

THE ACADIAN.

WOLFVILLE, N. S., AUG. 16, 1918.

Editorial Brevities.

The town government of Windsor has decided to rigidly enforce the curfew law of that town, and its future children will be required to be in their homes at a reasonable hour in the evening. The movement is a good one and should have the support of all citizens. The ACADIAN has repeatedly urged the adoption of such a measure in Wolfville, but so far without result. Some day our citizens will probably realize that it is worth while to look after the young people's interests.

What has long been needed in Wolfville—a factory for canning and preserving fruit, vegetables, etc.—is about to become a reality. The foundation has been prepared and a commodious building begun near the railway, west of the skating rink. We have no particulars but it is understood that the Messrs. Smith, who have lately come to Wolfville to reside and who have been engaged in similar enterprises, are the leading spirits, and that local men are associated with them. This ACADIAN wishes the new enterprise well and will be glad to further its interests in any way possible.

Result of Conservation.

Conservation measures and voluntary saving in the homes have reduced Canadian consumption of flour from 800,000 to 600,000 barrels per month as compared with pre-war consumption. Conservation efforts in Canada are releasing meat enough to provide the ration for at least 500,000 soldiers.

Canada is now saving sugar at the rate of more than 100,000 tons per annum as compared with a year ago.

Nearly 800 cars of foodstuffs have been saved from total or partial loss from spoiling through regulations of the Canada Food Board.

Net exports of beef from Canada have been increased by nearly 75,000,000 pounds per year, or 6.795 per cent increase over the average net exports for 1910-14.

Before the war Canada imported butter at the rate of 7,000,000 pounds annually. This country is now exporting at the rate of over 4,000,000 pounds per annum.

Canada exported from 25 to 30 per cent more wheat during the last twelve months than could have been exported had it not been for conservation of our food resources.

By standardization of flour and in increasing the percentage of flour extraction from wheat, Canada is saving 20,000 barrels of flour per month.

Conserving Posterity.

Conservation of child life is more than ever a prime necessity in every civilized country. Four years of war, with its fearful wastage of human life, has brought home to men as perhaps never before, the potentiality of the child and the need for husbanding that most valuable resource of any nation.

For many years, the birth rate in Germany has been proportionately larger than in the Allied countries. She is now credited with taking drastic measures to maintain the birth rate in order to fully offset the loss of men in battle. By such means she hopes, by sheer weight of numbers, to eventually force her will on the world.

Our finer conception of marriage prevents us seeking to maintain the national birth-rate by means that are alleged to be in force in Germany. However, it is possible to make a vast improvement in our infant mortality ratio. The infant mortality statistics of Britain, the United States and Canada have long been a standing reproach to our civilization. Why should 27 per cent of the children born in any Canadian city die before reaching the age of one year? Yet those are the official figures for 1916 in one of the oldest cities in Canada, and other Canadian cities have very little reason for boasting a superior figure at that particular municipality. Such conditions are a national disgrace and every effort should be made to offset them. To check similar waste of child life, both Great Britain and the United States have recently reorganized their Children's Bureau. Canada should follow their example. Organizations, such as the Local Councils of Women, have done much to remedy the evil, but the work requires and deserves State support and direction. In place, lines Canada spends large sums to encourage emigration to settle here and at the same time permits children of native stock to die needlessly by the thousand every year.

Factors such as housing, home nursing, cleanliness, sanitary milk supplies and the education and care of mothers must be considered. It is a many-sided problem and the country as a whole should share the responsibility and honor of solving it.

Every 10c Packet of WILSON'S TABLETS

Canada Food Board Says:

The first half year of the Canada Food Board activities came to an end on August 15th. It is fitting and timely to note something of what has been accomplished in that period. The Board has inaugurated many measures looking to the conservation of food, and economical distribution. It has also co-operated with the Agricultural Departments, Federal and Provincial, in encouraging greater production.

