HAGYARD'S

Royal Pectoral Balsam

Is worthy of a trial for Coughs, Colds, Influenza, Croup, Whooping Cough, Asthma, Bronchitis, &c.

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We have given the above name to it because we think it decerves it, on account of the valuable properties it possesses for the accomplishment of its various purposes. has been used so extensively by us in private practice, and for so long a period, with such extraordinary and satisfactory results, that we could no longer refrain from giving it a wider range of operation, and a more extended means of usefulness. We might write a volume, if we had the time and opportunity, on the various kinds of disorder and disease of the lungs. There are thousands of persons who know from painful experience what they are. As regards their danger and duration, now, we would ask, ought it not to be considered a great blessing to be able to have a remedy at hand which by its prompt and powerful efficacy may effect a cure? We consider it not at all out of place to say a few words as to the cause of disease of the lungs. We solemnly declare as our opinion that one of the principal causes is the extreme heat kept in people's apartments, through the whole extent of the Dominion. Perhaps our readers are not aware that the temperature of any room should never be above 65 or 68 degrees of the thermometer. How often have we been told of 80 degrees being the ordinary practice; you not only have a hot, dry atmosphere, but an impure one, disposing the strongest constitution to disease. Another very important point is the absence of ventilation a means for letting off the impure air and letting in the fresh. How often you have inflammation of the gums and palate—of the top of the windpipe producing irritation, hoarseness, coughing, and bronchitis. We mention all these affections because our hoarseness, coughing, and bronchitis. We mention all these affections because our ROYAL PECTORAL BALSAM is intended, in all respects, to meet them. There are innumerable cases of consumption which might have been prevented if a useful and timely remedy had been applied. Where irritation exists, it soothes; where cough occurs, it mitigates the symptoms, and establishes a healthy action; where there is a large collection of phiegm or mucus to remove, it will be found invaluable. In asthma, whether spasmodic or otherwise, you should never be without it. Those who have witnessed any of these affections of the lungs, and the intense distress produced by them, will, we are sure, be only too happy to employ the Royal Pectoral Balsam as a means of relief; and not only so, but feel it their duty to recommend it when and wherever they can. As regards inflammation of the lungs, the treatment of which it was different to what it wherever they can. As regards inflammation of the lungs, the treatment of which is very different to what it was thirty or forty years ago, and as the bleeding, cupping, and blistering have been found not only not to be of service, but destructive of human life, we would earnestly recommend our PECTORAL BALSAM for its working properties in suspending the violent action of the pulse, relieving the difficulty of breathing, and to husbanding the powers of life, so that nature may have an increased opportunity of restoring the organ affected to its healthy condition. There are not many remedies that can accomplish such important results, and therefore we think that when we propose one which will be calculated to perform all that we have stated, the public over pose one which will be calculated to perform all that we have stated, the public owe it as a duty to themselves to give it a fair trial.

Will our remedy cure consumption? No; nor will any other do it. We have known many cases that have been taken for that disease that were not so. A person will cough, have purulent expectoration, was ing fever and night sweats—all the outward signs of that disease—and yet it was not consumption, but acute bronchitis of both lungs, entirely cured by appropriate treatment. The only cases where cure is substantial y effected is where the disease is very limited—where the matter in the abscess in the lung is expelled—where the parts heal up like any external abscess, and the patient recovers.

But though our remedy does not profess to cure, it can do a great deal towards preventing those symptoms which are not only troublesome, but dangerous. Everybody knows, whether professional or not, how often a cough, in a delicate person, preduced by an ordinary cold, when allowed to proceed without any medical treatment, ends in the worst consequences—the constant irritation and annoyance of it, loss of appetite, restless nights, pains in the chest, and sometimes fever, exhausting the powers of life, etc. etc. We think we have said enough to convince the most careless reader that a remedy that can be used for such important objects ought to be welcomed with gratitude. Whenever persons are attacked with a serious affection of the lungs, it leaves behind it consequences that in many instances are never entirely removed. We hope we have said enough of the diseases of the chest to which our PECTORAL BALSAM applies, and also of the importance of them in reference to the use and application of it. In conclusion, we will only add—Never neglect a hoarseness that continues for weeks, and whenever a cough occurs without any apparent causes, let the throat be examined, to ascertain whether it is relaxation or enlargement of it, or elongation of what is called the uvula, a little fleshy body, which hangs attached to the anterior or front arch of it.