## News Items.

### LOCAL.

The *Dalton Herald*, Georgetown, Ontario, has been received.

The Summerside *Journal* reports a very high tide at that place on the 6th inst.

FRESH herring and eels are plentiful in market; but no codfish or salmon have yet been taken.

There is to be an anti-railroad indignation meeting at Vernon River Bridge, to-morrow. The "perfiatetics" ought to be on hand.

City Debentures, from No. 6 to No. 21, both inclusive, have been called in for payment, by the City Council.

A young man, name Scott, was drowned in the St. John River, last week. He belonged to Sunbury County.

THE QUEEN'S BIRTH-DAY.—The English papers announce that the Queen's birth-day will be celebrated on Saturday, the 20th day, this year.

TO CORRESPONDENTS.—"J. R. McLean," "Another Old Man," "Com.," and other correspondence, have been received, and are under consideration.

Mr. Boyd, the Government Railway Engineer, and the Hon. O. W. Howlan, were passengers in the steamer *St. Lawrence*, from Shediac to Charlottetown, on Saturday night last. Mr. Boyd will commence his work of surveying the railway route immediately.

THE wharves are now crowded with shipping—nearly all the English vessels having arrived in port—and truckmen are making a harvest in hauling goods to the merchants, whose shops are beginning to present an attractive appearance.

His Honor the Lieutenant Governor will hold a Levee at Government House, at half-past twelve o'clock, on Wednesday next, the 24th inst., in honor of her Majesty's Birth-day.

The June Term of the Supreme Court for Prince County, will commence at St. Eleanor's on Tuesday, the 13th of June.

Wm. McGill, Esq., has just imported, and offers for sale, a small quantity of the Sweet Turnip Seed. This is the kind which took the first prize last Autumn, at the General Exhibition. Persons wanting such an article would do well to call early.

THE North side of this Island is jammed up with ice, and, as a consequence, the weather is cold enough to make fires and overcoats indispensable.

At an anti-railroad meeting held at Crapaud, last week, only a majority of four could be drummed up to oppose the Government on the question.

The *Examiner* complains of midnight depredations in various parts of the City, by crowds of "roughs," composed of young men and lads.

Dr. Kaye has presented Mr. Ross, of the Georgetown *Advocate*, with some rheubarb, the growth of this spring.

The HERALD'S shipping, telegraphic, commercial and selected news is the best and most reliable published in the City. The *Islander* should give us credit for our weekly exports.

We beg to call attention to the notice of the Tea & Entertainment to be given in the Market Hall, on the evening of the 24th inst., under the auspices of the Sons of Temperance.

The Summerside *Progress* reports the arrival at that place, on the 11th inst., of the barque *Isabella*, owned by Angus McMillan, Esq. A man named Power was lost overboard on the passage between Liverpool and Summerside.

An editorial article in reply to the *Islander's* extraordinary comments upon our railway debentures, and other matter prepared for this day's paper, are unavoidably crowded out.

The appointment of Marin J. Blanchard, Esq., to the vacancy in the New Glasgow Bench of Small Debt Commissioners, would be a judicious and popular one.

A SNAKE STORY.—Mr. William Good, whilst procuring fence poles at Mr. Holl's, in a swamp near Malpeque Road, about three weeks ago, on removing one of the poles discovered a nest of snakes. He killed nineteen; the largest being four feet and the smallest two feet in length.—*Ex.*

DR. GAFFNEY, Superintendent of Vaccination for Lots 31, 32 and 65, will attend the above places in the course of a few days, of which due notice will be given, by printed handbills, at the various schools in the Districts named.

OBITUARY.—Died, during last week, at the Head of St. Peter's Bay, Mr. Emmanuel Wilson, aged 23 years, son of Mr. John Wilson. He had been unwell in Boston, and returned home in time to see his friends. He is spoken of as a young gentleman of amiable disposition and of excellent qualities. He was generally beloved and esteemed by his friends. He was attended on his way home by Mr. Reynolds, of this City, and his last words were in thankfulness to him and Capt. Evans, of the *St. Lawrence*, for their unremitting kindness to him. Whilst in the States, he kept a journal, and every alternate page was filled with loving references to his relatives, and anxious longings to see that home which he just reached, before going to that better land where sickness, tears, and sorrows shall be no more.—*Ex.*

Mr. John Goss, of Fifteen Point, killed a seal on Saturday last, about two and a half miles from the sea, and more than a mile from the nearest creek. The seal, it is supposed, was making his way across the Island. He was, when overtaken, heading for Barlow's Mills. His track was first noticed in the trench beside the road. The seal was a young one, some four feet and a half long.—*Pro.*

Mr. Patrick Blake recently bought 44 head of cattle towards the Westward, 18 of which came down in the *St. Lawrence* from Summerside on Wednesday last. They were a remarkable fine drove of fat oxen, and several were animals of very handsome proportions. One weighed 1500 lbs., of live weight, and on an average the remainder came up to 1300 lbs., each. They were purchased, some from Messrs. McNutt and Stewart, Darnley, some from George Sinclair, Esq., of Malpeque, and the others from Messrs. John Campbell and D. Johnson, of New London.—*Ex.*

The Summerside *Journal* says that "the horse "Island Champion," two years and ten months old, bred on the farm of Mr. McCarvell, Somerset, and recently sold to Mr. Wm. Milligan, was purchased on Friday last, by Mr. Warren C. Ball, of Woodstock, N. B., and shipped in the steamer the same day. This horse was sired by the "Clydesdale," and took the first prize at the County Exhibition here last fall, and the second prize at the Queen's County exhibition."

