That an annual meeting of the Association shall take place on the first Thursday in February at St. John's,
Moved by the Rev. C. Morice, seconded by Mr. Virgil

That a quarterly meeting of the Committee shall be held, the time and place of such meeting to be determined by the Committee. Moved by Mr. Gough, seconded by Mr. Pattee.

That a Treasurer be appointed, who shall render an annual statement of the accounts of the Association, and that John Yule, jun., Esq., be Treasurer.

Moved by Mr. Pierce, seconded by Mr. Lister,
That auditors of accounts be annually chosen, and that
Messrs. McCrae and Dixon be requested to accept the Moved by the Rev. M. Willoughby, seconded by Mr.

That the meetings of the Association, be opened and closed with prayer; such prayers only to be offered as are used at the meetings of the General Society.

Moved by Mr. Hatt, seconded by Dr. Wight,
That Special General Meetings of the Association may

be convened by the Chairman on the requisition of any twelve members of the Association, also special meetings of the Committee may be called by the Secretary on the request in writing of any two members of the Con Moved by Mr. Charles Pierce, seconded by Mr. Duncan M'Donald.

That no alteration or amendment in the fundamental rules and regulations of the Association shall be made unless such alteration or amendment be communicated to the Secretary, and be submitted by him to a special meeting of the Committee, at least one month before a General Annual Meeting, and adopted at such Annual Meet-Moved by Baron Grant, seconded by Mr. McCrae,

That the cordial thanks of the meeting be given to the Lord Bishop of Montreal for presiding on this occasion, and for his valuable assistance in the establishment of the

Before the meeting was closed a subscription list was laid on the table, when the following donations and sub-Scriptions were made:—
Donations.—Miss Grant, 100 acres of land in Wolfe

Baron Grant, two lots in St. John's, Various amounts, 351. Annual Subscriptions-43l.

CONFIRMATION AT NEW LIVERPOOL,-On Sunday last, the 26th March, according to notice previously given, a Confirmation was held in the Church at New Liverpool, by the Lord Bishop of Montreal, when twentyone persons were presented by the Rev. R. R. Burrage, now in charge of the Mission. His Lordship delivered a very impressive sermon on 50th Ps. 5th ver.—"Gather my Saints together with me; those that have made a Covenant with me with sacrifice"—in which, particularly after explaining the meaning of the passage, in reference to the Jewish Church, he took occasion to shew in his usual forcible manner the greater obligations of Christians under the Covenant of Grace. The ordinary Service being thus ended, the solemn right of Confirma tion was then administered, after which His Lordship made an eloquent and very affectionate address, alike useful to all those assembled, as to those who were the ore immediate subjects of it—the appeal of which, it is loped will not be allowed to pass away with the occa It was pleasing to see so large a congregation, and the very lively interest that was felt in the Services through out. Some young persons very kindly attended from town, who rendered very material assistance in the singing. A collection was made, the amount of which the writer has not heard, but it is believed to have been re-spectable. The interior of the Church presented a grati fying appearance, great improvements having been lately effected, mainly through the exertions of Messrs H. N.

Patton and J. Jameson, Esquires.—Quebec Mercury.

Montreal.—Dr. Bethune acknowledges, with many thanks, the receipt of 921. 4s. 9d., deposited in the Provident and Savings Bank, and subject to his order, for the Pastoral Aid Society, of the Parish of Christ's Church, the nett proceeds of Miss Felton's Bazaar .- Montreal Herald.

### From our English Files.

SIR ROBERT PEEL AND THE ASSASSINS OF THE LEAGUE.

(From The Cambridge Chronicle.) If Sir Robert Peel escape the ball or the stiletto, it will be owing to no fault of the Anti-Corn Law League. They, at least cannot reproach themselves with having neglected any respectable means of compassing an object "at which there would be but few to shed one tear." Recall to mind

" It was not words would move Parliament, but force: this should have effect, if they did not che had heard of a gentleman who, in private company, said, that if 100 persons east lots amongst them, and the lot should fall upon him, he would take the lot to deprive Sir Robert Peel of life. He felt convinced that no such attempt ought to be

we have quoted, especially when uttered by persons who take we have quoted, especially when uttered by persons who take apon themselves to preach the gospel of peace and love. How was he met by the League? With denial?—explanation?—withdrawal of the ferocious language? Mr. Cobden, the leader of the League, yesterday week undertook the defence of Mr. Bailey and his Reverend colleagues; for he first priof Mr. Bailey and his Reverend colleagues; for he first privately threatened Mr. Roebuck with the vengeance of the League, in the shape of Anti-Corn Law tea-parties at Bath, if he should presume to say a word in support of Lord Brougham's most righteous denunciation, and then publicly nced Lord Brougham's conduct—the expression of horror at incentives to assassination-as "the ebullition of an

But he went far beyond this. Within the very walls of Parliament this Mr. Cobden pointed out—whether intentionally or not we do not know: suffice it that he did point out Sir Robert Peel once more as an object for the vengeance of the first fanatic who may be sufficiently worked upon by League eloquence to turn his hand against the Premier's life. In language of extreme violence he warned Sir Robert Peel that on him rested "the individual and personal responsibility" of the present distress,—"he would tell the right honourable baronet that the whole responsibility of the present lamentable and dangerous state of the country rested upon his shoulders." There was no mistaking this. What its effect must be upon the minds of the reckless-whatever its intended object may have been -was clear, and the indignation of the house rose to the highest pitch. An eye-witness thus describes the scene in

that he had done so. 'You did, said no. These were the actual words that passed, but no description could compass the manner of the Premier or the excitement of the House. Sir Robert, when the bursts of cheering which interrupted his every word had subsided, proceeded to lay bare the issues for the purpose of purchasing "works of fine art of the highest for the purpose of purchasing "works of fine art of the highest interrupted his every word had subsided, proceeded to lay bare the issues for the purpose of purchasing "works of fine art of the highest interrupted his every word had subsided, proceeded to lay bare the issues for the purpose of purchasing "works of fine art of the highest interrupted his every word had subsided, proceeded to lay bare the issues for the purpose of purchasing "works of fine art of the highest than the purpose of purchasing "works of fine art of the highest than the purpose of purchasing "works of fine art of the highest than the purpose of purchasing "works of fine art of the highest than the purpose of purchasing "works of fine art of the highest than the purpose of purchasing "works of fine art of the highest than the purpose of purchasing "works of fine art of the highest than the purpose of purchasing the purpose they had fixed upon himself individually, not as the Minister, as the cause of the distress; and, he continued, 'whatever cheered as one man. They took up the allusion instantly; and, if ever a minister had the pleasure and the honour of knowing that his personal safety was dear to his country, Sir Robert Peel last night had that high gratification. Sir Robert Peel was pale with suppressed feeling, convulsed with the peculiar and unusual excitement of the position; but, however painful it might be for him to refer to a recent frightful outrage, still the prolonged, repeated, enthusiastic bursts of cheers with which the House greeted him carried him triumphantly through. Mr. Cobden, too, was pale; but it was not that paleness that illuminated the countenance of the proscribed Premier; it was the paleness of conscious error, and of shame at the instantaneous and honest expression of the indignation of the House. He attempted to explain that he meant to allude to Sir Robert in his official capacity, but the House

