The Weekly Monitor.

BRIDGETOWN, SEPTEMBER 5, 1877.

The fruit crop, which in this County is, by far, the most remunerative one; this year we fear will fall far below the average. While almost every other crop is most prolific in its yield, our apple orchards are but meagrely supplied with fruit. This, as our readers are aware, means a large reduction in the most important article of export in our county. In good seasons our farmers realize from two hundred to twelve hundred dollars from the products of their orchards, and the realization of this sum calls for the expenditure of but little capital, and a small amount of labor compared with the large receipts. Perhaps, in some respects, the wonderful fruit-bearing properties of the soil in our valley have been an injury to our farmers. Realizing fully the zealous character of the soil in this respect, and ambitious only for a competency, our yeomanry, in too many instances, have failed to give that consideration and attention to other crops, the production of which is calculated to do nearly as much, if not more in aiding the development of our country. Living in comparative ease and affluence, and from the very nature of their occupation being called upon to expend but little in cash in the prosecution of their business, they give but small attention indeed to the development of the natural resources of the Country. In years gone by the farmers in our valley raised nearly enough wheat to bread themselves—to-day scarcely a farmer raises an acre of wheat. Between the basin of Minas at the East, and the Annapolis Basin at the West, there lies one of the richest agricultural districts in the Dominion. Adapted to the growth and culture of all kinds of fruit known to flourish in temperate regions, the district above named has become the most productive one for its area in the Dominion of Canada. Besides its productiveness in fruit, the soil in this section is admirably adapted to the growth of all the hardiest grains. Yet with all these natural advantage—a soil capable of producing in the most abundant quantities, with the easiest and readiest means of transportation—this section of country supports only about one-fourth the population it is capable of supporting. Between these two points we have barely forty thousand inhabitants, while the marvellous productiveness of the soil coupled with the natural advantages of the country is capable of supporting, at least, two hundred thousand inhabitants. The cultivated land in the valley is but a mere speck compared with the quantity lying in a wilderness condition. Tourists and others viewing the valley from the summit of other mountain cannot fail to observe that the cultivated farms are but a speck compared with the vast extent of wilderness land, by which they are surrounded. We attribute this circumstance to the fact—that nature has lavished her choicest gifts to such an extent upon this valley as to render the population partially, if not entirely, indifferent to the development of the County. No class of men live so securely and enjoy such a degree of independence as our intelligent and well-to-do farmers. But we are of the opinion that there are higher claims resting upon this favored class. We incline to the opinion that they are called upon to develop the broad acres of which they are the possessors, to their utmost capacity, and by their energy and toil render the country capable of supporting a population equal to that which, by her natural advantages, and the fertility of her soil, she is destined to support. Apart from sectional prejudices we have an end to accomplish. Let us by all means in our power strive to the attainment of this, and by the exercise of the powers placed within our grasp so develop the resources of our county that we may bring her up to an equal footing with other sections of the Dominion that she may enjoy the benefits accuring to the wealthiest and most populous sections of the vast confederation of which we form a part. If we developed our country as we might we would have a perfect garden, extending for a distance of ninety miles, with a population of not less than two hundred thousand souls, each of whom will live in greater ease and comfort than the small population now spread over the entire district.

— A third satellite for the planet Mars has been discovered.

— One of the moons of Mars just discovered is said to be only nine miles in circumference.

— James V. Gavaza, Esq., of Annapolis, has been appointed a Justice of the Peace for this county.

THE POTATO ROT.—The wet weather of the past ten days has caused the potato rot to show itself in several places in the vicinity, and we learn that it is quite bad in the neighborhood of Port Williams on the Bay Shore.

TEA-MEETING.—By reference to our advertising columns our readers will perceive that a social gathering and tea-meeting is to be held at Paradise, in the basement of the new Baptist Church, on Tuesday, September the 11th. Should the weather prove stormy, it will take place the first fine day afterwards.

MR. H B. UPTON, Pianoforte and organ tuner from McCARTHY & COOK'S Establishment, St. John, N. B., will be in Bridgetown this week. Orders left at this Office, the Post Office or at A. M. Chute's will be promptly attended to.