By a letter from our Souris correspondent, of the 23d ult., and which we inadvertently omitted to publish in our last issue, we learn that Captain Saville's coat and handkerchief were found on the sand beach near East Point, last Saturday (22d April). The handkerchief had the name "E. Saville" worked on one of the corners with sewing silk. At the time of the loss of the *Emeline*, it was reported that she made the Island near East Point, about dark, and it was thought that she might have struck the reef, and got dismasted in washing her way to Souris or Grand River. The finding of the body of one of the men, and the coat and handkerchief of the Captain, near the East Point, tends to confirm that theory.—*Pat.*

The tenants on lot 19 are willing to pay twenty shillings an acre for their land, and they request the Government to buy it at such a figure as will enable them to re-sell it at that price.

☞ AN apprentice to the Printing business is wanted at this office. A boy from the country is preferred.

### COLONIAL.

On Tuesday afternoon, a young girl named Adams, residing on Argyle Street, near the Acadia School, Halifax, threw herself from a third storey window to the street, breaking one of her arms, and otherwise injuring herself so severely that it is feared she cannot recover. She had been deranged for some time past, in consequence of the death of a relative to whom she was much attached.

The body of a man, in an advanced stage of decomposition, was found floating in the water at Purcell's Cove, N. S., last week, but has not been identified.

The Barque *James Ives*, from New York, arrived at Halifax, last week, with two small-pox patients on board.

Owing to the continued illness of Mr. J. Harry Frank, Mr. Hermans, of the N. York, Newfoundland and London Telegraphic Co. has been appointed Station Master, *pro tem.* at Sackville.—*N. B. Paper.*

The Summer Arrangement on the Nova Scotia Railway commenced on the 15th inst.

The *News* says the drift ice has gone clear of the Cape Breton coast at last, and vessels are arriving daily at all the ports.

The schr. *S. G. Marshall*, seized and sold last summer for a violation of the fishing laws, has been fitted out at Halifax as a Dominion cutter. She will start in a few days on a cruise.

A number of State and railroad bonds, bank certificates, &c., amounting to $19,000, were lately stolen from the residence of the late Mr. George Robinson, Annapolis, N. S. A reward of $200 is offered for their recovery.

The small pox is spreading in St. John, N. B.

## Late Telegrams.

### EUROPEAN.

Paris, May 7.

Col. O'Kolowitz has died of wounds. Blanchet, member of Commune, has been arrested by order of his associates.

The Commune has suppressed the following Journals. *Le Petit Moniteur, Le Petit National, Le Bon Temps, Le Petit Presse, Le Petit Journal La France* and *Le Temps.*

Versailles, May 7.

Hopes are entertained of favorable result of conference. When Dubreter and Favre met Bismarck, the former asked for some concession, declaring it impossible for France to raise the indemnity asked; and Favre asked for the possession of the Paris forts, but Bismarck insisted upon strict compliance with the terms of the convention.

Versailles, May 8.

The new battery on Montrouge has opened fire on Paris.

The bombardment will be resumed with greater energy to-morrow. The fire from fort D'Issy and Vanvers to-day has been weak.

Thiers, in his proclamation to the people of Paris, says the Germans declare that they will mercilessly resume the war, unless the insurrection is at once suppressed. The proclamation closes thus:—"Re-unite; open the gates to us; the work of cannon will then cease, and tranquility and abundance will take its place. We are marching to deliver you in a few days. You can aid us."

London, May 8.

In the House of Lords this evening, the university test bill was sustained by five of a majority.

In the House of Commons the discussion on the new army regulation bill was resumed. Major Anson member from Bowdley, argued in favor of the purchase of Commissions, while the other military members, who participated in the debate, were divided on the subject. Mr. Cardwell denied that the changes proposed would subject officers to loss, as the Commissions issued since the introduction of the measure brought full prices. On division, a majority of sixty three voted against purchase of Commissions.

There was rioting to-day at Oldham, orginating in a lockout.

The London *Times* expresses hope that the American Congress will approve the work of the Joint High Comission.

London, May 9.

A Versailles despatch of to-day announces the capture of fort D'Issy.

Clamart has become so unhealthy from the presence of unburied bodies of victims of the many engagements, that the Versailles troops were obliged to evacuate the place.

The government relieves from service about Paris, and sends to the departments, all soldiers having relatives in the capital.

The Versailles army continues its approaches to the Bois de Boulogne.

