

The Toronto World

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Is the World's New Telephone Number.

TUESDAY MORNING, MAY 17, 1910.

ESSENTIAL TUBE POLICY.

A complete report on the tube question, to be ready by July 1, represents one of the most important and most business-like proceedings that the city council has ever contemplated. Aid, McCarthy deserves a great deal of credit for the despatch with which he has been able to get his committee to handle the matter. There should be no delay in council over the adoption of the report and the appointment of Messrs. Jacobs, Davies and Fergie should be promptly made.

It is unfortunate that the council appears to be out of touch with public opinion on the question of extending the present street railway lines inside the old city limits. The Street Railway Company has promulgated its plans for extensions and asked the sanction of the Ontario Railway Board to proceed with their construction. There is practically no difference between the plans of the railway company and those prepared by the city engineer. The city would be ill-advised to institute another legal wrangle over the question of routes when the street railway proposals admittedly cover the ground.

The real danger is in delay and in getting the extension of lines inside the old city limits mixed with the extension of lines in newly annexed territory, an entirely different and independent question, and one which should be so maintained. It will be the endeavor of the Street Railway Company to entangle these issues, so that the people may be confused and if possible led to make a new contract with the company, extending not only the car lines, but the street railway contract. And that must not be.

The questions of tubes and surface extensions inside the old city limits must be kept separate. The tubes and annex lines must be pushed forward by the city. These two points are vital.

ULTRA VIVES.

Might it not have occurred to Mr. Hal Oslar, when he claimed that the "Whitney act of the Legislature of Ontario" was ultra vires and contrary to Magna Charta, that the act of the same legislature, which created his client (the Toronto Railway Co.), and the act of the same legislature, which confirmed the agreement between the company and the city, were also ultra vires and contrary to Magna Charta?

That is the very point; the agreement and the charter are contrary to public rights and ought to be repealed, not by confederation, but by giving the city the right to expropriate at a valuation. That is the only way by which the traveling public will get the treatment Chairman Leitch says they are entitled to.

BEFORE THE BOARD.

Counsel for the Toronto Railway before the Ontario Railway Board talked about Magna Charta and the Petition of Right. But what about good old Public Rights. "Public rights be damned," was Mr. Oslar's answer in substance.

The Star's report of the proceedings is all for the Street Railway and nothing for the public. "Looks like a victory for Street Railway over city" is its heading.

BUILD THE FLEMING LINES.

The policy of refusing what the street railway asks respecting extension of car lines is a mistaken one in this instance. The little satisfactory, Mr. Fleming are quite satisfactory, and if they are sanctioned by the Ontario Railway Board the city will have no cause for complaint. If the city should block the construction for another two years, the railway company will continue to pack its passengers, herring fashion, and to reap the extraordinary profits that have been rolling in from the overworked road equipment for the last year or two. Let Mr. Fleming go ahead and build his new lines, and nobody will be worse embarrassed than Mr. Fleming himself and his employers.

CORPORATIONS WANT A BOSS.

Boss rule is always the outward and visible sign of the inward and vicious rule of the corporations. In no other way can the corporations exercise such direct control over public affairs as thru the mediumship of a partisan boss. In no other way can bribery and corruption be so safely, so stealthily and so depravely carried on. If the Conservative party is being coaxed into submission a machine and boss rule it may be taken for granted that the corporations have a hand in the negotiations. Nothing is feared by the corporations like the efficiency and strength of such a form of government by commission as The World has recently been advocating. The natural reply of the corporations to these pro-

posals is the attempt to fasten a Boss on the city.

BUDDHISM AND CHRISTIANITY.
Mr. Nathaniel Smith thinks it a disgrace to refer to the religions of our fellow-subjects, or to suggest that our fellow-subjects have as good a right to their views and their beliefs as we have. He ought to remember that we no longer live in an age of persecution, and that the methods of the middle ages or the means adopted variously by Saracens and Inquisitors no longer commend themselves to enlightened nations.