PICNIC.—The Odd Fellows intend holding a picnic at Granville Ferry on the 18th of this month. The proceeds are to be appropriated to the furnishing of their lodge room.

—Flour has declined $1.50 within the past month, and is still going down. The immense wheat crop now being harvested throughout the United States and Canada, will, no doubt, give us a still greater reduction in bread stuffs.

SUICIDE.—About two o'clock on Sunday afternoon last, an old man named Silas Grant, living at Port Williams, committed suicide by hanging himself to a beam in his own house. Before doing so he spent part of the day in writing to his wife, who was at her brother's, attending on his child sick with diphtheria. There seems to have been some domestic trouble about the disposal of some sheep.

Correspondence.

We do not hold ourselves responsible for the opinion of our correspondents.

BOSTON AND VICINITY.

MESSRS. EDITORS,—

During the present Summer I spent five weeks and four days in the city of Boston, and in rambling among the suburban towns and villages. My eyes were wide open while there, and saw much that was deeply interesting to myself; and I have thought that brief pen and ink sketches of some things that come under my observation, might be also interesting to your readers. If you think so, too, it is my purpose to give them through the *Monitor*.

Yours truly,
A TOURIST.

PRELIMINARY.

(No. I.)

My readers already know that Boston is the commercial emporium of New England and the intellectual metropolis (so to speak) of this continent. Everybody who is acquainted with the surface of Massachusetts, knows that for the most part the soil is rough, stony, sterile, and not an inviting field for agricultural enterprize. Its settlement by the Puritans in the early part of the seventeenth century—the landing of the pilgrims on Plymouth rock during the frosty rigors of a fearfully stern Winter—their privations, their conflicts with the savage aborigines—their struggles for the commonest necessaries of life—their heroic perseverance in building up a colony on a rude, rocky shore, with a "waste, howling wilderness" in the rear—all these things are matters of history with which school-boys are familiar. It is now a source of marvel that under such discouraging circumstances, and on such a rugged and niggardly soil, they should have grown and prospered as they did prior to the events that led to their disintegration from the British Empire a century ago. If in agricultural pursuits other American colonies and States have far outstripped Massachusetts, she has transcended them all in the establishment of factories—in popular intelligence—in educational institutions, and in rearing very many massive-minded men that have won for themselves a world-wide reputation in statesmanship, literature science and philosophy. There was a brilliant constellation of men distinguished for exalted intellect and administrative energy in Massachusetts about the time that trans-Atlantic taxation aggravated the "thirteen colonies" into resistance and open revolt. Conspicious among these was Benjamin Franklin whose philosophic genius successfully explored a new field in an interesting department of science, which has contributed largely to utilitarian purposes at the present day. Cotemporary with him were Adams, Warren and others, with whose burning eloquence the walls of old Fanuel Hall (still standing) resounded. Since then what a multitude in Massachusetts have become illustrious in various departments of intellectual activity. Everett, Channing, Emerson, Hawthorne, Holmes and several others are among the intellectual lights of the present century. Without adverting to the advances which Massachusetts has made in manufactures and in railways, I may mention that her inland and foreign commerce have tended to make Boston the great and growing commercial emporium that she is to-day. Nova Scotia indirectly—I may *say directly*—is vitally interested in the prosperity of that city. During the halcyon years of Reciprocity we had a great and profitable trade with Boston; and it is just possible pay, *certain*, that at no remote period fiscal restrictions will be so lessened and modified that our trade relations with the United States will be on a desirable footing; and then that city, as in former years, will afford a profitable mart for the surplus products of Nova Scotia. Every thinking man of ordinary information is not ignorant of the fact that the present hostile tariffs are injurious to the interests of both the United States and the Dominion. Politicians for party purposes may advocate the policy of protection, which simply means the taxing of *everybody* to foster *special* and *personal* interest. More enlarged and liberal views as respects the interchange of commodities between ourselves and our republican neighbors, are being held on both sides of the border line; and clear-headed statesmen both at Ottawa and Washington are contemplating a great "coming down" in trade restrictions. When in Boston I had the opportunity of conversing freely with intelligent men—both politicians and merchants; and all classes admitted the desirableness of free trade—the policy of mutual commercial intercourse untrammelled by antagonistic tariffs.

