PATENTS PROCURED
In Canada, Great Britain, United States and Foreign Countries.
PRELIMINARY ADVICE FREE.
C. H RICHES
Canada Life Building, Toronto.

The Toronto World.

RUBBER
GARDEN HOSE
AND LAWN REQUISITES.
THE TORONTO RUBBER CO., LTD.

SIXTEENTH YEAR WEDNESDAY MORNING MAY 8 1895. ONE CENT.

CARTWRIGHT AND HAGGART

CONTINUE THE DEBATE ON THE BUDGET.

Sir Richard Moves an Amendment in Favor of a Tariff for Revenue Only—Hon. John Haggart Replies—Paterson of Brant on Modes of Economy—Notes From the House.

Ottawa, Ont., May 7.—Whether it was the equatorial temperature in the Chamber, or an inability to cope with the points of Mr. Foster's Budget speech, it was apparent to-day to the most unprejudiced listener that Sir Richard Cartwright was not up to his usual form. The humor; he cracked some pretty good Knight from South Oxford was in a good Jokes, but he completely failed to grapple seriously with the admirable speech of the Finance Minister.' He spent considerable time in attempting to demonstrate how downtrodden and oppressed the Canadian artisan was, but when the time for speaking comes the Canadian workingman will respond to Sir Richard's appeal.

The Minister of Railways took up the parable after dinner and delivered an admirable address. Mr. Haggart put his points with great clearness, and his speech will go on record as an admirable exposition of the condition of the country at the present time. Sir Richard evidently did not appreciate the pointed observations addressed to him by Mr. Haggart and interjected remarks continuously. Mr. Paterson of Brant followed, after which the debate was adjourned on motion of Hon. Mr. Dickey.

Supplementary Estimates To-Day.

Mr. Casey introduced a bill to amend the Railway Act to provide greater security for passengers and employes. Its object is to prevent tampering with air brakes.

Sir C. H. Tupper introduced a bill to amend the Penitentiary Act and providing for transfer of insane convicts to asylums.

Hon. J. Costigan introduced a bill to amend the Fisheries Act, which provided that for a limited period power might be given to the Governor-in-Council to exempt streams from the operation of the law prohibiting the dumping of sawdust.

Sir Richard Cartwright asked when the supplementary estimates for the present year would be down.

Hon. George E. Foster said he hoped to be able to lay them on the table to-morrow.

Mr. Costigan, answering Col. Prior, said that no reply had yet been received from the Imperial Government to the request of March 6, asking them to advance $425,000 for British Columbian sealers, nor to the petition which was at a later date forwarded through the usual channels.

Mr. Foster said he would like to ask the leader of the Opposition if he had made up his mind with reference to continuance of the budget debate from day to day until finished.

Mr. Laurier said the private business of the House was not far advanced. He thought possibly the debate might go on from day to day after Friday.

Mr. Foster on Loans and Liabilities.

Mr. Foster said before Sir Richard Cartwright resumed his speech he desired to answer one or two questions which that gentleman had put to him on Friday in reference to charges for loan management, which were mentioned in the Budget. He explained that in 1892 a loan was placed on the British market to a lesser amount than was asked in the prospectus, and after that as money was wanted stock was sold through Canadian agents at London at the current market price. The amount sold last year was £1,200,000, and charges of management are usual charges on that amount.

Sir R. Cartwright: Do they amount to $332,000?

Mr. Foster: About $300,000. With reference to the obligations of Canada he supposed he had included one or two matters which Sir Richard Cartwright had referred to. He had them in his notes, but had not included them in his statement. One was with reference to the Kingston and Smith's Falls Railway, to which a subsidy of $250,680 was voted. That was one of the contingent liabilities for railway subsidies. Then there was the Winnipeg and Hudson Bay Railway, the old subvention made three or four years ago, and with reference to which the contract was entered into some time ago, under the transport subsidy of $80,000 a year for 20 years. That in the gross would amount to $1,600,000. The third item was the fast Atlantic service, amounting to $750,000, for which sum pecuniary arrangements had been made. That came out of the consolidated revenue, and would have to be provided for annually, partly by economy.

Sir R. Cartwright: What do you intend to do about the proposed loan of $2,500,000 to the Hudson Bay Railway?

Mr. Foster: I must ask my honorable friend not to pry into the future. (Laughter.)

Cartwright Resumes His Speech.

Sir R. Cartwright arose amid Opposition cheers and resumed his speech, in reply to Mr. Foster's Budget address. He said the Minister of Finance had mistaken his position on Friday; instead of delivering the Budget, he had gone out of his way to make a campaign speech. Hence it might be that the debate would extend over a longer period than would have otherwise been the case. Clearly Mr. Foster had only a superficial knowledge of occurrences which had happened before he entered Parliament. Deducting the padding, three-fourths of Mr. Foster's speech was made up of a series of garbled and misleading assertions touching deficits which occurred nearly 20 years ago. He wanted to know if Mr. Foster or his friends contended that the Opposition was responsible for the depression in trade in the States from 1873 to 1878? Were the Opposition responsible for the bad harvests of 1876-7 and 1878; were they accountable for the bad harvest and shrinkage in values at that time? He held that Mr. Foster had admitted that the depression of 1875-79 was infinitely worse than the depression of the present, and inferentially that the Government at that time were not responsible for it.