We recommend Mr. Smith to read our article once more. It does not put Christianity and Buddhism on a par. Nor do we put China and Canada on a par. Buddhism had 500 years start of Christianity, and just that much longer for degeneracy than Christianity. Yet in some quarters of the world Christianity has been able to outdistance Buddhism on the downward path. Has Mr. Smith ever read of the horrors in Martinique?

Mr. Smith makes the mistake which nearly all superficial students do of confusing a religion with the people who are identified with it, and who, in adopting it and attempting to practice it, carry their national characteristics into the modifications of their creed. Is the Christianity of Russia, of Abyssinia, of Brazil, and of the United States all on a par? When Mr. Smith can answer that question he will not talk so readily of putting Buddhism and Christianity on a par.

Buddhism at its best is a long way ahead of Christianity at its worst. Buddhism at its worst is never quite so degraded and brutal and foul as Christianity in the slums of our great cities. Mr. Smith may reply that his slum-condition is not Christianity, but if he does he must be prepared to admit that the superstitions and degradation of some Asiatic people do not truly represent Buddhism.

When the Buddhist representatives returned in 1893 to Japan from the congress of religions in Chicago, they consulted with the emperor as to the advisability of sending missionaries to convert the immoral, drunken, cheating and lying Christian nations of the west. On account of diplomatic difficulties the idea had to be abandoned, and we are left to our drunkenness and our prostitution.

The east fully realizes the futility, as Mr. Smith puts it, of its religious teachings in the face of what we call civilization, and the east is clamorous for our teaching on science and economics and the military arts. That is what Christianity means to them. For that they welcome the missionaries.

The Chinese are a most ancient and respectable people, and the fate of passing one's existence in the beautiful valleys of the flowery land among its peaceful and industrious inhabitants is not one to the alarmed at the spirit of the Tao-teh-King is not different from that of the New Testament, nor is the teaching of Confucius widely different from that of Moses. Buddhism in no way differs from Christianity in its appeal to the ordinary man. Theologians are always able to disagree about details, just as Christian theologians are able to split hairs over doctrine.

Jesus once said: "Not every one that saith unto me, Lord, Lord, shall enter into the Kingdom of Heaven; but he that doeth the will of my Father which is in heaven." Mr. Smith must remember that the ordinary man thinks more of these words than he does of theological hair-splitting. Jesus also said that He who shepherds the sheep, they were not of Mr. Smith's flock either. There is no reason to doubt the possibility of these distant ones finding the Great Shepherd of the sheep, whether He come as Horus, or Orpheus, or Zoroaster, or Hermes, or Fo, or Krishna, or Buddha, or a Greater than they all.

Buddhism and Christianity.

Editor World: The article entitled "Christianity and Buddhism" in last Thursday's World, is a disgrace to whoever wrote it. It simply puts Christianity and Buddhism on a par. The whole tenor of the article is to the effect that Buddhism has no claims with Christianity on the credence of humanity. Whoever wrote the article manifests his utter lack of qualification to discuss the question. The secretary of the Congregational Union of the United States, Dr. James L. Barton, told us in Toronto a few months ago, that when he was in China lately, scores and even hundreds of the most influential Chinese came to him and implored him to do all he could to send them Christian missionaries to enlighten them and their fellow-countrymen on the great question of Christianity, as they realized the futility of their own religious teachings. Can The World point to anything in Christianity comparable with that? The fact that a few professors of the Christian religion are rejecting the supernatural in the Bible, and are ridiculing the stories of Balaam and Lot's wife, is no equivalent to the wholesale loss of confidence which heathen nations are manifesting in their religious systems. The writer of the article refers to Goldwin Smith as a support to his views. But the professor told his pastor a few months ago that the reason he attended the services of the church was that he was helped thereby. Any man capable of writing such an article ought to be obliged to live in China for the rest of his life.

Nathaniel Smith.
Mrs. Robert Johnston of Woodburn was run over by a train near Ganouque, and killed.

