A Sale of Bedsteads

AT COST

And Why

We intended handling furniture, but on account of the amount of space required, which would interfere with our rapidly growing business in other lines, we have decided to sell off the bedsteads on hand (which consist of brass and white enamel) at cost --- the greatest bargain ever offered in this line of goods.

The sale will be short, but if you do not require one before May 1st we will store it free of charge. Come and examine at once before the best selections are made.

Asepto Store

Corner Mill and Union Streets

HELEN GRAYCE NEXT WEEK

Last Six Days of Engagement Most Interesting of All.

"Arizona," at the Opera House this afternoon and evening, will fittingly carry Helen Grayce and her players into next week when that popular actress completes her visit of fourteen days. "The Gentleman from Mississippi" on Monday and Tuesday will be found as entertaining as "Man of the Hour," or "The Lion and the Mouse." Beverly of Graustrak will mean perfect production of that comedy here on Wednesday. "A Royal Romance" on Thursday, and Friday and Saturday "The Girl of the Golden West" will be found the most masterly and thoroughly artistic performance that Miss Grayce has ever given in St. John.

Miss Edith Stephenson, formerly of this city, is the president of the "Never Marry" club, a bachelor girls organization in Somerville, Mass. three years ago Miss Stephenson was a student in attendance at Currie's Business College in this city.

TENDERS

Sealed Tenders addressed to the undersigned and marked on the envelope "Tender for school-house, St. Mary's Indian Reserve," will be received up to noon of May 2, 1912, for the erection of a frame school-house on the St. Mary's Indian Reserve near Fredericton, N. B.

Plans and specifications may be seen at the office of N. J. Smith, Indian Agent, Fredericton, or may be had upon application to the Department.

Each tender must be accompanied by an accepted cheque on a chartered bank for ten per cent. of the amount of the tender, made payable to the order of the undersigned, which will be forfeited if the person or persons tendering decline to enter into a contract when called upon to do so, or fail to complete the work contracted for. If the tender be not accepted the cheque will be returned.

The lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted.

The unauthorized insertion of this advertisement in any newspaper will not be paid for.

J. D. McLEAN,
Asst. Deputy and Secretary.
Department of Indian Affairs,
Ottawa, March 30, 1912.

MUNICIPAL HOME TO BE DRY DOCK SITE

Messrs. Norton Griffiths want to secure the Municipal Home property, and are taking steps to secure the necessary legislation to enable them to buy or rather to enable the county to sell. At Fredericton on Thursday a bill was introduced into the provincial legislature by Hon. Mr. Maxwell that will further this end. The bill will probably come as a surprise to members of the Municipal Council, for it was never before that body. It is entitled an act to amend the several acts relating to the Imperial Dry Dock Company of St. John. The first section is of prime importance to the city of St. John, for it extends until the first of May, 1913, the time in which construction work must be commenced. St. John city is pledged to give the dock a free site and an annual subsidy of $2,500. Recently the city decided to ask the legislature not to renew the time, or rather to relieve the city of its obligations. Apparently under this new bill the city will still be liable for the annual subsidy, and for a site of land in the city if wanted.

HOME RULE BILL WARRANTS WORST FEARS OF ULSTER

Belfast, April 12.—The Ulster Liberal-Unionists Association, issued a manifesto today declaring that the government's home rule bill warrants the worst fears of the disastrous results home rule will have on the agriculture, commercial and industrial prosperity of Ireland, and that it only confirms Ulster's stern resolve that under no circumstances will she be relegated to the control of such a parliament.

TOURNAMENT AT MONTREAL

Montreal, April 12.—At a recent meeting of the Province of Quebec Lawn Tennis Association, it was announced that plans had been laid for an invitation tournament in Montreal this summer. Prominent American players are expected to participate, among the names mentioned being those of W. E. Larned and Beals Wright. Interest in this great summer sport has been almost dormant here for the past few years and it is hoped that a meeting of this sort would arouse some enthusiasm in the sport.

MANY NOMINATED FOR CIVIC OFFICE

Special to The Standard.

Newcastle, April 12.—Chas. J. Morrissy and W. Herbert Belyea were nominated this afternoon for Mayor. Fifteen were nominated for the eight aldermanic seats—Aldermen Stuart, Clark, Stables, Sargeant, Kethro and Dickinson; ex-Aldermen Layton, Doyle and Thos. Russell, Dr. McGrath, Alex. McKay, Cameron Smallwood, Allan Russell, James Falconer and ex-Mayor Miller.

UNLIKELY TO FIGHT AGAIN.