scouted the idea."
And well it might, "In what capacity," asks the Times,
idd M'Naughten attempt to murder him? As a private
gentleman—owner of Drayton, and member for Tamworth—
of reserved manners, large fortune, and great Parliamentary scouted the idea." abilities? Or as the Prime Minister of England, whom he

Moved by Lieut. Col. Taylor, seconded by the Rev. R. counteract the labour of this conspiracy, as in the profitless amusement of abusing Sir Robert Peel?

We think the more juvenile portion of our readers, (and parents also,) cannot fail to be deeply impressed, and we trust influenced, by the most interesting speech of the young Lord Porchester, son of the Earl of Carnarvon; and as it exhibits a bright pattern of high and benevolent feeling, worthy the imitation of every child in the kingdom, we have much pleasure in giving it publicity through our columns.—At a meeting of the Royal Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Animals lately held in Exeter Hall, London, where upwards of three thousand persons were assembled, numbering amongst them nent for rank, wealth, talent, and philanthi before this imposing auditory stood forth the youthful Lord Porchester, a little boy only twelve years old! to literally obey the Scriptural injunction, "Open thy mouth for the dumb, in the cause of all such as are appointed to destruction." And in after life, it will be a proud reflection for him, to know that his " maiden speech " was made in a high and holy cause, unsullied by a worldly or selfish feeling, and breathing the spirit of a benevolence which adds a lustre to rank, which dignifies man, and which commands a respect that titles and honours and wealth and power, with all their potency, never can obtain; It was in order to second the Resolution, "That the subject of humanity to animals should be made a matter of special instruction in all our National Schools," that Lord Porchester

'Ladies and Gentlemen,-I am but a little boy; but no child is too young to care about dumb animals, and no child can grow up to be a good man, who does not treat every animal with mercy and kindness. We wish to teach children to be kind to animals, and I am sure animals teach us many useful lessons. The bee teaches us to be industrious, the lamb to be gentle, and the dog to be true and faithful; and if all chilren were industrious, true, and gentle, I almost think we should give grown people much less trouble than we do. When God made the world, he gave a blessing to all the animals. He created all of them before He created man. God's first words to animals were good and kind words; and God will not love any man or child who does not show them pity and kindness! In Turkey, where I went with my papa and mamma, even the little boys will not hurt dumb animals, and it is a shame that Christian boys should do what Mahometan boys would not think of doing. But when English children are taught to know that it is wrong to hurt animals, they will find much more pleasure in protecting, than in injuring them. I hope, Ladies and Gentlemen, you will encourage this plan of teaching children their duty to dumb animals; and I am sure if you do so, the animals will be much happier, and the children much better than they are. I thank you, Ladies and

A more touching appeal to the best feelings of the youthful heart never was made. We earnestly entreat our young friends to copy the delightful example set them by this noble child, and when tempted to commit any act of cruelty on a letter, and the Magistrate's reply - letter, and the Magistrate's reply - Clarendon Hotel, New Bond Street, Jan. 27. Lord Porchester would act; and to remember, it is only cowards that are cruel; it is far more courageous, and manly to
protect and save an animal from injury, than to torment and stand in need of protection and kindness; and if their parents and masters were to treat them as harshly as they have the power to do, what miserable lives they would lead. "Do think) that I had not given him the same that I had given to unto others as you would have others do to you" is a comothers on similar occasions, actually did not perform the sermand of God, extending to every living thing He has created, vice appointed for the dead, I have known of deceits occurring and children as well as grown people are bound to obey it. in what is called 'the world,' but here, those who call them-Now if every little boy and girl who has pocket money, would selves to be out of it, take revenge, and insult the religion only lay by one farthing a week, for the purpose of giving it to the Societies established for the prevention of Cruelty to Animals, how much good they might do! and the reflection that they were depriving themselves of some short-lived and trifling gratification, for a most benevolent purpose, would confer more lasting pleasure than they are aware of before they make the trial. Parents would do well to encourage this:—a grand principle is enforced, a most necessary habit fortered; self-denial is taught, that lesson so hard to learn, yet so peremptorily enjoined, both by the precepts and example of the Lord Jesus not forget, "If any man have not the spirit of Christ, he is none

We would say, Let all who have the care of children constantly inculcate and enforce kindness to the animal creation its influence on their future welfare is immense! Thousands have to date their ruin from mixing in society which a proper feeling for animal life and suffering would have effectually pre-vented their ever seeking! Many a parent would have been saved anguish a parent only can conceive, had their sons been too tender-hearted to participate in bull-baiting, cock fighting, badger-baiting, and such like cruel and demoralising sport "Ye therefore who love mercy, teach your sons to love it too."

SENIOR WRANGLER .- A Cornish paper contains the fola passage in the speech of a [Disenting] Reverend Mr. Bailey, of Sheffield, made to an Anti-Corn Law Mob on Sunday, the parish of Lancast, a tenant, and not a very level of a farmer in the parish of Lancast, a tenant, and not a very level of the parish of Lancast, a tenant, and not a very level of the parish of Lancast, a tenant, and not a very level of the parish of Lancast, a tenant, and not a very level of the parish of Lancast, a tenant, and not a very level of the parish of Lancast, a tenant, and not a very level of the parish of Lancast, and not a very level of the parish paper contains the following paragraph:—"Ar. John Couch Adams, the senior was also believed to the paper contains the following paragraph:—"Ar. John Couch Adams, the senior was also believed to the paper contains the following paragraph:—"Ar. John Couch Adams, the senior was also believed to the paragraph of the paragrap parish of Lancast, a tenant, and not a very large one, of John King Letbbridge, Esq. At an early period of life the young man evinced considerable powers of calculation and arithmetical te readiness. After an ordinary village education, he went to an made upon any pretence whatever; but was persuaded of this, talents of his son were such as to justify the father in sending that when Sir Robert Peel went to his grave there would be few to shed one tear over him."

