spective duties contributes not a little to its The report was adopted, and the usual reso

lutions were moved and carried unanimously. The scrutineers reported the unanimous re-election of the retiring directors, and at a sub-sequent meeting of the board J.L. Blaikie, Esq.,

was re-elected president and John Macdonald, Esq., vice-president for the ensuing year.

NORTH AMERICAN LIFE ASSURANCE CO.

The Annual Meeting of this Company was held at the Company's Head Gflice, Toronto, on the 19th inst. The President occupied the chair. The meeting was a very large and influential one. The Annual Report, Revenue Account,

Company are again enabled to congratulate the members of the institution upon its continued success and prosperity.

During the year, applications for \$2,037,550 have been received, upon which were issued 931 have been received, upon which were issued 931 policies for \$1,905,800 and 6 policies were revived for \$22,500, making a total of 937 policies for \$1,898,800, being an increase of 37½ per cent. upon the business of the previous year. This large increase in the Company's business is specially gratifying, and speaks volumes for the popularity of the Company with the insuring nublic. public.

A very large addition has been made in every department, tending to increase the prosperity and high standing the company had already attained. Out of the revenue for the year, the large sum of \$84,688.35, or 541 per cent has been added to the resets to increase the reserve and surplus. The Premium and Interest incomes have very largely increased, a noticeable feature the death losses of the year. From the outset, the directors have recog-

nized the importance of building up the Company on a solid foundation. This can be done only by holding a large and increasing reserve fund and surplus, so that when policies mature by death, endowment or termination of tontine period they will be enabled to fully meet the contracts held by policy-holders. A reference to the revenue account and believe the revenue account and balance sheet will fully D demonstrate how very successful the Company has been in this respect.

The large amount held in reserve by the Company added to its Guarantee Fund, held by prom-inent gentlemen in all the older Provinces of the Dominion, furnishes a security to its policy-holders unsurpassed in this country. The very large number of Semi-Tontine Poli-

cies issued during the past year is evidence that this plan is specially acceptable to insurers, combining as it does the privilege of the paid-up surrender value given to the holders of ordinary policies, with all the options given to holders of its favorite Tontine Investment Policies.

No extra charge is made by this Company on the premiums on its Tontine or Semi-Tontine Policies, but the premiums are the same as on

its like ordinary policies. It is very gratifying to notice the great progress being made by our *Home Companies*. The Government reports show that the life insurance The business of Canada is being very largely done by these companies. By the success of such home institutions the money which would otherwise have gone abroad is retained in Canada and thus used in building up and extending Canadian interests. The Directors consider this an important element tending to increase the prosperity of Canada and one that intending insurers should carefully consider when contemplating insuring. The Government reports also show that the

The Government reports also show this the entire and rapidly increasing resources of our Home Companies are invested in this country. On the other hand, of the reserve of \$7,200,756. 45 required for the security of Canadian policy holders only \$1,708,051.18 is held by the United States companies in this country, and of this only \$88,051.11 is in Canadian securities. It is manifest also that the advantages and conveni ence to policy holders are largely in favor of dealing with well managed Home Companies.

Without disparaging any of our home competitors, it is interesting to notice that this Company has secured a much larger amount of income, new insurances, and business in force, and more 1884. Dec. 31 specially laid by a much larger sum in reserve than any of them accomplished during the cor-responding period of their history.

This result is largely due to the efforts of the Directors to place the great advantages which life insurance affords within the means of the largest number of persons possible. Whilst largest number of persons possible. Whilst recognizing the importance of keer ing within the lines of safety, the Directors have from time to time of safety, the Directors have from time to time endeavored to make their policy contract a very liberal one. Objectionable and technical clauses to be found in many policies have been omitted. The policy is also made indisputable after being three years in force. It is also made payable immediately after satisfactory proof of claim has been furnished, instead of compelling the beneficiary to proit 60 as 00 days for pay the beneficiary to wait 60 or 90 days for pay ment.

The Directors recommend that a dividend at the rate of 8 per cent. per annum to June 30th next, payable on July 2nd, be paid to the Guarantors as interest for the use of the Guarantee Fund, paid in cash by them. Of the dividend over six per cent. has been earned by the Guarantee Fund, which with the profits from non-participating policies, gives the policy-holders the benefit of the security of that Fund at a trifling cost.

The officient services of the Inspectors, Agents, Medical and Office staff again deserve special recognition.

In resigning the trust confided to them the Directors have every confidence that the same prudence and watchfulness which have placed the Company in its present satisfactory position, will be maintained and perpetuated in the future. The Directors all retire, but are eligible for re-election.

> ALEXANDEB MACKENZIE, President.

Toronto, Jan. 19th, 1885.