Pittsfield, April 12.—Howard Williams, the Bennington, Vt., boy who has been boxing in New England under the name of "Kid" Casey and was stopped in the fourth round of a 10-round bout her Monday night with Billy Roberts because of blindness, will probably never enter the ring again.

Physicians who examined Casey's eyes yesterday found that the optic nerve had been affected, causing his temporary blindness. Physicians have told him that a hard blow on the nose might sever the nerve and cause total blindness.

WANT TO MARRY MARTY O'TOOLE

Hot Springs, Ark., April 12.—Marty O'Toole is not looking for a wife. Not just now. Besides Marty has a girl—away back in the East. The big Irish boy is not prone to discuss his affairs of the heart, but he wants it scattered broadcast that he is not in the matrimonial market.

Somebody sent out a story that Marty was looking for a wife. No wthe girls are looking for Marty, filling the mails with reams of wishy-washy stuff, describing their beautiful looks, their childish innocence, their love for ball players, and high-class pitchers in particular, asking for photographs of the high-priced one, and a lot of other gush contemplated to direct the big South Framingham boy up the church aisle to the altar.

Marty says he can't imagine how the story that he is in search for a wife got started. He knows that it is spreading with amazing rapidity, for almost every mail brings in proposals of marriage from girls ranging anywhere in age from the provebial sweet sixteen to some who are willing to confess that they would prefer to keep their age a secret.

"Did your love affair pan out all right?"
"No. All wrong. I'm married now."

HELEN GRAYCE AND HER COMPANY — OPERA HOUSE

TODAY MATINEE EVENING — "ARIZONA" — The Famous Drama of the West.

NEXT WEEK — MON EVG. TUES. MAT. and EVG. WED. MAT. — THE GENTLEMAN FROM MISSISSIPPI

Prices: Mat. 50-35-25-15c. Mat. 25-15c. Seats selling one week in advance

RECKLESS MISMANAGEMENT UNDER FORMER PROVINCIAL GOVERNMENT

Continued from page 1.

honorable gentleman wished to assume responsibility for the figures he had presented to the House, or would he rather be considered like a gramaphone, and had simply spoken to the House a record of figures given him by another person. If a fair comparison were made charging to the old government items of debt increase which are properly theirs, it would be found that the average increase in the debt for the last four years of the present administration the increase was $177,140, and under four years of the present administration the increase was $174,000, a comparison quite favorable to the government of today. He was surprised at the way the honorable gentlemen opposite made up their financial statements for purposes of comparison between the old and present governments. They had been informed many times over that there was a difference in bookkeeping methods today than prevailed under the old regime. They simply put into the auditor's report a net revenue or net expenditure as the case might be. For instance, in the Provincial Hospital they simply put into the expenditure side of the report net cost of the hospital after deducting receipts. The same with liquor licenses, probate fee funds and all through, making statements of revenues and expenditures less by many thousands of dollars than it really was, and it was that statement that the honorable members opposite took for purposes of comparison with the revenues and expenditures of the present day and a most unfair and misleading comparison it was. Under the system of bookkeeping now in vogue every dollar of revenue, every dollar of expense, for whatever source, is set down in the consolidated fund account and appears in the Auditor General's report. Outside of the stumpage and Dominion subsidies the old government had a greater revenue than the present administration.

So far as the territorial revenue was concerned the old administration had the same lands as this government, but it was clearly proven by his honorable friend, the surveyor general, that the cut had not increased and land speaking in the House last evening had presented an argument that could not be answered that the increased revenue was due not to an increased cut, but to an honest and systematic collection of what was due the province.

The small revenue of the old government was due to the fact that they did not collect revenue, but they had been lax and had favored their friends. As his hon. friend, the chief commissioner, had said the government paid more attention to reducing the stumpage than to the construction of bridges. But as he had shown from the auditor genral's report, the old government had aside from stumpage returns a revenue that was $150,000 greater than this administration enjoyed, and his hon. friends could have secured the same revenue from crown lands had tney desired to make an honest collection of what was due the province.

