

stubble and plowed under in the autumn; the balance (121/2 tons) is worked into the land as soon as it is fit to work in the spring. When the land has been worked so that it is mellow and friable it is thrown up into low drills 30 inches apart and the tops of these dragged off with a role or fence rail. The seed about 11/2 inches with is then som

satisfactory in ant for This is followed by a tative Canadian Bank of Commerce this work. Toronto

Gazette, East Hartford (Conn.) Homer Harwood and Mrs. Harwood Watchman, Warren (Mich.)

H. H. Herbert, School of Journal ism, Norman (Okla.)

at from i to 6 lbs. per acre, accord-ing to the quality of seed. The "Flanet Jr." cultivator and seeder Mapleton, (Minn.) William Hogg, Spec heavy roller firming the earth about the seed so that it may get sufficient the seed so that it may get sufficient moisture for germination. During a C. K. Howard, General adian National Railways, Boston, W. D. Hodge and Mrs. Hodge dry period it is well to seed in the Herald. Sleepy Eye (Minn.) evening so that the earth may re-Miss Delia Kwekkeboon, Journal main damp about the seed for a longer time. The most important point in getting a good catch is to



have the seed deep enough, so that it will not dry out and for have the seed to presed firmly about the seed. It pays to take extra time and trouble to put

Eleanor Keen, Republican Register ed in right even if it is necess

ary to make a trench with a hoe for the seed and to cover and pack the

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the seed and to cover and pack the cearth down with the feet. As soon as the plants are up in rows they should be edged with a hoe or hand cultvator. The latter will straddle the row and do both sides at once. The horse cultivator should then be run through the rows every week or after every beavy rain until the tops cover the ground. Thorough persistant culti-wation will add greatly to the crop by conserving moisture and by des troying weeds. The plants should be thinned to about 10 inches spart in the rows by the time they get four leaves, and hoed a second time before the roots swell. Mangels should be harvested be fare severe fronts occur. They

severe frosts occur. The d not be topped so close the will bleed, and should be has They that