He was glad to learn from the Secretary of State the true source of the National Policy. He apologized to Conservatives for accusing them of plagiarising Nova Scotia politics, as Dr. Montague had told them the true progenitor of the N.P. was an Englist statute passed in 1463. Sir Richard read extracts from the statute of Edward IV., prohibiting importation of manufactured goods, and said the prohibitive list corresponded almost exactly with that of the N.P. He did not know whether Mr. Foster had plagiarized Edward IV., or in some mysterious way Edward IV. had plagiarized Mr. Foster, but the resemblance was certainly most extraordinary. There was another curious circumstance, that 400 years ago King Edward IV. had a certain counsellor named Montague. (Laughter.)

Dr. Montague: He was a distinguished ancestor of mine, no doubt.

Sir Richard Cartwright: He was a distinguished counsellor, and, according to court gossip, a mighty close fish, too. (Renewed laughter.)

Free Trade a Poor Man's Policy.

Continuing his criticism of the National Policy, Sir Richard said that in the matter of cottons, while $1,140,000 had gone into the treasury, $5,600,000 had gone into the pockets of the manufacturers, and so on throughout the whole list of protected industries. He held up the British free trade system as pressing lightly upon the poorer classes and heavier upon the wealthy classes.

He proceeded to describe the English method of taxation to show that the English artisan was taxed only to one twentieth the extent that the Canadian wage-earner had to pay. Every family in Canada averaged $60 a year taxation, and it was easy to compute that in Britain the taxation was only one-twentieth. The speaker then dealt with the exodus question. He claimed that our growth was only half that of Great Britain, which supplied immigrants to all parts of the world. During the last 10 years absolute growth of our native population amounted to barely 225,000 souls, or 5 1-2 per cent., as compared with an increase of 11.65 per cent. in England and Wales.

During the past 16 years the people of Canada had been fleeced of taxes to the tune of one thousand million dollars, while four hundred millions would have been quite enough for all the purposes of government, leaving enough to have paid off all the federal, provincial and municipal debt in the country and something to meet private debts as well.

The Census a Fraud

He denounced the industrial census, which showed an increase of 25,000 establishments in 10 years, as a disgraceful fraud. Of the new factories 223 were knitting factories, 99 of which were in Nova Scotia and 93 of them in Shelburne County. These latter employed 126 hands, earning $823 a year.

Dealing with the tariff changes, he could not find fault with the increase on spirits, although it was a question how far it was safe to go without encouraging smuggling and illicit distillation. The sugar duties were again framed on the principle of putting $2 in the manufacturers' pockets for $1 placed in the treasury. The protection of the refiners was too high, and it was hinted too that the refiners had been given the tip and were prepared for the change, and had imported largely of raw sugars, the Acadia Sugar Refinery making $385,000 by the operation.

Iron Duties Denounced.

Sir Richard denounced the iron duties and establishment of a permanent corruption fund under protection generally. As to subsidizing railways and making canals free, what was the use, he said, of cheapening transport and taxing things transported? Why adopt a policy that drove Canadians out of the country and pay paupers to come in and take their places? He had been accused of being too rough in his denunciation of protection, but it was because he knew too much of certain members of the party and their principles. He stood to his tariff speech of 1874, and his criticism of the budget in 1879. He would admit that he had not allowed enough for clap-trap, for inordinate greed of certain parties and for influence of the example of the United States. Instancing the case of one town, he argued that farmers who spent on an average $600 a year were now only spending $200 a year. The one thing that might immediately and largely benefit the farmers of Canada was access to the United States, but he feared the chance of getting it had been about destroyed by the dishonesty of the honorable gentlemen opposite. (Opposition cheers.)

Sir Richard's Test.

In conclusion he would apply this test: The debt interest in 1878 could have been paid off with 15 million bushels of wheat; to pay off the debt of 1895, at existing prices, would take 60 million bushels of wheat, which would take 4,000,000 acres of land to produce. He would advise the Government to make ample provision for the deficit and let the country understand what its liabilities are. Let us be content with the territory we have and not stretch forth our hand for territory we cannot provide for: abandon railway subsidies, the fast Atlantic service, drop protection and substitute a revenue tariff.

The Liberal party had no ill-will to manufacturers as a class, but they did not care to favor one class at the expense of another. He concluded by moving the following amendment:

Cartwright's Amendment.