KINGSTON DISCUSSES
CHEAP POWER PROJECT

Northumberland and Durham Co. Claim They Can Reduce the Cost One-Third.

KINGSTON, May 16.—(Special.)—The question of cheap power for Kingston has been taken up by the board of trade, with representatives of the Northumberland and Durham Power Co. The companies claim they can reduce the cost one-third. The board will discuss the matter with a committee of the city council.

Mayor Couper has issued a declaration for a public holiday Friday. A committee is arranging for a citizens' memorial service at the cricket field on Friday afternoon, at which the military will attend.

Edward Quinn, who served a year and a half for stealing a bank messenger's grip at Chatham, was taken across the border by Immigration Officer Devlin.

The Royal Military College visiting board is in the city, composed of Col. Sam Hughes, president; Major Wintec, Ottawa, secretary; Lt.-Col. Rutherford, Ottawa; Father Choquette, Quebec, and C. E. W. Dowell, Halifax.

ALDERMEN MAKE ERROR

Chatham Council Remit Fine of Men Convicted Under Code.

The city council of Chatham have placed themselves in a peculiar position by sitting in solemn convocation and passing a resolution remitting a fine of \$15 imposed by Police Magistrate Houston on the local dog catcher, for assault.

The crime was against the code and did not concern the infraction of a civic bylaw, hence should revert to the province, and could only be remitted by the minister of justice or by the consent of the province. Under the circumstances the members of the council will be accountable to the city if the amount is paid out of the city treasury.

Attorney-General Foy had the matter brought to his attention and has instructed J. W. Mallon, inspector of legal offices, to investigate the appointment of fines, and the payments by police court clerks into the wrong channels.

DIED OF BLOOD-POISONING

Ex-Mayor Wilson of London Passes Away After Six Weeks' Illness.

LONDON, Ont., May 16.—John D. Wilson, ex-mayor of London and one of the city's most prominent physicians, died this morning after six weeks' illness with blood poisoning.

While operating on the throat of a child he contracted the disease thru a slight cut on a finger. Expert advice was obtained from leading surgeons at Toronto and Baltimore, but without avail.

He was 52 years of age and was closely identified with many charitable and other public institutions of the city.

A YOUTHFUL HERO

Saved His Little Sister From Being Burned to Death.

THAMESFORD, May 16.—The 4-year-old daughter of Mr. James Forbes, two miles south of here, had a close call from being burned to death when she and her brother of 6 years built a bonfire, around which they were playing when her clothing ignited.

The brother gave the alarm and manfully beat the fire out as best he could with his hands.

IMMIGRANTS HAVE DIPHTHERIA.

NORTH BAY, May 16.—A special train with about 200 passengers from the steamship Empress of Ireland, for the west, arrived here Saturday afternoon. Two cars for Minneapolis were taken off and while being coupled onto the main express on Sunday morning, two cases of diphtheria were found in one of the cars.

It is reported that the mother of the two patients and another sister were detained at Quebec on account of illness. The passengers in the car are Swedes.

DOUBLE DROWNING.

VANCOUVER, May 16.—Walking along the edge of a 50-foot cliff, Miss Tement slipped over into the whirlpool of the Capilano Canyon on Sunday afternoon. Thomas Tement, aged 33, tried to rescue her, but both sank in the chilly glacial stream.

Juvenile Traveler.

MONTREAL, May 16.—Among the Tunisian's passengers this morning was Mary Pedwell, 6 years old, bound for Toronto to live with her parents. She traveled all the way from Cardiff with a label sewed on her coat for identification.

Will Erect Steel Sheds.
MONTREAL, May 16.—The C. P. R. will this season put up immense steel structures in the Rocky Mountains to make impossible the recurrence of the disasters which took place last winter, and which were attended by serious loss of life.

One hundred and ten delegates to the World's Sunday School Convention at Washington arrived on the Celtic yesterday. They will visit Toronto before returning.