My purpose, however, just now is not to discuss questions of public policy, but to describe what I saw and heard; and if possible to impart to your readers a general view of the impressions made upon my own mind in rambling about Boston and its vicinity. There the antiquities, public buildings—the crowded thoroughfares—the hurrying to and fro on railways, cannot fail to attract the notice of strangers. Everywhere there are indications of wealth and a high state of civilization; but if I had all the wealth of Boston's richest millionaire, I would not, I may say, expend it there, but would prefer a life residence in our beautiful Annapolis valley.

A TOURIST.

☞ A Liverpool, Queens, colored man, whose boy died recently, claims that he was stoned by two white boys, and died from the injuries received.

THE MURDERS IN NEWFOUNDLAND

THE MURDERERS OF CAPTAIN RIDOUT AND HIS CREW ARRESTED.

From the North Sydney Herald.]

Last year information respecting the loss of Capt. Ridout's vessel, and subsequent murder of himself and his crew, appeared in the *North Sydney Herald*. A gentleman who arrived here a few days ago from Newfoundland has kindly given the following respecting the murders and arrest of some of the parties by H. M. S. Eclipse:—

"Capt. Ridout was wrecked in 1874 somewhere in the vicinity of Bonne Bay, but managed to escape with his crew to land, and build a tent near a tilt occupied by an old hunter known as "Jacko." They were visited by a man named Benoit, not "Ben Waugh" as then stated, with several of his brothers, and an agreement was then made that Benoit should pilot the ship-wrecked crew overland to St. Georges Bay or Channel. While on the journey the captain and his crew were foully murdered for the sake of plunder, Captain Ridout having two hundred pounds in cash in his possession. Fearing that the man "Jacko" would inform as he knew they had departed under their guidance, they the Benoits attempted to bribe him to keep silence on the subject, but "Jacko" was afterwards, prostrated by illness, and believing that his end was approaching he sent for some neighbors and made a clean breast of the horrible secret to some of them.

Last month, from further information received, H. M. S. Eclipse visited the locality and succeeded in bringing off a woman, daughter of one of the Benoits to the ship, where after clothing her, she being in a state of nudity, she related the following:

Her father, with whom she lived as his wife, and had children by him, he having forced her to accede to his brutal lust, accompanied by three other men, his brothers, undertook to conduct Capt. Ridout and his crew to some settlement from whence they might reach their respective homes, and on the way being tempted by the money which they knew Capt. Ridout had on him, they determined to murder him and his crew in order to get possession of it. On their journey they halted to kindle a fire and obtain some rest, and while three of the crew were stooping together endeavoring to procure a light, the father fired at them, and either killed the whole of them at once or wounded and despatched them afterwards as they lay, writhing on the ground. The remaining three, on seeing this horrible act, attempted to escape to the woods by crossing a pond on the new-made ice, but the ice not being sufficiently strong to bear their weight they fell in, and while struggling in the water were shot by these inhuman monsters. After disposing of the bodies of the unfortunate men who were killed on the land by throwing them in the pond, they proceeded to share the plunder.

On hearing this statement Capt. Erksine immediately laid his plans for apprehending the murderers and bringing them to justice, but as they were known to be desperate and slippery customers, a great deal of tact was needed for the success of their object. After some time they succeeded in arresting three of the brothers and placing them in safe keeping on board, but all their efforts proved unavailing in the attempt to take the woman's father, who, it is presumed, had some misgivings and escaped into the interior, where he has a safe biding place for the present. After visiting some neighboring settlements, and placing men in each for the apprehension of the missing murderer, Capt. Erksine proceeded to Channel, where two of the murderers were transferred to the jail at that place, and the woman properly cared for and retained as a witness, after which, keeping the third on board the Eclipse to enable him to trace the missing one to his haunts, Capt. Erksine sailed again for the locality of the murder, and probably ere now has succeeded in arresting the fiend in human shape.

The trial will be one of thrilling interest, as there have been rumors of wholesale butchery of shipwrecked crews in that locality by this gang for the last ten years.

