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The Toronto World.

FIFTH YEAR. MONDAY MORNING, SEPTEMBER 22, 1884. PRICE ONE CENT.

BURST FROM KHARTOUM.

GORDON SLAYS AND SCATTERS HIS BESIEGERS.

The Tribes Send in Their Submission—The Mahdi's Followers Desert Him—And the Canadian Contingent may Come Home.

CAIRO, Sept. 20.—The Mudir of Dongola telegraphs the authorities here that a messenger from Gen. Gordon brought eighteen despatches. Two of them were for the sheik of the Kabbabish tribe, which were delivered. Two other despatches were directed to the son-in-law of a sheik, who, however, had been previously publicly executed by order of the Mahdi's Ameer in order to overawe the people and compel them to join the Mahdi. The Ameer, with many chiefs, was afterwards killed in battle. The messenger who brought the despatches reports that on July 24 Gen. Gordon's troops slaughtered the rebel army which had been sent against him from Kordofan. Another battle was fought August 30, which resulted in Gen. Gordon forcing the rebels to raise the siege of Khartoum, and during which Sheik Sadi, his son, and their followers were killed.

The above reports are confirmed by Khatem Elmoos Bey, who is holding Halfiyeh with Egyptian soldiers. The Shaggieh and other tribes have come in and tendered their submission. Sennaar is now in perfect security. The population of Berber has recovered from its fright over the anticipated descent by Gen. Gordon. The whole of the Shaggieh country is now tranquil. The chiefs are imploring for mercy, and have made a compact upon the Koran to abandon the Mahdi. The compact has thus far been observed.

LONDON, Sept. 21.—The Sussex regiment of mounted infantry has reached the Dongola cataract with less difficulty than expected.

MICROBES ON THE HOME MARCH.

Decrease of the Plague—The Pope Takes a Leaf Out of King Humbert's Book.

ROME, Sept. 20.—The pope in token of his affection for the Romans has granted $200,000 for the establishment of an hospital in the vicinity of the vatican. In the event of an outbreak of cholera in Rome, his holiness promises to visit the hospital personally.

PARIS, Sept. 21.—Four deaths from cholera occurred in the Eastern Pyrenees to-day. No fresh cases are reported. Five deaths from cholera at Marseilles and three at Toulon are reported to day.

ROME, Sept. 21.—The cholera bulletin of Italy for the past twenty-four hours is as follows: Bergamo, province, 14 cases, 7 deaths; Cuneo, 15 cases, 10 deaths; Genoa, 41 cases, 6 deaths, city of Spezia, 19 cases, 12 deaths; Naples, province, 70 cases, 45 deaths; city of Naples, 303 cases, 101 deaths. Elsewhere there are reported 30 cases and 12 deaths. Totals, 462 cases and 193 deaths.

The liberal newspapers praise the action of the pope in founding an hospital near the vatican and dwell especially upon his intention of personally visiting the hospitals in the event of a cholera outbreak in Rome.

MADRID, Sept. 21.—Six new cases of cholera and four deaths occurred at Alicante to-day and nine new cases and five deaths at Tarragona.

LONDON, Sept. 21.—It is reported that an outbreak of cholera occurred near Odessa, Russia, and that the government is trying to suppress the fact.

FUN AT NEWRY.

The Mob Stone the Police and Afterwards Wreck the Barracks.

NEWRY, Sept. 21.—Great excitement prevailed this evening on the return of the nationalist procession from Castle Wellan, where a demonstration was held to-day, during which a disturbance occurred. The streets were crowded and much cheering and hooting indulged in. Stones were thrown and windows smashed. The police at Castle Wellan charged the mob and made several arrests. The mob thereupon attacked and wrecked the police barracks. Several persons were injured during the attack. Two black flags were floated from the market house. The disorders continued until a late hour.

Francis Joseph Still On It.

BREGENZ, Sept. 21.—The ceremony of opening the Arlberg railway tunnel yesterday was followed by a grand dinner in the evening. The heights above the town were brilliantly illuminated. The Emperor Francis Joseph made a tour of the lake of Constance, and everywhere was loudly cheered. Afterwards an official banquet was given by the ministers.

Preferred Paris to America.

MARSEILLES, Sept. 21.—A Workingman's committee has written the mayor to complain of the conduct of three delegates to Boston who received two thousand francs each to journey to America, but visited Paris instead. One of the delegates has been requested to return to Marseilles to explain his behavior.

The Powers Protest.

CAIRO, Sept. 20.—Austria, France and Germany have instructed their representatives to present a collective note to the Egyptian prime minister protesting against the suspension of the sinking fund.