The plat contented that he said accordance to be proceeded by the force will effect the Lagrange to be proceeded by the force will effect the Lagrange to be proceeded by the force will effect the Lagrange to be proceeded by the force will effect the Lagrange to be proceeded by the force will effect the Lagrange to be proceeded by the force will effect the Lagrange to be proceeded by the force will effect the Lagrange to be proceeded by the force will effect the Lagrange to be proceeded by the force will effect the Lagrange to be proceeded by the force will effect the Lagrange to be proceeded by the force will be few to shed one tear over him."

"Force"—and only force—will effect the League's object, said the Reverend Mr. Bailey; and then he went on to suggest a particular application of force—"to deprive Sir Robert Peel of life"—a naughty trick, certainly, but so good and useful in its consequences, that "there would be few to shed one tear over his grave."

"He will be him to Cambridge, an expense which he could ill afford, having six other children. Mr. Martyn was so struck with the youth's powers, and his report was so favorable, that Mr. Adams was entered at St. John's college, a sizarship having been obtained for him, From that time, success marked his progress, until he obtained the honor of senior wrangler. He is now 23 years of age."—Cambridge Chronicle.

A Plous Will.—The executors of Mrs. Jane Brooke, late

well, the hint—scores of similar hints might be quoted—
as taken. An attempt was made "to degrive Sir Robert

A Props Will.—The executors of Mrs. Jane Brooke, late
of Norwich, have this week paid the following legacies under was taken. An attempt was made "to deprive Sir Robert Peel of life." It failed; but the tendency of such virtuous Blind Hospital, 100%, to the Norwich and Norwich and Norlok Eye In-Peet of life." It failed; but the tendency of such virtuous suggestions as that of our pious preacher was written at Charing Cross in the blood of as amiable and honourable a man as ever fell by an assassin's hand.

Come we now to the second act of the drama. Lord Brougham, on the first night of the Session, denounced, in terms of withering disgust and indignation, such expressions as we have quoted, especially when uttered by persons who take

precise amount of the property of the deceased has been ascertained. It has been sworn under 90,000L within the province of Canterbury, which is thus disposed of by the will and codicil.

To his widow he bequeaths a life-interest in the whole of his property, subject to the deduction of the following legacies and annuities:—To his friend and assistant, Mr. Allan Cunningham, he bequeaths a legacy of 2,000% and, by the codicil, an annuity of 100% to be considered by the codicil, and annuity of 1001, to be continued to his wife, Jane Cunningham, should his death precede hers; a legacy of 6,0001, to Mr. H. Weeks, his assistant; an annuity of 300l. to Mr. Charles Stokes, and of 200l. to Mr. G. Jones, two of his executors; an annuity of 200l. to the vicar of Norton, near Sheffeld (being the place of his birth), upon trust to pay the sum of 501 out of the said annuity to the schoolmaster of Norton, to instruct ten poor boys of the said parish in reading, writing, and arithmetic, free from the expense of the parents, such sum to be paid on the 21st day of December in every year; and on the same day to pay 1001., further part of the said annuity, in sums of 101. each, to five poor men, and to five poor women being either widows or tion of the said vicar for the time being, and the remaining 50l. to the vicar for his trouble, such annuity of 200l. to be paid in manner aforesaid, "so long as his tomb shall last," such tomb to the highest pitch. An eye-witness thus describes the scene in the columns of the Britannia;—

"Sir Robert at once charged Mr. Cobden with having made him personally responsible for the distress. Mr. Cobden denied it, and Sir R. Peel distinctly and emphatically declared that he had done so. 'You did,' said he. These were the that he had done so. 'You did,' said he. These were the chantrey, or in the event of her marriage (in which case she chantrey, or in the event of her marriage (in which case she Chantrey, or in the event of her marriage (in which case she will receive only an annuity of 1,000L), that the residue of his at the Holland Landing, on the 8th inst., meets the unanimous merit in painting and sculpture that can be obtained, either already executed, or which may be hereafter executed, by artists may be the consequences, I will not be influenced by such instructions in the discharge of my public duty.' The House in Great Britain during the execution of such works: such works are only to be purchased upon condition that the same shall have been entirely executed within the shores of 'Great Britain;' such selection to be made according to their intrinsic merit, and not from any sympathy for the artist or his family, by reason of his or their interest. by reason of his or their circumstances, or otherwise to influence them in such purchase; such selections when made to form a public national collection of British fine art in painting and culpture, in the confident expectation that whenever the collection shall become or be considered of sufficient importance, the 'Government' of the country will provide a suitable and the Government of the country will provide a suitable and proper building or accommodation for their preservation and exhibition, as the property of the "nation, free of all charges whatever on his estate," He also bequeaths an annuity of 300L per annum to the president, for the time being, of the Royal Academy, and an annuity of 50L to the secretary; and for the purpose of carrying each his intentions, into execution, for the purpose of earrying such his intentious into execution. he directs his wife to apply for and obtain an act of parliament as soon as possible after his death for that purpose.— Britannia.

#### MR. SIBTHORP AND THE "TABLET." (From The John Bull.)

LORD PORCHESTER'S SPEECH ON CRUELTY TO ANIMALS. cause I will not worship the Virgin Mary. Assuredly, J do not worship her, but neither does the Catholic Church require me to WORSHIP her. But I ask her intercessions, and as you well know, must do so many times a day, while saying my

Poor man! has his common sense been so volatilized as to make him imagine that when he prays to the Virgin Mary to "forgive his sins" and to "deliver him from all dangers," he is only asking her intercessions and is not worshipping her, o

only asking her intercessions and is not worshipping her, or does he refuse compliance with the Church of Rome in this?

