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## PARLIAMENT.

Mr. McMullin's Attack on the I C. R. Proves a Failure.

The Minister of Militia Has Adjutant General Powell Reinstated.

OTTAWA, July 6.—An important reference to the colonial conference was made in the house this afterneen. When the orders of the day were reached Mr. McNeill, an ardent imperial federationist, rose and said: "I wish to ask will the government instruct the Canadian delegates to the celenial conference to endeaver to secure the co-opera-tion of the Australasian and Seuth African commissioners in turtherance of that policy of preferential trade between the selfgoverning colonies of the empire and the mother country, which was endorsed by this house in the following resolution: That if and when the parliament of Great Britain and Ireland admits Canadian products to the markets of the United Kingdom upon more favorable terms than it accords to the preducts of fereign countries, the parlia ment of Canada will be prepared to accord corresponding advantages by substantial reductions in the duties imposed upon British manufactured goods, I may first say," continued Mr. McNeill. "that the reason why I wish to ask this questien of my right honorable friend is that the great organ of public opinion in Eng-land suggested in an important leading article at that time that if Australasis and South Africa joined with Canada in making such a requisition to the mether country it would be a matter worthy of the serious consideration of the home government, and would very possibly give rise to a new departure altogether. These are as nearly as possible, I think, the words that were used by the London Times at that time. We have now with us representatives from Australasia, and from South Africa, and I just wish to ask my right honorable friend whether it is not the tention of the government to endeaver to

Sir John Thompson said in reply: I think the house will see that it would be inepportune for me to discuss at the present moment the question of the instructions to the Canadian delegates to the Intercolonial conference, but the subject which the henmember has referred to is so immediately connected with the subjects which are generally understood to be those likely to engage the attention of the conference that I think he may fairly assume that it is one that will not fail to be considered by the delegates during their deliberations. The delegates of course desire to deliberate without public inspection and, therefore, their de-bates are not open to the public. That necessarily arises from the fact that they are in confidential communication with their own governments and with her majesty's government, and doubtless desire that that communication should not be hampered by the disclosure in detail to the public of anything that takes place. But at the cenclusion of the conference, which may be expected early next week, the conference will ne doubt decide to what extent it would be advisable that their conclusions and deli-berations should be made public and after that I shall be in a position to inform the hon, gentleman whether I am at liberty to give a more definite answer to be question than I am this afternoon.

In supply Mr. McMullen made an attack

induce them to carry out the policy which

this house at that time endorsed.'

on the management of the Intercolonial, based on the fact that there was a deficit of \$25,000 last year.
Mr. Fraser replied that, although he sat

in opposition, he could not agree with Mr. McMulien. The road was intercolonial in character, as the name implied, and did geed work in premeting intercolonial trade; therefore, although it did not pay, there was no reason to grumble. Peeple of Ontarie should remember that if they were called on to contribute to a deficit on the Intercolonial, the maritime provinces contributed to the maintenance of canals by which they were not directly benefitted

Mr. Mills (Bothwell) agreed with Mr. Fraser. No complaint would be made, he said, so long as freight and passenger rates were the same as on the other roads. (Cheers.) Hon, Mr. Haggart said the Intercelouial

get less per mile for mail service than the C. P. R. and Grand Trunk. In committee of supply the minister of militia was asked what action he had taken in the matter of the suspension of adjutant general Powell by general Herbert. In reply he read the fellowing letter which he had to-day sent to the general:

Dear General Herbert—I have your report of the 6th inst., respecting the suspension of Colonel Walker Powell. I notice that it is Colonel Walker Powell. I notice that it is marked confidential as was also your report of the 30th June. You refer to this latter report as being official but I cannot regard a report marked confidential in that light. What I desired was such a report as without detriment to the public service could be submitted to parliament, and which as soon as it had been sumbitted would become the property of the press of the country. Upon consideration of the matter I do not consider the charge you specify against Col. Powell as of sufficient gravity to warrant continuing his suspension for a longer period. You will be so good as to remove the suspension and reinstate him in his position las adjutant general. You will also please give directions that he be furnished with copies of your official report to me so as to give him an opportunity of answering and explaining the charges against him, with a view to such further action as may be necessary. Believe me, dear General Herbert.

