# OAK HALL 115 KING E. 116 YONGE

## Dollar for Dollar

There's more value in an Oak Hall Suit or Overcoat than in any clothing you can buy or have made for you anywhere—by anybody—see our stylish Suits and Overcoats..... **$10 and $12**

116 Yonge = 115 King E.


# HAMILTON NEWS

## SOFT COAL AT $7 A TON.

**City Refuses to Accept Seventeen Cars Held by G.T.R.**

Hamilton, Oct. 30.—The County Councillors met in special session to-day and gave the third reading to the bylaw to acquire certain toll roads; take over other roads, and raise therefor by debentures, $98,000 at 3¾ per cent. To this will be added about $20,000, the county's portion of the Ontario government's $1,000,000 for road improvement, making a pretty large sum for the purpose.

**More About Coal.**

Nesbitt, Gauld & Dickson, on behalf of Thomas Myles' Sons, have notified the City Clerk that the Grand Trunk Railway Company hold 17 cars of coal, for delivery to the city, in fulfilment of contract of 500 tons, and requesting the city to accept delivery and have the cars unloaded without further delay.

To this Mr. Beasley has replied that the city will not accept delivery of any more coal from them, and he has also notified the Grand Trunk not to place on the city siding any more cars of coal which Myles' Sons may direct to be placed.

This morning the city reduced the price of its soft coal, of which it still has about 150 tons, to $7 a ton, the price which the dealers are asking.

**M. J. O'Reilly is Next.**

City Clerk Beasley has notified M. J. O'Reilly that he is entitled to the seat in the City Council made vacant by the death of Ald. Ten Eyck. Next in order after Mr. O'Reilly comes R. S. Fraser, and then W. T. Evans. Mr. O'Reilly is a member of the Public Library Board and must vacate that seat if he desires to be an alderman. He will not make known his intention until after the funeral.

**Ald. Ten Eyck's Funeral.**

The funeral of the late Ald. M. H. Ten Eyck will take place to-morrow afternoon at 3 o'clock from 114 South Catharine-street, and will be a Masonic one, in charge of the Lodge of Strict Observance. The City Council and Board of Public Park Managers will attend the funeral.

**Minor Mention.**

Kansom R. Smith of Winona is suing the H.G. & B. Company for $200 damages, for the killing of a horse on the line on Oct. 3.

W. Gallvan, a milkman, who lives in East Flamboro, has been summoned for refusing to give Inspector McDonald a sample of the milk for inspection.

The Parks Board has accepted Mrs. Fessenden's resignation as curator of Dundurn Park museum.

All the bricklayers that can be got are being employed on the big Deering Works.

The Gaslight Co. has notified the city that it wants to drop its flat-rate agreement for lighting the city buildings.

## LADY HENRY'S GREAT WORK.

**A Life Devoted to the Amelioration of Her Countrymen.**

Lady Henry Somerset, president of the World's W.C.T.U., who has come to Toronto to attend the annual convention of the Ontario Union, will be the speaker at to-night's meeting in the Metropolitan Church. A Character sketch of the great moral reformer appears in The Methodist Magazine and Review. It is from the pen of W. T. Stead, editor of The Review of Reviews. Lady Henry Somerset is a Somerset only by marriage. By birth she was Lady Isabel Somers-Cocks, for she was the daughter of Earl Somers. Lady Isabel in those early days was as punctilious about asserting her caste as Lady Henry is to-day indifferent to the trappings of her order.

Lord Somers was devoted to his children, and bestowed special pains upon the education of his daughters. From earliest childhood Lady Isabel appears to have been a bright, engaging child, with occasional traces of the enfant terrible. Lord Somers was a scholar, altho not a pedant, and, as he had no son, he bestowed special pains upon his daughter's education. From childhood she was as familiar with French as her mother tongue, and she was almost equally at home in Italian and in German. She and her sister grew up to womanhood subject to many influences, but preserving and developing a very strong and well-marked individuality.

Lady Isabel was a great heiress. Eastnor Castle and Reigate and Somers Town were her direct heritage. She was the pursuit of the marriageable youth. She was married in 1872 to Lord Henry Somerset, a member of the House of Commons, and a Privy Councillor. In 1874 Lady Henry, then 23 years of age, became the mother of a boy, her only child, in whom she found some consolation for the disappointments of an uncongenial marriage; for Lord Henry had few tastes in common with his wife. He was also addicted to practices the pursuit of which is incompatible even with the large laxity of the English aristocratic life. The result was that the law courts pronounced the mother the guardian of the boy, an amicable separation was arranged, and Lord Henry, after a brief attempt to pose as a martyr in England, retired to maintain the state of a declasse English peer on a handsome allowance from his wife's fortune.