The Crops of Kilcutch in Danger.

SOFIA, Sept. 21.—It is reported that the Servian peasants on the Belgarian frontier are preparing to invade Kilcutch and seize the crops.

Bismarck Going to Scotland.

ABERDEEN, Sept. 21.—It is reported that Prince Bismarck will visit the prince of Wales at Abelgerdie castle.

CABLE NOTES.

The French Academy have elected Alexander Dumas director.

The Paris bourse is guarded, owing to threatening letters from anarchists.

A monster meeting in favor of the franchise bill was held at Dundee Friday. Twenty thousand people participated. There were speeches by members of parliament and others.

The Panama canal company have signed a contract with the New York dredging company for the cutting of the last section of the canal. The contract provides that the work shall be finished in 1887.

CONFLAGRATIONS AT CLEVELAND.

Over $230,000 Worth of Damage Done—Incendiaries Undoubtedly at Work.

CLEVELAND, Sept. 21.—The scenes at the great fire of two weeks ago were repeated to day on a smaller scale. The first fire, it is thought, originated accidentally, but to day's occurrences lead to the belief that it may have been incendiary. The fire occurred at noon in Monroe Bros. & Co.'s lumber yards on the upper flats. A large amount of property was destroyed, including 2,000,000 feet of lumber. When the flames were fairly under control, a dense smoke was seen pouring from the inside of the firm's dry house. There was no fire outside of the building and no wind to blow sparks from the large fire. It was undoubtedly the work of incendiaries. The second fire was extinguished with trifling loss. Between 3 and 4 p.m., when the fire department was about returning home, thick smoke, as if from coal oil, suddenly poured from the inside of the dry shed in Browne, Strong & Co.'s lumber yard, some distance from the other fires. Two suspicious looking men were seen watching this fire at its inception without giving an alarm, which strengthens the theory of arson. When the last fire broke out and it became certain incendiaries were at work, word was sent to the neighboring town for help and engines from Akron, Painesville, Sandusky, Elyria and Ashtabula. At 9 p.m. the fire was under control. No further danger is apprehended. Monroe Bros. & Co.'s loss is estimated at $60,000; insurance $160,000; Brown, Strong & Co.'s loss is estimated at $170,000; insurance about the same.

BLAINE'S LIBEL SUIT.

Some Very Delicate Questions Answered by the Presidential Aspirant.

INDIANAPOLIS, Sept. 20.—On Sept. 5 the Sentinel of this city filed twenty-two interrogatories addressed to James G. Blaine. This was the first step taken by the defence in the action for libel brought against the paper by Mr. Blaine. The ground for the suit was that the Sentinel published a story to the effect that Blaine had seduced his wife before marrying her. His answer is, in effect, that he married one Harriet Stanwood, a school teacher of Kentucky. They were married secretly in Millersburg, Ky., on June 30, 1850. Having subsequent doubts of the ceremony's validity under the laws of Kentucky, he was married again on March 29, 1851. His first child was born on June 18, 1851, and died July 31, 1854. An inscription to that effect was placed over the child's tombstone. Blaine says he has reason to believe that the tombstone has since been defaced, and that a photograph of the tomb was sent to the Sentinel and other papers. The figure 1 in the date of the child's birth, 1851, has been entirely obliterated. Blaine further denies that he specially authorized the author of his life to state that he was married in March, 1851, although the author may have gathered that information from him in general conversation.

Bradstreet's Budget.

NEW YORK, Sept. 20.—There were 18 failures in Canada during the past week and 206 in the United States. Little improvement is chronicled in the general trade situation. The cooler weather has caused a greater demand for heavy dry goods and clothing. Cleveland complains of the flatness of the iron market. Minnesota farmers persist in refusing to sell their wheat. At other western points farmers are borrowing money and hoarding their grain. Wheat has fluctuated somewhat, but with little net change during the week. Bradstreet's Chicago correspondent telegraphs the general conviction to be that wheat has reached bottom prices. The wool trade has been less active, but prices remain steady.

An Ex-Convict Missionary's Funeral.

NEW YORK, Sept. 21.—A remarkable assembly gathered in Broadway tabernacle this afternoon, when the funeral services of Jerry McAuley, ex-convict and founder of the Water street and Cremore missions, took place. Wealthy ladies and gentlemen, patrons of McAuley since his reformation, mixed with thieves, pickpockets and depraved women. The church was crowded and more than one thousand persons stood outside.

Listen to This, Will You?