Eczema

Redness, swelling, inflammation, watery blisters, crusty formation and all the annoying and almost unbearable itching. You can stop the itching at once by using

Dr. A. W. Chase's Ointment

Cure as certainly follows, for this ointment is almost magical in its healing powers and leaves the skin soft, smooth and natural. 49 cents a box, all dealers. Sample box free. If you enclose a note to Edmondson, Bates & Co., Toronto.

PARIS
Overlooking Beautiful
Tuileries Gardens

Hotel Continental

RESTAURANT
Comfortable, Up-to-Date,
Central

MODERATE TARIFFS
600 Rooms. 250 Bathrooms

FIRST-CLASS ORCHESTRA DAILY

COW HAS FIVE LEGS
Also, it Has Six Feet—William Freeland's Curiosity.

Notwithstanding the fact that most monstrosities are weak and die young, a Holstein cow, in the possession of Wm. Freeland, butcher, 25 Polite-avenue, that has five legs and six feet, is robust and very healthy, the four years old. The extra leg has two feet, it is attached to the apex of the shoulder. It is like an ordinary leg, the stunted owing to its nature. As there is no socket in the shoulder for the ball of the leg to fit into, it hangs by the muscles. Owing to that it can be swung around, the cow has no control over it. Ordinarily it hangs down the left side of the cow, but it can be thrown over the shoulder, so it hangs down the other side. As evidence of her usefulness, she yields 15 quarts of milk daily.

The cow is very friendly, not haughty, as one would expect a cow in a class by herself to be, but willing to look on humans as equals.

Freeland purchased the animal from a man known as "Porky" Thompson, a chicken dealer.

THOUGHT LION WAS LOOSE

Children Trampled in Mad Rush to Get Away.

NEW YORK, May 16.—When the band of a circus in Newark, N. J., struck up a tune just before the matinee performance to-day, a fractious horse which a policeman was riding, took fright and bolted. The horse charged straight at a crowd, composed mostly of women and children, who were waiting to be admitted to the tent.

Some one shouted "A lion is loose," and the crowd became panic-stricken. The policeman, who was horse control after it had run a few yards, but the crowd refused to be quieted. It scattered in a mad rush which trampled over baby carriages and left a trail of babies and children trampled to the ground. Seven of these were injured. One little girl's jaw was broken.

REV. MR. MOORE GOES SOUTH

Secretary of Lord's Day Alliance to Address U. S. Pres. Assembly.

Rev. T. Albert Moore, D.D., the general secretary of the Lord's Day Alliance, leaves the city to-day for Atlanta, Ga., to address the annual assembly of the U. S. Pres. Assembly. The program to address the general assembly of the Presbyterian Church of the United States next Friday and Sunday.

While in Atlanta, he will attend a meeting of the executive committee of the International Federation of Sunday Rest Associations of North America.

Rev. W. G. Hanna, B.A., will also attend this executive meeting.

NEW WAY OF DIVORCING

Which Justice Latchford Says He Cannot Approve.

Judgment was reserved by Justice Latchford in the non-jury assize court yesterday in the suit brought by Edw. P. Adams, N. J., against the defendant, Mary May to Robert May, brother of her first (deceased) husband.

It appears to be a new way of getting a divorce, and his lordship, "but I may say that I am strongly against it and that the action should be dismissed."

Meek quoted the ecclesiastical courts of England in support of his contention.

POISONED MACARONI.

CHICAGO, May 16.—Five carloads of macaroni, shipped from St. Louis to Chicago and alleged to contain a poisonous coloring substance, were ordered destroyed by Judge Landis in the United States district court here to-day.

Witnesses testified that frogs, guinea pigs and dogs, into which the coloring matter had been injected, died from the effects.

CONFESSION TO BIGAMY.

BRANTFORD, May 16.—(Special.)—Mary Rustin, a 19-year-old girl, from Galt, pleaded guilty in court here to-day to carrying Charles Stansbury and George Grist in 1908. She said she lived with Grist, her first husband, one day, when he told her to go. She was remained a week.