(Signed) J. C. PATTERSON,

The celonial conference was engaged again teday in discussing trade issue, but a definite proneuncement had not been agreed upon when conference adjourned at 1 p. m. There was no session this afterneen, several of the delegates visiting the experimental

of the delegates visiting the experimental farm, while others were shown over the paper mills of the Eddy Manufacturing Co. and other points at Chaudiere.

OTTAWA, July 9—In the house teday progress was made with the public business and several important gevernment bills were put through the final stages.

Mr. Massan, on motion for a second read.

Mr. Massen, on metion for a second reading of the Dillon diverce bill, laid down the proposition that a person to successfully seek relief at the bands of parliament by way of divorce must come before parliament himself with clean hands. It appeared from the evidence that Dillon had separated from his wife in France, and acceptable with the company of the leaves of cording to his own admission believed she had led a perfectly proper life for six years thereafter. Desertion of this sert was held in England to constitute sufficient grounds

in England to constitute sufficient grounds for the withholding of a divorce. Again the petitioner declined to answer for the strict propriety of his ewn conduct during this six years of separation.

Dr. Weldon held that the heuse had no right to refuse the second reading to the divorce bill, correct precedure and sound practice being that divorce bills should in this respect he excited to the second reading to the second reading to the divorce bills should in this respect he excited to the second reading to the second rea this respect be entitled to the consideration given to private bills. The custom has been to take the facts as proven, as they are set ferth in the report of the senate committee,

but it should not be forgotten that this house had power to hear facts before its own committee, and if necessary call for further evidence.

further evidence.

Mr. Edgar agreed, as diverce bills could as well go before the private bills committee of the heuse as any other private bill.

Mr. Charlton protested against the whele principle of parliamentary diverce, helding that it was a matter for the courts.

The motion for the second reading having carried en divisien, the bill, on motion of Mr. Sutherland, was referred to the heuse committee on private bills.

committee on private bills.

An amendment by Mr. Martin te the bill to amend the criminal code, having power to arrest upon mere suspicion fer trivial effences, was eliminated and the bill passed to find the carried out under a jeint guarits final stages.

In the course of the debate in supply it appeared that the total cost of the prohibition commission was \$120,000. After recess the house resumed in comnittee the consideration of the Indian act. which passed through committee, was re-ported, read a third time and passed. The house went into committee on the

resolution introduced by Sir Charles Hib-bert Tupper impesing a license fee of \$10 for canning, preserving and curing lobsters. Measrs. Perry and Welch objected to the The minister of marine pointed out that the lobster industry was being destroyed, and unless it was protected would entirely disappear. The resolution was necessary, and was not objected to by any one except those who wanted to catch votes instead of

Messrs, Welch and Perry tried to get the minister to reduce the fee to \$5, but failed.

Mr. Stairs pointed out the advantage which the inspection would be in the English market. Anyone acquainted with the lebster trade knew that it was injured very much by packing out of seeson. The government brand would be a guarantee

that the lebsters were caught in season, and that alone weuld be a great advantage. The resolution was adopted, and the house then went into committee on the bill to amend the Fisheries act, which passed through committee, was reported, read a third time and passed. Sir John Thempsen said in reply to Sir

Richard Cartwright that it was expected that the French treaty would be taken up temerrow and after that the North West bill. He did not think the supplementary estimates would be down before Wednesday. The house adjourned at midnight. The minister of militia stated tonight that he had not received General Herbert's resignation. The general himself informed a reporter teday that he had not re-

TELEGRAPHIC.

Quahae.

MONTREAL, July 4.- At the close of the convention today the Dominion alliance elected the fellowing officers: President, Hon Senator Vidal; vice-presidents, On-tario, Hon J C Aikins, ex-Mayer Fleming; Quebec, S A Fisher and John R Dougall; Nova Scotia, A R Dickey, M P, and T B Flint, M P; New Brunswick, Dr McLeod and A H Hanington; Prince Edward Island, Hen David Laird and S Crabbe; Manitoba, Rev Dr Bryce and R Muleck; Northwest Territories, Hen Dr Schultz and Rev L Gaetz; British Columbia, Noah Shakes-

MONTREAL, July 4.—The Prohibition Convention completed its labors today. Mr. Fisher's resolution condemning the French

of the house of commons.