In the House of Lords, a bill was introduced for the Confederation of the Leewards Islands, in the West Indies.

In the House of Commons Viscount Enfield announced that the treaty had been signed by the Joint High Commission, but he did not disclose its conditions.

Miall moved the disestablishment of the Church of England, in a speech of great eloquence, seconded by Leatham. White, Bruce, Palmer, Disraeli and Gladstone opposed. The motion was defeated by 285 majority.

A despatch from Frankfort says that Prince Bismarck will shortly go to Compeigne, to confer with M. Thiers about the indemnity. Bismarck told Favre that further delay in paying the indemnity would be attended with grave consequence to France.

Several sisters of St. Sulpice Hospital have been arrested and imprisoned by the Insurgents.

The life of Archbishop Darboy is threatened unless Blanquerot is liberated.

Despatches from Frankfort say that the Conference was agreed upon the main points of the Treaty.

The Emperor William says he will do all he can to establish a legal government.

A despatch from Berlin says there is official authority for the statement that enlistments of men in the States, in behalf of the Emperor Napoleon, are being actively prosecuted.

Versailles, *May* 9.

Fort Issy was abandoned in a panic. The Versaillists are preparing for operations against Fort Vanvres.

Thiers exults in a circular.

General Dowie crossed the Seine, on *Monday*, and entrenched three hundred yards from the *enciente*, where he can batter down the bridge at Neuilly.

London, May 10.

On Tuesday, afternoon, the Insurgents evacuated Fort d'Issy, under a tremendous fire from the Versailist artillery, which exploded a magazine and caused a great fire, that is still raging.

Fort Vanvres has also been captured, with one hundred and thirty cannons. Great quantities of ammunition and stores of all kinds were among the booty. A large quantity of brandy was found, impregnated with an infusion of tobacco, which is fatal to those who, being wounded, should partake of it.

London, May 10.

A treaty of peace was signed to-day at Frankfort, between Prussia and France.

In the House of Commons this evening, the Government Bill requiring and regulating the registration of voters, was carried by only 16 majority.

A steamer left to-day to attempt to repair broken Atlantic Telegraph Cables.

Prince Bismarck consents to reduce the indemnity to 20 millions of pounds.

London, May 11.

The store ship *Relief*, from New York and Philadelphia, laden with provisions for the sufferers in France, arrived off Scilly Island.

The treaty of peace just completed at Frankfort abrogates the commercial treaty between France and Germany, and gives to Prussia control of the railways in ceded territory, in consideration of reduction from war indemnity of three hundred and twenty-six million francs. One of the clauses of the treaty provides for acquisition by Prussia of railway from Thionville to Luxemburg.

A despatch from Versailles this morning says: "Forts Montrouge and Vanvres silenced. The National Guards in the Vaugirand and Pantheon Districts in Paris refused to fight any longer."

With respect to the settlement of the Alabama Claims, it has been arranged that five Commissioners are to be appointed, one by each of the following personages, by Queen of England, Emperor of Brazil, President of Switzerland, President of United States, and the King of Italy. These five are to meet at Genoa to form rules by which to decide the amounts involved. Afterwards, Queen Victoria and President Grant will each appoint one assessor, and the two so appointed will select the third, who will form a commission, to sit either in Boston or New York, to decide individual applications.

In the House of Commons, this evening, Mr. Mousell, the Postmaster General, expressed his inability to explain why the Cunard Steamship Company declines to bring American Mails.

In the House of Lords, in reply to a question from the Opposition, Lord Granville declined to say whether English Claims on the United States will be adjudicated in England.

Fort Vanvres was captured and recaptured on yesterday, but it cannot be held.

BERLIN, May 12.

In the German Parliament, Bismarck said the treaty concluded hastens payment of indemnity, half a milliard to be paid 30 days after Versailles Army enter Paris, and a milliard more before the end of December next. Then only will Germans evacuate the forts.

Ratifications are to be exchanged 20th instant.

LONDON, May 12.

Sir John Frederick William Herschel, only son of the great astronomer, and himself an astronomer of world-wide repute, died today.

The London "Standard" to-day has a despatch asserting that the Communist forces are only 12,000 strong, and that the Versailles army could go into Paris to-day if it would. On the other hand, the Communists claim victory, and deny reports of successes for Versaillists.

The Paris Committee of public safety, in a proclamation issued, say Republic and Commune have escaped mortal peril. Treason entered our ranks; Rossel's surrender of Issy was the first step, and the opening of the gates of Paris was to follow. Most of the guilty men have been arrested, and their punishment will be exemplary.

The Versaillist troops are constantly approaching nearer and nearer the Escarpment.

Rossel has sent in his resignation to the heads of the Commune. The fact has had a discouraging effect upon the rebels.

LONDON, May 13.

Despatches from Versailles of to-day's date, say that the approaches to Paris are being vigorously and continuously pushed forward.

Fifty thousand troops will cross the Seine to-day, to reinforce the troops encamped in the Bois de Boulogne.

