

By Electric Telegraph.

SPECIAL TO THE DAILY BRITISH COLONIST.

Europe.

LONDON, Sept. 27.—Lord Clarendon's visit to Paris was to announce to Napoleon the arrangement between Austria, Prussia, Russia and England to preserve the peace and check the contagion of revolution in France, in case of the Emperor's death; but not to prevent German unity.

LONDON, Sept. 28.—Charles Dickens opened the winter season of the Midland Institute at Birmingham last evening. In concluding his speech he said his political creed consisted of two articles—his faith in the people governing was infinite, and his faith in the people governed was illimitable.

Archbishop Cullen, in reply to a deputation bearing an address from the citizens of Wexford, Ireland, said by moderating their demands, not interfering with legitimate rights of any class of institutions, tenants would enjoy the results of their labor in undisturbed tranquillity.

The Times, in an article on the situation in France, says the coincidence of the Emperor's sickness and the construction of the Government is a serious misfortune. The energies of the Emperor cannot be well spared at such a crisis.

Reforms come unfortunately while the Emperor is incapacitated and at a time when most required. The speculation of the people on the uncertainties and opportunities of the future encourage and augment the public disquiet, and if the crisis had occurred ten years ago the Emperor could have brought to the work the energies he carried into the Italian campaign. If the experiment had then succeeded France would now possess a generation of statesmen with some parliamentary experience. The only question is, was the prospect of success so clear then as to justify precipitating instead of postponing the trial. The present peril is serious in any case, and is aggravated by the Emperor's ill-health, but peril of some kind has been in prospect for the government for the past two generations.

ROME, Sept. 28.—King Victor Emanuel and the Diplomatic Body of Florence will go to Venice to receive the Empress on her way to the East.

LISBON, Sept. 28.—Cardinal Emmanuel Bonifaz, Patriarch of Lisbon, is dead.

The King of Portugal denies that he had any intention of abdicating in order to accept the throne of Spain.

PARIS, Sept. 30.—Later dispatches from Bordeaux say that only fifteen vessels were destroyed in the recent fire in that city, all French. The fire was caused by the explosion of petroleum. The Hippodrome of this city was burned—loss heavy.

The Empress left this afternoon on her Eastern tour.

It is reported that the father of the murdered family whose fate is attended by such mystery, was strangled and his body found in a lazar.

No decided action has been taken in regard to a convocation of the Senate and Legislative body.

LONDON, Sept. 29.—Lord Clarendon has returned from Paris. He delivered an address before the Hertfordshire Agricultural Society this evening, in the course of which he acknowledged the subject of the tenure of land in Ireland was a momentous and vital one, but he said it should not be considered as a party question. The evils connected with the land question must be abated. Their solution was difficult but not impossible.

The Paris correspondent of the London Times asserts that there is but little if any hope of a compromise between Spain and the Cubans.

MADRID, Sept. 29.—The troubles in Barcelona are quelled and the city is tranquil. Reinforcements were sent to Cuba to-day. It is reported in official circles that the recent note of Siskles has been withdrawn. At the proposal of ministers to-day it was agreed to propose to the Cortes the election of the Duke of Genoa as King of Spain. The press without exception rejoiced with great enthusiasm the letter of the King of Portugal declaring to be a candidate for the throne of Spain. It is reported that formidable bands of Republicans have concentrated in Catalonia; the government has despatched troops there.

LONDON, Sept. 30.—Cardwell, Secretary of War, in a speech to his constituents at Oxford, favored the confederation system in Canada as one that would be encouraged in all the English colonies. Cardwell said the general policy of governing the colonies from home was a total failure, and there had been consequently substituted a policy to encourage them to develop their own powers and resources and stimulate them to spirited self-reliance. He showed how successful this policy had been in the case of Canada. By this policy, Cardwell said, the colonies have become a strength and an honor. When the time comes and England calls for the support of her colonies there would be a consideration such as the world never saw under a single sovereign.

PARIS, Oct. 3.—Prince Napoleon has written a letter to Colonel Benton, Chairman, and other Americans sojourning in London, thanking them for their address complimenting him for liberality in the Senate. The Prince reminds them of the bonds which have always united France and the United States, and continues that the present power bears resemblance to that at the close of the last century.

LONDON, Oct. 2.—The potato crop in England will fall short of the average; one half the crop in Cumberland is diseased.

Colonel Gill has been appointed Gov. of Newfoundland.