That such atrocities as the above should take place in Newfoundland, where the inhabitants are noted for hospitality and kindness, is at first surprising, but when we reflect that that part of the island is under no law whatever and that many of its inhabitants earn their livelihood by rapine and plunder, the surprise will naturally give way to indignation that such a state of things should be permitted in a civilized country in the 19th century.

A DREADFUL OCCURRENCE.

On the 26th of May the house of a man named Peter Brawen at Bellambi New South Wales was burned down during the night, and in the morning it was found that the man and two of his children aged 11 and 13 years had perished in the flames. Within a few yards of the smouldering ruins there was also a dog with his head nearly chopped off, evidentaly by an axe lying beside him besmeared with blood. A slate was found near the burned house, with the following written thereon in the handwriting of Brawen.—"25th May. I cannot live any longer. During the last ten years I have wished a thousand times I had never been born. I love my little children too well to leave them to be tortured by their brutal mother—that dirty, drunken, selfish and unfeeling savage. I bequeath her to Satan and curse her with my last breath, and rejoice at the near approach of my end."

☞ Intelligence from Perth, Western Australia, has been received of the extraordinary disappearance of two islands—the Barker islands—and their inhabitants. It appears that Capt. Fisher a Tasmanian capitalist, purchased from the West Australian government the right to remove guano from two islands on the coast described in the chart and known as the Barker Islands, and situated in latitude 14° south, longitude 125° east. Captain Fisher despatched three vessels in May, with laborers and appliances for shipping the guano, but when the vessels arrived at the place where the islands were known to be, there was nothing to be seen but water. The islands had disappeared entirely, how and when is at present a mystery. It was generally supposed that Australia lay out of the line of active volcanic agency, so that the phenomenon is all the more remarkable.

☞ A clerk in the St. John post office named Clerke has been arrested for stealing letters containing money. Thieving has been practised for some time; and on Clerke being suspected a trap was laid, with the above result. His principal mode was to steal letters addressed to women, as working men are in the habit of sending money to their wives through the post.—*Reporter.*

☞ Three locomotives have been ordered to be built at Kingston, Ontario, for the Intercolonial Railway.

FIRE AT WEYMOUTH.—A despatch to the Morning Chronicle of the 3rd inst. has the following:

A fire broke out about three o'clock this morning in the store of John W. Lovitt, at Weymouth bridge, totally consuming the store and its contents, consisting of dry goods, groceries, &c. The store adjoining kept by Henry Oakes, was also consumed. most of the goods were saved.

A barn at the rear of Oakes' store was consumed. The three buildings were owned by Mrs. Tooker. The fire is supposed to be the work of an incendiary.

☞ In Norway eagles destroy oxen by the following contrivance; They dive into the sea, and then roll themselves in the sand, and afterward, by flapping their wings and shaking their feathers into the eyes of an ox, they blind the animal and overcome it.

THE NEW TOWN HALL AT AYER.—This elegant structure is now complete. In beauty of design it surpasses anything of its kind in the State. Constructed of brick and dark marble it is as permanent as it is charming. The English architects have adorned it in subdued colors, which please without tiring the eye. Dr. J. C. Ayer built and gave it to the town in acknowledgment of the distinction they conferred upon him in taking his name. Although it is a generous gift, still the hearty good wishes of a whole people are of greater value, and the generous donor has doubtless secured them.—*Groton (Mass) Sentinel.*

CONSTITUTIONAL CATARRH REMEDY, the only certain, safe and effectual cure for Catarrh, builds up the system and cures all other diseases at the same time. Asthma, Rose Cold, Hay Fever, Brenchitis, Leucorrhoea, Diseases of the Kidneys, Nervous Debility take their leave when the Constitutional Catarrh Remedy is used as directed. Price one dollar per bottle. For sale by all Druggists and Medical Dealers.

New Advertisements.

Dissolution of Co-partnership.

NOTICE is hereby given that the partnership lately subsisting between the subscribers—Isaac M. Shaw and William Hart, both of Middleton, carriage builders, has this day been dissolved by mutual consent.

ISAAC M. SHAW.
WILLIAM HART.

Dated Middleton, September 1st, 77. [9i t29

Lime! Lime!