That the estimates for the fiscal year 1894-5 amount to the sum of $38,517,152, independently of any further supplementary estimates which may be brought down. That the said sum of $38,517,152 is in excess of the amount expended in 1893-4 by the sum of $922,127. That the deficit for the year 1893-4 amounted to $1,210,322. That the deficit for the present year is estimated by the Minister of Finance at $4,500,000.

That from the statements made by Ministers of the Crown in this House it appears that our existing obligations for railway subsidies and for public works now in progress will involve a further outlay of $20,000,000, computed as follows: For railway subsidies now voted, $8,729,000; for the St. Lawrence Canals, $6,000,000; for the Trent Valley Canals, $5,000,000; for the Intercolonial Railway and minor works, $1,000,000. Total, $20,729,000. The interest on which sum, together with the subsidy provided by statute to be paid on account of a fast Atlantic service, will entail an addition to our already very heavy annual fixed charges of $1,400,000. That, inasmuch as enormous sums of money exacted from the people of Canada, which are not paid into the Treasury, and inasmuch as the burthens of the people are thereby greater and unnecessarily increased, and it is of the utmost importance to the well-being of the community that not only should the present extravagant expenditure be diminished, but that the said burthens should be reduced as largely and speedily as possible, it is expedient that in making provision to restore the equilibrium between revenue and expenditure, as recommended in the Speech from the Throne, the existing tariff be so modified that it may be made a tariff for revenue only.

Hon. John Haggart's Reply.

After recess Mr. Haggart was loudly cheered when he rose at 8.15 to reply to Sir Richard Cartwright. He alluded at the outset to the Knights autobiography, wherein his financial abilities were expatiated upon. At last, however, the Opposition had been nailed to a policy of a tariff for revenue only, and when fully set forth to the people he had no doubt it would soon occupy the graveyard where lie the dead Grit policies of Unrestricted Reciprocity and Commercial Union. Sir Richard had claimed that the country was worse off now than in 1878, declining to accept the increase in the people's savings as evidence of prosperity of the country. In that he was contradicted by Sir William Harcourt in his recent financial statement in England. The deposits at present amounted to the immense sum of $297,000,000. The raw material imported had also increased enormously,

Continued on Third Page.

G.T.R. SHAREHOLDERS MEET

COMMITTEE APPOINTED TO REORGANIZE THE CO.'S AFFAIRS.

"I Now Take My Leave," Says Sir Henry Tyler—The President's Salary to Be Increased to £4000 a Year—A Thorough Overhauling of the Canadian Officers Contemplated.

London, May 7.—The meeting of the shareholders of the Grand Trunk Railway to-day was a crowded one. Sir Henry Tyler, the retiring president, opened the meeting by saying he would move the adoption of his motion made at the last meeting that the reports and accounts of the Board be received, and then his successor in the chair could proceed to business.

In the meantime Auditor Winney made a statement on behalf of himself and his fellow-auditors. He said that Mr. Barker's report was in substance correct; but he disagreed in certain deductions made therefrom, especially in the matter of the amount due by the Chicago and Grand Trunk Railway. He suggested that if the capital account were kept in London, and the working account kept in Canada, and sent here for the purpose of making a balance sheet, the officers of the company in Canada would be made to realize that they must render accounts to London.

Mr. Joseph Price criticised adversely the methods of keeping the accounts.

New Board.

Mr. Girdlestone announced that the Shareholders' Committee nominated the following gentlemen as a Board of Directors to succeed the old Board and reorganize the company's affairs: Sir Charles Rivers-Wilson, Lord Welby, Sir William Young, Colonel F. Firebrace, Sir Henry Mather Jackson, Mr. Joseph Price, C. von Chauvin and Messrs. Mather Hubbard, Clutton-Brock and Allen.

These gentlemen, he said, had been chosen for directors from a list of 23 names. He thought all of the creditors of the company would be satisfied with them. He eulogized Sir Charles Rivers-Wilson, who, he said, would be a valuable man at the helm and would be ably supported.

Shareholder Barker rose amid great tumult and asked whether the advances to the Chicago and Grand Trunk were fully secured. He considered that the charges of concealment against the board should be withdrawn, and expressed the hope that Sir Henry Tyler would remain on the board.

This allusion to Sir Henry Tyler created laughter.

Sir Henry's Valedictory.

Sir Henry Tyler then moved that the half-yearly accounts as presented be adopted, which motion was seconded by a shareholder. Sir Henry then said: "I now take my leave, and hope that my successors will work as hard and faithfully as I have done."

Sir Henry Tyler then vacated the chair, which was taken by Mr. Allen, who moved that the other gentlemen named as directors be elected. The motion, including Mr. Allen's name, was carried unanimously, amid great applause.

Mr. Allen moved a resolution that the board be empowered to raise debenture funds when it should be necessary. They did not want any money now, but merely wanted the power to issue debenture bonds if it should become necessary.

Mr. Girdlestone seconded the motion, and it was carried unanimously.

