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e Catholic Record.

ous. They require the exercise of much tact and great skill, and with a

Christianus mihi nomen est, Catholicus vero Cognomen." (Christian Is my Name, but Catholic my Surname.) - St. Pacian, 4th Century.

VOLUME XVI.

LONDON, ONTARIO, SATURDAY, MAY 12, 1894.

NO. 812.

To Our Queen.

When dewy dawh is breaking,
And bright-winged birds are waking,
When suitcht gilds the mountain crown
than dioods with gold the lea;
When dewe hung meadow flowers
Are flinging irised showers,
We sing, O Queen, thy fair renown,
And tell our love for thee!

When noon's hot face is flushing, And flowers hang ablushing. Beneath the glance of sunny rays That warder light and free; When birds to shades are winging, Their mid day song low singing, We chant, O Queen, our hymn of praise, And tell our love for thee!

When shadows 'round are stealing,
The charms of night revealing,
And star beams turn to silver white
The earth and sky and sea;
When cares of day are sleeping,
And moon-rays guard are keeping,
We come. O Queen, our hearts' delight,
Fo tell our love for thee!

THE IRISH IN POLITICS.

factorily Answered.

tion of the magazines and provoking all manner of controversy, some of it rancorous, and nearly all of it ignorrancorous, and nearly all of it ignorant and misleading. According to the last census there were 200,000 inhabitants of New York city who were born in Ireland. The debt of political power it owes to the Irish in Ireland it is paying with interest in this country, in Australia, Canada, the Cape, and wherever English is the spoken language. in Ireland. There were 110,000 Irishborn inhabitants of Philadelphia, 85,. Thus 000 in Brooklyn, 70,000 each in Boston and Chicago, 30,000 in San Francisco, 25,000 in St. Louis, 21,000 in Pitts burgh, and more than 10,000 each in Baltimore, Cincinnati, Cleveland, Buffalo, Newark, Providence, Worcester, New Haven, Lowell, Jersey City and Albany. If the foreign-born popula-tion of any American city be multilatter figure be again multiplied by two, the total population of recent foreign descent can be computed.

though their proportion as officeholders existing conditions of American poli is no greater than their percentage as tics and enjoy a decided advantage a factor in the population warrants. The magazine writers, however, and they are perfectly familiar with the especially those who have imbibed English language, which other forsomething of the logic of the A. P. A.. eign-born leaders are not. They imply that any module expension of heaved and even developed in them. insist that an undue proportion of Irishmen hold effice in the municipalities of the United States. New York city, it is true, has a popular mayor born in Ireland, but the reins of the municipal government in the cities to but a barren desire. They have tact municipal government in the cities to the east and west of New York, Brooklyn and Jersey City, are held by German-Americans, Schleren and Wanser. About 15 per cent. of the people ties to be overcome. They have, too, of the United States are foreign born, a concentration of energy along a yet in the United States Senate, com- given line which results in little or no posed of eighty eight members, there are but two men of European birth, with the measure of success attainable, and both of these were born in England. The present House of Representatives is composed of 356 members, and 15 per cent. of this, the percentbears to the whole population of the country, would be 52. Instead, however, of 52 foreign-born representatives, and by this is age which the foreign-born population country, would be 52. Instead, however, of 52 foreign-born representatives, there are but 23—8 born in Ireland, 6 in Germany, or Austria, 2 in Norway, 2 in England or Scotland and the remainder in Canada. The same before election, wastes itself in an atthe remainder in Canada. The same before election, wastes itself in an at-proportion, substantially, prevails in tempt to organize that machinery other legislative or aldermanic bodies, and in the executive departments of obtained, is a variety of political inthe federal and state Governments, but it is none the less a fact that Irishticaians. They are born believers in but it is none the less a fact that Irishmen make the most successful municipal politicians, and the dispute which has recently been resumed on this question, so far from supplying a reason why this should not be the case, rings to light a number of reasons why constructed and processful it.

rould.

The Irish race has many things in cratic in this, that he who can rule rules. The law of the survival of the history of which it may be proud, but fittest governs.

The law of the law the sale fittest governs.

It is difficult to find any more absolute form of bosh than that which slavery to England. From the days of Art MacMorrough to the last elegant fittest governs.