CHICAGO, Sept. 20.—Etta Turnbull, the only daughter of a wealthy pork packer, has eloped with Alexander Nervon, who was engaged in Turnbull's slaughter house. The girl was handsome and a member of an episcopal church choir. Turnbull has employed detectives to ascertain the whereabouts of his daughter.

Dr. Wolf's Big Find.

BOSTON, Sept. 21.—A cable message received at Harvard college observatory from the European association of Astronomy announces the discovery of a bright comet by Dr. Wolf of Zurich on Sept. 17. The comet was observed at Strasburg Saturday evening.

Preferred Suicide to Canada.

SAN FRANCISCO, Sept. 21.—Isaac L. Lang, grand secretary of the independent order of chosen friends, was $6000 short in his accounts. He took laudanum and is dying.

Good Gracious!

RIO DE JANEIRO, Sept. 21.—Don Pedo, emperor Brazil, returning from a naval review, narrowly escaped drowning. His boat capsized.

UNITED STATES NEWS.

It is reported that Mrs Morosini three times attempted suicide by laudanum after her daughter's elopement.

An incendiary destroyed the catholic church of the Holy Ghost, with the adjoining school house at Jerseyville, Ill.

The struggle for the proprietorship of the Detroit Journal is over, and Floyd Brezu, the editor, besides being fined $100 costs for contempt of court, has lost his paper.

It is reported that Blaine is moving heaven and earth to get St. John to withdraw, on the ground that the former is as good a friend to the prohibition movement as the Kansas ex-governor.

Canned salmon seems to be getting about as deadly as the pistol that isn't loaded. Mrs. Mack of New York and her three children were made so ill by eating it that they had to be removed to Bellevue hospital.

Sam Clay, a wealthy farmer of Owingsville, Ky., has for some time past accused his wife and two nieces, Sallie and Vera, of meddling too much with his affairs. Friday night he met them when drunk, stabbed Sallie fatally in the breast and set out to kill his wife. He was arrested before committing a second murder, and narrowly escaped lynching.

SPORTS AND PASTIMES.

AN OFF DAY WITH THE TORONTO BALL PLAYERS.

Badly Beaten by the Hamilton Clippers—Racing at Sheepshead Bay and Louisville—General Notes and Events.

The Hamilton Clippers sported their batting suits when they visited the Jarvis street grounds Saturday afternoon. Mr. Delaney occupied the pulpit for the home team. The visitors "found" him with a readiness that did not excite the wildest enthusiasm among the 2000 spectators who witnessed the match. Thompson of London caught for the home team in place of Reid, who is still unwell. His unfamiliarity with Delaney's delivery may possibly account for the latter's ineffective pitching. Thompson's support was, however, good and the defeat is in no way due to him. The visitors hit Delaney very hard and the poor support of the fielders gave the Hamiltonians the game in the first innings when they scored four runs. P. Wood's pitching was an impenetrable mystery to the Torontos. Batsmen went to the plate in a half hearted way that invited defeat, and it came with a rush. The local batters could not find Mr. Woods at home, and after knocking three times thirteen had to retire from the plate. Ragged fielding by the Torontos helped the Hamilton men to the victory which they batted for. Altogether it was an off day for the local men. That they can play a better batting and fielding game no one can doubt. If Delaney is himself again when the teams next meet the struggle will be much more interesting than Saturday's contest. The following score will give all particulars:

TORONTOS.	A.B.	R.	B.H.	T.B.	P.O.	A.	E.
Macklin, 1 b	5	0	0	0	9	0	1
Sheppard, r	5	0	0	0	0	0	1
Mead, s. s	5	0	0	0	0	2	0
Scott, 2 b	4	0	0	0	5	2	2
Hall, l. f	4	2	1	2	0	1	2
Delaney, p	4	0	1	1	2	6	0
Thompson, c	4	0	1	1	8	4	0
Wright, c. f	4	1	0	0	2	0	2
McKinley, 3 b	4	0	0	0	2	0	2
	39	3	3	4	24	17	10

CLIPPERS	A.B.	R.	B.H.	T.B.	P.O.	A.	E.
J. Wood, 1 b	5	2	1	1	10	1	2
Atkinson, l. f.	5	0	1	2	0	0	0
C. Wilson, c f	5	1	1	2	0	0	1
J. Wilson, 3 b	5	2	2	2	2	6	2
F. Wood, c	5	4	3	4	9	0	2
P. Wood, p	5	2	2	2	2	16	0
McGra, 2 b	4	0	2	2	2	0	1
Bennett, s. s	4	1	1	1	1	5	3
Barnfather, r f	4	0	1	1	0	0	0
	42	13	14	17	27	27	11

	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9.	
Torontos—	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	1	0.	—3
Clippers—	4	0	0	3	2	3	0	1	*.	—13

Earned runs, Clippers, 4.