Oiseaux has been captured. The rebels lost two hundred men and eight guns.

The Germans have forwarded a command to the Commune that the northern enciente of Paris be forthwith disarmed.

The discouragement of the Nationals is increasing every hour, and a deep gloom has taken the place of the former hopefulness.

The Paris papers recommend the execution, by the Central Committee, of the assassin who attempted the life of Doubrowski.

Count de Chambord has issued a letter, in which he bids high for the throne of France. It has been published and extensively circulated.

London, May 13.

In the House of Lords yesterday, Lord Redesdale argued that the Southern States of the American Union were alone responsible for the depredations of the Alabama and kindred ships, and that the Government of Great Britain could not have legally detained the Alabama, for she was not armed when she left British waters.

The Earl of Lauderdale concurred in the views of Earl Granville, and said before the treaty was ratified that there should be ample opportunity for full consideration of its provisions.

The Whitsuntide recess from May 26th to June 1st.

At the evening session of House of Commons, Mr. McPhee, member for Leith, moved for the appointment of a select committee to investigate the feeling of the colonies towards the Mother Country and each other, and to ascertain in what manner they can be strengthened and bound in closer ties of friendship and loyalty to the Empire.

London, May 13.

The *Times* to-day is convinced that basis and essential provisions of treaty of Washington will be adopted by the American Senate and therefore believes the treaty virtually concluded. As for the treaty itself, it is the result of mutual concessions. The *Times* finds in it nothing inconsistent with national honor, or that England was not ready to make a sacrifice to restore amity between the branches of the Anglo-Saxon race.

The health of the Emperor Napoleon is much better.

There is no suspension of fighting around Paris. Fifty thousand Versailles troops are encamped at St Germaine, and will join the forces of Gen. Douay in an attack upon the city.

### UNITED STATES.

#### REPORT OF THE JOINT HIGH COMMISSION — THE TREATY.

Sing Sing, May 6.

At noon, yesterday, a terrible accident occurred in Sing Sing prison, and imperilled the lives of 86 convicts. A gallery floor gave way precipitating several to the pavement, 40 feet beneath. Cause of the accident was the breaking of one of the iron braces, that supported the gallery. It is feared that two persons were fatally injured.

WASHINGTON, *May* 8.—The following is an authorative official statement of the result of the labors of the Joint High Commission:

The Treaty is to be known as "The Treaty of Washington for the adjustment of claims of injury alleged by the United States on account of the escape of Confederate cruisers from British ports, and depredations committed by those vessels during the late rebellion in this country."

A tribunal of arbitration is constituted, to consist of five arbitrators, one appointed by the United States, one by Great Britain, and the other three each by a designated sovereign of Europe or America. The treaty establishes special rules of national duty, and obligation in addition to the generally received public law, which, although not admitted by the British Commissioners to have been in force in the time, are yet, it is agreed, to retroact and to govern the decisions of the tribunal.

The arbitration of this tribunal may either award damages in the detail or in the gross, at its discretion, or it may refer this duty to a board of assessors sitting in the United States, who shall report from time to time, the payment to be accordingly.

The British Government frankly expresses its regret for the occurrence of the incidents complained of by the United States.

For the adjudication of all other claims of citizens of the United States against Great Britain, or of subjects of Great Britain against the United States, during the same period—that is, from the 13th of April, 1861, to the 9th of April, 1865, an ordinary mixed Commission is provided, to sit at Washington, with an umpire, to be appointed, if necessary, by a designated friendly power.

This limitation of time is material in substance, for it confines reclamation against the United States to incidents of the actual war. It is accompained also with a declaration on the part of the British Commissioners to the effect, of excluding claims on account of the slave property.

Great Britain does not recognize the claims of her subjects for the seizure of cotton in cases, where they took up their abode in the South, as they became subject to the contingencies of war.

In regard to the Fishery Question, in addition to the liberty already secured to them by the treaty of 1818, the fishermen of the United States shall have the liberty to take sea fish on the sea coast and shores and in the bays, harbors and creeks of the Provinces of Quebec, Nova Scotia and New Brunswick, and the colony of Prince Edward Island and the islands adjacent, without being restricted to any distance from the shore, with permission to land upon such coasts, shores and islands, and also upon the Magdalene Islands, for the purpose of drying their nets and curing their fish subject of course, in this respect, to the local rights of private property; and the same liberty is granted to British subjects on the Eastern coasts and shores of the United States north of the thirty-ninth parallel of latitude.

The liberty is not to include, on either side, shell fish or salmon or the shad fisheries, or other fisheries in rivers and at the mouth of rivers.

It is also agreed further that fish, oil and fish of all kinds, except of the inland lakes and their rivers, and except fish preserved in oil, the product of the fisheries of the United States or the Dominion of Canada or Prince Edward Island, shall be admitted into each country respectively free of duty.

The privileges thus conceded to the United States are obviously most important ones.