Increased Pay for the President.

Mr. Girdlestone then moved to increase the salary for remuneration of the directors—(laughter and derisive cheers)—from £6000 to £7500 a year. "We propose," he said, "to give Sir Charles Rivers-Wilson £4000 a year, as he is a good man." (Cries of dissent, and a voice, "Let's see him work.")

Mr Girdlestone proceeded, saying that underpaid men were not an advantage. Mr. Allen explained that the increase was solely in the salary of Sir Charles Wilson. The remuneration of the other directors was not increased. The motion was carried.

Mr. Girdlestone moved that he be reimbursed for the expenditures he had incurred in furthering the organization scheme, which money he was really out of pocket. He had devoted much time and money to the movement, and that £1500 would cover the whole sum he had disbursed. The motion was carried unanimously, the old auditors were re-elected, and a vote of thanks to Mr. Girdlestone was passed. Mr. Girdlestone said that the board would have a difficult and laborious task. The shareholders could not expect an immediate advance in prices, but the board would always tell the shareholders the worst and give them clear and honest accounts.

Mr. Clutton-Brock, as a member of the old and new boards, said that he went into the old board with a prejudice against Sir Henry Tyler, but that feeling had been turned into admiration of his energy. Sir Henry, he said, had been ousted by the bad times. He himself would not split on the old board. (Cheers.)

Press Opinion

The Times says that the new board has a heavy task before it, but it is strong enough for the work.

The Standard says that the prospects with the new Board of Directors are good for a thorough overhauling of the company's affairs. It adds that almost the first test of the board's ability will be the re-organization of the staff in Canada.

A Position for Barker

Hamilton, May 7.—Samuel Barker, whose report on Grand Trunk finances led up to the recent success of the opposition to Sir Henry Tyler, and the old board, left last evening for London in response to cablegram from the men now in control. The object of his trip is not known, but it is suspected he will be given a responsible position in the company's service.

Ask for delicious "Salada" tea.

Presence of Mind Saved His Life

Charles Davis of 246 McCaul-street was crossing the railroad tracks at the Union Station at about noon yesterday, when he was struck by an incoming G.T.R. train, his legs getting caught between the bars of the pilot. He was dragged about 25 feet. Had it not been for his presence of mind in grasping the guard and holding to it he would in all probability have been killed. He was extricated and taken in the patrol wagon to the General Hospital. His injuries are a fracture of both the lower bones of the left leg between the ankle and the knee.

Although 68 years of age, the doctors say that there is a good chance for Mr. Davis' recovery.

Under a Trolley.

Charlie Somers, age 7, son of Henry Somers, 14 Berryman-street, was riding on the back of an express wagon in Yonge-street while returning from school at noon yesterday, when he fell under the wheels of a passing trolley car, sustaining serious injuries to his foot. He was taken to St. Michael's Hospital.

Beaver, "the gentleman's chew," can now be had in thin plugs. d

THE HYAMS CASE MUST GO ON

Another Abortive Attempt to Get It Delayed—No Communications Received From the U.S Authorities.

Counsel for the defence made another attempt to secure a further postponement of the Hyams' case in the Assize Court yesterday. Application was made to proceed with the Dicks' case at the conclusion of the manslaughter case. As this trial, according to the Crown, is likely to last two or three days, its commencement would have necessitated delay in the Hyams' case. Crown Prosecutor Barron intimated that he would not be ready to proceed with the Dicks' case until the conclusion of the Hyams trial, and the trial of the alleged murderers of William C. Wells will consequently begin to-morrow morning.

Counsel made an application to Mr. Justice Street for a commission to examine Mr. J. D. Nasmith for the defence in the Hyams' case. Mr. Nasmith had made arrangements to go to England with his family before he was subpenaed and cannot remain.

His Lordship said that he had no authority under the law to grant a commission. "Otherwise," said he, "I should be happy to do so."

No Such Letter Received.

Mr. John R. Cartwright, Deputy Attorney-General, stated yesterday that Sir Oliver Mowat had received no communication whatever from Secretary Gresham, requesting that Mr. Wellman be allowed to plead for the Hyams' at their trial this week. Such a letter would be quite useless, as the matter rests altogether with the trial judge, it being a mere matter of courtesy.

RUN ON ST. JOHN'S BANKS.

Anti-Confederationists Start a Scare—All Demands Promptly Paid in Gold.

St. John's, Nfld., May 7.—Last night a rumor was set afloat here that the Bank of Montreal had suspended payment owing to the depression in Canadian railway securities and the deficit in the Canadian revenue. The report spread with inconceivable rapidity, and this morning a run was organized on all three of the banks in this city, the branches of the Bank of Montreal, the Bank of Nova Scotia and the Merchants' Bank of Halifax.