For years Lady Henry lived a life withdrawn from the companionship of society, becoming interested in the reform movement. She started a small temperance society and began to make proselytes for total abstinence. She practised what she preached and became herself a total abstainer. She held Bible-readings in the kitchens of the farmers on her estate and held mothers' meetings in the billiard room of her castle. She persevered, and began to discern that the whole moral movement was inextricably wrapped up with the cause of woman and the cause of labor. About this time she came across Miss Willard's touching tribute to her sister Mary, entitled "Nineteen Beautiful Years." She afterwards said her first visit to America was as much to see and know Miss Willard as for any other purpose. In the Willard household she found for the first time the realization of her ideal of woman's Christian temperance work.

Lady Henry was elected president of the British Woman's Temperance Association in 1891. It would be a mistake, however, to regard Lady Henry solely from the point of view of the temperance reformer. She has been no less brave and true in other departments of moral reform. Lady Henry, the an ardent Liberal and temperance woman, did not hesitate to appear on the platform of the Tory candidate in the Forest of Dean, who was not only a Tory, but a brewer to boot, in order to protest against the scandal of Sir Charles Dilke's candidature. The scene was a memorable one—memorable alike for the brutal savagery of those who broke up the meeting and hunted Lady Henry to the station, stoning her carriage and cursing her as she went, and the calm courage and imperturbable self-possession with which she comported herself thruout.

A sneak thief carried off an armful of tools from the McIntosh Granite and Marble Co.'s Works, at 1119 Yonge-street, on Tuesday night.

Mr. and Mrs. Henry Nerlish, jr., left Toronto Thursday for New York. They will sail on the Kaiser Wilhelm der Grosse for England and will spend four months on the Continent.


## Take Angier's Emulsion in the Summer.

If you have weak lungs or consumption make your fight against the disease during the summer. Physicians advocate fresh air, moderate exercise, and plenty of nutritious food. A valuable adjunct to this treatment, is Angier's Petroleum Emulsion. It promotes a healthy appetite, puts the digestive organs in a condition to digest and assimilate food—thus greatly improving nutrition. It keeps the bowels in a normal condition so that pills and aperients are unnecessary. It is pleasant to take, agrees with the stomach, restores health and vitality.

*All druggists sell it.*

ANGIER CHEMICAL CO., BOSTON, MASS.


## SOME THEATRES YIELD.

**Musicians in Paris Seem to Be Having Their Own Way.**

Paris, Oct. 30.—The strike of the members of the orchestras of the theatres, music halls, etc., began to-day. The strikers assembled at the labor exchange bearing bass viols, drums, trombones and other instruments. Altho the theatre managers announced their purpose of fighting the strike, a number of them have already yielded, rather than risk the loss which would ensue from a protracted struggle. Most of the large music halls and cafes have also yielded, and their orchestras have returned to duty, tho a number of them continue to resist and are giving performances without orchestras. The prefect of police, having been advised of the intention of the strikers to invade theatres and wreck the instruments of substitutes, posted a large force of police to preserve order at the threatened places of amusement.

**NOW IS THE TIME.**

London Paystreak: All the circumstances are favorable at the present moment for the mine owners of the Slocan to make an effective move to have the tariff taken off mining supplies. Without a doubt powder, rails and candles can be placed on the free list at the next session of the Dominion House if the proper action is taken right now by the parties most interested.

The situation is like this: The Liberals in the past have done their best to avoid tinkering with the tariff. They recognized it as dangerous and left it alone. Laurier is on record in a dozen places as saying that the tariff was out of politics, and many of the other cabinet ministers have made the same talk. Within the last 60 days the whole situation has changed. By his "Canada for Canadians" talk Tarte has disrupted the government, put himself out of the cabinet and thrown the tariff back into active politics. A general election must surely follow Tarte's secession movement, but it is not likely to occur before another session, when the western constituencies will be re-distributed. The Liberals are pledged to reducing the tariff, and with a general election in sight they will have to do something to square themselves with the west, the support of which they now need and the sentiment of which is almost unanimously in favor of a lower tariff or absolute free trade. There is more of prejudice than principle in this Tarte-Sifton fight. Therefore in remodelling the tariff the government will be guided by necessity, recognizing that some reductions must be made in order to furnish a subject for campaign oratory, but moving always along the lines of the least resistance. Powder, rails and candles are not backed by any powerful influence. The Manufacturers' Association is not behind them to any great extent. Consequently they could be placed on the free list without antagonizing any influential industrial interests. At the same time by placing these articles on the free list, the administration would furnish itself with a very plausible story of "things done" for the mining industry.