The worship of the Virgin Mary in preference to the Almighty, is one of the characteristics of Popery, and the new series of the Tablet has boldly proclaimed it, It is this bold avowal which has obtained for it a large circulation among genuine Papists,

who have none of Mr. Sibthorp's scruples. Mr. Lucas, who has been catering for the *Tablet* in Ireland, writes thus from Waterford:—"I have received most unexpected welcome, and substantial help from his Lordship the Bisho from his Clergy, the Christian Brothers, the Convents, the Mayor, and all the laity whom I have had the honour of seeing. All here, with a very few exceptions indeed, are enthusiasticall. pleased with having the image of our Blessed Lady at the head of the paper. They long ardently to see the devotion to the Mother of God extended in England, where they imagine it has been too

nuch neglected," This is speaking out pretty plainly; but the image itself, as it is pourtrayed every week, in this leading organ of Popery

speaks out even yet more plainly, It is a picture of the Virgin Mary, with the Holy Child in her arms, and, lest there should be any possibility of leading the reader into the error of supposing that it is the Saviour himself in whom the Papist places his trust, there is a motto surrounding the image, in Latin and in English, "Sub tuum præsidium confugimus Sancta Dei genetrix." "We fly tothy protection, O Holy Mother of God." We do not imagine that we shall succeed in convincing Mr. Sibthorp; but we are not without hope that the placing of this image at the head of the Tublet (which has been so acceptable to genuine Papists), may have the effect of opening the eyes of some who may have become only a little misty. It is a plain arowal that the worshipping of the Virgin Mary is the rallying point of genuine Papists, and that THEY PLACE THEIR CONFIDENCE IN HER RATHER THAN IN GOD THEIR SAVIOUR.

> THE ROMAN CATHOLIC CHURCH. (From The Morning Herald.)

The following is a pretty specimen of the honesty of Roman Catholic Priests in saying masses for the dead. We should imagine the Priest in question was of the same opinion as Cardinal Richelieu, who, being asked, " Pray, Cardinal, how Gentlemen, for having heard me so kindly, and I beg to second the resolution."—(Loud applause.)

The resolution."—(Loud applause.)

The resolution are the resolution

worry it. Children should recollect too, that they themselves performed on the auniversary of my friend's death; but, to my they profess. I have washed my hands of them, as far as the my goes; and therefore have resolved, for the future, to lay out that sum also, in relieving the wants of the distressed, and therefore beg you will do me the favour to lay out the inclosed draft of £50 in the manner I have desired.

"D. O. Dyce Sombre."

MR. HARDWICK'S REPLY,
"Police Court, Marlborough Street, Jan. 27.
"Mr. Hardwick presents his compliments to Mr. Dyce Sombre, and with many and grateful thanks begs to acknow-

ledge the receipt of his munificent donation of £50, for the relief of poor deserving objects." (From Punch.)

Punch has received a considerable number of letters on the above subject, since the publication of the letter of the Bishop of Norwich, on the "injustice and evil tendency to pews." Two of these epistles are so touching, that though his columns are much crowded, Punch must insert them.

Mr. Punch,-There is, I find, a revolutionary spirit abroad, threatening the vested rights of pews-threatening to make no distinction of persons when under the roof of a church. What, sir! are we to lose our hair-stuffed cushions in the family pew-our velvet hassocks, and all that makes religion

In a word, sir, am I to sit among the mob? Am I to be encroached upon by a willow-chip or five shilling Dunstable?

I am yours respectfully, A THREE GUINEA BONNET.

No. 2. SIR, I have ever found you a champion of the oppressedas such I now address you. I trust I know all Christian observances; I never miss a Sunday at Church, as John the footman knows, who carries my small prayer-book after me. I have, sir, ever considered a church—that is, a respectable church,—for, of course, I make no allusion to meetinghouses, to be composed only of pews. But, sir, pews are threatened, and I therefore wish to ask you if the Church is not in danger? I see what it will end in; if pews are abolished, every respectable family must keep their own parson, and have service at home: for I ask you, sir, how is it possible that I, who have always been accustomed to a delicious corner to myself, can sit in the same crowd with a more cotton, or with even a Spitalfields silk?

I remain your humble servant. A REAL CACHEMIRE.

## Canada.

SIMCOE DISTRICT.—The gentlemen who proceeded to Kingston with an address from the County of Simcoe, to His Excellency Sir C. Metcalfe, have returned, we learn, much gratified with the kind manner in which they were received, and delighted with the frank and manly tone adopted by His Excellency in his conversation with the deputation. His Excellency entered at some length into the different subjects of complaint alluded to in the address, promising an immediate enquiry, with a view to remedial measures being adopted; and the deputation left his presence with the decided impression that His Excellency sincerely wishes to ascertain the true feelings of the sountry, and that, before forming his policy, he ties. The following is the reply made by His Excellency to

"To the Inhabitants of the District of Simcoe "I thank you, gentlemen, sincerely for your kind congratulations and good wishes; and cordially join with you in the earnest desire, that this country may at all times be peaceably, quietly and happily governed, to the welfare of all its inhabitants, and the glory of our Almighty Father,
"With respect to the matters of which you complain, en-

quiry shall be made, with a view to apply such remedies as

BOND HEAD.—At a meeting of the Constitutional Society of Bond Head, held on Monday the 10th inst,—After Mr. John Ginty, sen., being called to the Chair, the following 1. Moved by Mr. Turly, seconded by Mr. Coffy-That the

approval of this meeting—Carried.

2. Moved by Mr. Robert Armstrong, Junior, seconded by Mr. Strong—That this meeting consider the statements made through the medium of the public Press as to the largeness and

respectability of the Meeting held at Bradford on the 1st inst., as false and incorrect, inasmuch as it can be proved that there were not more than thirty-six in attendance—Carried.—John GINTY, Chairman, JAMES GINTY, Secretary. VICTORY AND SURRENDER .- On the 13th of September, 1759, Quebec surrendered to Wolfe's victorious army, and British supremacy was established in Canada. On the 13th September, 1842, did a British Governor General surrender nto the hands of a French faction, the government of this

British Colony; and we are told by a venal and renegade press, that, in consequence, "contentment pervades the whole population!" Any remark upon so mendacious a libel is unnecessary; falsehood is legibly stamped on its unblushing forehead,

SMALL AND LARGE FARMS. (From the | Toronto] British American Cultivator.)

[This publication is threatened with extinction, if not better upported. To the disgrace of Canada, it has, up to the present, entailed a loss upon its proprietor. We do not know whether it has been well or ill conducted; but as it has steered clear of politics, and as its object is excellent, it has deserved a kinder reception .- ED. CH.]

"A sublities? Or as the Prime Minister of England, whom he had been led to hold responsible for the misery which he saw "around him, or the personal injuries by which he fancied "himself affected?"

