BRANTFORD DAILY COURT

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TWO CENTS

Foe is Beaten Off With Severe Losses at Most Points

# ATTEMPTED TO WIN BACK POSITIONS LOST TO THE BRITISH ON SUNDAY NIGHT

RaidAttempted North of Somme, Near Lens and on Flanders Front Were Also Repulsed by British Forces---American Troops, Aided by French Capture Village of Viaux and Adjoining Height

By Courier Leased Wire.

LONDON, June 36.—(Bulletin).— German troops last night, after a strong bombardment, attacked to the northwest of Albert, north of the Somme, in an attempt to regain the positions lost to the British on Sunday night. The enemy succeeded in gaining a footing in one of the British trenches, the war office announces, but elsewhere were repulsed with

FRANCO-AMERICANS CO-OPERATE

LONDON, June 2.-In an operation on the Marne front, carried out last night, west of Chateau Thierry, by French and American troops in co-operation, the Allied Line was improved, the war office announced to-

MORE RAIDS FAIL

LONDON, July 2.—(Bulletin).— German troops last night attempted to raid the British lines at points north of the Somme, near Lens, and on the Flanders front, but were repulsed, the war office announced today. British troops took prisoners in patrol encounters.

The text of the statement reads: "An attack carried out by the enemy last night under a heavy bom-

The text of the statement

"To the west of Chateau Thierry a local operation carried out in conjunction with the

Americans enabled the French

to improve their positions on the front of Visux Hill 204. The village of Viaux and the

heights to the west of the vil-

lage were captured by American

reads:

bardment, northwest of Albert, to re-capture the ground taken by us on Sunday night, was repulsed with loss except at one point where the enemy succeeded in gaining a footing in one of our trenches.

"The enemy attempted raids in the neighborhood of Aveluy Wood, Avion and Hinges. The attempts were re-

"A few prisoners were captured in patrol encounters."

FRENCH OFFICIAL PARIS, July 2.—(Bulletin).—The village of Viaux, west of Chateau Thierry, and the height to the west of Viaux were captured last night by American troops in an operation on the Marne front, carried out in conjunction with the French, the war office announced today. More than 300 prisoners, including five officers were captured in this action.

The success has resulted in an improvement in the Allied Line between Hill 204, and the vicinity of Viaux. The French carried out raids on the front between Montdidier and Noyon, and eastward of Rheims, in which prisoners were taken.

German raiders were driven off by the French fire near Belloy and in Upper Alsace.

PEMBERTON BILLING M.P., AND HIS WIFE.

# ITALIAN POSITIONS ARE RECONSTRUCTED

Points Taken by Austrians Last Winter Have Been Regained and Consolidated—Fighting is Renewed

ALLIES MUST CONSIDER

FINNISH-GERMAN PUSH

1.—(By The Associated Press).—

The local actions resulting in the reconstruction of Mont de Vallela, Col del Rosso and Col di Chezo had for their objective widening of the Italian front, west of the Brenta and

London, June 28.—The Finnish German push along the Pasvill River in the Murmansk

Pasvill River in the Murmansk region of northern Russia must be considered in connection with events in Russia which gradually are developing in anti-Bolshevik directions, says the correspondent of The Times at Christionia.

There is reason to believe, he adds, that entente traffic at Archangel, which has been sus-

pended for the past twelve months, will soon be resumed.

Italian Army Headquarters, July infantry was able to take enemy position to digging in at once. Italian Take Two . .

Italian front, west of the Brenta and the driving of the enemy from the positions he captured last Christmas. lost to the Italians in January and regained on June 15.

The Italian losses were slight compared to those sustained by the Austrians. This was due almost entierly to the violence and accuracy of the Italian and Allied artillery fire. Under cover of this fire the

The Germans, therefore, are eager to cut communications with southern Russia and force an issue as regards their demands for an ice-free port on the Arctic coast. The correspondent adds:

"The same events which compelled the Germans to send troops northward will prese fly make it even more important for the allies to occupy these regions. Questions of vital interest to both parties also must be decided."

The Germans, therefore, are

Canadian Hospital Ship With Eighty Doctors and Fourteen Nurses Aboard, Torpe doed by Submarine - German Policy is Proven to be a Deliberate One

By Courier Leased Wire.

LONDON, June 2.—That the sinking of hospital ships is a deliberate policy on the part of the Germans is placed beyond all doubt by the torpedoeing of the Canadian hospital ship Llandovery Castle, the newspapers say in their editorial comment today.

"In the presence of such unspeakable infamy, deliberately repeated," says The Daily Chronicle, "It is a waste of breath to reiterate the abhorrence which everybody with a spark of civilized sense must feel. But we would invite the German people to ask themselves what is the use of their statesmen appealing, like Foreign Secretary von Kuehlmann, to be credited with 'probity and honor,' while crimes so odious, dishonorable and unashamed continued to be carried out by the orders of their government."

The excuse for the attack on the Dlandovery Castle, says The Daily Mail, was a lie, and the German officer who told it did not believe it himself when he said to the captain: "You are carrying eight American flight officers."

If there had been a particle of truth in the charges, the submarine captain had only to stop the Llandovery Castle, seize the eight officers, and take them to Germany as proof of Allied guilt in using hospital ships for transports.

The Daily News declares that the which had occurred aft.

sinking of the hospital ship stands out as "one of the most horrible incidents in the hideous story of submarine warefare."