Hundreds of persons gathered around the banks before the opening hour, demanding gold for the notes in their possession. Fortunately all the banks have an abundance of gold to meet the demands upon them and redeem their circulation. Each is redeeming notes of the others, and gold is so plentifully displayed that confidence is beginning to be restored.

A run was begun on the Government Savings Bank also. This bank is supplied by the Bank of Montreal, which has plenty of coin to carry both safe over the crisis.

The business people and the more intelligent classes of the city have not taken part in the run, being confident of the stability of all four institutions. Only the poorer people have been affected.

The canard originated with some of the anti-confederationists in this city, who are blamed by all classes for their incendiary writings. The anti-confederationist press is also largely responsible for the sensation.

$80,000 Paid Out.

The run ceased this afternoon, and at the closing hour of business all the institutions were reported to be in a normal condition. About $90,000 in gold had been paid out altogether. The indignation of the people at the fraud is intense, and rewards will be offered for the discovery of the originator of the story.

Local Jottings.

The annual rally of the Junior Christian Endeavor Societies of this city will be held on May 17 in the Massey Music Hall.

For catching fish in the Don with a net, Adolph Vilters was yesterday fined $10 and costs.

For selling light-weight bread Baker George Chandler was yesterday fined $2 and costs.

That valuable property corner of Strachan-avenue and Queen, known as the Blue Bell Inn, will be sold at auction on the 10th inst., at noon. A. O. Andrews will conduct the sale on the premises.

The police have been instructed to arrest on sight all newsboys playing craps or other games of chance.

Try L. & S. ham and bacon and lard just once and be convinced.

There will only be one Island ferry company in operation this year.

The grand jury yesterday reported "no bill" in the cases of Thomas A. Weldon and the E. B. Eddy Company, limited, on charges of selling an article as patented, and selling goods with a false mark.

The half yearly meeting of the members of No. 1 Ward Liberal-Conservative Association will be held at Dingman's Hall, corner Broadview-avenue and Queen-street east, on Friday, May 10.

Lying at the electric light wharf, near Yonge-street wharf, is the little steamer William Booth, which is being fitted up for a lengthy cruise around the shores of the inland lakes, going as far as Chicago.

A New Williams Sewing Machine has been presented by Mr. J. S. Ross of Waterloo to the C.W.A. meet to be competed for July 1 and 2. It is now on exhibition at 64 King-street west.

A public meeting will be held in Richmond Hall to-night in connection with the peddlers' case, now pending in the Imperial Privy Council of England. Addresses will be delivered by E. A. DuVernett, counsel for the Peddlers' Protective Association, President Pocock and others.

The Police Commissioners met yesterday afternoon and discussed the proposition of the Works Committee to place a constable at King-Bay-streets, in order to divert traffic from King-Yonge-streets. No definite action was taken, owing to there being considerable doubt as to a constable's right to interfere.

There is more than ordinary interest shown in the coming performance at the Grand on Monday of the "Corsican Brothers," and the fencing scene from "Hamlet." The principal characters will be played by Messrs. R. Malchien, Herbert Fortier, W. G. Ramsay, Harry Rich, H. Blackey and others. The plan opens today at the Grand.

The High School entrance and Public school leaving examinations begin at the three collegiate institutes on June 27. There will probably be 800 candidates for the entrance and 160 for the leaving examinations.

The commercial examination will be held on June 26, at which there will probably be 400 candidates.

R. Guy Reid arrived in town last night. He states he is from Halifax, and is dead-beating his way from that city to Winnipeg on a $2500 wager, made by his father, Col. Reid, and the editor of The Mercury. A despatch to The World from Halifax this morning says: "No such officer as Col. Reid was ever in Halifax, and R. Guy Reid is also unknown here." There is no paper called The Mercury published in Halifax.

Ask your shoe dealer for Cerol Russet Dressing. Price 15 cents.

THE VALUE OF CITY LEASES

COBBAN COMPANY TO PAY $4.50 A FOOT ON ESPLANADE.

Appraising South Parkdale Property—Arbitration Re Island Leases—More Market Bylaws—Band Concerts in the Parks—Tenders Ordered for Sheep Pens in Exhibition Park and for Dundas-street Firehall.

Ald. Dunn presided at the meeting of the Property Committee yesterday afternoon. A communication was read from the Cobban Manufacturing Company relative to their application for a lease in the Esplanade. The company offer to accept the City Commissioner's valuation of the property, and to pay an annual rental of $3.50 per foot. More than this they are not prepared to offer. They deny that they have threatened to remove their factory from the city. If the site be granted them on Mr. Maughan's valuation they will erect buildings costing from $50,000 to $60,000.

The committee adjourned to inspect the site. On their return Ald. Jolliffe and Blong moved that the committee re-offer the company the site desired at $3.50 per foot. Ald. Sheppard, Scott, R. H. Graham, Rowe, Oliver and the chairman voted against the motion, which was lost.