Montreal, July 8.—The Montreal beard of trade will banquet the Intercolonial conference delegates on Saturday next at the Windser hetel. Lord Aberdeen, members of the deminion cabinet, Sir Richard Cartwright, Hen. Mr. Laurier and Premier Taillon have been invited. Ontario.

TORONTO, July 6.—The political situation is interesting teday, by a leading article of the Globe making a square bid fer patron support, which is passing strange, when one remembers that the Globe combatted them up to a few days age. The Meredith party have decided to protest a number of

English. London, July 4.-Sir Wm. Vernen Harcourt made the statement in the debate on the estimate duties that it had never been conceded in connection with the "most favored nation" treatment in commercial reaties that the colonies were included in the words! "other nations or other country." If true this is mest important in view of the Ottawa conference, as showing the power of all parts of the empire to make what internal commercial plans they choose without reference to foreign nations.

Foreign.
PARIS, July 4.—Madame Carnot, in writing her reasons for refusing a pension, says:
"The children and I thought that France, by unanimensly according the magnificent national obsequies to M. Carnet, paid him the supreme and only homage worthy of the country and of himself."

BOSTON CONVICTS MUTINY. The Officials of the House of Correction Use their Revolvers to Quell a

Disturbance.

Boston, Mass., July 9.—The prisoners in the house of correction at South Boston mutinied this afternoon and refused to work. In a few moments all the shops were in a state of tumult. All the officials drew their clubs and charged on the prisoners. The men resisted and attacked the efficers with their teols, and anything they could lay their hands on. Unable to drive them into their cells, the officers finally drew their revolvers and fired several shets at the convicts. Only one shot took effect. This struck a convict in the cheek and offectually rightened the mutineers. The men have been restless for some days, and have threatened trouble. After the shooting the prisoners fell back and were driven to their

SUDDEN DEATH

Mrs. Harris Reid, of New Horton, Albert County, Dies Suddenly.

ALBERT, July 9.— Mrs. Harris Reid, widow of the late Harris Reid, died very suddenly at her residence at New Horton. Mrs. Reid was a daughter of the late John

OTTAWA.

OTTAWA, July 4 -The first practical result of the colonial conference was announced today. After discussing the Pacific cable passed a resolution, on motion of Hon. F. B. Suttor, expressing the opinion that immediate steps should be taken te provide telegraphic communication free from foreign control between the deminion of Canada and Australia.

should be carried out under a joint guar antee of the imperial authorities and the colonies interested; whether it should be constructed and operated by the govern-ments themselves, or whether an effort should be made to secure the construction of the line by private enterprise, with governmental backing, were all severally debated. It was felt, however, that until something like a definite idea of the cost had been obtained, it would not be wise to proceed further.

proceed further.

Accordingly en motion of Hon. Mr. Foster, seconded by Sir Henry Wrixon, a resolution was unanimously adopted asking the imperial government to undertake a survey of the ecean bed of the preposed routes. The expense to be borne in equal proportions by Great Britain, Canada and the Australasian colonies. Some feur er five years ago H. M. S. Egeria was engaged in this work,

but for some inexplicable reason the work was suspended before it was completed.

The following resolution, meved by Hon. Mr. Suttor and seconded by Hon. Mr. Fitzgerald, was alse adopted: "That this conference is of opinion that any provisions in existing treaties between Control of the some control of the source of the so existing treaties between Great Britain and any foreign power which prevents the self-geverning dependencies of the empire from entering into agreements of commercial reciprocity with each ether, or with Great Britain, should be removed.

It was moved by Sir Chas. Mills, seconded by Sir Henry de Villiers, and resolved:
"That it is for the interest of the empire that, in case of the construction of a cable between Canada and Australia, such cable should be extended from Australia to the Cape of Geod Hope, and that for that purpose arrangements should be made between the imperial and South African governments for a survey of the latter route."

OTTAWA, July 8.—It is reported tonight that General Herbert has resigned his posttion as general officer commanding, but confirmation is lacking. General Herbert was appointed by the heme government, and his resignation would have to go to the war office.