LONDON, Oct. 2.—The Right Rev. Samuel Wilberforce, bishop of Carlisle, died to-day, aged 53.

Eastern States.

New Bedford, Sept. 28.—Dr. C. F. Hall with Exeter and Lookyilla, two Esquimaux and their three daughters, arrived yesterday in company with

Ansel Gibbs, from Repulse Bay. Dr. Hall brings, as the result of his five year's residence in the arctic regions, interesting intelligence regarding Sir John Franklin and party, and proof that none of them ever reached Montreal Island. He states that he saw the natives who were the last to look upon Crozier and party. The doctor also brings the remains of a young man who belonged to the expedition; also, various relics of his exploration. Dr. Hall proposes to start again next spring and push his journey to the North Pole. He regards the experience of the last ten years as invaluable to him. He found where Sir John Franklin and companions died, erected monuments, fired salutes and waved the star-spangled banner over them in memory of the discovery of the north-west passage.

New York, Sept. 28.—The Herald calls on Congress to enact a law against gold gambling. It holds Boutwell responsible for the present bad state of affairs. The Tribune says the feeling against the gold exchange brokers is justly deeper than at any other time. A general insecurity in Wall street continues with expectation on the part of many that still greater troubles are feared.

New York, Sept. 29.—Stormy debates occurred in the Gold Room. There was alternate remarkable depression and buoyancy. Failures, receiverships and injunctions form a gossip of events which made the day without an equal in the annals of Wall street. The statement of the Gold Exchange Bank was presented to the Gold Room, expressing the belief that the bank is solvent and able to pay all debts. The result of the investigation of the committee of 20 so far as ascertained shows that dealers are short with the Gold Exchange and Clearing House about ten millions of gold which Smith, Gould, Martin & Co. offer to sell them at 135. Lookwood & Co., one of the wealthiest houses on the street, and most influential, made an assignment of their affairs to-day.

Syracuse, N. Y., Sept. 29.—The Republican Convention platform is as follows: That the public debts principal and interest shall be paid in coin; taxation ought to be equal and simple and as little burdensome to citizens as possible; that the Government is bound by the most sacred obligations to protect citizens whether native or foreign born wherever they may go; that every American citizen, whether naturalized or native, shall have equal rights of suffrage without regard to nation race or religion; that the fifteenth amendment ought to be adopted; that whenever facts in possession of our Government justify recognition of Cuban belligerency we shall heartily approve and pledge our cordial support. Resolutions were adopted endorsing the administration of President Grant.

New York, Sept. 30.—Hall's report of his Arctic expedition shows there is no shadow of a hope that any one survived of Franklin's company. It is thought none reached even as far as Montrose Island. Their bones lie scattered along the coast of King William's Island, some in solitary graves, others where they died in company. They died of starvation through the base and treacherous behavior of the Esquimaux. Hall states that the Erebus and Terror were abandoned. One schooner of Sir John Franklin's was in complete order, and was found by the natives near Oreigo Island in the spring of 1849.

CHICAGO, Oct. 4.—A letter from on board the Cuban privateer Hornet says all negotiations for her purchase were effected on the high seas, so as not to give the English and American Governments any pretext for interfering. It is said the leading nations will treat her as a pirate.

OMAHA, Oct. 3.—A despatch from Fillmore, Utah, reports a violent shock of earthquake yesterday morning.

New York, Oct. 3.—The Times asserts positively that notwithstanding the orders of Marshal Barlow the steamer Alabama, under command of Capt. Linneburn, left here on Sunday evening last with 531 men, 13 pieces of heavy ordnance, 2,000 Brimington rifles and a large amount of powder for the Cuban revolutionary army. The schooner Enterprise has not sailed. The steamer Cuba, formerly the Hornet was reported off Barnegat on Thursday.

Canada.

QUEBEC, Sept. 29.—Capt. Armstrong has arrived at Gaspé to select a landing place for the Canadian and European Atlantic telegraph.

California.

SAN FRANCISCO, Sept. 29.—Gold 131 1/2, bid on the street.

Wheat—\$1 70@1 72. At Liverpool wheat is 10s 8d. Feed—75 cents; common, \$1; good \$1 05; good shipping \$1 47 1/2; extra choice \$1 60.

Flour—Unchanged.

Barley—Bay brewing 70 cents; choice 80 cents. Extremes of market 70@90 cents.