A great deal had been said of the over expenditure of $56,000 and if the government had been anxious to wipe it out they could have taken the amount and charged it against permanent bridges. That would have been a proper course because there were scores of bridges which had been built of a permanent character that had been charged to ordinary revenue. Ther were bridges in Kent county that had been constructed by this government that were more permanent than any steel structure in the province and they might well have been charged to ordinary revenue. These bridges were stone filled and were as solid as the pyramids of Egypt. He read a list of the bridges that have been repaired in Kent and that could have been charged to ordinary revenue. All this expended by thep arishes were as follows: Dundas, $1,928; Wellington, $17,843; St. Mary, $9,948; St. Paul, $5,645; Richibucto, $2,684; St. Charles $875; St. Louis, $1,584; Acadiaville, $2,348; Carleton, $363; Weisford, $3,742; Harcourt, $424, or total of $47,390. All these bridges will last almost to eternity and they had been paid out of the ordinary revenue. The Little Buctouche bridge was the most magnificent structure in the province, he barred none. It might not be as imposing as the Fredericton bridge, but all who had seen the structure would agree with him that as far as construction, appearance and durability was concerned it occupied a front position.

That bridge had been constructed at a cost of $7,243 and had been paid for out of the ordinary revenue. There had been bridges built under the old government in 1905, which had fallen down the next year. He understood that the opposition had a special man going through Kent county in an endeavor to defeat the government candidates and he would tell his hon. friends that they could send a list of bridges of a permanent character which had been charged to ordinary expenditure to their organizer for his use and benefit.

His hon. friends when in power had made a noble attempt to build the Gosselin bridge. They had men working by days' work and they had taken some earth and built a bridge about eight or ten feet high but the first freshet had washed it away. They had been active in the fall of 1907 in building this bridge and had continued work until the last day before the snow fell because there was an election forthcoming in 1908 and they wanted to defeat our candidates. They had three bosses to handle the dumping of a little earth which had been washed away.

While $7390 had been expended in Kent county during 1911 on bridges of a permanent character which had been repaired and which were not of a permanent character, these amounts would have been charged against permanent expenditure by his hon. friends. There was $3208 spent on bridges in Kent county in addition to what he had read and this would have been charged to capital expenditure and that would bring the total up to $50,500.

There were also instances in other counties of the province where bridges of a permanent character had been charged against ordinary revenue. Amounts were as follows: Albert $1200, Kings $557, Madawaska $1157, Northumberland 2384, Queens $1600, Restigouche $375, Victoria $468, Westmorland $2613, York $1167, or a total of $11,365 which with the amount expended in Kent county would more than wipe out the deficit of $56,000.

The government realized that with the expenditures that had been made last year there would not be a great deal of work next year. The government could easily pay $56,000 deficit out of the current revenue and come out more than square.

He would present the facts to this House which would go to show that his administration had not followed the system of expenditures that prevailed under the old government. On page 187 of the public works report for 1903 there was an amount of $623.60 charged against the permanent bridge account of construction of the Faulkner Mill bridge. He would ask his hon. friend the ex-chief commissioner, if he had ever seen that structure or if he knew where it was situated. Would his hon. friend dare to tell this House that the Faulkner Mill bridge was a permanent structure? Far from it. It was a wooden structure which had been built on wooden piers and was not even stone filled.

But his hon. friends had been hard pressed to show a surplus and they had taken the amount or ordinary bridges and charged them against the permanent bridge account, thus sinking the province into debt. He (Landry) knew the Faulkner bridge as well as he knew this assembly chamber and although it had been charged as a permanent structure, this government had been forced to prop it up in order to keep it from falling over.

Notwithstanding the numerous suspense accounts that the old government had carried as well as special accounts and hidden expenditures they had the hardyhood to charge work on Faulkner bridge to permanent bridge account and this government was compelled to prop this "permanent bridge" five years later, in order to keep it from tumbling over. There were a great many similar instances where the ordinary repairs were charged against the permanent bridge account. The public works report showed that $367 had been expended on the Foley bridge in 1903 and had been charged to capital expenditure. His hon. friend must have crossed this bridge when he had been in Kent county and he would ask him if he would dare to tell this House and the country that this bridge was a permanent structure. His hon. friend had been unfair and had charged ordinary repairs to the permanent bridge account. There were other instances which he read for the benefit of the House. Altogether the expenditures on Kent county bridges during 1903 charged to capital expenditure that should have been paid out of ordinary expenditure amounted to $3104. And one of the items that had been charged in the report against permanent account was the salary of the caretaker of the Big Hole bridge, amounting to $115 and he would ask any hon. gentlemen to say that it was reasonable to charge the salaries of caretakers to the permanent bridge account. It had been done under the old government, but this administration did not have to resort to such a practice as they were giving the province an honest and efficient administration. These men who had conducted the public works in such a reckless manner were the men who now asked this House to let the dead past bury its dead. They said that they were ashamed of the old government, and he could well understand why they should be ashamed. But in face of all the facts his hon. friend claimed that this was not a business administration and asked the people to return them to power that the province might return to the old order of things.