OTTAWA, July 8.—The Colonial conference was engaged on the trade question again yesterday, but before adjournment heard the proposals of James Huddart in refer-ence to the proposed Atlantic service and the increase on the Australian service. The conference will in all probability conclude its deliberations tomorrow.
Colonel Powell, adjutant general, yester

day received a letter from General Herbert, reinstating him in the position of adjutant general. He will resume his duties te-

be held tomerrow, but it is simply of a fare-well character. In due course the detailed information relating to the discussions which have taken place and the work ac-complished will be given to the press. It is satisfactory to learn that the great central theme of the whole conference has been imperial unity. All the speeches have been characterized with this one idea. Today a resolution was adopted on motion Today a resolution was adopted on motion of Sir A. P. Caren, seconded by Sir Henry Wrixon, approving of the action of the dominion government in liberally aubsidizing the direct Australian service and the arge subsidy which it is prepesed to vote large subsidy which it is preposed to vote for a fast mail and passenger service across the Atlantic, with ample accommodation for cold storage purposes. The resolution points out that Great Britain in the past has veted large mail subsidies to steamers running to the Cape and Australia, and commends the proposed fast Atlantic service for similar aid from the imperial authorities.

imperial authorities.

Conight Sir Jehn and Lady Thompso gave a large dinner party in honor of the visitors, while Sir A. P. and Lady Caron gave a great "at home" at the drill hall. The visitors leave for Toronto and the Falls

Dr. Shirres, physician to the governor general's household, was today married to Miss Edith Thistle of this city.

Senators and members are to be allowed twelve days' absence from Obtawa during the session, and a bill will be introduced to legalize this proposition.
Legalize this proposition.
Legalize this proposition.

DORCHESTER.

The Body of E. C. Bowser Found and Interred Yesterday Afternoon.

DORCHESTER, July 9.—The body of E. C. Bowser, who was drewned at Sackville on Saturday, was found yesterday morning and brought here last evening for interment. The funeral teek place this afterneon from his late residence to the R. C. chapel, where service was held by Father L'Abbe, assisted by Father Cormier. The floral offerings were very numerous. The pall-bearers were: John Card, Martin Power, B. Gaudet and Thes. Sherran. The funeral was one of the largest seen here for some time.

THE HEATED TERM Ways of Lessening the Distressing Effects of the Hot Weather.

The season of "fresh air tunds" and other benevolent fleorts for the benefit of swelter-ing and helpless theusands in the great cities is upon us. Words fail to describe the suffering of these, especially the helpless little enes, in the poerer and more congested districts of great cities during the heated term. It is well that philanthrophic agencies devise schemes, and wealthy people give of their means to relieve the distress. But even of those who are contributors to but even of those who are contributors to these neble schemes, many are themselves great sufferers. The heated term finds them listless, weak, depressed, nervous, and out of condition. They, too, need a helping hand in the form of a bracing and invigorating tonic that will evercome the effects of the hot weather and restere their old time energy and chearfulness. Mrs. Reld was a daughter of the late John Reid, and was about sixty years of age. She leaves five children, viz: Willard Reid, painter, of St. John; Capt. Geo. M. Reid, Mrs. Isaac C. Prescett of Albert, Miss Rebecca Reid, and Harley Reid, the two latter living at home. The deceased lady was very widely esteemed, and the deepest sympathy is felt for the bereaved family.

The Bait Jug Held Out.

Elihu Scriver of Beattyville, Ky., had a line set in the river with a crawfish for bait.

OUR BOSTON LETTER.

The Vacation Season at Hand and the Railways and Steamers Doing a Big Business.

A Canadian Millionaire-Immigration Statistics Unsatisfactory-The Lumber Market.

BOSTON, July 7.—The vacation season i now at its height and all who are in a pesi-tion to leave the city are doing so with a rush. Several times the St. John express has been obliged to form in two sections, so great was the number of passengers leaving for points in Maine and the provinces. The steamship companies report a brisk business and the dull times do not seem to interfere with the usual summer exedus. This is probably accounted for by the fact that a large percentage of those who are going out of town are well supplied with the goods of this world. Then too it cests but little mere to travel than it does to spend the vacation time here. Rates are sufficiently low to time here. Rates are sufficiently low to suit the mest impecunious, and there can be no complaint on this score when a first class passage can be made to St. John and return for \$6. The same rate also applies to Neva Scotia towns on the Bay of Fundy.