It is difficult to find any more absolute form of bosh than that which represents the Irish politicians as of Art MacMorrough to the last elegant fittest governs.

It is difficult to find any more absolute form of bosh than that which represents the Irish politicians as of Art MacMorrough to the last elegant fittest governs. quent speech from the Irish benches in arily call good Government. The the House of Commons in favor of Mr. Irish politicians in the big cities of

Gladstone's Home Rule Bill, there has been one, long, unceasing, valiant struggle against the English rule. This has been marked by incidents of treachery to the Irish cause unext ampled elsewhere, as when the Irish Parliament sold out for place and pension and endorsed the hated Act of Union. Still the people have been true, and in spite of the many and most world mistakes of their leaders, they have never lost the desire for enfranchisement and freedom.

The first result of the imposed rulo of the conquerer is to create in the conquered the feeling of clannishness. Nothing binds people together as does a common sorrow; nothing wides races as does the hammer of a common tyranny. To prefer, other thing's being equal, an Irishman to anyone else for a position of honor or trust has become a part of Irish blood. Naturally so, because for nearly twenty generations the Irishman. The result is that Irish leaders in the United States find in their Irish fellow-citizens a vast body of men whose sympathles are with those men because they are Irish. The advances this creates are with those men because they are Irish. of men whose sympathies are with those men because they are Irish. The advantage this gives the Irish politician in any one of the large cities tude of people.

is obvious, for, in most municipalities, are difficult, perplexing, and continuhe could enter the campaign and begin the work of securing votes with many of those waiting for him. And, as things are, this clannishness has in tions of lieutenancy—one of the diffi-

The Question "Why do trishmen Make the Best Politicians?" Satis-The old and familiar question, "Why do Irishmen make the best politicians?" is again engaging the artists.

plied by three, the approximate no advantage over others. Their native-born population of foreign voters, and their acts while in power parentage will be attained, and if the must be endorsed by the approval of

Under these circumstances it is not Judging from the lessons of political at all strange that Irishmen or men of Irish parentage should be prominent natural "born politicians." They seem, affairs of American cities, almost instinctively, to understand the and they are clear-sighted in estimating this measure. To use a homely but expressive proverb, they do not "bite off more than they can chew."

They are satisfied with small as long why, conspicuously and necessarily, it their organizations are utterly demo-

DIOCESE OF PETERBOROUGH.

The Fifth Anniversary, of the Con-secration of His Lordship Bishop O'Connor.

of those waiting for him. And, as things are, this claunishness has in part enabled them to consolidate the great organizations which, under various names, deminate the politics of our larger cities.

The conquered man can get nothing from the good will of the conqueror; therefore, lacking the desire or the power to revolt, he must depend on the arts of persuasion. As no race has been held for so long period of the arts of persuasion. As no race has been held for so long persuasion, been developed as in the Irish. The power which has been their only male trial salvation in the past they did not loss when they came to this comment to the United States by universal suffice. To another fact of the United States by universal suffice the United States by universal suffice, better curses than that which Engle, the better curses than that which Engle, the could not have advised a better curse than that which Engle, the could not have advised a better curse than that which Engle, the leaders have to be trish in Ireland it is to propare a race for dominance among a people governed as are the people of the United States by universal suffice the United States by universal suffice

Figure 1. The control of the control

by one exposed before him. When the pictures of the Passion were exhibited, and each one accurately explained by Rev. Dr. Spitz, C. R., a great silence prevailed. Every eye was closely, fixed on the large tableau, which must have been 25x25 feet in dimension, and according to appearance a silent thought on a present. No preacher, in my estimation, could make a better and more lasting effect; and no language could so vividly depict the crucifiction of our Lord as the steady light of the grand steroptican exposition. The views were indeed interesting, beautiful and editying and every clergyman should make it a point to have this impressive exposition exhibited in his own church.

GEORGE BROHMAN. P. P. Formosa, May 4, 1894.

Will continue to the dishonor of religion, the shame of Christians and the ruin of souls. To us Catholics it is a comfort to know that the Church and her teachings and practices can only be assailed by the weapons of false-hood and misrepresentation; that our enemies are enemies also of truth and virtue and decency; and that while our self sacrificing and hard-working clergy and holy virgins of Christ are the objects of the hatred and virtue part of the properties and noble deeds.—To ronto Register.