It is asserted by the British Government, but not admitted by the United States, that the privileges accorded by the United States, are of greater value than those accorded to the subjects of Great Britain; and to prevent, and avoid controversy on this point, it is agreed that a mixed Commission, with an umpire appointed by a designated friendly power, shall determine whether there shall be any compensation for such alleged excess of privileges, and if so, how much ought to be paid by the United States.

Next come the various questions of navigation and commercial transit, which are disposed of by declaring the navigation of the rivers St. Lawrence, Yucan, Porcupine and Stillere, forever free and open to the citizens or subjects of both countries, by providing for the equal use of the Welland, St. Lawrence and other Canals in the Dominion on the one hand, and Lake Michigan and the St. Clair flats Canal on the other, by providing for the free transit of merchandise to and from as well in the British possessions as in the United States, and abolishing the provisional export duty on American lumber on the river St. John.

All the provisions concerning the fisheries and commercial transit are, of course, made contingent upon their being approved by the Congress of the United States, the Parliaments, Great Britain and Canada, and the Legislature of Prince Edward Island.

By these various stipulations, all the privileges of fishery, navigation and transit accorded to the United States by the Treaty of 1854, are once more obtained, and in a better form and without the burdensome conditions of that treaty in the manner of reciprocal importance.

The balance of the treaty relates to North-Western boundary, which submits the question to the Emperor of Germany.

Washington, May 9.

The treaty was signed to day by the Joint High Commission at the Department of State.

The gentlemen, after this was done, exchanged congratulations on the results of their labors.

The following points will be found to be correct:—

1st—That there are to be two Boards of Arbitration or Commission; to one will be referred the Alabama and other similar claims which are recognized as national. The other Board is to take cognizance of miscellaneous claims, British and American, confined principally to periods from commencement to close of the civil war.

Among these are the St. Alban's claims, damage to property by Canadians; but no claims for Fenian invasion of Canada are to be admitted.

The San Juan question will be referred to the arbitration of a friendly Sovereign, probaly the Emperor of Brazil.

The treaty provides for the free navigation of the St. Lawrence by vessels of the United States and for the use of the Canadian Canals, on payment of required tolls. Also provisons regulating the privilege to fish in Canadian waters.

The British Commission, together with Gen. Schenck, will sail for Europe on the 24th of this month, relying on the ratification of the treaty by the Senate.

New York, May 9,

The Treaty of Washington, an outline which is published to-day, meets with general approval from press and people.

Gold and Exchange steady.

Washington, May 10.

The Senate met this morning for the purpose of considering the Treaty between Great Britain and the States.

New York, May 10.

The lower branch of the Legislature of Connecticut declares Towell elected Governor by the people—86 majority.

### CUBA.

Aspinwall, May 6.

Intelligence received by Danish Minister of War yesterday, says insurgent army is advancing toward Santiago. Insurgents threaten Panama. Great alarm.

### SOUTH AMERICA.

BUENOS AYRES, via London, May 12.—Business is suspended and the city to a great extent deserted. The ravages of yellow fever continue.

DEMERARA, May 7.—Sugar crop largest ever known here.

### CANADIAN.

Toronto, May 11.

The reported surrender of the fisheries to the United States, has excited strong indignation here. It is felt that Sir John A. McDonald has betrayed the interests intrusted to him.

The "Globe," while disposed to withhold comment till the treaty is authoritatively published, says, it it is as to the fisheries as reported, Sir John had as well stay where he is. Such a treaty will never be sanctioned with the assent of the people of Canada. It says, Sir John will, no doubt, have what he desires, a calm and full discussion by the people of Canada of the subject in all its bearings, but the more deliberately the question is considered, the firmer must be the decision arrived at and action upon it.

The ministerial papers are ominously silent on the subject. The "Leader," after citing, approvingly, quotations from New York papers favorable to the treaty, says it regrets to find Canadian journals discussing the part of the treaty relative to the fisheries, upon what is likely to be imperfect information.

The "Telegraph" has not a word on the subject.

Port Regent, Ont., May 11.

Early this morning ten steamers and tug boats landed 1500 passengers half way between here and Dover, to witness a prize fight between Mace and Coburn. After a scientific display of an hour and a half, the Volunteers broke up the fight.

Quebec, May 12.

A telegram was received yesterday afternoon stating that the "City of Quebec," of Aberdeen, Capt. Pithie, from London for Quebec, was totally wrecked on Isle Aux Mort, near Cape Ray, on the 8th inst. All hands drowned. Six of the bodies have been picked up.


A. B. SMITH,

MANUFACTURER,

IMPORTER & DEALER

IN

**Hats, Caps, & Furs,**

ALSO,

**BOOTS & SHOES.**

☞ Highest price paid for MINK, MUSK, RAT, FOX and other FUR SKINS.

SOUTH SIDE QUEEN SQUARE.

October 26, 1869


### Married.

In the Methodist Church, Winthrop, Mass., U. S., on the 25th of April, by the Rev. Mr. Fernald, P. Stainforth Macgowan, Esq., to S. Lettie, eldest daughter of Isaac C. Hall, Esq.