It is not very often that penniless Canadians become millionaires after jumping over on this side of the line. In fact, millionaires are not being made as for a

lionaires are net being made as fast as seme people might think, but there is a Canadian who has become rich since he left his own country. He is F. E. Reusseau, who is a native of the prevince of Quebec, having been bern very close to the American and New Brunswick line. He was in Boson this week, and railroad men know him as the inventor of the Rousseau coupler for freight cars. This coupler is patented in Canada as well as in this country, and has made him wealthy to the extent of mil-

The Americans are making much ade about the big trade in American lumber, which, according to the state department at Washington, is found in every country on the glebe. The report recently issued claims that more American lumber is sold n England than Canadian.

On Menument Hill, Boston common, Wednesday, there was an interesting reunion. It was composed of people from the maritime provinces, the sons and daughters of Nova Scotia predominating. The reunion was not accidental, nor was it appointed by any organization. Several years age, probably 28 or 30, a young man came to this city from the peninsular prevince, and at that time there were not many of his countrymen in the city. Every holiday, particularly July 4, he would invite sailers from the provces and every countryman of his acquaintance to a picnic er sert of reunion beneath the big elm tree near where the big soldier's morument is new. Strange to say, the reunion has been centinued every year since until this year, when there was a larger gathering of provincialists than usual, most of whom were members of assemblies, Sons and Daughters of the Maritime Previnces. The name is called by many "Nova Scetia Hill," because of the fact that merrow.

OTTAWA, July 9.

The celonial cenference concluded its business this evening. A brief meeting will business this evening. A brief meeting will business the concluded its busi

Several were present from Cennecticut, New Hampshire and Rhede Island. These were supplemented by a large force of fourth of July visitors from the provinces who had come to see hew Americans burn powder and blow off their hands, as well as visit their friends and relatives. There was also some dancing, but it was of short duration. The thermometer was not exactly favorable for such exercise. The scene all through was one of the happiest that befell those on the common to see during the entire day. The state board of agriculture has been carrying on an investigation to determine the state of the crops. The special report of its labors just issued shows that the hay crop

will be light again this year. Haying is well under way, and the report from all sections of the state say that it will be nething more than a fair crep at best. The potate bug is a great evil and is as plentiful as ever. Early potatoes and most other crops are looking well, though rain is much needed in most sections. Prices of garden produce are lower and this is the chiet cause of complaint from farmers. Strawberries are plentiful and as a consequence cheaper than in other years. The sale of dairy products is slow and this trade is particularly dull. The outlook for fruit and berries is the best for several years. Grain is reported up to the average. The oat crop depends on the conditions at harvest and the danger from rust.

A story has reached this city of a huge colonization scheme fathered by Canadians who are at present in the mining regions of Who are at present in the mining regions of Pennsylvania making preparations to move 20,000 Siavonians to the Canadian North West. It is stated that the agents were sent there by the Canadian government, though there is no means at hand efverifying this. Many of these foreigners were strikers, and many were evicted from their houses and are encamped near Light. their houses and are encamped near Union-town. It is also said that the Canadian government will give 200 acres to each emi-

The immigration statistics are very unsatisfactory to people who like to see a large immigration. During the last six months nearly twice as many foreigners left this country as came into it. The labor leaders claim it is a good thing for the eastern

aber market. The prospect of good times for seamen is very dismal, just as it is for everybody else. The square-rigged sailor finds it extremely difficult to get to sea at all, and every new arrival leaves sailors behind here. The bearding house keepers are complaining of too many buests, and do not know where

it will end,

The New Hampshire club has started for
the provinces, where its members will spend
several weeks fishing and canceing. ExGovernor William E. Russell, Dr. Swan of
Cambridge, Dr. Francis Peabedy, A. H.
Wood and several mere politicians are enjoying a few weeks en the St. John river.
They will also take in the Miramichi before
returning.

Jehn M. Barry of St. John is in tewn this The clesing down of the mills is causing a large efflux of French Canadians to the pro-

rived here in June, of Wilson schedule, yet the trade promises to grow within the next

since last week. Reports from Maine and the east are very gloomy because of the con-tinued weakness to the market here, and it

is reported that several large mills will close down until the owners find out "where they are at." The current prices quoted at first hands are:

Spruce—Ordinary spruce; frames by car, \$12 50 per M; yard erder, \$12; randem do, \$11.50; ordinary 12 inch frames, \$13 50; large rames, \$16 to 17; ordinary frames by cargo, \$11 50 to 12; random, \$10 to \$10 50; laths, carload lots, \$2.10 to 2 25; laths by cargo, \$20.4 foot syres, spruce, alaphaards, \$30;

\$2; 4-foot extra spruce clapboards, \$30; elear and second, clears, \$24 to 28; spruce shingles, \$1.50 Pine-Coarse, No 2, eastern pine stock, \$16 to 16.50; refuse, \$12 to 13; outs,\$8 50 to 9; rough edge pine, box boards, etc. \$8.50 to 12.50; eastern pine clapbeards, \$40 to 45; matched boards, \$19 to 22; sheathing strips, \$28 to \$40.