The effect of these measures may be noted by the increased exports to Great Britain and her Allies. In the case of beef, these exports have increased over the average exports for 1910-1914 by 75,000,000 pounds per annum, or 6.795 per cent; in the case of pork, (including bacon and lard) the net exports have increased by 25,000,000 pounds per annum or 5.71 per cent. It is estimated that Canada has exported at least 25 to 30 per cent more wheat during the last twelve months than could have been exported had it not been for conservation and organization of this country's food resources.

Among the measures which have been effective in accomplishing these results are the following:

Flour has been standardized and the milling extraction of wheat has been increased twice. Canada is now using 76 per cent of the wheat-berry in its standard flour.

Bakery products have been standardized, and the amount of certain ingredients has been limited to prevent extravagant use, while the manufacture of other products involving an excessive use of sugar and fats has been prohibited.

A great saving of wheat has been effected by the licensing and regulating of the trade in package cereals, manufacturers being required to substitute a considerable portion of other cereals than wheat in their preparations.

Public eating places have been regulated, and the saving of meat, wheat and dairy products for export to Great Britain and the Allies has been very large.

The use of grain for distillation of potable liquors has been prohibited, and the use of malt has also been limited.

The feeding of grain to live stock in stock yards has been regulated, and the feeding to poultry of wheat fit for milling purposes has been prohibited.

Waste of food has been an offence subject to heavy penalties, and municipalities have been given wide powers in checking such waste.

Arrangements have been made for an abundant supply of fish at reasonable prices, as a substitute for meat and other foods.

Close control over importation and exportation of foodstuffs is maintained by the Canada Food Board.

What Eyes of Science Can Do For Business.

AN EXAMPLE OF BUSINESS BLINDNESS IN GREAT BRITAIN.

In several British industries, native raw materials are now being utilized where, before the war such materials were imported from the continent.

Cholera Infantum.

Feeds

At the present time Feeds are very hard to secure. We are able however to quote in the following:

Commeal, Cracked Corn, Barley, Oats, and Corn, Oats, Bran, Schumaker, Wheat, Wheat Screenings, Sorghum, Growing Mash, Fertile Egg Mash, Pattering Mash.

Substitutes For Flour
Barley Flour Rye Flour
Buckwheat Flour Gold Dust Meal
Farina Flour Scotch Oatmeal
Graham Flour Rolled Oats

R. E. HARRIS & SONS.

Two Telephone: 115-11 and 16.
Retail License, No. 8-395. Wholesale License, No. 12-15.

BEST AID TO WEAK EYES

Glasses if worn when first needed, will save you a heap of trouble. You may put it off, and put it off, but if your eyes need glasses, the sooner you know about it, the better it will be for your eyes and your pocket book as well.

That which helps you to accomplish more is an investment—a good investment—not an expense.

Your investment here will be according to your requirements, but it will be a profitable investment and the first cost will be the least cost. We guarantee satisfaction.

Williams & Co. Jewelers & Opticians

Sheriff's Sale.

1918. A No. 3274.
In the Supreme Court
Between
WILLIAM B. HARRIS and JIMSON D. HARRIS, Plaintiffs,
and
LESTER RAFFINE, Defendant.

To Be Sold at public auction by the Sheriff of the County of Kings or his deputy at the County Court House in Kentville, in the said county, on

Monday, the 16th day of September, A. D. 1918

at eleven o'clock in the forenoon, pursuant to an order of foreclosure and sale made in the above action dated the sixteenth day of August, A. D. 1918, unless before the day appointed for such sale the amounts due the plaintiffs herein for principal, interest and costs, be paid to them or to their solicitor.