These things being so, it is time for the interested parties to take some definite action. It is never good politics for any government to make a move that is not asked for, and no astute politician will do it. Therefore representations should be made in the proper form thru the district's representative, who will undoubtedly be found anxious to carry the case into the tariff committee. W. A. Galliher, M.P., has already published a statement to the effect that he would like to meet the lead mine owners and hear their views on tariff revision. It should be a very simple thing to arrange this meeting to take place in Sandon some time in the near future, frame a set of resolutions, present them to the member, and give him a good, fair start with something definite and tangible to work on. At the same meeting it should be pointed out that the lead mining interests are unalterably opposed to a tariff on lead because such a tariff would unquestionably place a smelting monopoly in the hands of the Canadian Pacific.

**QUOTED JOHN CHARLTON.**

Chelsea, Mass., Oct. 30.—The Republicans had a big rally in the Academy of Music to-night, at which the principal speech was made by Hon. William Moody, Secretary of the Navy. Secretary Moody devoted his attention largely to the discussion of a reciprocity treaty with Canada which he said he strongly advocated provided it could be made in the interests of the United States. He quoted from a speech made by Mr. Charlton, a member of the Canadian parliament, in which that gentleman showed that since 1866, when the Elgin treaty came to an end Canada had suffered from the change, while this country profited greatly, inasmuch as in Canada under existing tariffs the United States had found a vastly increased market for manufactured products.

"The balance of trade," he said, "is constantly in our favor, and it would seem as if we had no reasonable ground of complaint.

"If, however," he added, "there is any way in which we can justly increase our trade with Canada, it is the part of statesmanship to do it.

"A just and well considered reciprocal treaty," he concluded, "will find me an ardent supporter."


**The Leading English Cigarettes.**

Wills' Cigarettes lead in the English market. Sold in Montreal by E. A. Gerth; Toronto, A. Clubb & Sons and W. H. Clubb.


## COMMISSIONERS ON TOUR

**Saw Every Step Taken in the Production of Coal in Upper District.**

**RETURN COVERED WITH GRIME**

**Bishop Spaulding Asked More Questions Than All the Rest—All Good Listeners.**

Scranton, Pa., Oct. 30.—The anthracite coal commissioners to-day made a tour of the extreme upper coal field, and saw every step taken in the production of coal from the time it is blasted from the ground up to the point where it is sent to market ready for use.

The arbitrators returned to-night, grimy from coal dust and tired after eight hours of observation and investigation. The commissioners displayed the greatest interest in every feature of coal mining, altho they had to endure many discomforts, make their way thru wet places in the mines, almost crawl along some of the gangways in the workings, and pass thru clouds of dust in the breakers.

It might be unfair to say that one commissioner displayed more interest than another, but it can be truly said that Bishop Spaulding asked more questions than any one of the others. He usually was in the centre of a group of commissioners, and asked many questions of those who are employed in and about the mines. All the commissioners were good listeners, but poor talkers when it came down to getting an expression from them on any feature of the mining business. It is certain they have agreed not to say a word about the investigations at present.

To-day's tour consisted of an inspection of No. 2 mine of the Hillside Coal & Iron Company, operated by the Erie Company, and the Coalbrook Breaker of the Delaware & Hudson Company. On the run up the Lackawanna Valley the commissioners had a good view of the several mining towns situated along the Delaware & Hudson Railroad.

At each station a small group of persons was gathered, who curiously watched the special train run slowly by. When the party arrived at Forest City, a crowd was gathered, including some mine workers, but there was no demonstration of any kind, the workers silently watching the men who had the differences existing between them and the operators in hand. A short drive was taken thru the town to give the commissioners an opportunity to view the miners' homes. Soon the entire party was bundled into three small cars. A small locomotive drew the cars to the No. 2 shaft, a mile distant down the valley. Here the commissioners had a little fun with one another. As the mine was wet and dirty, the company officials provided rubber overshoes, overalls, jumpers and miners' caps for the entire party. Judge Gray and Bishop Spaulding were the first to don the uniform of the mine, and good naturedly took the remarks thrust at them by their colleagues as to whether or not they belonged to the union.

**WER-WOLF RUNS AMUCK.**

Lisbon, Oct. 30.—Portugal appears to have returned to the middle ages. Superstition is rampant among all classes. In the northern provinces witches and wizards have long been consulted on all serious questions, and now a similar practice is extensively resorted to in Lisbon and Oporto.

At Oporto, right in the heart of the city, a were-wolf is reported to have run amuck, and many of the inhabitants are panic stricken. Every night for some time past a huge wolf, or some say dog, has appeared at a certain approach, and when anyone goes near or tries at it the creature, so report has it, disappears into thin air. Several people declare that it has silently overtaken them on different occasions, and that it has rushed past like a shadow.

Over twenty people have sworn to seeing this spectre, and the newspapers are full of the subject, which has come before the authorities.

The Lisbon newspapers, too, are full of long and wonderful accounts of a young and beautiful girl, who is supposed to be a saint, and who, with the aid of a holy spirit, which she keeps carefully in a cupboard, works miracles, cures the evil eye, and expels evil spirits from people possessed of them. Crowds of people have visited her daily, carrying sick children and epileptic subjects to her to be cured, and among her clients appear the names of well-known people.