Hemleck, etc.—Planed and butted hemock boards, \$11.50 to 12; random do, \$11 to 11.50; ether hemleck, \$12 to 13; extra cedar\_shingles, \$2 90 to 3 per M; clears, \$2 40 to 2 50; second clears, \$1.90 to 2 25; extra No 1s, \$1 75; No 1s, \$1.25; oak, \$40 to 48; white ash, \$40 to 45.
Freights remain steady, with vessels effering at \$4.75 from Atlantic ports and \$6 from Gulf. The steamer rate is \$8.

Arrivals of new salt mackerel have been nere plentiful than for some time, and the market is quite active. This week fresh mack market is quite active. This week fresh mack erel are scarcer, and as a censequence prices are firm. The tone is apparently healthy and encouraging. Fish dealers say the increase in the price of meats, as the result of the strike in the west, is having a beneficial effect. Thus it will be seen that "it is an ill wind that blows nebedy good." Barrel herring and fish in boxes are in good demand and the price is firm, smoked fish being somewhat higher in price. The following are the quotations from first hands: owing are the quotations from first hands: Fresh fish—Market cod, 2 to 2½c per lb; large cod, 3 to 3½c; shere haddock, 2½ to 3c; white hallbut, 10 to 12); gray 8 to 10c; chicken, 8 to 10c; large hake, 1 to 1½0; small, ½ to 1c; pellock, 1 to 1½0; steak de, 2 to 210; fresh eastern salmen, 15 to 160;

Northern, \$16.
Canned fish — American sardines, ene-Cannet usn — American sardines, ene-quarter cils, \$3.40 per case; three-quarter mustards, \$2.80 to 2.90; Alaska canned salmen, \$1.20 to 1.30; Celumbia River steak, \$1 90 to 1.95; lobsters, \$1.75 to 1.85, as to

571 boxes.

There is very little change in the horse trade. Sales are slow and common animals are plenty. Dealers do net expect much improvement until fall.

Weather, very summer-like.

MARINE.

Bark Antionette, Capt. Nickerson, from Rio Janeire, reports that on May 28, in lat. 18 S, len. 39 W., Frank Cook, chief officer of the vessel, fell down the after hatch and was killed. Cook belonged to Devonshire, and was 28 years of area.

was killed. Cook belonged to Devonshire, and was 28 years of age.

Sch. Josie F., Capt. Cameren, which was towed here yesterday frem South West Harbor is a hard looking craft. Capt. Cameron reports that his vessel, which was bound here from Boston, was heve to eff South West Harbor in very thick weather. The bobstays parted, the bewsprit broke and everything went over the stern. The masts and bowsprit are gene, the deck torn up where the masts came out of her, the up where the masts came out of her, the chain plates are partly gone and the sails chafed and tern.

The mate of the scheoner Helen E. Ken-

ney died at Victoria, Brazil, of general de-bility prier to June 14.

Bgt. Besten Marine, Capt. Porter, from Barbados, arrived here on Saturday with molasses, making the passage up in the re-markably quick time of ten days.

Brigt. Britannia, from Boston for New Carllaie, P. Q, in ballast, stranded at Mud Island on the 4th, but floated again with

assistance. She is now at Yarmouth, leaking slightly and with keel-damaged.

The portwardens, at the instance of the shipper, held a survey on the bright. L. Munson on Saturday. They prenounced her seawerthy. The Munson will lead deals for Ireland.

Bark Capella, from St. Lawrence for England, with deals, before reported ashore at Anticosti, has been towed off the rocks after having jettisened some carge. She is preceding for Quebec under sail. A steamer has been despatched to meet her. She is not badly damaged.