Balls called off Delaney 81, Wood, 105.

Two base hits.—Hall, Atkinson, C. Wilson, Wood. Reached first base, Torontos—on hits 3, on called balls 2, on errors 8, on fielders choice, 2, total 15.

Clippers on base hits 14, on called balls 7, on errors 7, on fielders choice 1, total 29.

Left on bases, Torontos—Macklin, Mead, Scott, Hall, Delaney, Thompson (2) Wright (2), total 9. Clippers—J. Wood, F. Wood, P. Wood, (2) Barnie, total 5.

Out on bases, Torontos 3, Clippers 6.

Struck out, Torontos—Macklin (2), Mead (3), Scott (4), Wright, McKinley (3), total 13. Clippers, J. Wood, C. Wilson, Bennett, Barnie, total 4.

Filed out, Torontos 6, Clippers 9.

Passed balls, Thompson 2, Wood 2.

Wild pitches, Delaney 3.

Double play, F. Wood, J. Wilson.

Time of game 2 hrs. 15 minutes.

Attendance 2000.

Umpire, W. L. Crofoot, Hamilton.

Sheepshead Bay Races.

Elizabeth won the handicap sweepstakes for 2-year-olds, 1 mile in 1.43¾; Rica took the 1⅛ miles handicap for horses that have not won during the meeting, in 2.34¾; Miss Woodford took the Great Long Island stakes, 2 mile heats, in 2.34¾ and 2.31¼, the latter being the fastest heat on record; Drake Carter and Modesty were her competitors. Duplex won the 1½ miles handicap sweepstakes in 2.09; Burke Cockran took the autumn steeplechase over full course in 6.30¼.

Louisville Meeting.

The first race, ¾-mile heats, Conkling won in 1.15¼, 1.16¼; Matinee won the cash handicap, 1½ miles, in 2.12; John Lewis took the 1½ miles handicap in 2.14¼; Anna Woodcock won the ¾ mile race for 2-year-olds in 1.17¾.

Hanlan Heard From.

BOSTON, Sept. 20.—Hanlan has cabled from Australia to have two new racing shells built for him, which evinces his intention to make a long stay abroad.

Notes.

The Baysides beat the Maple Leafs by 7 to 6 runs at Hamilton.

Ten Eyck challenges Albert Hamm to row 3 miles for $250 a side.

The Athletics beat the Hamiltons by three straight games in Saturday's lacrosse match at St. Catharines.

The Mets of Ottawa will play lacrosse in New York Oct. 8. They will first play Peterboro and Cornwall.

A friendly game of lacrosse was played on Saturday in the Queen's park between the Tecumsehs and Beavers, resulting in a victory for the former by 3 games to 2.

League games yesterday: At Detroit, Detroit 7, Providence 1; at Cleveland, Cleveland 6, New York 1; at Chicago, Boston 2, Chicago 7; at Buffalo, Buffalo 0, Philadelphia 8.

Napanee and Kingston elevens played a match at the latter city Friday. Napanee scored 67 in the first and 76 in the second innings; Kingston 77 and 45, with four wickets to fall.

Frank A. Learnard, whose case has puzzled the surgeons, died in Boston Saturday. He was a baseball pitcher, and his right arm became useless. The shoulder blade and a portion of the collar bone were removed, but the young man lingered in great agony for months before death.

The 100-hour walk at Kansas city closed at midnight Saturday. It was won by O'Leary, who made 380 miles and one lap, Miller of St. Louis and Walters of Denver, walking alternately, 369 miles. O'Leary was matched to walk 400 miles, as well as to beat his opponents.

John Forbes, Woodstock, recently purchased of James Murphy, Lexington, Ky., Lelex, bay gelding (6), by Lelaps, dam War Reel, by War Dance, out of Herzog's dam, Dixie, by imp. Sovereign. Lelex is gone in his legs and will hardly stand training again. In 1881, when three years old, he won the merchant's stakes, 1¼ miles, at Louisville, Ky., defeating Gabriel, Bancroft, Checkmate and six others in 1.56.

A Sunday in New York.

NEW YORK, Sept. 1.—Three suicides and two deaths by falling off roofs are reported by police to-day.

STREET CARS UP YONGE STREET.

The Toronto Company to Extend Their Line—The Metropolitan Going to Eglington.

The Toronto street railway intend extending their line from Yorkville town hall to the crossing of the Pacific railway at Collingham street. Work will be begun, so it is reported, as soon as the city completes their improvements in the first gully.