All that certain lot of land and premises situate at Lower Wolfville in Horton aforesaid, and bounded as follows:—On the south by the highway to Wolfville; on the east by the late George Graham, west by lands of the late Lyndal Harris and north by lands of David McLeod, containing twenty acres more or less. Also a lot of land opposite the above described lot and bounded north by the aforesaid highway to Wolfville, south by Fred Eya, west by Cross Road between highway to Wolfville and back road and east by lands of Edward Tremblin, containing seven acres more or less. Also a wood lot on Pine Mountain, bounded north by lands of Cunningham estate, south by lands of Edward Tremblin, west by lands of the late William Brown and east by old road, containing twelve acres more or less. Also a lot of land conveyed to the said Lester Raffine by Jehiel D. Martin by deed bearing date the thirtieth day of January, A. D. 1909 and recorded at registry of deeds for said county of Kings in book 94 page 241, but subject to a mortgage held by said Jehiel D. Martin for \$2,200; and the buildings, hereditaments, easements, tenements and appurtenances to the same belonging or in anywise appertaining.

Said lot is subject to the prior mortgage held by the said Lester Raffine for \$2,200, and all sums due thereon.

Terms of Sale.—Ten per cent deposit at time of sale and remainder upon delivery of deed.

Kentville, August 15th, A. D. 1918.
F. J. PORTER,
High Sheriff.
E. S. CRAWLEY, Wolfville, N. S.,
Plaintiff's Solicitor.

Prices of Wheat Flour Substitutes.

The Canada Food Board has named reasonable prices for wheat flour substitutes. These prices will vary from time to time, according to the price of grain. On the basis of present wholesale prices, corn flour bought in small quantities should sell at from 6 1/2 cents per pound in Eastern Canada to 8 cents in the extreme West; rye flour at from 7 1/2 cents in Eastern Canada to 8 1/2 cents in the extreme West; barley flour at from 6 1/2 cents in the East to 6 cents in the West. The Canada Food Board has warned retailers that exorbitant prices must not be charged for wheat substitutes.

MOUNT ALLISON UNIVERSITY

ANNUAL SESSION 1918-19
OPENS SATURDAY, SEPT. 21

Many Scholarships and Prizes are offered. For information regarding Courses of Study, Degrees, Scholarships, Prizes, Affiliated Institutions, Expenses, etc.,

SEND FOR CALENDAR.
Incoming Students wishing Residential Accommodation—for which MOUNT ALLISON IS JUSTLY FAMOUS—should give earliest possible notice.

Courses in
ARTS, SCIENCE, AND THEOLOGY.
Rev. B. C. Borden, D.D., Pres.,
SACKVILLE, N. B.

SOAP!

We have just received a shipment of

Toilet and Bath Soaps
at 15c. per Cake they are Splendid Value.

BUY NOW!
As Prices like the Allies are advancing.

A. V. Rand, Phm. B., - Wolfville, N. S.

JEFFERSON THE CASH SHOE STORE.

For Summer Footwear

We have a full line of Ladies' and Children's White Boots, Shoes, Slippers and Pumps.

FOR MEN!
We have the Hart Boot. Also the Strider Boot made by F. W. Slater.

G. D. JEFFERSON - WOLFVILLE

Remnant Sale!

Remnants and short lengths of Cottons, Gingham, Flannelles and Wash Goods.

SILKS.
in short ends suitable for Blouses and Linings.

Black Wool Dress Goods!

We have a few pieces of old stock in All Wool Voiles, Stripe Voiles at old prices. This is an opportunity that you cannot afford to miss.

J. D. CHAMBERS
The Store of Good Values.

PROCLAMATION

GEORGE the FIFTH, by the Grace of God of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland and of the British Dominions beyond the Seas, KING, Defender of the Faith, Emperor of India.

To all to whom these presents shall come or whom the same may in any wise concern,—GREETING:

Proclamation of conditional amnesty respecting men belonging to Class 1 under the Military Service Act, 1917, who have disobeyed our Proclamation of 13th October, 1917, or their orders to report for duty, or are deserters or absent without leave from the Canadian Expeditionary Force.