The attention of the authorities was called to the girl, and in spite of her sanctity it is supposed she will be put in prison.

The myth of a were-wolf is the conception of a person transformed into a wolf in form and appetite either by witchcraft or volutarily.


## TORONTO WOMAN WAS SKEPTICAL

**As to There Being Any Cure for Backache and Kidney Diseases, But Now Enthusiastically Praises**

## Dr. Chase's KIDNEY-LIVER PILLS

**Not a Pain or an Ache Left.**

The prompt action of Dr. Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills is a surprise to many who from past experience have learned to be skeptical regarding the curative virtues of any medicine.

Instead of dwelling on the merits of this great preparation, we prefer to quote the opinion of persons who have used it, not people from far off provinces, but fellow-citizens, whom you can consult personally.

Mrs. McBrien, 7 MacDougall-place, Toronto, states: "I had pains in my back for such a length of time that I was very skeptical when I heard anyone talk of a particular remedy curing them, as I had begun to think my ailment was peculiar to myself. At one time the agony would be in one part of my back and in a few hours, moving from part to part, often settling under my shoulder-blades.

"A friend of mine advised the use of Dr. Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills, and gave me some to try. Not expecting any relief after trying so many so-called remedies, my surprise and thankfulness were all the greater when I found that my old pains were promptly disappearing. A continued use of the preparation effected a lasting cure, and I have not had an ache or pain since.

"I am now a firm believer in Dr. Chase's medicines at least, and shall be pleased to introduce them to the notice of any friends."

Dr. Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills have by far the largest sale of any similar medicine. They are considered a household necessity in thousands of Canadian homes. One pill a dose, 25 cents a box, at all dealers, or Edmanson, Bates & Co., Toronto.


## RUSSIA FIGHTS TUBERCULOSIS.

**Details of What Czar's Government is Doing to Prevent Disease.**

It is always interesting to know what our neighbors are doing, and in matters of such great importance as fighting the common enemy of mankind—tuberculosis—the actions of our transatlantic neighbors are of especial interest and may stimulate our own activity.

It appears that in Russia they are taking a sensible view of the situation, and, insteadt of fighting the tubercle bacilli, they are fighting the disease with a fair promise of accomplishing more good in the end.

There are no "anti-spitting," "anti-shaking," "anti-kissing," and other "consumptive" laws there, but the idea of sanitarium treatment of tuberculosis has taken a deep root and promises to bring forth fruit in the near future. Already a number of active societies for the prevention of tuberculosis, with the sanitarium idea as the central idea, have sprung up in various parts of the empire.

These societies have been brought to life mainly by the efforts of physicians with the active co-operation of intelligent laymen. The Kieff Society for the Prevention of Tuberculosis in the South, composed of lay and professional members, proposes to fight tuberculosis by education of the masses, as well as by the establishment of sanitaria. The projected sanitarium is to cost 150,000 to 200,000 rubles ($75,000 to $100,000), and already a single bequest of 70,000 rubles has been received.

A similar society exists in Urjeff, with Prof. Degio as its president. In Warsaw, a sanitarium is being established by the Hygienic Society, and contributions to the sum of 60,000 rubles have already been received. In Odessa, under the leadership of a woman physician, a society of intelligent men has been organized for the purpose of disseminating information concerning tuberculosis by means of popular treatises, lectures, etc. Great activity in this direction is also shown by the Charkoff Medical Society, and even in Siberia and other parts of the east. In Moscow, the establishment of a sanitarium by the city is in progress, and a single donation of 200,000 rubles has been made towards the project. Besides, in the nearby county of Bronitsk, a sanitarium is to be established shortly by the funds contributed by Chrapouloff (100,000-150,000 rubles).

A number of sanitaria are already in successful operation in Yalta, Finland, St. Petersburg, and other places, and many others are being projected. We can only point to this activity as an example worthy of emulation.—Philadelphia Medical Journal.

## SHIP SUBSIDIES CONDITIONS.

**Committee Says None Shall Be Granted, Except for Service.**

London, Oct. 30.—The report of Mr. Evelyn Cecil, M. P., chairman of the Parliamentary Subsidies Committee, on the matter of British ship subsidies, makes the following recommendations:

No subsidies are to be granted except for services rendered; in granting subsidies, British lines of steamers should be favored; a permanent committee, composed of representatives of the Admiralty, the Board of Trade, the Colonial Office and the Post Office, should watch the development of foreign competition; speed should be made a condition of all subsidy contracts; no subsidized vessel shall be sold abroad without the consent of the government, under pain of forfeiture of the subsidy or heavy fine; a majority of the directorate of subsidized lines, all the officers and a proportion of the crews of subsidized vessels should be British, and the government should have general control of freight rates and fares.

