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E, THE GENERAL HISTORIANS OF THE FRENCH AND ENGLISH COLONIES.—The bibliography of the general histories of Canada has been already attempted, and to the sources of such bibliography then given may be added M. Edmond Larcau's Histoire de la Littérature Cunadiume (Montreal, 1874), for its chapter (4th) on Canadian historians; and Mr. J. C. Dent's Last forty years of Canada (1881), for its review of the historians in its chapter on "Literature and Journalism." New France and her New England historians is the subject of a paper in the Southern Review (new series, xviii. 337).

It is not necessary here to repeat in detail the enumeration of the historians, both French and English, which have been thus referred to.

The leading historian of Canada in the French Interests is, without question, François Xavier



GARNEAU.2

Garneau, the earlier editions of whose Histoire du Canada depuis sa découverte jusqu'à nos jours have been mentioned elsewhere; ³ the final revision of which, however, has since appeared at Montreal (1882-83) in a fourth edition in four volumes, accompanied by a "notice biographique"

by Chauveau. English writers question his clearness of vision, when his national sympathies are evoked by his story, and there are some instances in which they accuse him of garbling his authorities. It must be confessed, however, that the disasters of the French do not always elicit Garneau's sympathy, and his own compatitiots have not all approved his reflections upon Montealm for his last campaign.

Among the later of the French writers on the closing years of the French domination, Mr. J. M. Lemoine, of Quebec, is conspicuous. Such of his writings as are in English have been gathered in part from periodicals, and principal among them are his Quebec Past and Present, and its sequel, Picturesque Quebec, beside his collection of Maple Leaves, in two series (Quebec, 1863, 1873).⁵

Jean Langevin delivered at the Canadian Institute, in Quebec, a series of lectures on "Canada sous la domination française" (1659-1759), which have appeared in the Journal de Quèbec.

The latest of the French chronicles are Eugène Réveillaud's Histoire du Canada et des Canadiens français de la déconverte jusqu'à nos jours, l'atis, 1884 (pp. 551, with map), and Benjamin Sulte's Histoire des Canadiens français, 1608-1880 (Montreal, 1882-1884), in eight thin quarto volumes, with illustrations, including portraits of the Canadian historians and antiquaries, Pierre Boucher, Jacques Viger, Garneau, L. J. Papineau, Michel Bibaud, Aubert de Gaspé, Ferland, Abbé Casgrain, and E. Rameau.

The Abbé J. A. Manrault's Histoire des Abénakis depuis 1605 jusqu'd nos jours, Quebec, 1866, covers portions of the wars of Canada in which those Indians took part.

The American Annals of Dr. Abiel Holmes was published in Cambridge (Mass.) in 1805. It is a book still to inspire confidence, and "the first authoritative work from an American pen which covered the whole field of American history," ⁶ Libraries in America were then scant, but the annalist traced where he could his facts to original sources, and when he issued his second edition, in 1829, its revision and continuation showed how he had availed himself of the stores of the Ebeling and other collections which in the interval had enriched the libraries of Harvard College and Boston. Grahame ⁷ gives the

1 Vol. IV. p. 367.

² After a likeness in Daniel's Nos Gloires Nationales, il. p. 107. There is another portrait in his Hist. du Canada, 4th ed., Montreal, 1883, in connection with a memoir of its author.

8 Vol. IV. pp. 157, 367.

4 Cf. a. "Discours" at Garneau's tomb by Chauveau, in the Revue Canadienne, 1867, p. 694; and an account of Garneau's life in Ibid., new series, iv. 190. Cf. J. M. Lemoine (Maple Leaves, 2d ser., p. 175) on the "Grave of Garneau." Cf. Lareau's Littérature Canadienne, p. 157, and J. M. Lemoine's "Nos quatre historiens modernes, — Bibaud, Garneau, Ferland, Faillon," in Trans. Roy. Soc. Canada, i. p. 1.

5 Lareau's Littérature Canadienne, p. 230.

6 G. W. Greene, in Putnam's Mag., 1870, p. 171.

7 United States, i. 263.