The Moncton Transcript and Richibucto Review had contained a cut of the Main River bridge and had endeavored to upbraid this government over its condition. He would ask his hon. friend the ex-chief commissioner, if the old government did not repair the Main River bridge in 1903 to the extent of $300 and charge the amount to the permanent bridge account? His hon. friend had refused to accept his (Landry's) challenge to meet him in debate in Kent county, but now he was face to face with his hon. friend in the House and he (LaBillois) couldn't get out of it.

Hon. Mr. Flemming said that he did not wish to detain the House at length as the questions under consideration had been discussed as long as was necessary in order to have a full discussion and criticism of them, but he wanted to say something regarding some statements that had been made. While the honorable gentlemen opposite had said that this administration was extravagant and ought to be condemned by the people of the province, yet during the three weeks that had elapsed since the budget was brought down and during all the time since the report of the public accounts had been before the House the honorable gentlemen opposite had failed to put their finger on a single dollar of expenditure and say that it was unwise and that the money should not have been spent.

General criticism was not enough and if what the honorable gentlemen opposite had to say was to carry any weight they must get down to some concrete case. The leader of the opposition had extended his speech in this House over four days and it was nothing but a general criticism. There was nothing specific in any of the rambling charges that he had made. The hon. the leader of the opposition had said that he (Flemming) was a coward and if he wanted to test it he (Coop) knew where he could find him and he would have ample opportunity during the next few months to meet him at any time. Moreover he would take this opportunity of extending an invitation to the leader of the opposition to make a tour of the province with him so that they might speak on the same platform and discuss the questions together before the people of the province.

His hon. friend had charged him with being a coward because he had left the department of the provincial secretary to a man who had not the qualifications to make a successful finance minister. But facts were even stronger than the words of the leader of the opposition. The hon. gentlemen knew how they had found the finances of the province and they knew in what condition they had left them. Under the old government great over-expenditures were carried at 5 per cent. interest. He had taken up the matter of the treasury loan and had succeeded in getting a reduction of the interest charge to 3¾ per cent. and eventually had succeeded in retiring the amount with a permanent loan.

Some of the hon. gentlemen opposite had criticized that loan, but he desired to point out that when he had registered the stock in London he had received just exactly the same price that the rich province of Ontario had received for a similar amount. Instead of paying 5 per cent. on the over-expenditures as his hon. friend had done, he had gone to New York and had arranged for carrying of the amount at 3 per cent.

His hon. friends had made no effort to reduce the rate of interest, but his hon. friend had charged that he had left the finances in a bad way and had handed their control over to an irresponsible friend. The financial management compared more than favorably with the mismanagement under the old government. Carrying over expenditures at 5 per cent. and making no effort to reduce the rate was an example of the splendid financing of the old government.

His hon. friend the leader of the opposition had also taken occasion to make some personal reference to him (Flemming) during his absence, over some dealings which he said he (Flemming) had with people that reflected unfavorably against him. That charge was a personal matter. When the old government was in power he was operating a mill in Hartland and without his knowledge Mr. Jesse Shaw had gone to the mill and secured a few planks to repair the Hartland bridge. He (Flemming) had in time, received pay for the planks. If there was any member who would say that there was anything in that transaction which would in any way cast a reflection on his character then tomorrow morning as soon as the office of the receiver general would open he would refund the province the few dollars that he had received for the planks. In making the statement that he (Flemming) was hiding behind Price and Nevors, his hon. friend was uttering a mean and contemptible untruth. If his hon. friends thought that he was hiding behind Price and Nevors, why didn't they have either Mr. Price or Mr. Nevors appear before the public accounts committee and ask them if he had any interest in the firm. Had his hon. friends done that they soon would have learned the truth.

If his hon. friends continued such tactics they would be following a miserable campaign and if they wanted to continue them he was perfectly willing that they should do so. But he felt that such miserable tactics would not appeal to the people who would give his hon. friends their answer.

Hon. Mr. Flemming spoke until after 12 o'clock and then adjourned the debate.

Fredericton, April 12.—The work of effecting the new saw mill to be operated by Moses Haines of Cardigan, at the mouth of the Nashwaaksis, was started this week. A. L. Burke of Shediac has charge of the construction work and of installing the machinery. Mr. Haines stated that stream driving operations on the Nashwaaksis never looked brighter and that he expected it would be a banner year for log driving.

IN THE SUPREME COURT, KING'S BENCH DIVISION.

IN THE MATTER of Nepisiquit Lumber Company Limited and its winding-up under The Winding-up Act and Amending Acts.