Brigt. M. E. Ceipel, before reported, was burned at sea while on the passage from

burned at sea while on the passage from Antigua to Barbades. The M. E. Coipel was launched in 1871 and was 92 tens register. She was en her ene hundredth voyage to the West Indies from Yarmouth and had never met with a serious accident

and had never met with a serious accident ner leat a man nor changed ownership during her leng career. She was owned by A. F. Stoneman & Co., Yarmeuth, N. S.

The following charters are reported:
Bark Violet, Savannah to Santos, lumber, \$14.75; Alex. Black, Antigua to Delaware \$2.25 in hhda. 133. Breakwater, f. e., sugar, \$3 25 in hhds., 130. in bags; schrs. Gold Hunter, St. Lucia to Delaware Breakwater, f. e., sugar, in hhds., tos. and bbls., 180.; Saint Marie, Arroye and Mayaguez te a port north of Hatteras, melasses, \$2.25; brigt. L. G. Cresby, St. Lucia to Delaware Breakwater, f. o., sugar, in bags, 15c; schrs. Gelden Rule, Porto Rico to a port nerth of Hatteras, molasses, \$2.25; Onera, New York te Mirageane, \$1,300 and pert charges; brigt. Margaret E. Dean, two perts N. S. Cuba te Beston, legweed, \$3.75; reets. \$4.25.

The heated term finds them itsteless, weak, depressed, nervous, and ent of condition. They, too, need a helping hand in the form of a bracing and invigorating tonic that will evercome the effects of the both weather and restere their old time the heat of the both weather and restere their old time such a time is Hawker's nerve and brain invigorators. The heautiful handbock of the Charlotte-town Steam Navigation Co. is being quite extensively circulated here. The heautiful handbock of the Charlotte-town Steam Navigation Co. is being quite extensively circulated here. The heautiful handbock of the Charlotte-town Steam Navigation Co. is being quite extensively circulated here. The lumber market continues dull, with a considerable falling off in the general demand. The market in every respect is discound and refreshing alumbor, a clear head and steady nerves, it is only necessary to take a thorough course of Hawker's nerve and stomach tonic, which may be had from any druggies. Its effect will be rendered more speedy if it is need in connection with Hawker's liver pills.

Brakemen do not care whether you sne she company or not. Don't threaten them.

The business depends on the Wilson sobedule, yet the trade promises to grow within the next for menths. The next of the extensively circulated here. The heautiful handbook of the Charlotte, for the next of the schemage of a pict and the next of the standy appetite, sound and refreshing alumbor, a clear head and steady nerves, it is only necessary to the trade of the company of the proposed was a constant agent. The constant and the conviction and the conviction

THE CITY AND ELSEWHERE.

The deaths reported at the board of health office for the week ending July 7, were: Spillborn, 3; cancer, 1; phthisis, 1; diabetes, 1; scarlet fever, 1; tumor of stemach, 1; cholera infantum, 1; imperfect development, 1; pulmenary tuberculosis, 1—:otal, 11.

A picnic was held at Corn Hill, Kings county, on Saturday last, to raise money to pay the salary of the Free Baptist minister, Rev. A. McNintch. The Petitocoliac band was present and the success of the whole affair was due in no small degree to its members. The day was fine and large rumbers of persons was present. bers of persons were present. The various games and the programme of sperts which was carried out in the afternoon were interesting. Between \$50 and \$75 were netted.

At the start of the guessing contest for a Brantford bloycle at Scovii, Fraser & Co.'s, the provise was made that should two or more persons guess the exact number of cents in the jar the decision as to who would have the bicycle, or how it should be divided, would be left to the two or three persons making the exact guesses. M. P. McKean, 106 Waterloo street; Miss A. Mc-Mullin, Brussels street, and T. A. Grant, St. John hetel, guessed 2,629, the exact number of cents in the jar. The question of how the machine will be disposed of rests with these three persons.

Rev. Geo. M. Campbell preached his farewell sermen in Exmouth street Methodist church Sanday evening. After the service he was presented with an address.

On Menday Rev. Mr. Campbell was pre-

sented with a very beautiful parler cleck.
Mrs. Campbell was also suitably remembered
by the lady members of the congregation.
Rsv. Mr. Campbell is to be pastor of the
First Methodist church in Charlettebewn,
P. E. I., and Rev. Job Shenton is Mr. Campbell's successor as paster of Exmouth

THE DEATH OF JOHN MILLER.

blue fish, 5 to 62; alewives, 750 to \$1 per 100 count; roe shad, 25 to 350; buck de, 18 to 200; butter fish, 7 to 80; large mackerel, 12 to 140; medium do, 6 to 80; live lebsters, 100; boiled de, 120.