This is a state of things which is really painful to every honest man. But how is it to be ended? The landed interest has been shamefully apathetic about this villaimous League, whose influence has grown ap until it is now no longer to be despised. However, we hope this last exhibition of the animus which directs its movements may have the effect of rousing which directs its movements may have the effect of rousing which he saw the date of the saw the subject of serious investigation, especially in Canada, where lands can be purchased for a trifle. Farmers in this bringing London papers to the 7th March. We have only time this week to say, that McNaughten, the murderer of Mr. Drummond, has been acquitted, on the plea of insanity, and sown, or the acres ploughed; but when you enter into the despised. However, we hope this last exhibition of the animus which directs its movements may have the effect of rousing the Canada.

The Packet Ship South America has arrived at New York, or the acres ploughed in Canada, where lands can be purchased for a trifle. Farmers in this been asserted that the case has been referred to say, that McNaughten, the murderer of Mr. Drummond, has been acquitted, on the plea of insanity, and that the decision of the Pope has been awaited with Mr. Sibthorp's compliance with this part of Romish devices of the number of bushels of sections investigation, especially in Canada, where lands can be purchased for a trifle. Farmers in this sown, or the acres ploughed; but when you enter into the desting the Virgin Mary, and that the decision of the Pope has been awaited with the case has been acquitted, on the plea of insanity, and that the case has been acquitted, on the plea of the management, and expose their want of skill, you then the confound them at once. Owing to the high prices of labour and far low prices which the produce of the farm generally command, arable culture cannot be carried out to that extent in Canada growth of the United States or of the Canadas. some who have heretofore been unwilling to move, so that at last there may be a chance of some combined and vigorous which he denies that any appeal is now pending at Rome for provincial farmer, much depends upon the amount of labour some British factories have been destroyed by the Chinese: last there may be a chance of some combined and vigorous movement to neutralize the poison it is diffusing throughout the length and breadth of the land. What think the farmers? Would they not be quite as well employed in endeavouring to which he denies that any appeal is now pending at Rome for decision as to the absolute necessity of praying to the Virgin—
He says that "it is not true that Mr. Sibthorp has ever refused of course, the skill brought to bear in the business, consequently, small farms are the most profitable, unless the branches be very chances' Institute.

Mr. Sibthorp has also addressed a letter to the Editor of the extensive. The largest farmers in the country are in a much Tablet on the same subject, in which he says :—"It is foolish to charge me with dissenting from the Catholic Church befact, that it requires all the produce of the farm, to pay a few greedy labourers

The largest and one of the best farmers in the Gore District, in the neighbourhood of Paris, who has between five and six hundred acres under cultivation, assured us that the whole of the produce from his farm, would not pay the labourers which he employed during last year. This is a deplorable state of things indeed, but we know of a truth, for we speak from experience, that it is true to the very letter. Scores of similar instances have come under our notice, and we are led to prelict that the class of farmers, who have the largest expectations, will be sadly disappointed next autumn, owing to serious changes which have taken place in England, over which we have not the slightest control.

The best possible plan for large farmers to practise, to get rid of the impending difficulties, which will be out of their power to check, unless they nip them in the bud, will be to seed down into cultivated grasses, as much land as possible the present year, and only keep as much under the plough as they can well cultivate themselves; ten acres thus cultivated and sown in season, and harvested and taken to market by the owner of the soil, will bring more real profits than fifty acres badly cultivated by hired labourers. A person cultivating a large farm can do but a very small proportion of the labours supposing that he be ever so industrious; but the cultivator of a small farm, consisting of but fifty or sixty acres, can do the whole, with the assistance of a lad sixteen years old.

It is folly to talk about expensive modes of preparing lands for cultivation, or even expensive culture, unless the majority of the work be executed by the owner of the soil; this argument would not apply a few years since, when every description of produce amply remunerated the farmer; but now things have materially changed—the lumber trade has received its death blow-which made a market for much of the produce from Western Canada, And the corn trade has been so seriously affected, that we have no hopes of realizing as much as formerly, by at least twenty-five per cent., for either wheat or

The safest policy for every farmer to pursue, is to lay as much of his lands as possible down to clover and timothy, and instead of allowing his cattle to pick a living on the road sides or the woods, should turn them into good fat pastures, and sell the off in the fall to the butchers for what they may bring. If this plan, the lands will receive rest, and if a change for the better should come around in the farming business, those lands may be broken up in their turn and he sowed with wheat as usual

We conceive that we have a responsible duty to perform, in laying before our readers facts, as they really exist: and our British America Assurance Office,
Toronto, 13th April, 1843. ror,-the advice we have given above, will be found practica and orrect, unless some very unexpected change should transpire before the lapse of another year, which would open a marlet for the produce of this country on more favourabl terns, than the appearances would at present indicate. Let the armers of Canada bear in mind the old proverb, "that what is wirth doing is worth well doing," and the only way to do this under present circumstances, will be " to do but little, and

Sippose a farmer is desirous o' sowing ten acres of wheat; if Sippose a farmer is desirous o sowing ten acres of wheat; if he floughs his land only once he may, by chance, got twelve being a portion of the Square on which the Lord Bishop of Toronto busels per acre; if he ploughs twice, he may get twenty; and if he houghs it three times, he may anticipate thinty. Lands may be poughed in Western Canada for seven and six pence per acre; and it will be seen, that the cost for the two extra ploughings, beau no comparison to the difference of the supposed product; besiles, when the land is thickly covered with a crop, the weeks are choked, and by that means the lands are much cleave. buslels per acre; if he ploughs twice, he may get twenty; and weeks are choked, and by that means the lands are much cleaner

and setter for subsequent crops.

Agentleman who has 600 or 800 acres of cultivated lands, had nuch better divide them off into small farms of 100 acres each, and let them out at a moderate rent, and cultivate only as nucl as he can cultivate well, unless he turns his attention to the diry business, which will be found a profitable investment if thearticle which he makes be of a good quality. A farm of threehundred acres of cultivated land, might keep 100 cows in good condition during the whole year, and the profits from chees and butter, would equal twenty per cent. on the gross capita invested; and the proportion of manual labour, required in the business, would be trifling, when compared with a farm of the same description under arable culture; and the most

there rould be no occasion to complain of the rust,

BLUDGERS OF THE PRESS.—Mr. Wilson, the Scottish minstrd, who is very particular in correcting the bills of his entertanments, was not a little annoyed lately, in the country, when he saw the song of " Beyond you hills, where Luga

flows," thus announced:

"Beyond you hills, where sugar grows!"