At the residence of the bride's mother, May 1st, by the Rev. P. Prestwood, Mr. John A. Jury, of Charlottetown, to Miss Mary Webster, of Searletown.

On the 25th ult., at the house of the bride's father, Lot 8, by Mr. J. Chapple, Mr. John Sellker, of Lot 8, to Miss Emma M. Frost.

On Wednesday last, by the Rev. Mr Milligan, A. M., Mr. John Gidley, to Elizabeth, second daughter of Mr. William Shephard, all of this city.

### Died.

On Sunday, the 14th inst., Mary Ethel, infant daughter of Thomas and Annie Reilly, aged 11 months and 16 days.

"Suffer little children, and forbid them not, to come to me: for the Kingdom of Heaven is for such."

At Tignish, Lot 2, on the 8th inst., after a short illness of 15 days, Dominick Buote, in the 55th year of his age, deeply regretted by all who knew him. *M. Acadien* please copy.

On the 31st ult., at Kildare, Lot 3, after a long and painful illness, which had for some time past deprived him of his speech, Joseph Vincent, aged 53 years, leaving a wife and seven children to mourn his loss.

### Shipping Intelligence.

#### PORT OF CHARLOTTETOWN.

ENTERED.

*May* 9.—Ariel, Allin, Chatham; deal.

10.—Georgia, Connell, Montreal; flour. Arcola, Purcell, Port Mulgrave; limestone. Mary Ann, Allin, Bay Verte; boards. Commerce, Doane, Boston; mdze.

11.—Princess of Wales, Cameron, Pictou; Mails. St. Lawrence, Evans, Shediac; mdze. Wide Awake, Hingly, Tatamagouche; deal. Ranger, Matitall, Tatamagouche; deal. Farewell, Cairns, Arisaig; Gravel. Angelique, Halliday, Pictou; coal. Midas, Murchison, Liverpool; mdze.

12.—Daniel, Walsh, Pictou; coal. Enterprise, McRae, Pictou; coal. Julia, Carey, Shediac; deal. Feme, McLean, Bay Verte; deal. Perseverance, Powell, Richibucto; deal. Bragor, Sullivan, Bay Verte; deal. Idare, Grant, Bay Verte; deal. Highland Jane, Ascah, Richibucto; deal. St. Lawrence, Evans, Pictou; mdze.

13.—Princess of Wales, Cameron, Shediac; mails. Lella Alice, Hobbs, Liverpool; mdze. Lucy Ann, Allin, Bay Verte; deal. Marie Vigilante, Belanger, Montreal; flour. Georgia, Connell, Pictou.

15.—Elizabeth, Dugary, Shemogue; deal. Wild Brier, Bell, Sydney; coal. Vermont, McPherson, Chatham; deal. E. Smith, Hopkins, Boston; mdze. Mary, Doheney, Cowbay; coal. Ambrose, McDonald, Pictou, coal. St. Lawrence, Evans, Pictou; mails.

CLEARED.

May 9—Syl. McDonald, Paoli, Bay Verte; bal. Fawn, Long, Richibucto; bal. R. Munn, Walker, Canso; produce.

10.—Emerald, Lynd, Cross Point, Canada East; gen. cargo. Ricardo, McCormack, Bay Verte; lumber.

11.—Georgia, Connell, Pictou. Commerce, Doane, Halifax and Boston; gen. cargo. Royal Arch, Percy, Harbor Grace; produce. Snipe, Aylward, St. John's, Nfld.; do. J. W. Hatfield, Paul, Nfld.; do. St. Lawrence, Evans, Pictou; mails.

12.—Princess of Wales, Cameron, Shediac; mails. Daniel, Walsh, Pictou, bal. Wide Awake, Hingly, Tatamagouche; salt. Augusta Parker, Matheson, Pictou; bal.

13.—Ranger, Matatell, Tatamagouche; bal. I Dare, Grant, Bay Verte; bal. Hilda, Harvie, Bordeaux; oats. Georgia, Connell, Montreal; gen. cargo.

15.—Lucy Ann, Allie, Bay Verte; rock salt. Marion, Brown, Liverpool; oats and deal. Lettie, Mountain, fishing voyage. Ariel, Allin, Chatham; produce.

16.—Saturn, Brown, Miramichi. Plover, LeBlanc, Pictou; bal. Marie Vigilante, Belanger, Montreal. Farewell, Cairns, Arisaig; fish cans.

Exports from the Port of Charlottetown for the week ending Tuesday, May 16:—Turnips, 5 bush.; potatoes, 9600; oats, 19,431 bush., eggs, 8200 doz.; calfskins, 1 bbl.; hay, 8¼ tons; hams, 1433 lbs.; pork, 264 bbls.; lard, 672 lbs.; parsnips, 25 bush; leather, 6 rolls; grass seed, 400 lbs.; horses, 1; furs, 1 case; oatmeal, 109 bbls.; deals, 80,000 feet; lathwood, 1 cord.

CH'TOWN MARKET, Tuesday, May 16.