Ald. Scott moved that the annual rent be $1250, or $4.50 per foot. He said the general feeling in the city was that the commissioner's estimate was inadequate. By adopting this motion the matter would come up in council for fair consideration.

Ald. Sheppard thought the site worth more. This was a really generous offer of the committee.

Ald. Jolliffe objected to squeezing this extra dollar out of the company.

Ald. Oliver said the matter, having been reconsidered at the request of the council, it merely remained for the company to say Yes or No.

The $4.50 per foot was then carried.

Value of South Parkdale Property.

Assessment Commissioner Maughan fixed a valuation on the property belonging to the corporation on the north-east corner of King and Dufferin-streets, at the instance of the Parkdale Curling and Skating Club, who desire to lease it. The lot has a frontage of 400 feet in King-street by a depth of 150 feet. Mr. Maughan appraises the value at $40 per foot and the ground rent at $1.60 per foot per year, or a total of $640.

The Parkdale Curling and Skating Club wish this site.

Ald. Scott thought $40 a foot was too low, on which it was stated that eligible sites could be had in South Parkdale at $30 per foot.

The lease of the lot will be offered the Parkdale Club at $40.

Island Leases.

Richard Dinnis, one of the Island lessees, told the committee their assessment of the value of Island leases is too high. B. B. Osler and Col. Sweny wrote to the same effect. As they ask for arbitration, the committee will have an expert valuator report on the recent valuation by the Commissioner at a special meeting of the committee next Tuesday.

The City Solicitor will report whether the duty of repairing the portion of the south shore of the Island, from which the sidewalk, which has been washed away, lies with the Dominion Government under the recent arrangement. If not, it will be immediately repaired by the city.

Suurveyor Sankey and Engineer Keating will at once locate the poles for the extension of the telephone system to Centre Island.

John Hanlan has taken out a license for his steamer to ply between Yorkstreet and the Island. A license has also been granted for the Chicoutimi to ply to Victoria Park.

More Bylaws.

On motion of the chairman the City Solicitor will prepare a bylaw to prevent market operations around St. Lawrence Market before the legalized hour. He stated that grain buying had been done before daylight by candle light both east and west of the market. This was unfair to those who observe the market hours and rules.

License Inspector Awde wrote of the need of his department having power to destroy by cremation carcasses of animals found unfit for food, due allowance being made the owners after deducting expenses. The matter was referred to the City Solicitor for the preparation of a bylaw.

On motion of Ald. Rowe plans were ordered to be prepared for the new firehall in Dundas-street, the cost not to exceed $5000.

Parks and Gardens.

Ald. Sheppard presided at the meeting of this committee.

It was resolved to advertise for tenders for additional sheep pens in Exhibition Park, and for putting in a drain between the cattle sheds and stables.

The King's Daughters were granted the use of the Pavilion for a concert, May 16, at a charge of $15.

Band concerts in the parks will commence as soon as arrangements can be made, the council having granted $1500 for that object.

Permission was given for the operation of Californian swings in High Park and the exhibition of the Ferris' Wheel at Island Park.

The Dutchman's Anchor

"I have left it at home." Such was the reply said to have been given by a Dutch sea captain when he was interrogated as to the whereabouts of his anchor. This is only a maxim, but it is replete with wisdom and admonition.

No man should venture upon the sea of life without the anchor of Life Insurance to which he can trust in times of distress and adversity. It is the only hope oftentimes of his aged parents, or of his wife and babes, in the darkest hour of their lives, when he lies cold and still in death. In old age it is a guarantee of comfort and peace. Trusting to its strength, the strained and wearied ship which contains the mortal part of man rides in safety through the darkness and stormy period of advancing age. Don't start upon the voyage of life without the most important safeguard you can possess. With a policy in this company for an anchor the wildest storm may be successfully defied.

Talk with an agent of the Mutual Life Insurance Company of New York, or write Henry K. Merritt, manager, 31, 32, 33 Bank of Commerce building, Toronto.

Ask for delicious "Salada" tea.

The Canoe.

The canoe has rapidly gained favor as a pleasure, craft, and being easily transported is largely used by pleasure parties. All who are contemplating a trip this year should obtain their complete supplies from Michie & Co. ed

Fetherstonhaugh & Co., patent solicitor and experts. Bank Commerce Building, Toronto

Arlington Hotel.

This elegant, comfortable hotel offers every inducement to those desiring permanent winter accommodations.

LAYING IT ON THICK

OR CANADA'S POLITICAL VANDAL AGAIN AT WORK.

TWO MORE BABES DESERTED.

The Mother Failed to Return—Infant Left on the Doorstep of the Sick Children's Hospital.

A young woman called at the house of John Hammond, 356 Wellington-street west, Monday afternoon, and asked that she be permitted to leave her baby, apparently about a month old, in the care of Mrs. Hammond while she went to the General Hospital to collect some money which was due her. Consent was given, the baby was left, but the mother has not since returned to claim her offspring. The child was taken to No. 3 Police Station last evening, and sent from there to the Infants' Home.