Norman McAdam Dead.
Norman McAdam, six months out from Scotland, died of typhoid fever. His brother is on his way here from Scotland, but has not yet heard of his brother's death. Mr. McAdam was a member of the General Hospital staff and a member of the British United football team, with whom he played less than a month ago. The Y.M.C.A. and St. Andrew's Society are in charge of the remains.

One Family's Bereavement.
Two little lads, two and four years of age, the only sons of Mr. and Mrs. I. Stille, 12 Briggs-avenue, died within two hours of each other Sunday of scarlet fever. The double funeral was held yesterday.

AT OSGOOD HALL

ANNOUNCEMENTS.

Osgood Hall, May 16, 1910.
Judges' chambers will be held on Tuesday, 17th inst., from 10 to 11 a.m.:
1. Cassler to Grace Mining Co.
2. Braithwaite v. Patten must be ready on opening of court.
3. Arnold v. Struthers.
4. Re Copeman and Dundalk.
5. Re Molson, Ward v. Stevenson.
6. Gamble v. Vaughan.

Non-Jury Assizes.
Peremptory list for non-jury assize court, Tuesday, May 17, at city hall, at 10.30 a.m.:
For Traders' Bank v. Cotes.
222 Charlton v. Charlton.
223 Chaine v. National Trust.
224 Healy v. Hontela Bank.
225 Culliton v. Culliton.

Master's Chambers.
Before Cartwright, K.C., Master.
Alkitt v. C. P. Railway Co.—R. J. McGowan for defendant. Motion by defendant on consent for an order dismissing action, without costs. Order made.

Macdonald v. Eyres—Macdonald (Plaintiff) v. Eyres (Defendant). Motion by plaintiff for an order shortening time for appearance. Order made.

Rainbow v. Thompson—A. J. Keeler for defendant. No one contra. Motion by defendant to dismiss action for want of prosecution. Order made dismissing action, with costs.

Re Johnston and Canada Life Insurance Co.—Farke, McCarthy & Co. for the company. C. C. Robinson for widow. Motion by defendant for leave to pay money under policy. Order made.

Order made for payment in, less costs, fixed at \$20. Notice of order to be given to plaintiff by order.

Lyon v. Marks—Clarett-Dobie Co.—H. E. Rose, K.C., for defendants. Khenesky, J. R. Code, for plaintiff. Motion by defendant to dismiss action for want of prosecution. Reserved.

King v. Saunders (Smith, R. & G.), for defendants. Motion by defendant on consent for an order dismissing action, without costs. Order made.

Cudahy Packing Co. v. Diamond Canner Co.—Wilson (Mills & Co.), for defendant. M. Macdonald for plaintiff. Motion by defendant for disposition of the costs of their motion for security for costs. Reserved.

Northern Sulphite Co. v. Craig—H. W. Mickle for defendant. R. B. Henderson for plaintiff. Motion by defendant for a better affidavit on production by plaintiff. Motion enlarged until after examination for discovery by defendants.

Judge's Chambers.
Before Riddell, J.
Ontario Pipe Line Co. v. Dominion Power and Transmission Co.—A. M. Stewart and J. G. Gaud (Hamilton) for plaintiffs. W. W. Osborne (Hamilton) for defendants. Motion by plaintiffs to compel more satisfactory answers to questions on examination by W. C. Hawkins. Reserved.

Single Court.
Before Middleton, J.
Berny v. Hills—H. H. Shaver for plaintiff. Motion by plaintiff to continue inunction. Enlarged for two weeks pending completion of terms of settlement.

Re Cracknell Estate—Grayson Smith for Charles H. Cracknell. P. W. Harcourt, K.C., for infants. Motion by trustee to be relieved of trust, and for appointment of A. S. McCuigan in his place. 1909. Dismissing his appeal from the order to be taken by registrar.

