

BOOKS RECEIVED FOR REVIEW.

Ashton, on Diseases of the Rectum. London: John Churchill. From the Author.

Gross on the Urinary Organs. Second Edition, revised and much enlarged.

Ashwell on Diseases of Women. Third American, from third and revised London Edition.

Tyler Smith on Leucorrhœa. From Messrs. Blanchard and Lea Philadelphia.

Gilb on the Pathology of Saccharine Assimilation. From the Author.

Purple on Statistics of Injuries of the Heart. From the Author.

MEDICAL NEWS.

Sir John Liddle has been appointed Director General of the Navy Medical Department.—Sir Wm. Burnett has been granted a pension of £1,000 per annum, and the Lords of the Treasury in granting it, also conveyed their "high sense of his long, faithful and distinguished services."—Dr. John Cooper, of Glasgow, died suddenly, May 11th. He had been the Senior Surgeon of the Glasgow Royal Infirmary, and since the year 1833, was Regius Professor of Materia Medica in the University of Glasgow. He died at the age of 60.—During the past winter 18,200 students and matriculated in the 28 Universities of Germany of these 2,711 were strangers.—Prof. Horace Greene, has resigned his chair of Theory and Practice of Medicine in the New York Medical College, and Dr. H. G. Cox, is elected his successor.—Dr. James Bryan has succeeded to the chair of Surgery in the Philadelphia Medical College.—Crosby Street Medical College is to be moved into a new building, the expected cost of which computed at \$80,000. It will have a commanding position at the junction of two great thoroughfares, and be in the immediate vicinity of Bellevue Hospital, and be another ornament to New York.—The chairs of Physiology and Pathology, and of Materia Medica and Therapeutics are now vacant in Rush Medical College, applications are to be made to Dr. Bramant, President at Chicago.—The Legislature of Michigan recently recommended to the Regents of the University, the appointment of an Homœopathist as a teacher, but the matter has been dropped, as the Faculty properly stated they would in that event resign in a body.—In 1849, the rates of mortality were in New York 1 to 21.9; Philadelphia 1 to 12.3; Baltimore 1 to 36.5; Boston 1 to 36.2.—Two American Surgeons in the Russian Service have lately died in the Crimea, one Dr. Isaac Draper, junr, at Sebastopol, the other Dr. C. S. King, at Kertch.—Five Surgeons of the French Crimean Army have received the cross of the Legion of Honor.—Typhus has carried off 2 Surgeons of the First French Division before Sebastopol, and 2 others who were severely attacked are fast recovering.—In one week (3rd in May of this year,) there died in London 1,143 persons; of these 159 were from Consumption, of whom 27 were less than 20 years old, 77 between 20 and 40 years, 14 were 40 and 60, and 11 were above that age and under 80.—11 cases of confluent Small Pox were fatal between the 13th and 19th May at the Small Pox Hospital, London.—A large number of the Medical Department of British Army have received "Crimean Medals," a few of the Surgeons and Assistants of the Royal Navy have also been similarly honored.—A company of medical students and others in St. Louis, recently examined the body of a person who had died of small pox and dissected it: 20 of these engaged in the affair are now suffering from the disease caught from the corpse in the most virulent form.—The French Hospital at Therapia being in want of dressers, nurses, and assistant surgeons, the Sultan has placed 29 pupils of the Turkish Medical School at the disposition of the French Medical officers.—During the 12 years of its operation, the state Lunatic Asylum has conferred its benefits on 4,313 patients, of these 1,784 have been discharged recovered, and at the close of the last year 450 remained.—During the year 1854, no fewer than 73,637 persons died in London, out of a population of 2 million and a half.—The inner bark of the Eucalyptus commonly called stringy bark, a native of Australia is said to be peculiarly adapted for Surgeon's splints.