Pork, oats, potatoes and hay were only remarkable for their scarcity. From the present until after haymaking, we will discontinue the prices current for hay, and during the summer months, discontinue the quotations of pork, oats and potatoes. Butter, fresh, 21 to 22 cents per lb.; eggs 12 to 14 cents per doz.

### Passengers

Per steamer *Princess of Wales*, from Pictou, on Monday—Benj. Davies, jun., Mrs. Davies, D. Robertson, D. Chisholm, J. F. Whidden, D. McKay, J. M. McDonald, Wm. Chisholm, Miss Marright, Miss Carver, J. G. Sterns, J. D. Mason, Mr. Davis and family.

Per *Princess of Wales*, from Pictou, May 10—J. L. Brainard, E. P. Earle, W. E. Earle, Capt. Foley, J. Douse, J. W. Falconer, Mrs. Falconer, Mr. Sweeny, A. Gregor, J. Hickett, E. Needham, Mr. Cook (Pilot.)

In the *Georgia*, from Montreal—Mrs. Anderson and family.

Per *St. Lawrence*, from Pictou, *May* 12—Rev. G. W. Hodgson, J. Cairns, J. B. Grant, G. B. Bentaner, A. R. Ramsay, J. H. Barbour, Mrs. McRae and two children, one man unknown.

Per *St. Lawrence*, from Pictou, May 16—John Lawson, City Recorder, Wm. Headly, Jas. Crawford, Peter McNutt, George Peake, J. Wilson, J. Fitzgerald, Geo. Hurt, William Smith, Daniel Neily, John Fraser.

### LAUNCHED.

On Saturday, the 6th inst., from the shipyard of Angus McMillan, Esq., the *Cyrus*, a fine Bangor of 378 tons register, (432 tons, O. M.) built by Mr. Daniel McLellan, under Lloyd's inspection, to class nine years.


## New Advertisements.

### LEVEE.

HIS HONOR the Lieutenant Governor will hold a Levee at Government House, on Wednesday, the 24th day of May inst, at half-past 12 o'clock, in honor of Her Majesty's Birth day.

Each gentleman is requested to be provided with a Card, to be handed to the Aid-de-Camp in waiting.

Gentlemen paying their respects to His Honor on the occasion will please to enter on the Eastern door.

J. LONGWORTH,
Lt. Col. and Aid-de-Camp.
R. R. HODGSON,
Lt. Col. and Aid-de-Camp.

Government House, 11th May, 1871.

EXTENSIVE

**TRADE SALE!!**

—ON—

THURSDAY, JUNE 1, 1871,

at 11 o'clock.

*Notes payable 10th Nov. next.*

THE Subscribers are now receiving per *Moselle, Lelia Allice, Bertha, Midas*, and other European, United States and Dominion arrivals, the following

**GOODS,**

which they will offer at AUCTION, at their usual trade sale, as above, at their Sales Room,

**Exchange Building:**

108 chests Tea
41 half do.
100 boxes Liv'p'l Soap
20 boxes Rice
100 boxes Val. Raisins
10 bbls. Currants
20 " Barcelona Nuts
6 " Confectionary
3 cases Castor Oil, in tins
20 cases Barns' Pickles
10 do. do.
10 boxes Starch
1 case Mustard
1 do. Nutmegs
2 bags Ginger
4 do. Pimento
2 bbls. Epsom Salts
2 do. Salt Petre
2 cases preserved Ginger
2 bales Cloves
20 bbls. Washing Soda
20 kegs Baking Soda
119 bags asst'ed Nails
20 hhds. DeKeyper Gin
20 qr. casks Brandy
10 puns. Berlin Spirits
10 qr. casks Port Wine
10 do. do. Sherry
40 do. cases Brandy
30 do. Gingerette
10 do. Old Tom Gin
10 do. St'wberry Syrup
10 do. Raspberry do.
10 do. Scotch Whiskey
4 casks Jamaica Rum
4 do. Rye Whiskey
20 puns. Molasses
10 hhds. Sugar
20 bbls. do.
100 sides Sole Leather
200 bbls. Flour
100 boxes Lozenges
40 coils Manilla
10 cases Boots & Shoes

Also, a large assortment of

**Dry Goods**

AND

**HARDWARE,**

All of which will be sold at a small advance on cost

HYNDMAN BROS.

Ch'town, May 17, 1871. 1 e a p

**Card.**

**JAMES BEAIRSTO, M. D., PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON,**

OFFICE AND RESIDENCE:

MRS. DEWARS'S KING ST.,

*Charlottetown, - P. E. I.*

May 17, 1871.

**In Store.**

20 Puncheons MOLASSES; 10 hhds. SUGAR, 4 casks Scotch WHISKEY; 50 chests extra choice CONGOU.

**To Arrive,**

Ex *LELIA ALICE* and *MOSELLE*,

Cases Brandy, Cases Gin,
Cases Raspberry, Cases Gingerwine,
Cases Whiskey, Casks Brandy,
Casks Gin, Puns. Alcohol.