The Board of Trade regulations should be enforced against foreign ships in British ports, and the lighthouse dues now paid by British ships should be abolished. The question of excluding foreign ships from the coasting trade should be considered, with a view of exacting a fine or license from such ships, based upon any subsidy they may receive from their own governments. It is also recommended that special exceptions might be made in the granting of subsidies, where it is desirable to establish fast British communication, and that such a subsidy is now desirable for an East African service.

**M. Blowitz' Retirement.**

From Pall Mall Gazette.

Journalism will be distinctly the poorer by the retirement of the veteran Paris correspondent of The Times, M. de Blowitz. During the thirty-one years that he has occupied that position, M. de Blowitz has been something of a power in international affairs, and, to his credit be it said, he has used his power consistently to promote the best possible relations between England and France. While certain peculiarities of his have occasionally afforded food for good-humored mirth in the English press, he has never failed to come forward with valuable information whenever any serious political crisis has arisen, and he has always been a favorite among the foreign correspondents in the French capital which may fairly be described as unique. Among his English colleagues in Paris he has ever been regarded with the highest esteem, and it can have been no easy task to find a worthy successor to the place he has held with such distinction on the staff of the great journal he has so long represented in Paris.

**Maher and O'Brien.**

Philadelphia, Oct. 30.—Peter Maher and "Philadelphia" Jack O'Brien sparred six rounds to-night at the Penn Art Club, with even honors. In the second round Maher floored O'Brien with a heavy right hand blow on the jaw, but O'Brien was on his feet in an instant jabbing Maher three times in the face. During the first three rounds O'Brien took the initiative, devoting most of his attention to Maher's face. In the fourth round there was a lively exchange of blows, Maher reaching O'Brien's jaw several times. Both men tried to make it a finish in the last round, but without avail.

**Christian Science Case.**

New York, Oct. 30.—John Carroll Lathrop, John Quimby and his wife Georgianna were to-day indicted by the grand jury of Westchester County, the charge being manslaughter in the second degree. Mr. and Mrs. Quimby are the parents of Esther Quimby, a child who died last week of diphtheria, after the dismissal of a physician and the substitution of Mr. Lathrop who is a reader of Christian Science Church of New York City. The three have not as yet been arrested under an indictment, the bonds previously given still holding good.

**Want Pardon for Simonski.**

A petition is in circulation for the release on parole of Arthur Simonski, who was sentenced to nine months' imprisonment for the seduction of a 15-year-old colored girl. The petition sets forth that since his incarceration the produce and commission business on Spadina-avenue, which he managed, is without a head. His mother has not the executive ability to carry it on.

**The Passing of Bill.**

"And did he pass placidly and peacefully away, Mrs. Hoggins?" said the district visitor, sympathetically, as he gazed at the body of the deceased bookmaker, whom he had so long and fruitlessly endeavored to reclaim.

"Well—er—yes, sir," replied the widow, with a short, dry cough: "you may call it that, for he was so weakened an' worn out with his illness. But—lor! if Bill had only had his strength left, you can bet there'd an' been a blank dash of a ruddy row about it!"—Sporting Times.

Bright: Have you heard the latest mother-in-law joke?

Dulle: There are no mother-in-law jokes.—Pennsylvania Punch Bowl.

"Now!" howled the baby. "There's a pin sticking in me."

"But," replied the wise nurse, gently, "if I remove the pin your clothes will fall off!"

Moral: Don't touch the tariff.—Life.

"He says that he is a self-made man."

"Couldn't get any one else to assume the responsibility, I suppose."—Brooklyn Life.

Hewitt: Blood will tell.

Jewett: That's so; Grist swears terribly, and it turns out that his grandfather was a hackman.—Brooklyn Life.

## PUTTING THRONE IN DANGER

**Rebellion Imminent in Morocco Because Sultan Introduces Automobiles and Telephones.**

**SUBJECTS OBJECT TO INNOVATIONS**

**Surveying Flags for New Railway Torn Up, as Evidence of Foreign Suzerainty.**

Gibraltar, Oct. 30.—The latest reports from the interior of Morocco indicate a state of serious unrest which, it is believed, may break out into a rebellion and an attempt to instal Mulai-Mohamed as Sultan. The present Sultan, Mulai-Abd-el-Aziz, has incurred the enmity and suspicion of his subjects by the introduction into Morocco of English advisers and modern inventions, including telephones, automobiles and a narrow gauge railroad.