E. L. NEWCOMBE, WHEREAS considering that the numbers of men belonging to Class 1 under our Military Service Act, 1917, called out on active service in our Canadian Expeditionary Force for the defence of Canada under our Proclamation of 13th October, 1917, although they have thus become by law soldiers enlisted in the Military Service of Canada.

AND WE DO HEREBY STRICTLY WARN AND SOLEMNLY IMPRESS UPON ALL SUCH MEN, and as well those who employ, harbour, conceal or assist them in their disobedience, that, if they persist in their failure to report, absence or desertion until the expiry of the last mentioned day, they will be pursued and punished with all the rigour and severity of the law, SUBJECT TO THE JUDGMENT OF OUR COURTS MARTIAL WHICH WILL BE CONVENED TO TRY SUCH CASES or other competent tribunals; and also that those who employ, harbour, conceal or assist such men will be held strictly accountable as offenders and subject to the pains, penalties and forfeitures in that behalf by law provided for their said offence.

Provided however that nothing contained in this Our Proclamation is intended to release the men aforesaid from their obligation to report for duty as soon as possible or to grant them immunity from arrest or detention in the meantime for the purpose of compelling them to perform their military duty; Our intention being merely to forego or remit the penalties heretofore incurred for failure to report, absence without leave or desertion incurred by those men of the description aforesaid who shall be in the proper discharge of their military duties on or before the said twenty-fourth day of August, 1918.

Of all of which Our loving subjects and all others whom these presents may concern are hereby required to take notice and govern themselves accordingly.

IN TESTIMONY WHEREOF, We have caused these Our Letters to be made Patent, and the Great Seal of Canada to be hereunto affixed. Witness Our Right Trusty and Right Honourable Cousin and Counsellor, Victor Christian William, Duke of Devonshire, Marquess of Hartington, Earl of Devonshire, Earl of Burlington, Baron Cavendish of Hardwick, Baron Cavendish of Keighley, Knight of Our Most Noble Order of the Garter; One of Our Most Honourable Privy Council; Knight Grand Cross of Our Most Distinguished Order of Saint Michael and Saint George; Knight Grand Cross of Our Royal Victorian Order; Governor General and Commander-in-Chief of Our Dominion of Canada.

At Our Government House, in Our City of OTTAWA, this FIRST DAY OF AUGUST, in the year of Our Lord one thousand nine hundred and eighteen, and in the ninth year of Our Reign.

By Command,
Thomas Mackay
Under-Secretary of State.

NOW KNOW YE that we in the exercise of Our powers, and of Our good will and pleasure in that behalf, do hereby proclaim and declare and cause to be published and made known THAT THE PENALTIES OF THE LAW WILL NOT BE IMPOSED OR EXACTED as against the men who belong to Class 1 under Our Military Service Act, 1917, and who have disobeyed Our Proclamation aforesaid; or who have received notice from any of Our registers or deputy registers to report for duty on a day now past—and have failed so to report; or who, having reported and obtained leave of absence, have failed to report at the expiry of their leave, or have become deserters from Our Expeditionary Force, PROVIDED THEY REPORT FOR DUTY ON OR BEFORE THE TWENTY FOURTH DAY OF AUGUST 1918.

Just Arrived

THE CELEBRATED
Palmolive Soap

ALSO A FULL LINE OF
PALMOLIVE TOILETS.

Talcum
Vanishing Cream
Lip Salve
Rouge
Face Powder

ACADIA PHARMACY
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WOLFVILLE N. S.

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The Cash Grocery

AND MEAT STORE.
LICENCE NO. B-1115.

JUST ARRIVED:
Fancy Biscuits: Perin's, Christie's, Brown & Co., and McCormick's.

Choice Beef, Veal, Mutton, Fowls, Pork, Ham, Bacon.

Fresh Salmon, Halibut, Haddock, Cod and Mackerel.

Fruit and Confectionery.
Lettuce, Greens, Ripe Tomatoes, Cucumbers, New Beets and Strawberries.

PHONE 33.
FRANK W. BARTEAUX.