Hodgson v. Wood Products—W. S. Edwards for plaintiff. M. Macdonald for defendant. An appeal from report of an official referee for defendant, and a motion for judgment by plaintiff. Both motions to be allowed on all sums paid by plaintiff for plaintiff's costs.

Raven v. Henry—W. H. Price for plaintiff. P. W. Harcourt, K.C., for defendant. Motion by plaintiff for immediate sale of land. Order for immediate sale as asked.

Re Somers—Grayson Smith for plaintiff. McGregor Young, K.C., for defendant. H. R. Frost for a trustee of fund. P. C. for plaintiff. Trustee. Motion by plaintiff to continue receiver. Motion stands for parties to come to an arrangement.

Snow v. Township of Gloucester—A. J. R. Snow, K.C., for plaintiff. No one contra. Motion to continue injunction. Plaintiff to motion down, and to notify defendant thereof, and motion enlarged one week.

Re Worthington—W. D. Gwynne for George Worthington. W. H. Harcourt for infant. Motion by George H. Worthington, trustee of marriage settlement of Ed. E. Worthington, to confirm appointment of Royal Trust Company as trustee in his place. Order made.

Accounts of applicant to be passed before court of appeal.

Northern Crown Bank v. Electric Advertising Co.—F. Arnold, K.C., for plaintiff. C. C. Levesque for defendant. Motion by plaintiff for judgment. Judgment for plaintiff as asked, with costs.

Divisional Court.
Before Meredith, C.J., Teetzel, J.
Middleton, J.
Mr. Oscar Ernest Fleming (Witness) presented a patent as a King's Counsel and was called within the bar.

Fee v. Adams—J. A. MacIntyre, K.C., for plaintiff. Contra. An appeal by defendant from the order of the Over-riding Tenants Act. The order appealed was for the immediate possession of the land, and for a writ of possession. Appeal allowed and the order of the district judge set aside without costs.

Chalmers v. Iron—O. E. Fleming, K.C., for defendant. W. M. Eike, K.C., for plaintiff. Contra. An appeal by defendants from the judgment of Mulock, C.J., in the case of Chalmers v. Iron. The action by plaintiff, a married woman, was to set aside and cancel a certain mortgage and certain notes from her to defendant Iron on the ground that same were given without consideration.

Understandings same. At the trial judgment was given for plaintiff declaring the notes and mortgage in question fraudulent and void, as against plaintiff, etc., and injunction made perpetual restraining sale, with costs. Defendant's appeal from that judgment argued and judgment reserved.

Morley v. Patrick—G. S. Gibbons (London), for defendant. P. H. Bartlett (London), for plaintiff. Contra. An appeal by defendant from the order of Sutherland, J., of March 28, 1910. The action was for \$100 damages for alleged libelous statements, and on an examination for discovery of defendant certain questions were asked of defendant, which he declined to answer. The order complained of directed him to answer the questions, and defendant now appeals from that order. Appeal dismissed. Costs in the cause to the plaintiff in any event.

Newcombe v. Kipp—G. Grant, for plaintiff. J. M. McEvoy (London), for defendant. An appeal by plaintiff from the judgment of the First Division Court of Middlesex of March 2, 1910. The action was on a promissory note for \$100 and interest, balance claimed to be due in the complicated business transactions between plaintiff and defendant. At the trial judgment was given in favor of defendant.

Chesworth v. Davison—J. M. Ferguson, for defendant. R. A. Reid, for plaintiff. An appeal by defendant from the judgment of Clute, J., of March 4, 1910. Action was to recover \$600 alleged to have been obtained from plaintiff by false and fraudulent misrepresentations about certain mining claims, etc., in Alaska, and for damages.

Between plaintiff and defendant. At the trial plaintiff was allowed to amend and defendant appeals therefrom. Order varied by providing that any defence under the statute of limitations be open to the defendant as to any new course of action introduced by the amendment, as if the action had been commenced when the

WISMAN
TOBACCO
CIGARETTES
"SOLD HERE"

"Come Try a Package"

When a smoker discovers a brand of cigarettes that appeal to him as exceptionally worthy, he's usually quick to tell his friends about it.