A letter received from Mr. George C. Reed, a Kansas missionary at Mequinez, thirty-four miles from Fez, with several other Americans, indicates that numerous interior tribes have broken out. The roads, it is added, are infested with bandits and travel is decidedly unsafe, native sentiment taking the form of a general anti-foreign crusade. Fanatics have torn up the survey flags marking the line of the Sultan's railroad, claiming that they were emblems of foreign suzerainty over Morocco. Mr. Reed continues:

"I may say I consider the situation grave indeed. If the Sultan is able to call the loyal tribes to his aid quickly and thoroly punish the rebellious Girwans, who were the chief movers in the recent raids and robberies, he will make his position all the more secure; but if he does not succeed in doing so the trouble is bound to thicken. If I were in Morocco merely for my health I would make for the coast as soon as possible, tho at present we are as securely locked up in Mequinez as rats in a trap."

The English missionary, Mr. Cooper, who was murdered at Fez and whose murderer, by order of the Sultan, was seized and shot in front of the mosque where he had sought refuge, wrote shortly before his death, taking a more optimistic view, which was so tragically dissipated.

**APPLE MARKET ABROAD.**

New York, Oct. 30.—The cables from the foreign markets for apples show a better feeling in fancy fruit, but a large portion of shipments are arriving in poor order Keiffer pears are quoted low and unsafe to ship. The prevailing prices abroad are:

Liverpool: Baldwins, 12s to 15s; Russets, 11s to 14s; Spys, 11s to 14s; Greenings, 10s to 13s; Kings, 13s to 18s; Wagners, 12s to 15s; Seeks, Spitzenberg, Ben Davis, 10s to 13s; Newtons, No. 1, 21s to 25s; No. 2, 15s to 17s; No. 3, 12s to 14s. Only choicest fruit brought the high quotation The inferior quality of many is having a bad effect upon the market, and damaging prices generally. Dealers are afraid to touch fruit, as heavy losses have been sustained lately. Keiffer pears, 7s to 10s, in barrels, are arriving in bad condition. Boxes, 4s to 6s, good order. California Newtons in four tier boxes, 9s.

Glasgow: Kings, 16s to 20s; Baldwins 14s to 16s; Greenings, 11s to 14s; Ben Davis, 13s to 16s; Newtons, No. 1, 20s to 23s. There is good demand for sound clear apples.

London: Baldwins, 13s to 16s; Greenings, 11s to 14s; Ben Davis, 12s to 15s. California Newtons, in boxes, 9s to 10s.

Hamburg: There is a great demand for superior sorts of apples in this market, prices ranging from 11s to 17s.

**A Remarkable Old Woman.**

From The New York Tribune.

Le Gaulois gives an interesting account of a conversation with one of the very few surviving spectators of the battle of Waterloo, a widow named Givron, the 100th anniversary of whose birth is about to be celebrated in the little village of Viesville, Hainault. She relates that on the morning of the day of the great battle she ran away from her parents and made her way thru the woods, being curious to see what was going on. She was close to Hougomont when the place was attacked by the French troops, and remained in hiding for hours, not daring to move. The cannonade having diminished, she ventured toward the farm, but fled horror-stricken at the sight, the ground, as she expressed it, being like red mud, so drenched was it with blood. She ran on across the fields and reached the Bois de Plancenoit, where she fell asleep, worn out by fatigue and excitement. At dusk she was awakened by the noise of horses' hoofs, and saw a troop of cavalry, headed by a man of short stature, mounted on a curvetting grey horse. He was riding slowly on as if in a dream, looking straight before him, heed to what went on about him. The girl learned on the same evening from her relatives, when she finally reached home, that the rider was Napoleon. Mme. Givron is remarkably active, and is particularly proud of her eyesight, which, she declares, is as good as it was 75 years ago. When her daughter, Marceline, who, as she says, is only 72, sits down to sew, her mother threads the needles for her. The old woman had seven children, and her descendants number ninety-two.

**Liquor Men Slow to Respond.**

The hotelmen are not responding with avidity to the call for funds to fight the referendum. Many have ignored response to a call for $50, the first instalment of a levy of $100 each made on over 200 license holders in the city. A committee will wait upon the delinquents.

Citizen: It's time this giving away franchises to corporations for nothing was stopped.

Politician: Well, you put our side in. We'll see they don't get 'em for nothin'.—Puck.


## THINK

How many times you wash dishes in one year, just for the ordinary three meals a day, not counting extras!

**ABOUT ELEVEN HUNDRED TIMES**

Allowing, say, 15 minutes for each operation, it means that you occupy ONE MONTH OUT OF THE TWELVE doing nothing but washing dishes.

A LITTLE OF

## HUDSON'S DRY SOAP

in the water will make the greasy dishes, pots and pans and general kitchen ware come forth like new in just half the time, without any taint or smell.

**Get Hudson's and Save Half This Month of Dish Washing.**


## NOTICE

The annual General Meeting of Shareholders of the Ontario Jockey Club will be held at the Company's Office, Imperial Bank Building, in the City of Toronto, on Tuesday, November 11th, 1902, at 3 p.m. Business: The election of Directors and any other business that may be brought before the meeting under the rules.

