upon a few plain principles. It is a plan which takes nothing from the civil lift without discharging it of a burthen equal to the fum carried to the public fervice. It weakens no one function necessary to government; but on the contrary, by appropriating supply to fervice, it gives it greater vigour. It provides the means of order and forefight to a minister of finance, which may always keep all the objects of his office, and their state, condition, and relations, distinctly before him. It brings forward accounts without hurrying and diftrefling the accountants: whilst it provides for public convenience, it regards private rights. It extinguishes fecret corruption almost to the possibility of its existence. It destroys direct and visible influence equal to the offices of at least fifty members of parliament. Lastly, it prevents the provision for his Majesty's children, from being diverted to the political purposes of his minister.

These are the points, on which I rely for the merit of the plan: I purfue œconomy in a fecondary view, and only as it is connected with these great objects. am persuaded, that even for supply, this scheme will be far from unfruitful, if it be executed to the extent I propose it. I think it will give to the public, at its periods, two or three hundred thousand pounds a year; if not, it will give them a system of occonomy, which is itself a great revenue. It gives me no little pride and fatisfaction, to find that the principles of my proceedings are, in many respects, the very same with those which are now pursued in the plans of the French minister of finance. I am sure, that I lay before you a scheme easy and practicable in all its parts. I know it is common at once to applaud and to reject all attempts of this nature. I know it is common for men to fay, that such and such things are perfectly rightvery defirable; but that, unfortunately, they are not practicable. Oh! no, Sir, no. Those things which are not practicable, are not desirable. There is nothing in the world really beneficial, that does not lie within the reach of an informed understanding, and a well-directed pursuit. There is nothing that God has judged good for us, that he has not given us the means to accomplish, both in the natural and the moral world.