THE

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And Family Instructor,

FOR NOVA SCOTIA, NEW BRUNSWICK, AND PRINCE EDWARD ISLAND.

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National System of Education, and Social Super-

ENGLAND.—Each of the three great sub-divisions of Great Britain, England, Scotland, and Ireland, have their separate educational system, each on distinctive principles. In England, the principle agencies employed in working out the plan are—the Church of England, the British and Foreign Society, the Wesleyans, the Roman Catholics, and the Congregationalists. Each of these bodies have Normal Schools connected with their educational operations, where a chose desirous of teaching.

The whole is under a Council of Pub-

Intermeter a council of Public Instruction, appointed by Her Majesty; large annual appropriations in aid of the various agencies employed in the education of the people, are made by the Government. There are also a large number of private day schools, sabbath schools, and evening schools, in active and useful operation. The annual expenditure for educational purposes in Great Britain, amounts to nearly £663,000 stetling; of this sum, £157,000 is devoted to the erection and endowment

of school houses; the various denominations and societies expend about £70,-000 per annum; and £40,000 is devoted to the payment of teachers. Still, notwithstanding all the agencies, denomina. tional, public and private that are bro't to bear upon the matter, the quantity of elementary instruction is very limited; the number of children destitute of education in England and Wales exceeds 4,000,000; and those receiving education at school, only number one in ten of the entire population; while in some of the States of America, where the free school system is in operation, one in four of the population are receiving the benefits of education. The annual grant contemplates the education of 800,000 children by the State. The subject of national education has recently engaged the attention of the British Parliament, when a resolution was passed authoriz-ing "a Commission to enquire into the present state of popular education in England, and to consider and report what measures, if any, are required for the extension of sound and cheap ele-