The transfer book will be closed from November 4th to November 11th, inclusive.

W. P. FRASER, Secretary-Treasurer.

October 28th, 1902.


A silky shine! Not a tinny glisten! Like the glossy coat of a well conditioned horse. Renews life in leather.

SLATER SHOE POLISH

"Goodyear Welted"

THE SLATER SHOE STORES.

89 King-st. west, 117 Yonge-street, 528 Queen-street. Montreal, Ottawa, Winnipeg, Toronto, Hamilton, London. 200 AGENCIES.


**AMUSEMENTS.**


PRINCESS THEATRE — MATINEE TO-MORROW.

The Whitney Opera Company in the New Spectacular Military Opera WHEN JOHNNY COMES MARCHING HOME.

NEXT WEEK—SEATS on Sale TO-DAY

MR. HERBERT KELCEY AND MISS EFFIE SHANNON

Presenting for the first time in Toronto the famous Conan Doyle-Gillette play "SHERLOCK HOLMES"

GRAND — Mats. Wed., Sat. Best Seats 25, Few Rows 50. KIRKE LaSHELLE'S SERGT. JAMES. Companion play to "Arizona." Best Seats 75, 50, 25. Evenings. NEXT WEEK Leroy, Talma & Bosco, Just from Europe.

TORONTO — Mat. daily, except Wed. Evgr. 10, 20, 30, 50. Mats. 10, 15 and 25. THE LATEST BIG MELODRAMATIC SUCCESS A FIGHT FOR MILLIONS. See the Submarine Boat. NEXT WEEK "THE SPAN OF LIFE".

SHEA'S THEATRE. Week Oct. 27. Matinee daily, all seats 25c. Evening 25c, 50c. JULES and ELLA GARRISON, Bert Sheppard, Maynon's Birds, Margaret Webb, FALKE and SIMON, Henderson and Ross, Knight Brothers, Kinetograph. Extra Special Attraction—ERETTO FAMILY.

STAR — ALL THIS WEEK Matinee Daily. Al. Reeves' BIG SHOW. Next week—Irwin's Majestics.

THE HARTMAN COURSE. MASSEY HALL. The John Thomas Concert Co. of Boston. Nov. 3. Plan open 9 a.m. Friday for subscribers who reserve for entire series. 9 a.m. Saturday for single entertainment and public.


**DANCING CLASSES**

Society Dancing, day and evening sessions. Beginners may join at any time. Fancy step and national dancing, day classes only.

Assembly every Wednesday evening. Expupils and friends please accept this notice.

M. EARLY, Forum Building, Yonge and Gerrard-sts.

To whom it may concern:

I, Alfred L. Corney of the city of Toronto, in the County of York, do solemnly declare that I am the buyer for the Atlantic Fish and Oyster Co., and I buy all the whitefish and salmon trout for the said company. That I have never bought any whitefish or salmon trout for the said company from the M. L. Doyle Co., and any reports to the contrary are absolutely untrue.

ATLANTIC FISH AND OYSTER CO., per L. J. CORNEY, Manager.

Declared before me—D'Arcy Grierson, in the High Court of Justice, Toronto, Oct. 29th, 1902.


BELL PIANOS BUILT TO LAST A LIFE TIME. Warerooms, 146 Yonge St.

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**EDUCATIONAL.**

GERMAN AND FRENCH WITHOUT study; speaking, reading, writing; trial lessons free; references. Frau Whitelaw, 96 McCaul-street.

**PERONALS.**

A LICENSED NURSE WILL TAKE ladies at her own home; confinements preferred. Mrs. Hardy, 39 Sullycrescent, West End.

WHERE IS LIZZIE KEELER?—A young girl of eighteen, who disappeared early Tuesday morning, Oct. 21st. She wore either a black, navy blue or a brown and green skirt of half-length, a black or brown boa and muff, black kid gloves, No. 6 boots, either a navy blue walking hat or a white leghorn. Her effects were supposed to be wrapped in paper and tied with string. She has dark-brown hair, blue eyes, thin featured, slight build, five feet four inches high. Anyone possessing information that would lead to her being found telegraph James Wilson, Georgetown. Every expense will be paid. Lizzie, come home, or write to heart-broken mother. We forgive all. It will be to your interest to return.

**BUSINESS CARDS.**

ODORLESS EXCAVATOR — SOLE contractors for cleaning. My system of Dry Earth Closets. S. W. Marchment, Head Office 103 Victoria-street. Tel. Main 2841. Residence Tel. Park 951.

FORBES ROOFING CO.—SLATE AND gravel roofing—established 40 years, 153 Bay-street; telephone Main 53.

