terrible war the world has ever known. We have spent millions and billions of money. Our young men have given their health and even their lives and all these sacrifices to prevent the invasion of our country and to enable our citizens to enjoy an enduring peace. I wonder if these tens of thousands of people of Europe, as mentioned in the quotation I just made, will not constitute what I would call a "pacific invasion" of our country with the possibility of the same result as if the invasion proper had taken place? Are we to allow all kinds of people to enter into Canada and let them spread among our population the ideologies and doctrines that lie at the base of the present war in Europe? I am amazed to see in an official report of this government a statement like the one which is included in the quotation I first read and which is as follows:

How many and what type of settlers, especially those without capital, will Canada be able to absorb with benefit to the newcomers and to the dominion?

Is it not ridiculous to permit the entry into Canada of immigrants who will not even

[Mr. Dorion.]

be able to pay their own transportation and who will be nothing but a burden for our people?

Another very important aspect of the same question comes from a declaration made by the Prime Minister, on May 22, after his return from England, and I quote from pages 3099 and 3100 of *Hansard*:

I should like to add a further word as a result of what I have heard and seen and felt. I do not believe that this war is going to end the conflict between the different classes and races of men. The enemy of to-day must be completely destroyed, but forces of evil have been let loose in this world which it is going to be difficult indeed to bring to bay. These forces of evil are going to continue to destroy all that is best for mankind, I am afraid, for many days, possibly years, after the main struggle is over. In all our deliberations here, as I am sure will be the case in the deliberations of all other assemblies of free nations, we must never lose sight of the fact that our greatest work may still lie ahead in seeking to trample under foot and slay the dragon that to-day is seeking to destroy humanity itself.

I submit, Mr. Speaker, that the Prime Minister has said too much and too little. As far as I am concerned, I should have liked to learn from the Prime Minister what are the forces of evil to which he referred? They must consist of something untold; they must emanate from somewhere other than from our enemy territories, because otherwise they would be destroyed as our enemies will be, and we would not have to fear those evils, once the war is won. These forces of evil must be threatening from outside Canada, since every precaution has been taken to overcome subversive elements in Canada.

Therefore we must believe, first, that those forces of evil actually exist, since the Prime Minister mentioned them.

Second, they must come from outside, because otherwise our government would not be fulfilling its duty by allowing any subversive movement to flourish in our midst.

Third, they cannot be found in enemy territories, since the Prime Minister stated that they will continue to destroy all that is best for mankind even after the defeat of our enemies. Where do they come from? How could they penetrate our country, and what would be the best way to defend ourselves against such forces of evil?

Is it not true that the surest way to spare our country from these forces of evil, since they likely come from outside, would be caution in the selection of immigrants to enter Canada, because this would apparently be the means through which these forces could be brought in. Is it only by a sane immigration policy that Canada could be spared from them? Up to now, I believe that our government has