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Rev nue Account, year ending Dec. 31, 1884. Dr.1883.

ec. 31.	To balance	\$192,486	69	
1884. ec. 31.	" Premiums and annu-			
	ity considerations	142,986	57	
**	" Interest	12,842	59	
"	" Amount paid in ad-			
	vance	117	78	

vance	117 78
	\$347,933 63

Cr.

	01.			
1884.				
)ec. 31.	By expenses	8 22,068	81	
"	" Commissions and sal-			
	aries to agents	20,521		
44	" Re-insurances	9,532	73	
**	" Claims paid under			
	policies	8,991		
**	" Surrendered policies.	1,054		
••	" Annuities " Interest on Guaran-	212	00	
	tee Fund at 8 per			
	cent. from dates of			
	cash payments by			
	guaraptors	8,260	30	
**	" Balance as in 2nd	0,-00		
	echedule	277,292	82	
		\$347,933	63	
	BALANCE SHEET.			
1884.	LIABILITIES.			
Dec. 31.	To Guarantee Fund	\$60,000	00	
	" Assur'ce			
	and en-			ĺ
	nuity			l
	funds. \$200,000 00			I
	Lees for			l
	re-ins's			
	and re- insur'e			l
	policy 20,150 00			
,	pointy 20,130 00	179.850	Ň	
		110,000		l
		\$239,850	00	I
44	" Contingent fund to			1
	provide for the col-			
	lection of outstand-			
	ing and deferred			
	premiums, and other			
	charges accruing on		• •	
"	year's business	7,500	00	
••	Amount para in au-	117	70	
"	Vance	117		
	"Surplus	29,825	04	

	•	\$ 277, 2 92 82
-	ASSLTS.	
1.	By Dom Gov'e de-	
	posit deben-	

posie	depen-	
tures	48.400	

		_	_
"	" Do. do. cash 6,440	54,840	00
64	" First mortgages on	,	
	real estate	78,950	00
"	" Loans on stocks,		
	nearly all on call	46,640	00
44	" Reversions	7.500	
"	" Preliminary expenses		
	(balance)	1.000	00
"	" Farnitare	915	00
"	" Short date notes for		
	premiums	25,671	0 8
44	" Premiums on existing	•	
	policies in agents'		
	hands and in due		
	course of transmis-		
	sion	10,130	86
**	" Premiums on existing		
	policies due subse-		
	quent to Dec. 31et,		
	1 884	12,932	23
	(Reserve on this and		
	preceding items in-		
	cluded in liabilities)		
**	" Loans on policies	306	75
""	" Special deposit	875	00
**	" Commuted commis-		
	sions	7,500	00
**	" Interest due, \$14.60;		
	accrued, \$3,462.22	3,476	82
"	" Agents' balances	324	71
"	" Cash in head and		
	branch offices	3,406	94
**	" Cash in banks	22 8 22	96

\$277,292 82

WILLIAM MCCABE,

Managing Director and Actuary. We have examined the books, documents and vonchers representing the foregoing revenue ac-count, and also each of the securities for the property in the above balance sheet, and certify to their correctness. Jan. 2. 1885.

JAMES CARLYLE, M.D., W. G. CASSELS,

We concur in the foregoing certificate and have personally made an independent examina-tion of said books, and also of each of the securities representing said property.

E. A. MEREDITH, LL D., Auditing Committee of the Board. WM. GORDON,

The Hon. Alex. Mackenzie, M. P., president, in moving their adoption said :-

"Nothing could be more satisfactory than the Company's last year's business. This is largely due to the strong and influential names of those who are guarantors, to its energetic and careful management, to the zealous work of its agents and to the popular plans of the Company.

In proportion to our business, this Company's security to policy holders is more than equal to that of the best of the older companies and we consider it as absolutely good as that of any of them.

Recently a class of co-operative societies has sprung up in which we have no confidence ourselves, and in which the public should have little confidence, for no cheapness can make up for the false principles upon which these associations are generally founded and conducted.

From time to time our agents have complained of the unfair comparisons made by some of the olders companies as to the ratio of expenses to income. As the income of life companies ineludes both premiums and interest, I need not tell you that the comparisons so made are most fallacious and misleading. Prof. Cherriman, the Superintendent of Insurance, has repeatedly stated that "such percentages ought not to be taken as a proper gauge of the economy of man-agement of a company," and although he has omitted such ratios from his recent reports, still these unfair statements are continued. Mani-festly the expense of collecting interest and investing the funds of a life company, bears a very small proportion to securing new business and collecting premiums. We have investigated the cost of new business, which is, after all, one of the best tests of the economy of a company, and believe that ours is as economically conducted in that respect as any of our competitors

I am sure it will be of great interest to all of you to learn the splendid progress our Com-pany has made. When compared with the most progressive of our home companies, at the end of their fourth year, I find that in assets, premi-um income, volume of new insurances, amount at risk, and reserve held, we largely exceed any of them

Our position at the end of the fourth year is