UPON application of the Liquidators of the above named Company, and reading their petition;

IT IS ORDERED that the creditors of the above named Company and all others who have claim against the said Company recently carrying on business at Bathurst in the County of Gloucester in the Province of New Brunswick, are on or before the tenth day of June A. D. 1912 to send by post prepaid to George Gilbert and Eldridge P. Mackay, the Liquidators of the said Company at their office at Bathurst aforesaid their christian and surnames, addresses and descriptions, the full particulars of their claims, and the nature and amounts of the securities, if any, held by them, and the specified value of such securities verified on oath, and in default thereof they will be peremptorily excluded from the benefits of the said Act, and of the winding-up order in this matter;

AND IT IS FURTHER ORDERED and I do appoint Friday the twelfth day of July A. D. 1912 at eleven o'clock in the forenoon at my chambers in Pugsley Building in the City of Saint John as the time and place for hearing the report of the Liquidators upon the claims of creditors submitted to them pursuant to this order; and let all parties then attend.

Dated the 25th day of March A. D. 1912.

(Sgd.) E. McLEOD.
J. S. C.

The within order to be served by sending a copy post paid to each creditor appearing on the books of the Company, and by publication in a daily newspaper published in St. John, N. B. for two months.

(Sgd.) E. McLEOD.
J. S. C.

ROYAL

Baking Powder

Absolutely Pure

Where the finest biscuit, cake, hot-breads, crusts or puddings are required *Royal* is indispensable.

Royal is equally valuable in the preparation of plain, substantial, every-day foods, for all occasions.

The only baking powder made from Royal Grape Cream of Tartar

No Alum -- No Lime Phosphates

Exmouth Street Methodist Church.

Pastor, Rev. W. W. Brewer. 9.45—Society classes. 11.00—Divine service; Preacher, Rev. Wilfrid Gaetz. 2.30—Sunday School and Bible Class. Also Glad Tidings Hall Sunday school. 7.00—Divine service; preacher, the pastor.

Scouts and Guides Parade.

The Girl Guides and the Boy Scouts of St. James' church will attend service in a body to the church tomorrow morning at eleven o'clock The members of the guides number 53, and there also are a large number of scouts.

Clock Inspector.

A Poyas, who has been appointed government inspector of clocks on the Intercolonial Railway between St. John and Point De Chene, has commenced his work. The appointment is a most popular one, and Mr. Poyas is receiving the congratulations of his many friends.

Red Rose Flour

Is a straight Manitoba

DIED.

FOWLER—At Salmon Creek, Sunbury county, on April 7th, Eleanor, relict of James Fowler, in the 90th year of her age, leaving two daughters and five sons to mourn their loss.

KELLY—In this city on the 12th inst., M. Joseph Kelly, son of Susan and John Kelly, leaving his parents, five brothers and four sisters to mourn their sad loss.

Funeral on Monday morning, April 15, at 8.45 to Holy Trinity church, for requiem, high mass.

FLEMING—In this city, on 11th inst., Anna, widow of John Fleming, aged 69 years, leaving three sons and three daughters.

Funeral will take place from the residence of her son-in-law, Mr. F. L. Potts, 176 1-2 Duke street, on Saturday at 2.30. Service begins at 2 o'clock.

COOPER—Entered into rest on the 12th inst., James Cooper, aged 77 years, leaving one son to mourn.

Funeral on Monday, the 15th inst., from his late residence, 22 Westmorland Road. Service begins at 2.30 p. m.

D. BOYANER,
Optician.

Eyes tested, Glasses properly fitted, for the correction of any defect that can be remedied with glasses. Kryptock and Toric Lenses a specialty. 38 Dock Street.

PERSONALS

McLaughlin, George Philip, born at Yarmouth, N. S., 24th May, 1871; height, 5 feet, 7 inches; weight, about 160 pounds; black hair. Lived in St. John in 1896. Wholesale liquor agent. Any person knowing present address kindly communicate with "Interest" Box 162.

LOST—Sixteen dollars, three fives and a one, likely on Paradise Row. I did not miss amount when party who possibly found it asked me if I had lost anything. Please return to F. L. Robinson, 86 King street, and receive reward.

SEALED TENDERS MARKED.

Tenders will be received by the undersigned for the heating of Goal at Hampton, Kings County, up to Saturday, April 20, 1912. Lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted.

Plans can be seen at High Sheriff's office at Hampton, N. B., and Fred Barr's office, St. John, N. B.

COUN. A. D. MURRAY,
Chairman Building Committee.
Kings Co., N. B.
Penobsquis, Kings Co., N. B., April 8.