When the vaudeville of the Welsh Girl was played at Liverpool, the bills announced that the music was by Mr. John Parry, the celebrated methodist, instead of melodist!

## Editorial Summary.

We repice to state that the health of Sir Charles Bagot is somewhat improved. It is expected that he will leave Kingston on the breaking up of the ice, and the opening of the harbour, and return to England in a frigate, sent out to convey

Sir Charles Metcalfe is regarded with confidence and hope by the Conservative party. A general belief prevails that a serious crisis is at hand, and that, if Canada is to be preserved scrious crisis is at hand, and that, if Canada is to be preserved to the British Empire, His Excellency possesses every qualification necessary for success. We cannot expect his policy, which we believe will be trammelled by no instructions from home, to be developed until the departure of Sir Charles Bagot.

We hear that the actual opening of the University of King's College will take place on Monday, the 24th instant. Sir Charles Metcalfe cannot be present. The harbour at Kingston is not yet open, and the roads are almost impassable. The Bay of Tyronto is now almost free from ice, and the stage.

The Bay of Toronta is now almost free from ice, and the steamoats, again set in activity, enliven our wharves. Meetings have been held at Quebec and Montreal. At the ormer place, a non-committal no-party address to Sir Charles Metcalfe was concurred in; at the latter, the French Canadians, and some individuals prominent in the late Rebellion, made a party demonstration, and agreed to thank Sir Charles Bagot for his Administration, and to address Sir Charles Metbagot for his Administration, and to address Sir Charles Met-calfe in the language of confidence and compliment. Another address, of a comprehensive and non-political character, is about being presented by the mercantile and conservative com-munity of that populous city to Sir Charles Metcalfe.

Rumours of the most contradictory kind are affoat respect-ng the Seat of Government, The Montreal people assert that is to be removed to that city. On the other hand the Lingston Whig of the 14th inst. contains this paragraph:—
"The rumours so industriously circulated by the French Party, having severely injured business in Kingston, a Deputation, consisting of Messrs. Cartwright, H. Smith, jun., and Kirkpatrick, waited upon his Excellency, Sir Charles Metcalfe, and put this plain question to him, 'Did the Executive intend to remove the Seat of Government?' to which plain question, his Excellency very plainly answered, 'that the Scat of Government was a matter, with which the Provincial Executive and nothing to do, it resting entirely in the hands of the Home Government, and depending upon the ultimate success of the Union; and moreover, that when an intention to remove the Seat became negessary, the people of Kingston would have due notice. These are the ideas, if not the very words of his Excellency, and very consistently confirm what what was said by the Colonial Secretary, Lord Stanley, to his Worship, the Mayor, when in London. It may therefore now be considered

may be found practicable to any defects that may be found to exist."

"Kingston, April, 1843."

[Toronto Herald.] In justice to Mr. Morin and the Government, we insert the of the late loyal Post Master:

ertain that the two next Sessions of Parliament will be held

Sandwich, U. C., 26th Jan., 1839. We, the undersigned, hereby certify that the annexed peti-ioner, P. H. Morin, has, during his residence here, say four-gears, concucted himself with the utmost propriety and loyalty lowards the British Government; and that during the past hirteen months he has been most active as a volunteer in opposing the invasion on this frontier from the rebels and brigands from the United States. He was present at the attack last winter on Eighting Island, and was one of the first in the field winter on English 181 and, and was one of the first in the field at the battle of Windsor on the 4th December last, after having fired the alarm gun at Sandwich, giving notice of the landing of the brigands in his capacity of first Lieutenant of the Provincial Artillery,—and if the good conduct and loyalty of him as of the brigands in his capacity of first Lieutenant of the Provincial Artillery,—and if the good conduct and loyalty of him as a son will in any way extenuate the offence of his father, we most cheerfully subscribe our names to it,"

most cheertury subscribe our names to it.

Signed, John Prince, J. P., Col. 3rd Essex Mil.

Robert Mercer, J. P., W. D.

Charles Riot, J. P., Judge of the W. D. C,

John A. Wilkinson, J. P., W. D.

Eben. Reynolds, Col. E. M.

F. Baby, J. P., W. D.

Samuel Gardiner, J. P., W, D.

L. Woods, J. D. W. D. J. Woods, J. P., W. D. Charles Askin, Clerk W. D. Court, John B. Laughton, J. P. W. Elliot, Col. 2nd Essex Mil. James Askin, Lieut.-Col. 2nd Essex Mil. Chas Baby, Clerk Peace, W. D. William C. Hall, Paymaster, 3rd Essex Mil. J. E. Watson, Major, 2nd Essex Mil. James Dougall, J. P., W. D. W. Anderton, J. P., W. D.

W. Johnson, Rector of Sandwich, C. E. Anderson, Quarter Master, 2nd Essex. Mil.

THE ANNIVERSARY DINNER OF THE

St. George's Society, WILL be held, MONDAY, APRIL 24th, (St. George's Danfeling on Sunday,) at STONE'S HOTEL, Waterloo Build

Messrs, T. Clarke,
J. Walton,
T. Young,
Messrs, G. Walton,
J. H. Savigny,
W. Rowsell, And from { GEO A BARBER, Secretary, H ROWSELL, Treasurer.

An early application is respectfully solicited. The St. George's Society will assemble on Monday 24th in A THE ST. CHORGE'S SOCIETY WILL assemble on Monday 24th instant, to STONE'S HOFEL, at 2 o'clock, P. M., whence, accompanied by the ister Societies of St. Andrew and St. Patrick, they will proceed to be Cathedral Church of St. James, whore, after Divine Service, including Sacred Music by the Choir,) a Serman, appropriate to the coasion, will be delivered by the Chapkin, the Rev. H. SCADDING, M., and a Collection in aid of the Charitable Funds of the Society e taken up.

The Carel up.

Englishmen, and the descendants of Englishmen generally, (not Members of the Society) are invited to join in the Procession in honour of St. George and Megray England.

By Order, G. A. BARBER, Secretary. Toronto, April 17, 1843.

#### NOTICE.

BRITISH AMERICA FIRE AND LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY, Authorised by Act of Parliament to grant

INLAND MARINE ASSURANCE. THIS Company will be prepared, on the 25th instant, to take risk; in the MARINE DEPARTMENT, as empowered by Act o

Provincial Legislature, 6th Victoria, cap, 25.