A FEW casks of lime (Green Head), for sale cheap, if applied for immediately.

Apply to
J. W. BECKWITH.

Bridgetown, Sept. 5th, 1877. [1i t21 pd

Lawyer's Blank Executions.

A FRESH stock just printed and for sale at the "MONITOR Office."

September 1st, 1877.

"The Best of all."

THE scholars of the Methodist Sabbath School, Lawrencetown, will hold a

Tea Bazaar in Whitman's Hall on

Thursday, September 6th,

All the delicacies of the Tea-Table at small cost, Also, Fruits in variety, Syrups, Confectionery &c. To commence at 3 o'clock.

Also:—**A Musical Treat** in the Evening, open at 7½ o'clock. The Port William's Brass band will be present with other instrumental and vocal music.

Admission, Adults.....15 Cents.
Children under 12.....12 "
Admission in the evening, same.

Grand Concert.

THE friends of the Baptist Church at Lawrencetown intend giving a musical entertainment on

FRIDAY EVENING, SEPT. 14TH INST.,

in the **Audience Room of the Baptist Church, Lawrencetown.**

There will be a refreshment table at the same time, in the Basement of said Church.

ADMISSION.....15 Cents.

Doors open at 6. Performance to commence at 7 o'clock, p. m. Proceeds to go towards paying for an organ.

Should the above evening prove stormy it will take place the next fine evening.

Lawrencetown, Sept., 5th, 1877. [2i t22

LONDON HOUSE!

Queen St.,
Bridgetown N. S.,
R. H. BATH, Proprietor.

TO my friends and the public generally, I am now daily replenishing my Stock for the FALL TRADE

In Dry Goods, Small Ware, Groceries, Crockeryware, Hardware, Boots, Shoes, and Rubbers.

All of which will be found complete in each Department. Cash customers will do well to call and inspect our Stock.

JUST RECEIVED

100 Bbls. Flour,

(very choice), imported direct from Canada, more daily expected, which I will sell at the very lowest living profit, for cash only.

Also For Sale:

500 Apple Barrels,
10 Dozen Bushel Baskets.

A LOT OF SAWED AND SPLIT SHINGLES.

ALSO:

1 Yoke of 2 years old Steers, and one Beef Cow, which will be sold very cheap.

WANTED AT ONCE!

10 Tons of Good Butter,
1000 Dozen Eggs,
10 Tons of Good Washed Wool.

For which the highest price will be paid.

R. H. BATH.

Bridgetown, Aug. 29th, 1877.

VISITING CARDS.

Neatly executed at the office of this paper.

New Advertisements.

Tea-Meeting! At Paradise.

THE pleasant season for tea-meetings and other autumnal festivities having returned we are happy to announce that it is proposed to hold one of those

SOCIAL GATHERINGS
in the
Basement of the New Baptist Church
near Paradise Station, on
Tuesday, September 11th,

when we hope to see a large number present ready to do justice to the bountiful tea which will be provided on the occassion. Doors open at 2½ p. m.

Tickets 35 cents; Children 20 cts.

Should the weather on Tuesday be unfavorable, the Tea-Meeting will take place on Wednesday 12th, or the first fine day following.

Paradise, August 2nth, 1877. 2i t21

Sole Leather,

SOLE LEATHER!

—:o:—

THE subscribers have been appointed SOLE AGENTS for

DAVID HAWKESWORTH, Digby

and are now prepared to fill orders for his

Celebrated Brand of
SOLE LEATHER.

Can deliver from Stock at TANNERY PRICES.

Special Wholesale Quotations furnished on application.

—:o:—

STOVES. STOVES.

Have also secured the AGENCY for the

Bridgetown Foundry,

and can furnish their Stoves

WHOSESALE AND RETAIL

—AT—

FOUNDRY PRICES!

A Large Stock now on hand comprising.

Niagara and Waterloo
COOK, NO. 2,
Parlor Stoves,

"Onward", "Snow Bird", "Open Franklin", &c., &c.

—:o:—

Bessonett AND Wilson

HARDWARE
AND
CARRIAGE STOCK
Emporium!

