## the child den of jerusalem.

by amblia b. bark.

0OFTEN think how tho children's hoarts
Would burn with an angry flame, As throngh the streets of Jerusalem The bleeding Saviour came
The lad who gavo him the barley loaves Under the evening skies,
Ahd folt the twach of the Savivurs hand,
The thrill of the Saviour's eyes
The child ho had lifted in his arms, Who had leaned upon his breast; The latile children of every noine Oh ' the men he loved, the guest. Oh' the men he loved, the mon he gased, In terror kept far apart.
But Imsure that many a little child Had an aching, breakiag beart

And when they heard he had risen again, Would they not watch and wait
For tho coming of thoso pierced feet From the darning hour till latel And though, to the doubting and the cold, The risen lord was dim,
Can we doubt that many a loving child
Had a token sweet from him 1

## OUR P耳RIODIGAEB,




## fleasant 看unts:

A PAPEE FOR OUR TOUNG FOLES
Rey. W. H. WITHROH, D.D., Editor.
TORONTO, FEBRCARY 21, 1885.

## THANKSGIVING.

dHE Editor of this paper desires to offer devout thanksgiving to God for signsl bleasings conferred upon himself and family daring a serious visitation of sickness. Out of a household of eight persons six were at one time prostrate with typhoid fever; and though lying in adjacentrooms were for weeks unable to see one another. But, through the good providence of God, they have all been protected in the hour of danger, and are in a fair wray of gradual recovery. The writer desires to acknowledge with gratitude the many tokens of sympathy received, and especially the kind services of the Rov. W. S. Blackstock, by which the Sundayschool papers were all got out on time. Of the rich and gracious spiritual blessings of this affiction the writec has not now strength to write, but they are engraved in his heart forever.

OrT West the cellar is the place to go in time of a cyclone, and when a man has a harrel of cidor in the cellar, it is surprising how many times a day he thinks thero's a cyclone coming.

## oanadian s. s. Papers.

"TurS. S. papers, oditod by W. H. Withrow, D.D., of Toronto, and publighed by Rev. Wm. Briggs, of that city, have within a fow years attained a circulation almost phenomenal. Tboy aro wonderfully cheap. Home and School, an eight-pago somi-monthly, costs 30 cents or 22 cents, according to the number of copies taken, and Pleasant Hoons is the bame size and price, boing issued so that it arr vee at alternate furtnights with Mvome and Schooi. These publications are thoroughly Canadian and should by al means be preferred to similar periodi cals printed across the border in which George Washington and Abraham Lincoln are the contral figures." Halifax Mfail.

Tere Editor of the S. S. papers and Magazine regrets to say that, through illness, he was unable to press the interests of those pericdicals, as has been his custom at this time of the year. He is glad to learn, however, that subscriptions are coming in, in even moro than usual numbers. The best tonic that can aid his recovery will be a largely increased circulation of those periedicals.

The February number of the Meth. odzst Magazine contains a portrait and life sketoh of Dr. Rico, ard sketches of Dr. Oarroll and others recently deceased ; also, illustrated articles on "The Cauadians on the Nile," "The Alps and their Avalanches," "The Cruise of the Challenger," including visits to Bermuda and Halifax, with numerous engravings; also, a striking chapter of our Serial Story of Outpost Methodism in Nowfoundland, with other articles of connexional interest.

Dr. Curry, in the Methodis. Review, the leading organ of American Methodism, says: "The October and No vember numbers of the Canadian Methodist Jfagazine increase our respect for this excellent religious family magazine. Its papera on travel, education, mission work, and religion, are excellently well adapted to increase intelligence, inspire devotion, and quicken religious activity. It is a singular fact that no religious periodical of this class seems to succeed this side of the Dominion line."

## FALDE OF A SINGLE SOUL

wwas but a fer weeks ago that I visited the Tower of London. We were shown through its various rooms, and called to examine the various mementoes of bygone ages that are there preserved, and, as we were passing out, the guide asked us if we would like to visit the jewel$t \mathrm{~m}$. We told him yes, and were conducted thither. There wo saw the crown with which Queen VictoriaGod bless her !-was crowned. We E2W all the royal plate, and, with Yankee inquisitiveness, we asked the person in attendance what the present valne of those jewels and that plate was. He replied, $\mathfrak{L} 4,000,000$ storling in gold. The next day, in company rith two beloved ministers, I visited achools for ragged children, where were gathered one thouband three hundred children from the worst dens in London; and as I stood at the desk of the


A Polymesian Idol.
principal, there sat before mo a little girl-ahe may have been thirteen years of age-bare-footed, bare-headed. uncombed hair and unwashed face, and, as I lookod down into her bright eyes, and thought of the jowels in Queen Victoria's crown, I said to myself, "That littlegirl is the possessor of that which is of more value than all the crown jewels of England," for I saw in those eyes a gleam that told me she had faith in Jesur, and that shall remain when all else has passed away from earth.-George II. Stuart

From Wealth to Poverty. By the Rev. Austin Potter. (Turonto. William Briggs.)
We have been too ill to write a notice of this stirring book, but we heartily endorse the following from the Canada Presbylerian: As the full title, "From Wealth to Poverty; or, the Thicks of the Traffic, a Story of the Drink Onrse" indicates, this is what is usually called a temperance tale. It is, how. over, no ordinary one. Its author is in downight earnest in seeling the banishment of the drink plague from among men. The book is a fervent and powerful plea in behalf of tomperance. Thare is no half-heartedness or a shadow of suspicion about it. There is nothing overdrawn or exaggerated in this excellently-written story. It is strong and vigorous in sentiment and clear in style. Its publication is most opportune. Adrocates of the Scott Act will find their zeal intensified by reading the book. Though it is admirably fitted for the present time, it is worthy of a permanent place in temperance literature. It is another illustration of the adage, for it rests on, a broad basis of fact, that truth is, stranger than fiction. Both from its intringio merit and the cauze it 18 derigned to promote we cordially wish it a wide circalation.

## A POLYNESLAN IDOL.



HE wholo of the inhabitants of the Polynesian Archipelago, in the Southern Pacific, were, at the beginning of the present century, idolaters. The vast proportion of them are now Christians. Never, even in the dayb of the apostles, nor when the Roman Empire was converted to Christianity, have the triumphs of the Gospel been so marked and so glarious. In the Fiji islands, where only a fer years ago the inhabitants were the most degraded cannibals on the face of the earth, there are now 900 Wesleyan chapels, 240 other preaching places, 54 native preachers, 1,405 local preach ers, 2,200 class leaders, and 106,000 attendants on Methodist worship out of a population of 720,000 , and this is very largely the result of the labours of the late missionary, John Hunt, a Lincolnshire plough boy, who grerr up to man's estate with no education, and died at the early age of 36. Yet in trelve short years he became the apostle of Fiji, and brought nearly the whole nation to God.
The picture shows the character of some of the hideous idols, which the South Sea heathen in their blindness used to worship. But, thank God, they are casting thair idols to the moles and to the bats, and turning to the living and true God! Many churches now have their missionaries among the heathen, whose labours have been gloriously blessed. We hope that every school and every scholar in Canada will have a part in the grand work of sending the Gospel to the beathen.

Shall we whose lamps are lighted
With wisdom from on high,
Shall wo to men benighted
The light of hfe deng ?
Waft, waft, ge minds, his otory:
And yon, ge mators roll!
Till lizo a sea of glory,
It spreads from pole to pole.'