ECHOES FROM THE PINES.

ECHOES FROM THE PINES.

On Wednesday morning, May 2, at seven.

A HOLY PROTESTANT REFORMER.

For some time past a character named Mrs. Shepherd has been lecturing to crowded Protestant audiences in Ontario on the iniquities of Romanism, and regaling Protestant ears with spicy stories about the wickedness of priests and nuns. She proved a drawing card, for she has all the requisites for success in such a role—a tolerable though brassy appearance, a glib volubility of tongue, a daring contempt of truth of statement and modesty of language, and an ever-ready willingness to gratify impure cravings and prurient imaginations, not alone by unchaste innendos, but by the most unblushing immodesty of thought and expressions. Of course she took, for she pandered to the most stupid bigotry and gratified the most prurient imaginations. Ball-headed old men as well as lusty youth crowded to hear her. The ladies (bless the mark!) were invited, and in multitudes accepted the invitation, to hear foul, immodest lies too dirty, too shocking to be heard by their husbands or their brothers.

The laws forbid the importation of the Police Gazette and other immoral publications; but here was a chance for all so disposed to feast their imaginations and their minds on the foulest, the most putrid garbage of immodest thoughts and language—and that, too, in the sacred names of purity and religion. And whilst all this diabolical work was going on the Protestant ministers, as a body, had not a word of protest, but remained like dumb dogs, whilst many of their people were being corrupted. What matter to them even if their people's minds and hearts were besmeared and polluted with impure imaginations and immoral thoughts provided the Catholic Church was reviled, calumniated and brought into disrepute and odium.

Of course Mrs. Shepherd was patronized, praised and canonized. She was a brand snatched from the burning. She was a most zealous convert. She was a heroic witness to the truth, a veritable vessel of election. Crowds attended her lectures and filled her pocket with money. The mayors of some of our cities acted as chairmen at her meetings, presented her with copies of the holy Bible, and drove around with her i testant audiences in Ontario on the iniquities of Romanism, and regaling Protestant ears with spicy stories about the wickedness of

URSULINE ACADEMY, CHATHAM ONF,
On Wednesday morning, May 2, at seven,
His Lordship Right Rev. D. O'Connor, D.
D., Bishop of London, celebrated Mass in
our convent chapel, assisted by the chaplain,
Rev. Father Leopold, O. S. F., after which
the Misses O. Wilkins, O. and F. Robert, J.
Ryan, M. Burke, J. and A. Kennedy, A.
Elinkhammer and Clare Kelly received the
sacrament of confirmation. On this day
several of the above mentioned had the longdesired happiness of receiving tor the first

sacrament of confirmation. On this day several of the above mentioned had the long-desired happiness of receiving for the first time the Bread of Life.

His Lordship addressed to the privileged ones words of holy instruction and kin lly encouragement, to be most fervent during their lives in the reception of the sacraments, and exhorted them to show themselves faithful, on all necessary occasions, to the grace imparted to their souls by the sacrament of confirmation. He bestowed on them special blessings, and assured them of his carnest prayers for their holy perseverance.

On the same day Miss Emma Mechan, in religion Sister M. Patricia, and Miss Rosa Chevalier, in religion Sister M. Josephine, had the happiness of pronouncing their religious vows.

At 9:30 a. m. the religious, clergy and Right Rev. Bishop O'Connor, assembled in the spacious corridor and wended their way processionally to the chapel, chanting the 'Veni Creator,'' High Mass was song by Rev. Pather Langlois, P. P., Tibury, His Lordship presided at the solemn ceremony, and was assisted by Very Rev. Pean Wagner, Very Rev. Pr. Cushing, O. S. B., President of Assumption College, Vern Rev. P. Andrieux, Rev. C. Parent and Rev. Fahner. Lenglois, Rev. J. Rev. P. Mecabe, Persident of Assumption College, Vern Rev. P. Andrieux, Rev. C. Parent and Rev. Fahnets, S. B., Rev. J. S. B., Rev. T. Chaplain of the community, At the Gospel His Lordship, having taken for his text Math. xvi, 24-28, preached an earnest and cloquent sermon explaning the duties and obligations of the religious life and the great reward awaiting the fervent, faithful spouse of Christ.