The Rates of Premium, and other information, may be obtained at is Office, or of the undermentioned, who have been appointed Agents the Company, and are authorised to grant Assurance, either in the RE on MARINE DEPARTMENTS, in the name and on behalf the Company viz. 

By order of the Board, T. W. BIRCHALL

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VALUABLE LEASEHOLD PROPERTY BY AUCTION.

THE Subscriber is instructed to Lease, by Public Auction, or Tuesday, May 2nd, 1843, at so much per foot, several BUILDING LOTS.

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Toronto, April 20, 1843. TO THE CLERGY, UNIVERSITY PROFESSORS, ROBERT HAWKE respectfully informs the Clergy, University Professors and Students, Barristers and others, that he is prepared to make to order CASSOCKS, GOWNS, ROBES, BANDS, &c.

At the shortest notice and in the best style. No. 6, Waterloo Buildings, next door to Stone's Hotel, Toronto, April 20, 1843.

JUST PUBLISHED, Church Society of the Diocese of Toronto, AND FOR SALE AT THE DEPOSITORY, 144, KING STREET, TORONTO,

THE DANGER OF DISSENT: A TRACT.

BY THE REV. W. GRESLEY, M.A. I. That it is not uncharitable to warn Dissenters of their Danger.

II. Reason for believing Dissenters to be in a state of great Danger.

III. Second Reason for believing Dissenters to be in Danger.

IV. Third Reason, for believing Dissenters to be in great Danger.

V. The foregoing Reasons reviewed together.

VI. Objections answered.

VII. Who is the Dissenter's best Friend?

VIII. Concluding Remarks.

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# University of King's College,

THE Professors in the Faculty of Arts will commence their regular Courses of Lectures in Easter Term, 1843.

The first Matriculation of Students will take place on Monday, April 24th, at II o'clock A. M., and the Inaugural Lectures will be delivered on the three following days. These proceedings will be delivered in the Theorem Solowing Solowing to the Public.

The Vice President will receive Candidates for admission at his Chambers, in the former Parliament Buildings, on Wednesdays, at 11 o'clock, A.M., from March 8th to April 19th, and on the two following days, Thursday and Friday, the 20th and 21st, at the same

following days, 1 nursday and Thinay, the second days in the Greek hour.

None will be admitted without a competent knowledge of the Greek and Latin languages, nor under the full age of sixteen years.

Those, who are desirous of attending particular Courses, though not Members of the University, may under certain restrictions, be admitted by Liccuse, on applying to the Vice-President, and conforming to the Regulations regarding Occasional Students.

It is expected, that the School of Medicine will be in full operation in Michaelmas Term, 1843. On the completion of the requisite arrangements, due notice will be given, by public advertisement.

JOHN MCAUL, LL.D., Vice President King's College. King's College, Foronto, January 12th, 1-43.

## BANK OF UPPER CANADA.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the Books of Subscription for the new Stock of the Bank of Upper Canada, as authorized by the Provincial Act 6th Victoria, chapter 27, will be opened on Monday the first day of May next, at the following places, viz:—

Toronto,..., at the Bank of Upper Canada, Kingston..., "Office of the Bank of Upper Canada.

Montreal..., "Agreey of do Toronto,
Kingston
Montreal,
Cornwall
Prescott,
Quebec,
Bytown,
Port Hope Office of the Bank of Upper Canada.
Agency of do do.
Office of Jacob F. Pringle, Esq.
Office of Alpheus Jones, Esq.
Office of J. G. Irvine, Esq.
Agency of the Bank of Upper Canada.
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CONDITIONS.

PROFITABLE INVESTMENT, TO BE DISPOSED OF,

A COUNTRY STORE within eighteen miles of the City of Forento, eligibly situated in a well settled neighbourhood, (yielding a nest Profit of £500 per annum), together with the good will in the business could not meet with a more suitable situation. Apply, if by letter Post-paid, to-MOORE & BROTHER,

EXTENSIVE SALE OF VALUABLE FARM STOCK AND OTHER EFFECTS,

AND OTHER EFFECTS.

THERE will be Sold by Public Auction, at the Farm on Queenston Heights on TUESDAY the 25th of April next, and the following days, th's whole Farm Stock, Farming Implements, and a quantity of Household Furniture, the Property of Dr. Hameron, of Queenston Heights, consisting of 6 powerful Work Horses; b. do. do. Filly; 1 Saddle or Harness Horse; i Pony Mare and her Filly; 14 yer; 1820 perior Cows, and 30 Young Cattle, composed chiefly of therough bred Shart-horned-Durhana, with correct Herd-book Pedigrees, and ignorated Ayrshires, well worthy of attention; Berkshire Pigs; a small flock of good Sheep, principally South Downs; Wag, ons. Carts, Sleigha, Iron Plought (Scotch), Hugsows; Roller, Household Furniture, and whatever else may appear.

Also one thorough-bred Horse and one thorough-bred Mare (the Mare imported by M. S. unmonds of Ancaster's, the property of W. H. Dickson, Esq.

The Sale will commence at Eleven cyclock, and liberal organic with be given on approved security.

The Farm (Two Hundred Acres under cultivation) is to be Let for a term of years.

term of years,

No letters on this subject will be replied to, unless free of postago.

Queenston Heights, 6th March, 1843.

298-51

THE STEAMER GORE, CAPPAIN ROBERT KERR, WILL commence her trips from TORONTO to WELLING. TON SQUARE, (and Hamlyon, should the ice permit), on MONDAY next, at Eight o'clock.

THE STEAMER AMERICA, CAPTAIN HENRY TWOHY,

With commence her trips to ROCHESTER, touching at Port H pa and Cobourg, (weather permitting), on MONDAY next, the 10th instant.

She will, until further pottee, leave Toronto at Seven o'clock in the morning, every Mossar and Thunsday; and leave Rochester Landing every Wednesday and Saforday morning, at Eigur o'clock. Hamilton and Rochester Steamboat Office,
Toronto, 5th April, 1843.

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THE CANADIAN LAW COURTS, BEING A POEM,

DESCRIBING the several Courts of Law and Equity, which have been erected from time to time in the Canadas; with copiona notes explanatory and historical, and an Appendix of much useful Itur in antiquam Sylvam, stabula alta ferarum Procumbunt picene: sonat icta securibus ilex, Fraxineaque trabes: cuneis et fisaile robur scinditur: advolvunt ingentes montibus ornos.— Firgila.