Middleton, - - Annapolis Co.

P. S.—Where distance favors, orders for SOLE LEATHER can be executed direct from the TANNERY.

Tea. T Tea.

Just received, Chests and Half Chests
Choice Black and Oolong Tea
which we offer at the lowest MARKET RATE.
Also on hand a full tine of

GROCERIES,

Granulated, Crushed and Refined Sugars. Prime Molasses, Am. Kerosene Oil, Rice, &c,

CUT NAILS,

from 3dy to 30dy, by keg at reduced prices.
SCOTCH WHITE LEAD,
COLORED PAINTS,
PAINTS, OILS,
ZINC, PUTTY,
WINDOW GLASS, &c
at the lowest margin for cash.

Flour, Corn Meal and Prime Domestic Pork, for sale low.

Murdoch & Co.

Fall and Winter Clothing.

JUST RECEIVED from one of the Best Clothing Establishments in the Dominion, a large stock of MEN & BOY'S CLOTHING,

Consisting of Overcoats & Reefers, in BLACK, BROWN, BLUE & DRAB. ULSTERS, SUITS of the most FASHIONABLE MAKE and MATERIAL, DRESS COATS. PANTS & VEST to MATCH in great variety. Heavy Working Pants.

Customers will find the above stock as well assorted in style, make and size, as any in the County.

All of which will be sold at the *smallest possible profit.* Terms:—Positively 3 months.

J. W. TOMLINSON.

Lawrencetown, August 27th, 1877.

BUSINESS CARDS

Neatly and promptly executed at the office of this paper.

New Advertisements.

TO ORCHARDISTS!

Canker Worm & Caterpillar ARRESTER.

Warranted to Protect the Apple and all kinds of Fruit Trees from the ravages of those Dreaded Pests, the Canker Worm and Caterpillar.

THIS IS NO FRAUD, as it is recommended by some of the largest fruit growers of the County.

For particulars apply to the subscribers.

COX BROTHERS.

Bridgetown, August 22nd, 1877. [tf n18

COUNTRY RESIDENCE

FOR SALE! OR TO LET!!

The well-known residence, formerly owned and occupied by the late R. D. Balcom, is now offered for sale or to let. The above mentioned residence, situated one mile east of Paradise Station, and in the vicinity of churches Schools, &c., contains Three Acres of Land in a high state of cultivation, on which are One Hundred Fruit Trees, of apple, plum, pear and quince. The dwelling is tastefully built in Gothic style and is finished throughout. Stable, coach-house, and a never failing well of water are on the premises; also, a Tannery and Timber Lot with a residence if required.

TERMS—One half purchase money down, remainder on Mortgage.

For further particulars apply to
SAMUEL E. BALCOM,
B. R. BALCOM,
Executors.
or to J. G. H. PARKER, Esq.,
Bridgetown.

Paradise, May 12th, 1877 n5 tf

PIANOS ORGANS Magnificent $650 Rosewood Pianos $175, fine Rosewood Upright Pianos (little used) cost $800 only $125, must be sold. Parlor Organs, 2 stops, $45; 9 stops, $65; 12 stops, only $75. Nearly New 4 Set Reed 12 Stop, Sub Bass & Octave Coupler Organs, cost over $350, only $55. Lowest prices ever offered sent on 15 days test trial. You ask why I offer so cheap? I reply Hard Times. Result sales over 1,000,000 annually. War commenced by Monopolists. Beware anonymous Circular. Write for explanation. Battle raging. Full particulars free. Address **DANIEL F. BEATTY, Washington, New Jersey.**

$66 a week in your own town. Terms and $5 outfit free. H. HALLETT & Co., Portland, Maine.

25 Extra Fine Mixed Cards, with name 10 cents, post-paid. L. JONES & CO., Nassau, N. Y.

$5 TO $20 per day at home. Samples worth $5 free. STINSON & Co., Portland, Maine.

$12 a day at home. Agents wanted. Outfit free. TRUE & Co., Augusta, Maine.