On Saturday the Metropolitan street railway company, which holds extensive franchises, began the building of their line from the other side of the Pacific crossing right up Yonge to Eglington town hall, a distance of two miles. The road will be single-tracked on the west side of the street as near the gutter as possible. The contractor Mr. Farquhar has agreed to complete the road by Nov. 1, and to do this he intends starting a large force of men at work this morning. All the material is in the yard of the C. P. at Yorkville, and will be taken out as needed and sent forward on trucks over the street track as it is completed. Mr. Stokes, county engineer, is in charge of the work, his assistant being James McDougall C. E.

The days of the slow old fashioned and lumbering 'bus is thus doomed on Yonge street as far as Eglington, and all below it is concerned. Real estate and the dwellers on upper Yonge street will at once feel the benefit of the new convenience. The Toronto street railway will have to look sharp and fill in their part of the line, so that there may be uninterrupted communication between the Union station and the wharves and Eglington four miles up the street. All Yonge street will feel the impetus.

Hamilton News.

HAMILTON, Sept. 21.—The grand jury censured the authorities with reference to the escape of Muirhead last week, and expressed their opinion that safer means should be employed for the transit of prisoners.

A German named Duhmer, a stranger in the city, was robbed in a woman's house, and the police have arrested one McGrath on suspicion.

Rev. C. Graham Adams has resigned the rectorship of the R. E. church.

C. J. Bomville of this city, has been appointed master mechanic of the Chicago and Atlantic railroad.

Emma Moore, whose blackmailing escapades are fresh in the memory of Torontonians, was discharged at the assizes. The judge held that the offence hardly came within the province of the law.

A Jailer's Scruples.

MONTREAL, Sept. 20.—Governor Payette, of the Montreal jail, has received the lieut.-governor's warrant ordering the removal of young De Wolfe to Longue Pointe. He says he will not comply with it until compelled by the courts. He holds the prisoner in a capias, and as he has not reported him insane, as would have been the regular procedure, he will ignore the order. Mr. Payette further characterizes the proceedings as underhanded. One of the judges of the Queen's bench expressed his approval of Mr. Payette's course. The difficulty is not likely to be disposed of for some time.

Alfred Perry Again.

MONTREAL, Sept. 21.—Mr. Alfred Perry states that, if the provincial government will consent to an enquiry, he is prepared to prove that there are at present in the Longue Pointe asylum two persons who have been sent there within a year, upon the strength, among others, of Dr. Howard's certificate, which that gentleman gave without having seen the parties.

A Fireman Killed.

RENFREW, Ont., Sept. 20.—As the freight train, leaving here for the north about 4 p.m., was passing Russell's siding the engine ran into the siding, the balance of the train keeping the main line. The fireman, Wellington Eady, was instantly killed and the engineer slightly injured. The engine and five cars are a complete wreck, and the track badly torn up.

How She Paid for Her Lodging.

MONTREAL, Sept. 21.—Last week a woman who said she had just arrived from Gaspe was given lodging for the night in a house on St. Francis street. She brought with her three young children. Next morning she went out, as she said, to arrange for getting her children into some institution. She left them at the house and has not yet returned.

Two Fire-Bugs Nabbed.

BLENHEIM, Sept. 20.—Two young men of twenty or so, named Arthur Horton and David Irwin have been arrested for incendiarism in connection with the Sheldon fire of Wednesday, and committed for trial at Chatham. Irwin admits being in the barn at the time of the fire, and swears Horton was with him, a statement which the latter denies.

Concerning Mr. Hough of Guelph.

GUELPH, Sept. 20.—At the late sitting of the assizes, Mr. James Hough, the venerable clerk of the court, read the 60th presentment of the grand jury since he has been in office, covering a period of thirty years. There are very few older crown clerks, if any, in the dominion.

McGill's New Chancellor.

MONTREAL, Sept. 20.—The board of governors of McGill university have unanimously appointed the Hon. Senator Ferrier chancellor of the university vice the late Hon. Justice Daly.

PERSONAL.

Mr. Alex. Manning is somewhat seriously ill.

Prof. Hutton of University college returned to town yesterday from England, where he spent the vacation.

Five of the staff of University college have been in Europe this summer: Profs. Hutton and Wright and Messrs. Squair, Keyes, Whetam.

Bishop Ryan of Philadelphia received an address from his Celtic admirers written in the Irish language and characters. He cannot read it.

J. J. Murphy left for Wheeling, Va., Saturday to attend the annual convention of the Irish catholic benevolent association to be held on Sept. 24.

Charles A. Dana of the Sun does not depend altogether on politics for his fun. He has the finest collection of fowls in the country. Like Bonner, he does not keep his pets for their ability to make money, but simply because he dotes on them.