Oats—90 cents and \$1 25.

Arrived—Sept 28—Ship Cowper, 10 days from Nansaimo; bark W. A. Banks, 18 days from Usalady, for Vellojo.

Sailed—Sept 29—Bark Brovates, Pt. Townsend; bark Glimps, Pt. Discovery.

SAN FRANCISCO, October 1.—A heavy shock of an earthquake is reported felt at San Lorenzo at 10 o'clock this morning.

Arrived—Sept 30th—Ship Cordillera, 154 days from Liverpool.

New York quotations to-day—gold 130@130 1/2.

At the base ball match to-day between the Red Stockings, of Cincinnati and the Athletics, only five innings were played. The Red Stockings made 75; Athletics, 5. Forty runs in the fourth innings, with fourteen home runs. They play the Picked Nine of California to-morrow.

SAN FRANCISCO, Oct. 3.—The funeral of Consul Godoy yesterday was attended by a large concourse of people. Nearly all of the resident Consuls officiated as pall bearers in company with

Mayor McCoppin, Gen. Ord and others. The Episcopal service was read by the Rev. Mr. Vedar, the Catholic authorities, it is said, having refused to bury him.

SAN FRANCISCO, Oct. 1.—The Red Stockings of Cincinnati played the picked nine of California. Score—Red Stockings, 46; California, 41.

SAN FRANCISCO, Oct. 4.—Arrived—Schooner Flying Dart, 28 days from Oohotsk sea. Bark Gen. Cobb, 12 days from Seabeck.

Sailed—Barks North West and W. H. Gawley for Port Madison.

DELAYED DISPATCHES.

Highly Important as to the Future of British Columbia.

From the San Francisco Bulletin, 25th September.

LONDON, Ontario, September 23.—A large crowd visited this city yesterday. Fully 30,000 strangers arrived by special train. Addresses were presented to Governor General Young by the City Council and Board of Trade. At 2 o'clock Prince Arthur, with Governor General Young, rode to the Industrial Exhibition grounds, where addresses were presented by the Agricultural and Art Societies. An enormous crowd was present. The American flag, which had been hung up in decoration, was pulled down and torn in pieces. Much excitement prevailed.

OTTAWA, Sept. 23.—Important dispatches have been received from Lord Granville in reference to the admission of British Columbia into the Confederation of Canada. He strongly urges upon Governor Musgrave and the Council the propriety and advantage of union.

Mr. McDougall, the newly appointed Governor of the Northwest Territory, leaves for the seat of government in two weeks.

It is understood that there will be no difficulty about the delivery of deeds and transfer of the Northwest Territory before the loan is raised. The solicitors of the Hudson Bay Co. are prepared to deliver them immediately.

Mr. McDougall has made arrangements with the American Telegraph Co. to run a telegraph line to Fort Garrey.

ST. JOHN'S N. B., Sept. 22.—Further investigation concerning the discovery of the skeletons of a woman and a child near Lock Lomond, leaves no doubt that a double murder was committed. A man named Kane is in custody, suspected of being the guilty party. The bodies are supposed to be those of his wife and child. The affair has caused great excitement in the community.

A terrific storm occurred at Yarmouth, N. S., yesterday. The house of Joseph Hamilton was struck by lightning. Hamilton and wife were instantly killed and the house set on fire. A bedridden daughter perished in the flames.

HAMILTON, C. W., Sept. 24.—Considerable excitement was occasioned yesterday morning in banking circles by the absconding of M. Gates, ledger-keeper of the Bank of Montreal. He is reported to have taken \$50,000, obtained by certified checks, and gone to the United States. He was captured to-day at Buffalo and the money recovered.

POST DALHOUSIE, Ontario, Sept. 23.—Two-thirds of this town was burned this morning. Ten stores and dwelling houses were consumed.

ST. CATHERINES, September 17.—John D. Culver, a banker, absconded on Saturday with from \$20,000 to \$50,000. Several bankers and a number of business men are sufferers.

Europe.

PARIS, Sept. 24.—Pere Hyacinthe has left his convent and gone home to his parents, where he will await the decision of the Council.

The specie in the Bank of France has increased 6,700,000 francs.

LONDON, Sept. 23.—Lord Westbury is appointed Lord Chief Justice of the Court of Appeals in Chancery, vice Sir J. Selwyn.