The attendant who answered the ring of the door-bell at the Sick Children's Hospital at 11 o'clock last evening, found a babe in a basket on the door step, but no signs of the party who pulled the bell. The foundling was taken in to be cared for, pending an investigation by the police.

CHANGES ON THE STAFF.

Management Committee of the Public School Board Meet.

The sub-committee of the Management Committee of the Public School Board have decided to make the following recommendations:

1. That the resignation of Miss H. McBride be accepted. 2. That Miss Z. Smiley be assigned to the senior first book class in Brock-avenue school. 3. That the following teachers holding second-class certificates be appointed on trial for six months: Mrs. E. C. Howell, Miss M. L. Macdonald, Miss H. Arbuthnot and that Mrs. Howell be assigned to the senior second book class in Park school. 4. That the following assistant kindergartners be appointed and assigned to the schools named: Miss A. Smiley, to Clinton-street; Miss B. Birchall, to Winchester-street. 5. That the following kindergartners be placed on the occasional list: Miss Ida M. Smith and Miss P. C. Will. 6. That leave of absence be granted to Miss Julia Eadie of Gladstone-avenue, for three weeks, to attend the examination in Trinity University. 7. That Mr. W. H. Harlton be appointed representative of the School Board on the Entrance Examining Board.

Warmth and vigor accompany good digestion. Adams' Tutti Frutti is a wonderful aid to digestion. Refuse imitations.

ABATED BY DEATH.

The Death of Old Mr. Kidd Recalled in Division Court.

An interesting case was called in the Eastern Division Court yesterday, Judge Morson presiding. Mrs. Mattie Hahndorf of this city sued the late John Kidd of Mono Mills on a bill of $28. This was the old gentleman who married a 15-year-old wife, but did not name her in his will. Mrs. Hahndorf sued him for "four weeks' board and lodging for Mrs. Kidd, $12; one gold-filled watch sold to defendant's wife, $15; loan to defendant's wife, $1." The defendant being dead, the record on the papers was made to read "Abated by death."

Sawmill Burned by Lightning.

Breslau, Ont., May 7.—This morning John Burnett's sawmill was struck by lightning and burned to the ground. The season's sawing had just been completed and all the stock of shingles stored in the mill were destroyed. Estimated loss $3000. No insurance.

Ask for delicious "Salada" tea.

The Island Season.

Michie & Co. have arranged for a regular delivery to the Island again this season and orders for ale, wines, etc., will be promptly delivered. ed

Ask for delicious "Salada" tea.

The World will resume their Island delivery on Monday, May 13.

NOT GUILTY OF MANSLAUGHTER

The Unionville Station Agent Acquitted by a York Jury After an Absence of Five Hours.

After being locked up for five hours an Assize Court jury last evening returned a verdict acquitting Albert Weighill of Unionville of the charge of manslaughter. The case was resumed at 10 o'clock yesterday, and was given to the jury at 3.30 p.m., the addresses of counsel and judge occupying two and a half hours. Great sympathy was felt for the accused throughout the trial, and the verdict was received with satisfaction by his friends.

Weighell Testifies in His Own Behalf.

Albert Weighill, the accused, was the last witness called for the defence. He swore positively that he and Boundy did not meet that day, and consequently no words passed between them. The snowplow, had preceded No. 1 only 10 minutes, and could not have reached Agincourt, as the distance is six miles and the tracks were heavy. While the witness was in the station passenger No. 1 pulled out. "I ran out and threw up my hands to signal her to stop. Had there been a man on the rear end of the train, as there should have been, he would have seen my signal and the accident prevented."

Upon cross-examination Weighill said he was not bound to use the bard, because it was Boundy's duty to come into the station for orders; he was expecting him. He concluded by saying, "Boundy did not pay attention to his orders; if he had told the truth I would not be here to-day." He also said that at Unionville he had to act as ticket agent, station agent, freight agent, express agent, telegraph operator, porter, storekeeper, switchman.

Billiards, Sutton's, all new tables, 130 King W.

Separate School Board.

The Separate School Board met last night, Rev. Vicar-General McCann presiding. The report of the committee on sites and buildings recommending general repairs to all the schools was adopted.

The nominations to fill the vacancy caused by Father Bergin's resignation will take place on the 16th inst., and the election on the 23rd inst.

Mr. J. P. Killackey of Chatham was appointed representative of the board at the High school examination.

THE ORDER OF THE WEAR.

First, Pearl Fedoras; Second, Drab Shells, and Third, White Straw.