Anthony Carnegie, the Pittsburg millionaire, is a native of Scotland, and entertains some very positive opinions. He says he believes that if a ballot were taken throughout Great Britain and Ireland, and every respectable citizen of 21 years were allowed to vote, a majority would be found in favor of electing the chief magistrate after the death of Queen Victoria.

MICHAEL V. THE DEVIL.

THE PROPHET OF BOND STREET LAST NIGHT.

Dr. Wild's Theory of the Struggle for the Possession of the Body of Moses—Politics Next Sunday.

Text: Jude, verse 9—"Yet Michael the archangel, when contending with the devil, he disputed about the body of Moses, durst not bring against him a railing accusation, but said: The Lord rebuke thee!"

Two men have lived who have pre-eminently done the world much good. These are the Apostle Paul and Moses. No emperor, king or earthly potentate has exerted such a salutary and Christ-like influence as the former. He was taught and inspired of God. The latter is a colossal figure, standing out in bold relief on the page of history. He came to the front when his people had gone far from God. They worshiped many gods, and squandered their substance in false worship. This idolatry led to moral pollution and national debasement. If history teaches us a lesson, it is that religious relics are a dangerous element to any people. In Egypt they had a fair trial, for there image-worship was reduced to a science. Passages of scripture were quoted to show that idolatry pervaded every class in society. One wonders why Moses gave such minute directions, but each of his prohibitions was directed against some prevalent error, and he strove to teach the people that every product of the garden, field and flock came from God. Idolatry had induced the people to worship beast and reptile, and thus they were warned against its every form. The character and work of Moses would require an evening to describe. Born a slave, yet raised to unlimited power, he becomes the liberator and leader of the millions of Israel. For forty years he toiled, but failed to enter the promised land. In a moment of passion he dishonored God, and incurred his just displeasure. We can easily drop a tear of sympathy over so hard a fate. What an awful result of a moment of passion! Let it be to us a warning.

A passage of scripture was read from what the inference would be drawn that the grave of Moses was unknown, but the doctor argued that Jude, in using the words of the text, quoted from a lost book of Revelation. Satan evidently had a relationship to those who died, in those days, and one theory is, that he wanted the body of Moses embalmed and carried by the children of Israel, in order to lead them into idolatory and away from God. Satan knew that when a man leaves the true God, he will worship a dead body, a dog, a reptile or the devil. A second theory is that Moses did not die a natural death. This is supported by the fact that his strength was unabated and his eye undimmed, and it is said "no man knows of his sepulchre to this day." Satan might object that a victim had escaped the ordinary course of human nature. The doctor held to the second theory as being in accordance with scripture.

The two witnesses for Jesus who were predicted by John to appear before the battle of Armageddon were doubtless Moses and Elijah, and several reasons were given to show that these would meet all the requirements of the case.

Michael and the devil contended for the mastery, but the former prevailed, and though Moses was not permitted to cross the river Jordan that separated him from the promised land, he was carried in triumph across the invisible Jordan.

The subject for next Sunday evening will be: The coming presidential election in the United States.

CHRISTIANITY'S CLAIMS

As Presented and Considered by Lecturer Watts Last Evening.

"Christianity—Its Claims Examined," was the subject of a lecture delivered in Albert hall last evening by Charles Watts, the secularist lecturer. There was a crowded audience in attendance. The lecture was principally devoted to replying to the positions of Dr. Sexton. Christianity, the speaker asserted, possessed nothing continuous, but its name had passed through five distinct changes in principle. These stages, the lecturer classified as ascetic, ceremonial, discriminative, theoretical, and emotional, according to the principle uppermost at each period. Dr. Sexton had defined Christianity as "a religious aspiration centered in Christ." He contended at some length that christians made no attempt to follow either Christ's teaching or his practice. He preached poverty, humility and non-resistance, which no one now regarded as virtues. He quoted from Moses Stewart, a prominent orthodox authority, to the effect that the bible embodied contradictions which no learning or ingenuity could reconcile. The origin of christianity, he argued, was human and its influence has largely been for evil. The real reforming influences were science, education and the development of human thought, as the result of which men and women were better than formerly. He would apply the eclectric principle to christianity, accept what was good in it and reject the bad, regarding all truth as valuable whatever its source.

Mr. Watts speaks in a clear, loud tone, in a very positive and emphatic manner, and with readiness, fluency and consecutiveness of thought.