At the conclusion of the sermon the novices were conducted to the altar by the Superiores.

ward awaiting the fervent, faithful spouse of Christ.

At the conclusion of the sermon the novices were conducted to the altar by the Superioress and Assistant, where they begged to be admitted to the Holy Profession. In reply to His Lordship's interrogations, the candidates for Profession answered that they knew well the rules of the Institute and embraced to religious life of the priedlets, until the Communication of the Profession answered that they knew well the Communication of the Profession and Profession

SIR OLIVER MOWAT AND THE HIGH SCHOOLS.

A little learning is a dangerous thing! Drink deep, or taste not the Pierian Spring.

Drink deep, or taste not the Pierian Spring."

To the Editor of the RECORD:
Sir—In your issue of the 5th inst, there is a communication, copied from the Hamilton Times, signed "Martin Malone," and is headed "Separate Schools."
I do not know which side of politics the Hamilton Times esponses, but seeing that the same communication is published in the Mail and Empire, I have come to the conclusion that the writer is endeavoring to promote the political interest of Mr. Merodith by unfair means. His ignorance of the educational laws of this Province has led him into a fatal blunder by making the following assertion:

Sinc did not know her father's surname. His Carlstian name was Philip. All that she know about her father was what her mother told her. Q.—What was your mother's name? A.—I what was your mother's name? A.—I was what her mother told her. To March, 1889, she had gone to St. James House, a Church of England Institution in London, and there had given her name as Louisa Heleo emprisoned at Bodmin, Cornamic Legislature of England Institution in London, and there had given her name as Louisa Heleo emprisoned at Bodmin, Cornamic Legislature of England Institution in London, and there had given her name as Louisa Heleo emprisoned at Bodmin, Cornamic Legislature of England Institution in London, and there known as Georgina Parkyn.

Q.—Were you ever identified with the Salvation Army, and If so, under what name? A.—I was with Mrs. Booth for a time as Marzaret Herbert.

The witness here explained to his Lordship and the jury that she had changed her name this last time to put away from her the orrows of past life, and start anew. She had lived in Bristol, Eng., and in Ireland also as Georgina Parkyn.

She dirited on to the stage for a few weeks and the was employed for a time by Mr. With the was emp

lacts I have stated, and carbony as of Oliv.

Mowat's prospects at the approaching ele
tion in the estimation of Catholic elector

It is to be hoped not; let that be left for t
P. P. A.'s Margaret L. Sheppard, and pet
ticians of that ilk.

May 4, 1894.

much Irish melody and song, which vividly reminded him of the dear old land at home. He also paid a warm tribute to the fancy drill performers, who had performed the various evolutions with almost geometrical exactly and the performers in this respect might challenge the congratual to this respect might challenge the congratual to the sand calumines that has for some time in this respect might challenge the congratual to the sand calumines that has for some time been carried on in Ortatio against the Catholae that he was still living, she and call only when she found that he was still living, she when she found that he was still living, she when she found that he was still living, she when she found that he was still living, she when she found that he was still living, she when she found that he was still living, she dead of the sand calumines that has for so for some time been carried on in Ortatio against the Catholae carried on the preaching of the gospel of filth that has for so long polluted our atmosphere? Will at the same time, harmoniously expressed to the complimentary and congratulatory sentiments that had been so variously, but at the same time, harmoniously expressed by the children and concluded by giving his best wishes to His Lordship for a happy and prosperous future.

The evening concluded with "God Save the Queen," and a very delightful evening it was in all respect.

Entertainment at Formosa.

On the 3rd of May an exposition of the beautiful views of the Passion of our Lord and the World's Fair took place in the large and spacehus church of Formosa, county Bruce. The church was well filled with people and every one expressed his admiration and great satisfaction in seeing these pictures one A card in a Terre Haute, Ind., news paper, headed "How I Became an A P. A.," and signed by Dr. W. R. Mat tox, coroner of the county, declares he order. What he says regarding the stairs to a dark room. Everything was still. They talked in subdued tones. The blinds were closed. I was initiated, after which I slipped out the back way, never to return again. I didn't even have courage to tell my wife what I had done. Last night I made up my mind that if I lived till to-day I would publicly renounce my