25 Fancy Cards, no two alike, with name 10c, postpaid. NASSAU CARD CO., Nassau, N. Y., Box 50.

AT HALF PRICE For 90 days only. To introduce. Our Heavy Gold Plated Sleeve Buttons, sent by mail for 50 cts. a pair. Satisfaction guaranteed. C. L. DAVIS, box 1066 Pawtucket, R. I.

GRACE'S SALVE.
A SURE RELIEF FOR THE SUFFERER.
PREPARED BY SETH W. FOWLE & SONS,
86 HARRISON AVENUE, BOSTON MASS.

GRACE'S CELEBRATED SALVE,
Is a Vegetable Preparation,
invented in the 17th century by Dr. William Grace, Surgeon in King James' army. Through its agency he cured thousands of the most serious sores and wounds that baffled the skill of the most eminent physicians of his day, and was regarded by all who knew him as a public benefactor. PRICE 25 CENTS A BOX.

GRACE'S CELEBRATED SALVE
Cures
Flesh Wounds, Frozen Limbs, Salt Rheum, Chilblains, Sore Breast, Sore Lips, Erysepelas, Ring Worms, Calluses, Scald Head,

Burns,	*Cancers,*	*Felons,*
Scalds,	*Sores,*	*Ulcers,*
Wounds,	*Stings,*	*Shingles,*
Festers,	*Wens,*	*Sties,*
Piles,	*Abcess,*	*Freckles,*
Bunions,	*Sprains,*	*Boils,*
Bites,	*Cuts,*	*Whitlows,*
Warts,	*Blisters,*	*Tan,*
Pimples,	*Corns,*	*Scurvy,*

Itch, Ingrowing Nails, Nettle Rash, Mosquito and Flea Bites, Spider Stings,
And all Cutaneous Diseases and Eruptions generally.

For sale by all druggists, grocers, and all country stores, throughout the United States and British Provinces. Price by mail 30 cts. Prepared by **SETH W. FOWLE & SONS, 86 Harrison Avenue, Boston, Mass.**

1877.} STOCK for {1877.

Spring Trade

now complete at

CONNOLLY'S CENTRAL BOOKSTORE.

Extra Fine Stationery!

Bank, Post, Parchment, Cream Laid, Ruled, Plain and Water Lined.

ENVELOPES in Great Variety.

FASHIONABLE STATIONERY,

in handsome boxes—64 varieties to select from,

BLANK BOOKS, in Every Binding,

NEW NOVA SCOTIA SERIES OF SCHOOL BOOKS,

Cheapest and best Series now in use, and every article usad in the School Room, for sale low. Wrapping Paper, Paper Bags—all sizes and qualities, Taylor's, Carter's and Stephens' Celebrated Inks, Lead Pencils of every stamp, Room paper, Green paper and Paper shades.

Wholesale and Retail.

THOMAS P. CONNOLLY,
Cor. Granville and George Sts., Halifax, N. S.
may23 '77 1y n19.

Customs Department.

OTTAWA, June 8th, 1877.

AUTHORIZED Discount on American Invoices, until further notice—6 per cent.

J. JOHNSON,
Commissioner of Customs.

sp14

New Advertisements.

Sugar. Molasses. Flour.

NEW IMPORTATION.

Just received ex schr. *Atwood*, direct from Barbadoes:

80 PUNS Choice Bright *MOLASSES;*
6 Hhds. Bright *SUGAR;*

Ex schr *Home*, direct from Toronto and Boston

200 BBLS. FLOUR, Spring Extra;
100 bbls FLOUR, Superior Extra;
50 " " Choice Family;
50 " " No. 1, Pat. Process;
150 " CORN MEAL;
10 " American CRUSHED SUGAR.

For sale very low, Wholesale or Retail, by
A. W. CORBITT & SON,
Annapolis, May 5th 1877. n5 tf

NOTICE.

THE Subscribers wish to call the attention of the Public to their

SPRING IMPORTATIONS,

consisting of

Boots and Shoes, Tweeds and Cloths of all kinds, Crockery, Groceries, Timothy, Clover and Garden Seeds.

Also, they would call the attention of

BUILDERS

to their Stock of

Nails of all kinds, Paint, Oil, Glass, Putty, Zinc, Tarred, and Sheathing Paper, Locks, Knobs, Hinges, &c.