With the advent of the spring weather W. Dineen has made his periodical visit to New York for the purchase of this season's styles of straw hats. The new stock will be here in about a week's time. Mr. Dineen reports that the fashionable styles in New York are an improvement this year. They will soon be seen in Toronto streets. They have a wide brim and flat crown, and everyone who is anybody will wear them, and all who wear them will agree with Dineen that they are the finest ever put on the market. Till they arrive the run at the famous King and Yonge-street store is on Fedora and Tavistock soft hats, the favorites being pearl color with fancy bands. Sportsmen are already securing their new drab shells, in anticipation of the Woodbine races. It is bad form to delay till the race days for true sportsmen's tiles. The silks come in after the races are won or lost.

Any uneasiness at the stomach or indigestion in any form is absolutely cured by Adams' Tutti Frutti.

DEATHS.

RUTTER—At 283 Major-street, Tuesday, May 7, Thomas Siggs Rutter, in the 68th year of his age.

Funeral private.

Turkish baths, bed for all night bather

TIRED OF LIFE, HE ENDED IT

HANGED HIMSELF TO A LAMP HOOK WITH A PIECE OF TWINE.

Mrs. Joseph Edwards of Hayter-street Returns to Her Home to Find Her Husband's Lifeless Body Suspended From the Ceiling of the Dining Room—In Ill-Health and Despondent.

Joseph Edwards, aged 40, who earned a livelihood by sewing and laying carpets, committed suicide at his residence, 28 Hayter-street last evening.

When Mrs. Edwards entered the house shortly after 7 o'clock she found her husband's dead body suspended by a piece of manilla twine from a lamp hook in the centre of the dining room ceiling.

Edwards had stepped on a chair, tied the twine to the hook, slipped the noose around his neck and kicked the chair from under him. His feet were about a foot from the floor.

The woman rushed screaming into the street. Her cries attracted the attention of J. B. Ferguson, 95 Maitland-street, and J. E. Carson, 244 Chestnut-street, who were passing.

These men rushed in and cut the cord, but life had long since departed. The body was quite cold.

Edwards, his wife and R. W. Cater occupied the house in which the tragedy was committed, supporting themselves by sewing and laying carpets. Edwards had been in ill-health for some time past, and was subject to epileptic fits. He was in the General Hospital up till a month ago.

Mrs. Edwards and Cater left the house at 1 o'clock yesterday to attend to some work. The woman was the first to return, hence her discovery of her husband's body.

Dr. Chambers was notified. He in turn acquainted Coroner Aikins.

An inquest will be held this evening.

THOUGHT SHE WAS SHAMMING.

The Jury Did Not Believe Mrs. Hibbert's Story That She Was Struck by an Awning.

The case of Mrs. Louisa Hibbert against Guinane Brothers was begun at the Court House before Mr. Justice Ferguson and a jury on Monday and brought to a conclusion yesterday.

The plaintiff claimed damages for having been, as she alleged, struck on the head by an awning in front of the defendants' stores in Yonge-street, which fell on June 25 last. When the occurrence happened Mrs. Hibbert was taken into Stone's drygoods store, next door, and sent home in a carriage provided for her by the defendants. She was seen by Dr. Teskey, Dr. Sweetnam and Dr. Guinane the same day, who were of opinion she had not been struck at all, and it was suggested she was shamming.

The judge carefully reviewed the evidence, but drew particular attention to the doctors' evidence, and the jury, after a short absence, returned a verdict in favor of the Guinanes.

Mr. Wilkie was plaintiff's counsel and Mr. Lash, Q.C., and Mr. Ridley the defendants'.

IN THE COMMONS.

Questions Regarding Corinto and the Japan Treaty.

London, May 7.—In the House of Commons to-day Sir Edward Grey, Under Foreign Secretary, in reply to a question by Mr. J. W. Lowther, said that Rear Admiral Stephenson, with his ships, had left Corinto, having received a letter from the Government of Nicaragua promising that the indemnity should be paid within a fortnight and accepting the other terms of the ultimatum.

Sir Edward Grey, replying to an interrogation by Sir Ellis Ashmead Bartlett, said the Government understood that an arrangement had been arrived at between certain powers by their negotiations with Japan, but could not add any information to what had already been published in other quarters.

THE ABERDEENS WILL ATTEND.

Their Excellencies to Visit Toronto on Flower Day.

Their Excellencies Lord and Lady Aberdeen have accepted the invitation to be present at the gathering of the school children, in connection with the annual flower day exercises, which will take place in the new Armories on May 31. The flower planting will be done in the early part of the afternoon at the several schools, after which all pupils above the second book will meet at the Armories, and will sing a number of patriotic songs. Their Excellencies and others will address the meeting.

A Clergyman Commits Suicide.

Montreal, May 7.—In Cote St. Antoine Rev. William Hall, principal of the French Methodist Institute, West Mount, committed suicide this morning by shooting himself. He had been in the ministry for thirty years. Mr. Hall was 58 years of age. The suicide shot himself in the throat with a rifle.

Leaped From a Window to Death.

Brockville, Ont., May 7.—One of the patients in the new asylum here, Gallagher, who lately came