LONDON, Sept. 24.—The Times, in an article on the letter of Father Hyacinthe, says: It is to the Pope and his Jesuit advisers that we are indebted for Hyacinthe. Without the idea of Council he might have continued to discharge his office, occasionally starting his hearers with sudden flashes of truth, yet bearing the accustomed yoke, willing himself to be accounted a luminary of the church of which he is now considered a firebrand. Father Hyacinthe's letter is not the production of a worldly spirit, but is the effusion of a soul in earnest—the utterance of a word which may take root and grow and fructify.

LONDON, Sept. 26.—Lorrillard, of the yacht fleet, has issued a challenge for an ocean race this fall. Stakes, £4000.

The Times in an editorial on the relations of England to the United States says, the progress and results of the negotiations on the Puget Sound question shows that Englishmen and Americans can keep sufficiently above the mists of national prejudices and apply common principles of equality to the settlement of international difficulties. The work was a trying one for arbitration and any decision would have been satisfactory. The most agreeable feature of this negotiation is the judicious temper displayed by the gentlemen conducting the inquiry. The San Juan and Alabama questions are the only ones now left outstanding. These if brought to arbitration by the same hands, could scarcely resist the anxiety of these commissioners to do justice and equity with our feet, favor or affection for their own countries, which has recognized the arbitration of the claim.

PARIS, Sept. 27.—Reports from Rome say that the case of Father Hyacinthe will be submitted to canonical investigation, which will probably result in his excommunication.

Florence, (Sept. 27.—Mount St. Elias is in a state of violent eruption, and streams of lava are pouring from the crater in large volume.

Perth, Sept. 24.—It is proved that Hon John Patton, Lord Justice Clerk of Scotland, was murdered. His body was found in the Tay to-day, with a terrible cut in the throat.

Berlin, Sept. 24.—The Ministerial journal announces that the Crown Prince is about to visit Vienna on an invitation from the Emperor. This fact shows that a desire is generally entertained at Vienna for the establishment of most friendly relations with Russia.

Eastern States.

CHICAGO, Sept. 25.—A Time's New York special says a crowd proceeded to the office of Smith, Gould, Martin & Co., during the Wall street excitement yesterday, and the active efforts of the police prevented its being quieted. The crowd secured Frisk, Jr., and threatened to hang him, but he was rescued with no other damage than a black eye. The crowd continued in the streets at a late hour and the presence of a large body of police was necessary to preserve order. The same special says Secretary Boutwell is severely denounced in all strictly mercantile circles by both Republicans and Democrats. His refusal to sell gold last night, and selling to-day, after the market had begun to decline, is counted good evidence that he was in the bull market whose operations have brought the whole country to a stand still. It is probable the whole matter will be investigated by the Chamber of Commerce. It was proposed to call a meeting of merchants to denounce and demand his removal, but other counsels prevailed. It was noted that when gold was at its highest it was impossible to sell a small amount at the quoted rates. The highest price paid over the counter was 152 1/2; it was done over 148. Another account of the movements is this: It was discovered that two or three of the members of the combination which has been working for a rise secretly sold gold in large amounts on speculative account, thinking that their defection would thwart the purposes of the remainder of the combination. The bulls saw this, and determined to punish them, and the rise this forenoon was in pursuance of that determination.

A Tribune's special, dated at New York last night, thinks yesterday's transactions will reach \$500,000,000.

Baiting Bros., telegraphed to Dancon, Sherman & Co. that they could use \$3,000,000 in speculation. The latter firm obtained that amount from the Assistant Treasurer on the strength of the "bull" clique. There was much confusion among the brokers for the reason that the Gold Exchange Bank was unable to settle the balances due from the bank to the brokers. Several firms were thus forced into temporary suspension, who claim that they are perfectly solvent; but some confess that they do not know how they now stand and may not be able to meet their obligations to-morrow.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 27.—The Secretary of the Treasury has authorized the Assistant Treasurer of New York to sell a million of gold each Tuesday and Friday till November 1st; also to purchase \$2,000,000 bonds each Wednesday till November 1st. These sales and purchases are to be in addition to those or account of the sinking fund, which will be continued without change.

CHICAGO, Sept. 24.—A special from New York says the Sun asserts that Gen. Siskles has been directed to inform Spain that the United States is not anxious to mediate between the parties, and as Spain seemed unwilling to consider any practical terms, the attempt at mediation may be regarded as abandoned. This leaves no negotiation on foot, but Siskles has not withdrawn the note and the United States Government may be compelled by the state of public opinion in this country, to recognize the independence of Cuba about October 1st.