Brief speeches were made in reply by Dr. Ryder and Mr. Watson. The former expressed a wish to meet Mr. Watts in a set debate, which the latter declined on the ground that the doctor was not a representative christian and would not be endorsed by any orthodox church. Mr. Watson gave several stories respecting the alleged recantations of secularists when brought face to face with death, but on being challenged to give the names of the parties declared himself unable to do so.

A Coal District Dead Beat.

Whilst the performance was going on at the pavilion on Saturday night, a rough-looking specimen walked in and seated himself in one of the front seats. He said he came from the coal district of England—and he looked like it. He boasted to his near neighbors that he could go anywhere without paying, that he came in free and no one could put him out again. However, the property man, who is an ex-peeler of the London, Eng., force, gently yanked him out of the pavilion, and sent him bowling down the street, without an attempt at resistance on the part of the ferocious miner.

Trying to Hoist the Hebrews.

PESTH, Sept. 21.—While the synagogue was crowded a bomb with a quick match attached was found at the entrance of the building.

WHAT IS MAJOR DRAPER ABOUT?

An Obscene Exhibition That Wants Looking After.

The most disgusting and demoralizing show that has ever visited Toronto is at present located on King street, a few doors west of Bay. The veriest slums of New York or Chicago would be disgraced by the presence of such an exhibition in their midst.

It is described in the bills as an "anatomical museum," containing geological, ethnological, anatomical and pathological departments. The intention of the management is to lead the public to believe that the object of the exhibition is purely educational and instructive.

Were The World to describe this show as it really is, the society for the prevention of vice would be warranted in seizing the whole of this morning's issue as indecent literature. Even the champion scavenger of the Police Gazette would hesitate before attempting to describe such a den of beastliness. To indicate its existence and hint at its effects ought to be enough to lead the authorities to action in the matter. The figures and models in the "museum of anatomy" are of wax. The room in which it is held is divided into two sections by a screen of cloth. It is proper to say that while some of the models might possibly be of service in a medical class room, there are others which can have no possible purpose but wanton indecency.

This loathsome display has been allowed a place on one of our leading thoroughfares for the past fortnight or so. Judging from the nightly crowds at the door, it is doing a large business. The frequenters are chiefly boys and young men between 12 and 20 years of age. It is probable that the greater part of those enter the show in total ignorance of its nature. There is nothing in the announcement outside to make a young man hesitate before entering with a lady companion. In fact the management advertises that at a certain hour the exhibition will be open to ladies only.

"The museum of anatomy" is designed for no purpose but to pander to morbid, diseased or obscene minds. Its effects on the unsophisticated may be easily conjectured. While such exhibitions are presented on our streets, without a warning finger being raised to apprise the public, and more particularly the youth of both sexes, of their real character, citizens may well begin to question the efficacy of our paid authorities. It will be natural for them to doubt also the energy, if not the sincerity, of those associations which have voluntarily constituted themselves the guardians of the people's morals. It is difficult to understand that species of virtuous zeal which expends itself in denouncing Sunday shaves, Sunday steamboats, and Sunday street cars, while it takes no heed of a shameless, scandalous and fraudulent attempt to debauch the minds of our youth and maidenhood.

The World calls upon Major Draper, Mr. Fenton, or Mr. Thomson to act at once in the matter. The museum must be fired out of Toronto, which it should never have been allowed to enter.

The World gives the "museum of anatomy" the benefit of this free advertisement in the name of ordinary honesty and straightforward dealing with the public; in the name of common decency; for the sake of our boys and girls; for the sake of those parents who know nothing of the foul dive and its deceptive bids for public favor.

Death of John Riordan.

A gentleman of high standing in several industrial and monetary concerns in Canada has gone to his long rest in the person of John Riordan. Mr. Riordan went to Europe with shattered health over two years ago, and after traveling on the continent some time took up his residence with his family (wife and son) at Norwood, a suburb of London, where for a while his condition improved under the attendance of a skilful physician. Latterly, however, a change for the worse set in, and a fortnight ago Mr. Riordan was ordered to St. Leonards-on-Sea. It had been known at the Mail office this past few days that Mr. Riordan's condition was precarious, and yesterday a cable message was received by Mr. Bunting announcing his death.

Mr. Riordan was a self-made man. He came to this country from Ireland with his parents in 1850, being then a young man. After a few years residence at different places, he settled at St. Catharines as a paper manufacturer. He rapidly accumulated wealth and has long been known as a millionaire. In time he became connected with different other institutions, both industrial and financial, which added to his fortune. He acquired an extensive interest in the Mail newspaper in 1878, and the handsome building that adorns the northwest corner of King and Bay streets stands as a monument to his enterprise. Mr. Riordan never entered public life, but was well known in the business circles of Canada.