Salt fish—New salt mackerel, vessel price, Salt fish—New salt mackerel, 12 to 140. Salt fish—New salt mackerel, vessel price, fisherman's order, \$6.37\frac{1}{2}; old Norway bloater mackerel, \$18.50 to 19; No 1, Norway, \$18; No 1, native, \$12 to 16; No 23, \$10 to 12; new large, No 38, \$7.50 to 7.75; new No 23, \$81 targe grickled bank, \$4; medium, \$4.50; large pickled bank, \$4; medium, \$3.50; large shore, \$4.50; medium, \$3.75; large Georges, \$4.75; medium do, \$4; hake, \$2; cusk, \$3.75; haddock, \$2.37\frac{1}{2}; pickled pollock, \$1.87\frac{1}{2}; dry salted do, \$3; Labrador split herring, \$6; round shore Newfoundland, \$2.75; box herring, medium tied stock, \$16; No 1, \$130; lengthwise, \$110; Pacific ceast pickled salmon, \$13.50 to 14; Northern, \$16. was ordained to the eldership on Feb. 12th, 1882, since which time he has represented maining with him for a day and a night till he died. The funeral services were cen-W. Murray, assisted by Rev. Wm. Hamilten. The precession which fellewed the remains to the grave was the largest ever seen in Bass River. The family, con-

THE EQUITY COURT.

In Lewis Levy v. Jehn J. Archibald, H. C. Hanington moved for the appointment of a receiver and the sale of the property in order to a complete dissolution of the partnership. It appeared that the parties together carried en a hotel at Harcourt, Kent Co. The plaintiff alleged that defendant was greatly indebted, and that many of his oreditors came to a heyl and then refused to pay their board on the ground that Archibald was indebted to them; that Archibald had ordered hotel supplies on credit, for which plaintiff had to pay when sued; that defendant had locked the hotel bar against plaintiff and refused to allow him to use it; that plaintiff had been assaulted by defendant when attempting to exercise his rights as a partner, and that Mrs. Archibald used the hotel mency for the purchase of liquor on which she became intoxicated. The bill generally alleged that it was impossible for plaintiff to receive the benefits of the partnership or to continue in his present position without serious loss. In Lewis Levy v. Jehn J. Archibald, H.

without serious loss.

Dr. A. A. Stockton, Q. C., for defendant, began to read some affidavits in reply, but en Mr. Hanington's objection that copies had not been served three days before the had not been served three days before the hearing, his honor ruled that they could not be read. It was afterwards arranged that they might be used on Dr. Steckton undertaking that plaintiff's expenses on the metien should be paid, er, if not, that the metion should be treated as unopposed.

Dr. Stockton then read the defendant's affidavit, which denied the existence of any partnership or agreement that his wife was affidavit, which denied the existence of any partnership or agreement that his wife was to act as housekeeper of the hotel. He stated that she had se acted but not in pursuance of any agreement. He contradicted the plaintiff on almost every point, stating that he had not assaulted him and that his wife was never intexicated as alleged but that such astaments were false and without

that such statements were false and without A proposition was then made to let the matter stand over with a view to settlement, the right to advance evidence in reply being reserved to Mr. Hanington. The 17th was

reserved to Mr. Hanington. The 17th was set for further hearing.

In Emmersen v. Keith a settlement was effected The defendant will give up the shares fer the delivery of which the suit was brought. The cests are distributed, the defendant paying a pertion. If the arrangements for settlement are not completed by 20th inst., it is consented that a decree fer plaintiff should be made. Attorney General Blair for plaintiff; W. Pugsley, Q. C., for defendant.

and that defendant in right of his wife had a right to enter upon the land. C. A. Palmer, Q. C., for plaintiff, objected on the ground that preparation had been made for trial upon other issues. His henor allowed the addition, costs of subprenaing witnesses and of the delay to be costs in the cause.

At Chambers before Judge Tuck, in Basset v Columbe, from Restigeuche county, L. A. Currey, Q. C., applied to set aside a conviction on the ground that time and place of sale were not preved as alleged in the information, and that an adjournment had been refused to defendant, though asked for on this ground.