WOOL. WOOL.

THE Subscriber has obtained an order for the entire clip of the season, and will pay the Highest Price in CASH for Washed and Unwashed, delivered at his store.

W. D. STEWART.

Lower Queen Street, May 17, 1871. tf.

**Queen's Birth Day!**

ON 24th MAY, A GRAND PUBLIC TEA AND MUSICAL & LITERARY ENTERTAINMENT, under the auspices of the SONS OF TEMPERANCE OF CHARLOTTETOWN, will be held in the MARKET HALL. Tea, first table at 6 o'clock. Entertainment will open at precisely 7½ o'clock. Tickets, for Tea, 1s. 6d.; for Entertainment, 9d.; may be purchased at the stores of Messrs. W. R. Watson, D. Laird, H. A. Harvie, W. E. Dawson, Beer & Sons, and at the door.

GOD SAVE THE QUEEN.

May 17, 1871.

**Telegraphic Rates.**

IN answer to a Requisition from Merchants and Residents here, the New York, Newfoundland and London Telegraph Company, have ordered a reduction of 35 cents on all messages of ten words, from P. E. Island to and beyond Sackville. While desirous of meeting the views of the requisitionists, the directors wish it to be distinctly understood that the arrangement is merely an experiment, and that unless the increase in the number of messages warrants its continuance, it will cease at the end of three months, and former rates be re-established.

C. A. HYNDMAN, Supt.

Ch'town, May 17, 1871.

**WOOL OIL!**

We have the best

WOOL OIL

IN THE MARKET!

It is CHEAPER and BETTER than

OLIVE OIL!

No one should fail to try it.

**Wholesale & Retail!**

A. A. BALDWIN & Co.

May 17, 1871. 4i

**AUCTION SALE.**

AT THE SUBSCRIBER'S WAREROOMS,

**On Thursday, the 18th inst.,**

AT 11 O'CLOCK,

10 chests, 25 half chests } **Tea,**

10 qr. casks Campbelton Whiskey,
15 crates assorted Earthenware,
10 puns. retailing Molasses,
2 hhds. Sugar,
10 boxes Soap,

*CANADA FLOUR, &c., &c.,*

☞ Terms at Sale

FENTON T. NEWBERRY.

Ch'town, May 17, 1871. 1i

## New Advertisements.

**EXTENSIVE TRADE SALE.**

**Six Months Credit.**

BY AUCTION at Subscriber's Sale Room, on TUESDAY, 23d MAY, at 11 o'clock—

300 bbls. Flour,
50 chests Tea,
50 half chests Tea,
50 boxes Cavendish Tobacco,
50 caddies natural leaf do.,
10 kegs domestic,
25 casks Kerosene,
40 boxes Candles,
100 do. crown soap,
25 bags Rice,
25 kegs baking soda,
10 casks washing do,
50 sides sole Leather
60 boxes Window Glass
150 coils Manilla Rope, 6, 9 & 12 thread,
50 do Hemp do.
100 kegs White Lead
25 boxes Colemans starch
100 tins do Mustard, 7 & 14 lbs.
50 gross Nixey's Black Lead,
50 kegs cut Nails
25 boxes Horse Nails
50 do T. D. Pipes
50 doz. Pickles
100 reams Wrapping Paper
200 bbls. red, white and blue Warps
40 doz. Pails
40 do Brooms
10 puns. Geneva
10 qr. casks Brandy
10 do. do. Port & sherry Wine
50 cases Brandy
50 do. old Tom Gin
20 do. Dunville Whiskey
20 do. malt do. and sundry other articles.

TERMS.—Six months' credit on approved joint notes for all sums over ten pounds.

CARVELL BROS., Auctioneers.

Ch'town, May 17th, 1871. 1in

**AXLE GREASE!**

FOR

**WOOD OR IRON AXLES!! REALLY GOOD!!!**

A. A. BALDWIN & CO.

May 17, 1871.

**Spring and Summer GOODS.**

Just Received, at the

LONDON HOUSE!

By Steamers from England, Canada, and the United States:

**75 CASES AND BALES STAPLE and FANCY DRY GOODS.**

THE BALANCE,

**525 Packages Merchandize.**

Daily expected by sailing Vessels.

☞ The LONDON HOUSE keeps every department well furnished by fortnightly Steamers From England, and, notwithstanding the extra duties of the Railway, will continue to sell at the usual prices.

SIMON DAVIES & CO.

May 17, 1871.—2w

**Roofing Gravel!**

FOR SALE.

A QUANTITY of the best kind of ROOFING GRAVEL.

WM. KEOUGHAN.

Queen's Wharf, *May* 17, 1871.—4in

**FLOUR.**

150 bbls. No. 1,
50 do. Strong Baker's

**CHOICE CANADA FLOUR!**

To arrive per S. S. "Flamboro." For sale low from the wharf.

A. B. SMITH.

May 17, 1871.

**MARQUIS OF LORNE**

LATEST STYLE

**SATIN