This explains the rapidly-growing popularity of

Tuckett's CIGARETTES

Why bother to try the various "rush-rooms" brands that are continually springing up—only to die out as quickly. Smoke a brand you know is good. No smoker has ever yet been disappointed in a Tuckett brand for fifty years that name has stood for "quality" in tobacco products.

TUCKETT'S "CLUB" CIGARETTES—made from an exquisite blend of Virginia leaf. 15c. a package of 10.
TUCKETT'S "SPECIALS"—made from a mild Turkish leaf in flavor and aroma. 15c. a package of 10.
TUCKETT'S "T & B" CIGARETTES—Virginia leaf. 15c. a package of 10.

order of March 10 was pronounced. Costs of this appeal in the cause.

Hall v. Richardson—G. Grant, for defendant. M. Lash, for plaintiff. Contra. An appeal by defendant from the judgment of the County Court of York of March 9, 1910. This was an action for £100 for goods sold and delivered, and defendant counter claimed for \$500 damages for breach of contract. At trial judgment was given for plaintiff for \$300.50 and costs and the counter claim was withdrawn.

Appeal dismissed with costs with the exception that the counter claim of defendant is restored.

Before the Chancellor, Latchford, J.
Federal Life Assurance Co. v. Siddall—M. Douglas, K.C., for defendant. J. G. Farmer (Hamilton) for plaintiff. Contra. An appeal by defendant from the order of Latchford, J.C., of Dec. 8, 1909. Dismissing his appeal from the order of Latchford, J.C., on taking the accounts and finding amount necessary to redeem mortgaged lands on the ground that certain sums were improperly allowed to plaintiff. Judgment varied by disallowing \$25 paid for additional insurance, and the item of \$24 paid Paisley.

The sheriff is not to provide a car for the property. Interest should not be given on the sum allowed for the crops, but should be allowed on all sums paid out by the mortgagee and allowed to him. But Latchford, J.C., on the date of taxation. There is no reason for interest, there is no reason for interest.

As to items in respect of which there has been failure, no costs to either party. Accounts may probably be settled on settling order in accordance with these findings without a reference back.

New Suits.
J. C. McDonald is suing to recover \$1200 from E. P. Evans claimed on a promissory note.

One thousand dollars is the amount named in a writ issued by J. C. McDonald against Frank and Gordon Alex. Sampson, on the alleged sale of a business.

Caroline S. Davison is suing J. D. Chaplin for libel. She claims unstated damages.

The sum of \$262 is claimed by Wm. Robert Smith, on a promissory note said to have been made by N. J. Morrissey.

The Week-End Idea.
There are scores of places on the C.P.R. where you can rest up over Sunday, renew your energy for next week, and easily get back to business, Monday. Summer is almost with us, and perhaps you hanker for the grip of a fishing rod or a paddle.

Try a week-end at Point au Baril, on the Georgian Bay. Excursion rates apply to over a hundred points near Toronto.

REBELS GIVE UP.

CONSTANTINOPLE, May 16.—Peace parliars have been under way between the Turkish Government and the leaders of the Albanian rebels for five days, and there has been no fighting for a week. Advances received to-day indicate that the rebels will surrender, accepting the government's peace terms.

Explosion in a Saw Mill.
KENILWORTH, May 16.—A terrific explosion, which was heard for miles, occurred here to-day at noon, caused by the boiler exploding in O'Neill's saw mill, and which did considerable damage to buildings situated near it by the shock. No person was injured.

New Baptist Minister.
Ordination services were held in Walmer-road Baptist Church yesterday afternoon, when John M. Tilford, B.A., E.Th., and Harry Mullawney, B.A., E.Th., were created ministers of the Baptist Church. Both gentlemen are graduates of McMaster in both arts and theology. Mr. Tilford is to take charge of the Rowland Church, Manitoba, and Mr.