McCall Mission.

Rev. W. W. Newell of the McCall mission preached to a large congregation at the Metropolitan church yesterday morning. His text was from Galatians vi. chapter and 10th verse: "As we have therefore opportunities let us do good unto all men." He gave an interesting account of the work the mission had accomplished in Paris and other cities of France, and appealed to his hearers to subscribe liberally to this mission.

Jurymen Discharged.

E. A. and Geo. S. Macdonald, charged with forcible entry, was the only case before the general sessions Saturday. On application of the prisoners' counsel the trial was adjourned until the next sessions in December. Judge Boyd will deliver sentences on the sixteen prisoners who have been found guilty to-day at 12 o'clock. The jurymen were paid and discharged.

Holding Our End Up.

Buffalo Express: Canada is turning the tables on us. A special despatch from Montreal to the Chicago Tribune says that L. P. Herbert of La Barque de St. Hyacinthe has levanted to the States with from $40,000 to $50,000 of the bank's money. We can't very well object to the gentleman's coming—under the circumstances.

The College Residence.

University college residence has been repainted, repaired and renewed throughout. The Brussels carpets ought to be laid next week. The bill of fare of the dining-room is to have several courses added to it. The new dean will move into his quarters in a few days.

CAR WORKS CONSUMED.

THE G. T. R. SHOPS AT LONDON DESTROYED BY FIRE.

The Damage Estimated at $100,000—Nearly 400 Men Thrown Out of Employment—A Saturday Afternoon's Work.

LONDON, Sept. 20.—At 5 p.m. a fire broke out in the Grand Trunk car works, east of the city, and almost the entire property and buildings were destroyed. The fire, first seen in the freight car erecting shed, spread rapidly to the wood working shop, and thence to the passenger-coach shed and iron machine shop, all of which with contents, comprising seven partly finished coaches and cars and the tools of the workmen were destroyed. Piles upon piles of seasoned lumber and made-up stuff were burned, and the area covered by the fire was fully five acres. The water gave out the first half-hour, and during the remaining five hours the fire continued every vestige of inflammable material was devoured. The loss is estimated at $500,000. The insurance cannot be ascertained as the policies are at headquarters at Montreal. Between 350 and 400 men are out of employment. The fire originated in the end of the freight car shop next the paint shop where a few men were at work. The bulk of the men were enjoying the Saturday half holiday.

TO CHARLES WATTS.

I am interested in Watts—wonder how he came to be, like Paddy, so "fatally twisted." Would like to know how and where he first shunted off the main, and took to shouting from the siding; wonder by what process he made the discovery that he was only a thinking animal; if he ain't sorry he aint something better, and why he don't believe in evolution. Wonder too, why he is so anxious to get others to think as he does, and what benefit he proposes they shall gain by the change he labors to effect. Seems to me there's a cruel pathos in a man being willing to believe that when he dies he bids farewell to life, who unmercifully gags the unquenchable something within him—that cries out for—life! life! life! It is one thing to cry down creeds, or to make war on spurious imitations of christianity, but it is another matter to attempt to strangle the strongest instinct of human nature, the desire, the demand for life after mortal death. Belief in a future life was strong in man, especially in the noblest developments of man, long before christianity appeared. Christianity was simply an answer to the travailing and groaning cry of humanity; the answer to the question of the ages. "If a man die shall he live again?" And if you, Charles Watts, cannot find evidence of a future life in the scriptures, then we cannot account for that fact, otherwise than by supposing that "none are so blind as those who won't see." Never mind the theologians; crack the nut and you will find the kernel sweet and nourishing: don't judge of the tree by the well meaning parasites that crawl over it, that weave their cocoons in it, that perforate the leaves and render it unsightly—from your point of view. Don't fatigue yourself going round and round that grandest growth of the ages, whose root is in the earth you live on, but whose top basks in eternal sunshine, pointing out here and there a few yellow leaves, which have been shut out from the sun, or nipped by some early frost. Look at the fruit, Charles, the fruit, hanging heavy and golden from every limb, which has been the comfort and sustenance of millions, ages before you were born, which has inspired our poets, enriched our literature, and made the canvass of the painter to glow with immortality, which inculcates purity, holy living, justice, brotherly kindness, self-denial, and insists on loving one another. In the name of all that's reasonable what have you to say against a system which insists on such a program as this? Never mind the hypocrites—they worry us more than they do you—in fact, hypocrisy is your chief weapon—but you must surely know that the spurious always proves the real. Let us have fair play. Are you real? Is this honesty of yours real or sham? If you are really anxious to elevate humanity—