**AGENTS WANTED.**

TIMES ARE GOOD. NOW IS THE time to save. If you cannot save in good times, you cannot expect to save in bad times. Embrace your present opportunities by taking shares to-day in The People's Building & Loan Association of London, Ont. By co-operating your small monthly deposit can be made to earn as much as the capitalist's thousands. We have a fine opening for a couple of soliciting agents. Apply immediately. Copeland & Fairbairn, 24 Victoria-street, Toronto, or Stephen L. Clark, Iroquois Hotel, City.

## SHERIFF'S SALE

**Stock and Plant, Etc., of The Compensating Pipe Organ Co., Limited.**

On Wednesday, the 5th November, at 12 noon, at the City Sheriff's Office, Court House, Toronto, I will offer the above for sale by public auction, en bloc, at a rate on the dollar per stock sheet. Terms cash.

FRED MOWAT, Sheriff.

**HELP WANTED.**

500 MEN WANTED—THE ONTARIO Sugar Co., Limited, Berlin, Ont., can find work for over 500 men (farmers' sons preferred), harvesting sugar beets on the sugar beet farms in the County of Waterloo; fifteen cents an hour will be paid to faithful, able men; labor tickets can be purchased at all stations for 2½ cents per mile for parties of five or more; work will last from three to four weeks, at the conclusion of which a special opportunity will be given to all hands to see through the sugar factory, which will be in full operation. Make application immediately to A. E. Shuttleworth, Agricultural Superintendent, by letter, or by calling at the company's office in Berlin. The Ontario Sugar Co., Limited.

GARDENER—AN ENGLISHMAN WITH experience in Canada, six miles from city, on railway. Apply Box 30, World Office.

TERRITORIAL RIGHTS THROUGHout Canada for selling Acetylene Gas Generators. Manufacturers, Permanent Light Co., 14 Lombard-street, Toronto. ed

MORNING ROUTE CARRIERS WANTed in the West end. Apply City Department, World.

WANTED—GENERAL OFFICE-BOY—One able to write shorthand occasionally; reply in writing. Box 52, World.

WANTED—TWO BRASS FINISHERS. Apply Hamilton Brass Co., Hamilton, Ont.

**SITUATIONS VACANT.**

WANTED—MANAGER FOR TORONTO office large New York corporation. Must be experienced in handling agents, and furnish unquestionable references as to ability and integrity. To the right man will be paid a good salary and a commission. Apply Box 54.

**SITUATIONS WANTED.**

YOUNG WOMAN, EXPERIENCED IN nursing, wishes a position with invalid; references. Apply P., 80 Wellington-avenue.

**ARTICLES FOR SALE**

FOR SALE—FIVE OR TEN ONE HUNdred dollar fully paid up shares in good Toronto corporation at a bargain. Box 53, World.

COMMON SENSE KILLS RATS, MICE, Roaches, Bed Bugs; no smell. 361 Queen-street West, Toronto. ed

CARDS, STATEMENTS, LETTERheads, envelopes, dodgers, billheads, etc.; close prices. Barnard's Printery, 77 Queen East.

FOWNE'S AND DENT'S GLOVES—Lined or unlined. The Arundel, $1.00; the Boulevard, $1.25; the Badminton, $1.35; the Chantilly, $1.75; the Welbeck, $2.25. Wheaton & Co., King West.

**BUSINESS CHANCES.**

ACETYLENE GAS—SEE IT ON EXHIbition at 14 Lombard-street, Toronto.

FOR SALE—BLACKSMITH BUSINESS—Also dwelling and barn, with first-class business; established for many years. J. H. Saunders, Agerton P.O., via Milton.

GENERAL BUSINESS FOR SALE—Best stand in town; good store, doing good business; a snap for some one. Apply at once to Box 3, Thornbury, Ont.

FOR SALE—BLACKSMITH BUSINESS—Also dwelling and barn, with first-class business; established for number of years. J. H. Saunders, Egerton P.O., via Milton.

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B. CAIRNS, TEN KING WEST, RUBber Stamps, Aluminum Name Plates, 5 cents.

**ART.**

J. W. L. FORSTER — PORTRAIT Painting. Rooms: 24 King-street West, Toronto.

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STORAGE FOR FURNITURE AND PIanos, double and single furniture vans for moving; the oldest and most reliable firm. Lester Storage and Cartage, 369 Spadina-avenue.

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J. B. LEROY & CO., REAL ESTATE, Insurance Brokers and Valuators, 710 Queen-street East, Toronto.

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CLARENDON HOTEL AND CAFE, 92 King-street west. Imported and domestic liquors, and cigars. A Smiley, proprietor.


$2.00 FOR $1.00 HOTEL OSBORNE. HAMILTON, ONT. Refurnished Throughout. FRANK HOWE, - - Manager


THE "SOMERSET," CHURCH AND Carlton. American or European: Rates American, $1.50, $2.00; European, 50c up. Central position, a Winchester and Church cars pass door. Tel. 2987 Main. W. Hopkins, Prop.

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