Price 6s. 3d. bound in cloth,
H. & W. ROWSELL

Toronto, March 29, 1843. JUST PUBLISHED, THE ANNUAL DIGEST of Cases decided in the Queen's Bench and Practice Courts during the year 1842. By John Hillyard Cameron, Esq., Barrister-at-Law.
For sale, price 2s. 6d., by the Publishers,
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THE SECOND EDITION OF THE PROVINCIAL JUSTICE,

MAGISTRATE'S MANUAL, BY W. C. KEELE, ESQ. ATTORNEY AT LAW, &c. is now in the press. AND WILL BE SHORTLY PUBLISHED, AT "THE CHURCH" PRINTING OFFICE, TORONTO.

COMPRISING the whole of the new Criminal Law, and a variety of other useful and necessary matter, with numerous forms for ne guidance of JUSTICES OF THE PEACE. The work full bound will be delivered to subscribers (anly) at £1 5s. orders (post paid) received by Messrs. H. & W. Rowsell, Church Printing Office, Toronto, where a Subscription-list has been opened. Editors of the following papers inserting the above weekly, with the notice of publication when issued, will be presented with a full

the notice of publication when issued, will be presented with a full-bound copy of the work. Quebec Mercury, Montreal-Herald, Kingston Chreniele and British Whig, Cobourg Star, Toronto Patriot, Colonist, and Herald, Hamil-ton Gazatp, Niagara Chronicle, London Herald, Toronto, 30th March, 1843. THE EVERY BOY'S BOOK, BEING A DIGEST OF THE

piled and arranged for the use of Schools and private families, by JOHN GEORGE BRIDGES. PRICE, 28. 64. The above Work is now, ready, and the Subscribers to it are respectfully informed that it can be had, on application at the Store of H. & W. Rowsell, Booksellers, Stationers, and Printers, No. 163, 2904.

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SCHOOL BOOKS. H. & W. ROWSELL have constantly on hand a large assort-ment of SCHOOL BOOKS, of the LATEST and most ap-proved ENGLISH EDITIONS, including all those in use at UPPER CANADA COLLEGE,

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Levizac's French Grammar
Le Tellier's Cacographie
" et Cacologie
" French Grammar
Voltaire's Henriado Mebrew,

Gibb's Hebrew Lexicon Frey's Hebrew Grammar Bythner's Lyra Prophetica Hebrew Psalter. German, Follen's German Reader Grammar German Lexicon German Dramas (To be continued.) H; & W, ROWSELL, Toronto, April 12, 1848.

TO LET. The Premises No. 2, Waterloo Buildings, KING STREET TORONTO, AT PRESENT OCCUPIED BY M. & W. ROWSELL, THEY BEING REMOVING TO No. 163, KING STREET,

THE Premises are large and commodious, with good yard, (in which is a Well.) Coach house, Stable, back Store house, &e, &e. There is a good Cellar, the full size of the Store, and also an excellent Brick-yaulted Cellar in addition, rendering the Premises well adapted for a Grocery or Wholesale Store. Apply on the Premises. Possession can be given as early as may be desired. POST OFFICE NOTICE. A MAIL FOR ENGLAND will be closed at this Office on the

Via Boston, on Sunday, the 23rd April, at 6 o'clock, p. M. Post Office, Toronto, February 27, 1843. BERCZY, P. M. BIRTHS.

At Kingston, on the 9th instant, Mrs. T. Bitton, of a daughter. At Kingston, on the 12th instant, Mrs. John Waudby, of a son, MARRIED.

In this city, on the 11th instant, by the Rey, H. J. Grasett, Me, Stephen Markwell, of Etobicoke, to Miss Martha Laskey, of this On the 12th instant, by the same, Mr. Abner Reed, to Miss Bethy On the 12th instant, by the same, Mr. Abnes Reed, to Miss Blethy Mathamer, both of this city.

On the 13th instant, by the same, Mr. John Langley Stevenson, to Miss Ellen Sparks, both of this city.

On the same day, by the same, Mr. Joseph Heggan, to Miss Mary Anne Murphy, both of Chingaecusy.

On the 15th instant, by the same, Mr. William Lord Box, to Miss Harriet Ruck, both of Streetsville,
On the 16th instant, by the same, Mr. Isniah Jackson, to Miss Rachel Nelson, both of this city,
On the 18th instant, by the same, Mr. Abraham Elsworth, of Thornhill, to Mrs. Margaret Sullivan, of this city.
On the 13th instant, by the Rev. W. McMurray, Mr. John Suthersland, of Aneaster, to Miss Mary Ann Taylor, of Dundas.
On the 28th ulk, by the Rov. M. Harris, Rector of Perth, Mr. Thomas Wilson, to Miss Anne Beckett, both of Elmsley.
On the 8th instant, by the same, Mr. Abraham Jackson, of Druwland, of Ancaster, to Miss and y Ann. I all on the 18th ult., by the Roy. M. Harris, Rector of Ferth, Mr. On the 28th ult., by the Roy. M. Harris, Rector of Ferth, Mr. On the 6th instant, by the same, Mr. Abraham Jackson, of Drungmond, to Miss Catherine Halfpenny, of Lanark.

At Bytown, on the 11th instant, by the Rev. S. S. Strong, Mr. Heath, of the township of Clarendon, to Miss Maria Catharing

DIED. At the Rectory, on Tnesday, the 11th instant, Mary Eleanor, eldest daughter of the Rev. William Bettridge, B.D., rector of Woodstock, aged 17 years.

At Dundas, on the 18th instant, George Clement Rolph, eldest son of George Rolph, Esq., aged 5 years and 3 months.

At Kingston, Joseph Farnden, Esq., staff surgeon of the first class, in the 54th year of his age, long known and highly respected in this Province. class, in the Sath Year of his 189, tong another his highly respective in this Province,
In this city, on Monday evening, the 17th instant, after a brief but severe illness, Mr. William Lessile, son of the late Mr. Edward, Lessile, of Dundee, Scotland, and one of the firm of Lessile Brothers, Torauto. As a man of business, he was upright and honourable in all his dealings; and, as a husband and brother, beloved and respected. His premature decease is sincerely largented by his numerous friends; whist the sorrow of his bereaved widow must