West Indies.

HAVANA, Sept. 27.—St. Thomas advices are to the 15th. Three shocks of earthquake occurred. Seventeen stores had closed and business was suspended. No lives are known to have been lost. General alarm prevailed.

St Domingo advices are to the 9th. Baez had defeated the rebels besieging Arca.

New York, Sept. 24.—A Havana letter of the 17th says: Under news from Spain, yesterday, the people are discussing the probability of a war with the United States. It is almost dangerous to life for an American to go into the streets alone. It is reported that Mr. Plumb, in consequence of a long cipher despatch received day before yesterday, directed the archives of the Consularship to be compactly packed, and will call a meeting of all citizens of the United States to-morrow. The American houses not only refuse to take orders for goods, but will not sell exchange as freely as usual. On the contrary, many purchasers of exchange are drawing all their ready funds from the custody of banks here.

HAVANA, Sept. 27.—The telegram sent on Saturday, relative to the surrender of Gen. Jordan and his troops upon payment by the Government of certain sums of money, was based upon official dispatches. It is reported that the insurgents in the neighborhood of Yoganaromas and Pais are treating with the Spanish authorities relative to surrender. This surrender is important if true. Rebel bands in this quarter have been nearest to the sugar districts.

Shipping Intelligence.

PORT OF VICTORIA, BRITISH COLUMBIA.

ENTERED

Oct. 1—Schr Eliza, Middleton, Saanich
Oct 2—Schr Emma, Bitterbank, Port Townsend
Schr George S. Wright, Rogers, Astoria
Schr Harriet, Kamaha, San Juan
Schr Madona, Post, Liverpool

CLEARED

Oct 1—Schr Eliza, Middleton, Saanich
Schr Ripplingdale, Daka, Orest Island
Oct 2—Schr Ocean Queen, Smith, San Juan
Schr Native, Collins, North Coast
Oct 4—Schr Emma, Bitterbank, Port Townsend
Schr George S. Wright, Rogers, Astoria
Schr Harriet, Kamaha, San Juan
Schr Madona, Post, Liverpool

PASSENGERS.

Per strmr Geo S Wright from Portland—George Holstein, John Byrne, William Godfrey, A McKecknie, Mrs F Newlander, Mr and Mrs St Clair, Miss Brockley, Col J R Moore, Faymaster, U S A, J S Child, Robert Moore, Ernest Hour, wife and child, O Webb, Thomas Turball, and 4 Chinamen.

CONSIGNEES

Per Bark MEDORA, in London—G R Ashwell, Janion, Rhodes & Co, Findlay & Durban, Holbrock, Fisher & Co, Ward Holyday, David Edwards, Order, Guy Huston, Robt, Laid, O Bryant, Thos Lett Stahlbaum, Mitchell, Johnston, W Wilson, Henry Nathan Jr & Co, Robert Foster, David Spencer, Langley & Co, J H Turner & Co, John F, & B, T N Hibben, H P & Co, H C Co, L & Co, Deltz & Nelson, R Carr, Wills Fargo & Co, D Spencer, E & B, T L Fawcett, Order, Miss J Byron.

IMPORTS

Per steamship G S WRIGHT, from Portland—4 bbls Flannels, 5 bbls blankets, 105 ske braun, 626 ske middling, 30 bbls butter, 2920 ske flour, 421 ske wheat, 10 cs lard, 10 gunnies hams, 330 bbls apples, 1 pkg leather binding, 13 bbls grapes, 10 do pears, 2 do quinces, 62 bbls dried apples, 1 cs pigs feet, 1 cs pictures, 1 garden roller, 16 bbls paper, 5 ske corn meal, 11 ske cranberry sugar, 4 wrenches, 1 pkg hard knives, 3 bars cast-iron, 12 pie boiler iron, 12 bars iron, 97 pkg mds, 30 pkg express matter, 12 bbls Eastern mail.

DIED.

At San Francisco, Sept 15, Maria, wife of John Morris O R, late of Victoria, V I.

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Change the vitiated Blood, whenever you find its impurities bursting through the skin in Pimples, Eruptions or Sores; cleanse them when you find it obstructed and sluggish in the veins; cleanse it when it is foul, and your feelings will tell you when. Keep the blood healthy and all will be well.

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