Also, CARRIAGE STOCK

consisting of

Spokes, Rims, Bent S. Backs and Rails, Enameled Cloth, Enameled Leather and Dasher Leather, with a varied stock of

SHELF HARDWARE of all kinds.
FLOUR AND MEAL

always on hand. The above will be sold low for Cash.

BEALES & DODGE.

Middleton, April 28th, '77

June Importation.

Checked Dress Goods; Black Silk Fringes; Seal Brown, Cream and Ecru Silks; Nottingham Lace Curtains; Ecru Lace Curtains; Neck Frillings; Ecru Nets, Ecru Laces, Ecru Scarfs; Muslins of all kinds; Brown Hollands; Irish Linens; Cream Damask; Linen Tea d'Oyleys; Ladies' Linen Collars and Cuffs, New Styles; Black Trimming Velvet; Mantle Velvets; Matalasse Cloths; Matalasse Braids; Black Dress Buttons; Gentlemen's Linen Collars and Cuffs: Linen Tassos, for Costumes; Narrow Plaid Ribbons; Plaid Sash Ribbons; Ladies' Josephine and Cuff Kid Gloves; Hyde Park Wraps, for Girls; Crumb Cloths; Gentlemen's French Kid Gloves; New Plaid Prints.

Manchester, Robertson & Allison.

27 King Street, St. John, N. B.

SPRING 1877

DURING the Winter I have had manufactured a stock of

Silver, Brass and Japanned

Harnesses,

in the best manner and style of workmanship, and now invite purchasers to inspect before closing elsewhere.

Also, just received from England:

1 case RIDING SADDLES,
1 case Harness Furniture, in Jap., Silver and Brass Mountings.

All of the above I am prepared to sell at the lowest possible margin for Cash.

100 pairs No. 1 COARSE BOOTS, made by First-Class Men, and guaranteed to be the best value for the money that I ever offered.

Wanted, 200 Cords Hemlock Bark, Cash or settlement made on delivery at Tannery. Hides, Calfskins, &c, bought at market prices.

GEO. MURDOCH.

Bridgetown, May 15th, '77 13i t18

FLOUR! FLOUR!

Lately received from Canada West.

100 BBLS. Flour, "Benefactor," "Major," "Dominion" "Rings." 100 bbls do. to arrive this week by Intercolonial, *Beaver, White Swan,* and *Avalanche.*

BARRELS CORN MEAL

daily expected per *Home* from Boston. Also, Bag Meal and Cracked Corn, from Portland. Always in stock, Oat Meal, Graham Flour, Cracked Wheat, Hulled Barley and Rice. Groceries of every description. Salt, coarse and fine. Pickled and Dry Fish.

Selling at lowest cash prices.

COUNTRY PRODUCE taken in exchange.

RANDALL, HIGGINS & CO.,
Opposite Railway Station.

Annapolis, Juzy 25th, 1877.

G. W. STUART,

Produce Commission Merchant,
HALIFAX, N. S.

THIS old and well-known stand is situated in the most favourable part of the city, for the sale of produce of all kinds, being large and commodious having ample room for storage, if necessary.

The subscriber with past experience and strict attention to business, feels confident he cannot fail to give satisfaction to all who favor him with their patronage. All goods are carefully handled and carried on spring waggons. All charges moderate—in no case more than 5 per cent. commission charged, Prompt returns. Any reference required, given. All correspondence promptly answered. The smallest consignments receive a full share of attention.

G. W. STUART,
Colonial Market, Halifax, N. S.

July 2nd, 1877.

STAPLE AND FANCY

DRY GOODS.

In Grey and White Print Cottons, Havard Shirtings, Tweeds, Coatings, Trimmings, Hats, Flowers and Feathers, DRESS GOODS in variety, Men's Undershirts and Drawers, Fancy and White Shirts, Ties and Towellings, Mens' Womens' and Childrens' Gloves and Stockings, Summer Clothing, &c., &c., just received, and offered at prices that cannot fail to please.

ALSO—A full stock of GROCERIES, and Boots, Shoes and Slippers, in Mens', Womens' and Childrens, all at Lowest Rates for prompt pay.