

The Count, Council's estimates for the present year amount to \$31,240.

Sir Philip Miller, the great English horticulturist, writing in 1740, says: "The best method to have Cabbages good is to procure fresh seed from abroad every year, for it is apt to degenerate in England in a few years." The above is a simple illustration of the fact that the best seed will rapidly degenerate under unfavorable conditions. The wise will take heed, therefore, and buy their seeds of D. M. Ferry & Co. Windsor, Ontario, whose world wide reputation as the best and most reliable, as well as the most extensive seed growers and dealers, is due to the fact that they take advantage of every circumstance of climate, soil, methods of culture, selection of seed-plants, etc., to procure the best possible seeds and keep them up to that high standard. Send your name to the firm's address, and you will receive a copy of their Seed Annual for 1891 free.

It is proposed to place a first-class steel truss span and draw bridge over the Annapolis River at Canville Ferry. This bridge will be about 1,300 feet from shore to shore at high water mark, or 800 feet at low water. The main channel of the river is 45 feet deep at low water, which will be spanned by a steel truss of 400 feet. The stone piers on which this rests will be in 25 feet of water at lowest tide. The draw will be the largest of any in the Dominion, or in fact in America, two openings of 80 feet width, each with 22 feet of water at lowest tide, with an extensive moving pier. This draw will be nearly in the centre of the river, and where there is only two knots of tide at half tide, with a counter current on the inshore side, and will admit of ocean steamers of over 3,000 tons passing up the river into French Bay. As the Annapolis River above the town of Annapolis is not navigable about four months of the year, the draw will not be required to be open during that time, and only for the up river traffic by sail and steam (which is very limited,) during about eight months of this year.

Sunday's storm damaged the telegraph wires all over the country considerably.

Kalakaua, king of the Hawaiian Islands, died at the Palace Hotel, San Francisco, at 2.30 o'clock on Tuesday.

Mr. George Bancroft, the venerable historian, died at his home in Washington on Saturday last. He was 90 years of age and had only been ill for two days.

The San Francisco owners of sealing vessels are making preparations for the coming season. A new departure will be the introduction of steam launches in the business, two of which will be carried by each schooner.

The United States Senate has adopted the Stewart free coinage amendment. The vote was, yeas 42; nays 30. It also struck out the fourth section of the Financial bill providing for the issue of two hundred million of two per cent bonds. The first section of the Financial bill for the purchase of 12,000,000 ounces of silver at the market price was struck out without a division.

The United States Indian war is apparently over. The hostiles have submitted to the inevitable, but they first held a conference with General Miles and sent a delegation of chiefs to Washington to see the President. The Indians expect the Government to keep its word and treat them better in future. They have given up their arms and returned to the agency. Several thousand pounds of flour, tea and coffee have been distributed.

The late Prof. Schlieman bequeathed to the Emperor William some valuable ancient jewellery.

The Court of Cassation, Paris, has rejected the appeal of Michael Eyraud, the murderer of Gouffe, who is condemned to die by the guillotine.

The earthquake in Algeria reported on the 15th inst. destroyed the towns of Gowraga and Villeborg and 40 persons were killed by falling walls.

Dr. Koch has disclosed the secret of the manufacture of his lymph. It is still looked upon with great suspicion in many quarters, especially in France. Time will tell in this case, as in many others.

The Porte is about to strengthen the Turkish army in Tripoli by the addition of 5,000 troops. The Porte will regard any attempt on the part of Italy to interfere in the affairs of that province as a *casus belli*.

Dr. Zoller, of Paris, has just recovered from an illness of three weeks, which he attributes to the injection of the Koch lymph. The doctor used the lymph upon himself as an experiment. He has no recollection of anything that occurred in the early days of his illness.

The revolution in Chili was at first denied, but that there is a pretty formidable disturbance is now evident. It appears that a portion of the fleet has revolted. British men-of-war are on the way to reinforce the British vessels already there and protect the lives of British subjects.

The suffering in Europe from the long continued cold is terrible. Fires have been lighted in the streets of Paris where the poor can warm themselves. Another snow storm is reported from Italy. In Great Britain people have been frozen to death. The inhabitants of the town of Libdon, in the Province of Aran in Algiers, are snowed up and perishing of starvation. An attempt to send succor failed.

Irish affairs have somewhat quieted down. Mr. Parnell has returned to Ireland. Dillon, O'Brien and Gill are in Paris. Timothy Healey and Arthur O'Connor addressed a meeting in Mostrim, Longford County, on Sunday. The platform collapsed but no one was injured. Mr. Parnell has been speaking at Cork and Tralee, and said that if Mr. Gladstone had the courage to make a big instead of a little Home Rule Bill, he (Parnell) would look forward to his own retirement with confidence, knowing well that Ireland would no longer need his leadership.

At a meeting of prominent citizens of Liverpool, £2,000 was raised to swell the Zetland Balfour fund for the relief of the suffering poor of Ireland. This action on the part gentlemen referred to has caused considerable indignation among the almost starving and entirely fundless workmen of this city. Mr. Gladstone has subscribed \$250 to the Zetland-Balfour fund.

A despatch from Tobolsk says that the terrible scourge known as "black death" has reached the city of Tobolsk, the capital of West Siberia. The whole of Asiatic Russia, from Samarkand to the mouth of the Obi, is suffering from the scourge. Thousands are dying at Obdorsk, near the mouth of the Obi, owing to the lack of physicians. It seems almost hopeless to try and check the spread of the fearful disease.

The Times announces that the authorities of the British Museum have discovered among a collection of papyrus rolls acquired recently in Egypt, the text of Aristotle's treatise on the Constitution of Athens, from which numerous writers of antiquity quoted, but which has hitherto been known only in detached fragments. This may now be seen at the British Museum, where fac similes of it are being prepared. The opening chapter is missing and the concluding chapter is mutilated, but otherwise the manuscript is in perfect condition. There is little doubt of the genuineness of the manuscript, because nothing was known of the contents of the papyrus roll when purchased.

CHILDREN

Are always liable to sudden and severe colds, to croup, sore throat, lung fever, etc. Remedies, to be effective, must be administered without delay. Nothing is better adapted for such emergencies than Ayer's Cherry Pectoral. It soothes the inflamed membrane, promotes expectoration, relieves coughing, and induces sleep. The prompt use of this medicine has saved innumerable lives, both of young and old.

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Strangling.

had nearly ceased to breathe. Realizing the child's alarming condition had been possible in spite of the medicine it had been given, I reasoned that such remedies would be of no avail. Having a part of a bottle of Ayer's Cherry Pectoral in the house, I gave the child three doses, at short intervals, and with good results. From the moment the first dose was given, the child's breathing grew easier, and in a short time it was sleeping peacefully and breathing naturally. The child is alive and well to-day, and I do not hesitate to say that Ayer's Cherry Pectoral saved its life. - C. J. Woolbridge, Wortham, Texas.

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