In no circumstance of tragedy, declares the Times does the story differ from those of other hospital ships that have been destroyed. In this case, it points out, there is an added element of horror in the attempt of the submarine commander, by accusations against the victim; and in his wild fury of gunfire and destructive rushing to and fro among the wreckage. If these were not attempts to sink all the survivors and blot out all trace of the crime, what was their motive? asks this newspaper. "It is unforgettable without the fact that news of the tragedy to Canadian Red Cross men and women came to the knowledge of the Canadians on their national festival. The other British peoples will not forget it, nor yet, we may be sure, will the American people."

No List for Canada

The bail lights were burning when the Llandovery Castle was torpeded. These included a huge electric cross over the bridge and strings of white and green lights on either side. The red cross on the sides of the vessel also were illuminated by electric lights.

It is assumed that the 14 nursing sisters reached a lifeboat, but so far as known there was no trace of them after the ship sank.

According to Red Cross information, many were killed in the engine to fine any were littled in the engine of this, as there was no response to Capt. Sylvester's signals from the bridge after the torpedo struck. As the enginemen were either killed or left their posts, there was no one to shut off the power, and the ship kept on her way despite the great holes to he commander.

No List for Canada

The bridge after the torpedo, not beginning to slow down until the water rushed into the boiler-room, extinguishing the fire.

would have no list of the names comprising it.

London, July 1.—A German submarine, 70 miles from the Irish coast on the night of June 27 torpedoed the 11,000-ton hospital ship Llandovery Castle, which had been chartered, by the Canadian Government, and had been in the service of carrying wounded and sick from England to Canada for many months past. The ship was then on her way to England. She had on beard 258 persons, including 80 men of the Canadian Army Medical Corps and 14 female nurses.

Only 24 Survivors

Up to the latest reports only 24 of those on board, including the captain, have survived the treacherous attack, which came without warning. The submarine commander, who ordered the captain of the Llandovery Castle, several of his officers, and Major Lyon, of the Medical Corps, aboard, declared that he had sunk the ship because she was carrying American awation officers and others in the fighting service of the altiers, the added to this later by assert. In the fighting service of the altiers, the added to this later by assert. In the fighting service of the altiers, the added to this later by assert. In the fighting service of the altiers, the added to this later by assert. In the fighting service of the altiers, the added to this later by assert. In the fighting service of the altiers, the added to this later by assert. In the fighting service of the altiers, the added to this later by assert. In the fighting service of the altiers, the added to this later by assert. In the fighting service of the altiers, the added to this later by assert. In the fighting service of the altiers are montreed. In the fighting service of the altiers, the added to this later by assert. In the fighting service of the altiers, the added to this later and the sum of the captain of the Llandovery castle several of his officer.

The Minister of Labor deprecates employers forbidding their employers to join labor organizations.

will the American people."

No List for Canada

Ottawa, July 2—The list of names of those Canadians who were on board the hospital ship, Llandovery Castie, which was torpedoed by a German submarine on the night of June 27, will probably have to be obtained from the military authorities overseas. Enquiry at the militia department here elicited the information that the ship was started from the other side, and that as far as known, there is no list of those who were on board in Canada. At the naval department, it was said that the crew of the vessel would be furnished by the owners, and therefore the Canadian naval authorities would have no list of the names comprising it.

London, July 1.—A German sub-

### Marne front, July 2 .- (By the troops. The number of prison-SITUATION IN REVIEW

ers taken during this action exceeds 300, including five officers.

"Raiding operations carried out between Montdidler and Noyon and to the east of Rheims resulted in the taking of

a few prisoners.

"Attempted German raids
near Belloy and in Upper Alsace
failed under the French fire."

With the American forces on

(By the Associated Press.) Germany's expected blow against the western front is still withheld. Meanwhile the British and French continue to recapture small pieces of terrain in local actions. On the mountain front west of the Brenas, the Italians have extended their success by the capture of two more heights.

Activity behind the enemy lines is reported to be on a greater scale than last week, but the Germans have given no sign of where they will attack. In fact the Germans have not even made strong attempts to

## WEATHER BULLETIN Toronto, June



2.--A disturbance which de veloped in the far southwestern- states during Saturday moved quickly towards the Great Lakes, where it caused heavy rains during Sunday, followed on Monday by a strong westerly gale; it has since almost

"Zimmie" disappeared. The day in the Western Provinces and very cool and showery from Ontario, eastward.

-Moderate winds, mostly fair and moderately warm, but showers in

retake the ground captured by the Allies in the successful nibbling of the past ten days. The latest gains by the British have been on the important sector between Arras and the Somme while the French are active between the Aisne and the Marne.

Allied airmen are harassing the area behind the German lines with increasing violence.

lines with increasing violence. Aerial combats have been num-Aerial combats have been numerous and French and British airmen have brought down or sent down out of control 58 German machines and destroyed eight captive balloons. Railway junctions, airdomes and other military targets have been bombed heavily while British airmen keep their bombardment of the district around Metz, eastward towards the Rhine Mannheim again has been attacked. The Germans repeated their attempts to raid Paris Monday night, but met with no success. Berlin reports the repulse of all French and British thrusts. A great portion of the German official report of Monday is given to recapitulation of the number of prisoners captured since March 21. It is claimed the Germans have taken 10 1,454 allied prisoners. Cannon taken are reported as 2,475 and the number of machine guns 15,024.

guns 15,024. General Diaz strengthened appreciably his position between Asiago and the Brenta in the operations of Saturday and Sunday in which Monte di val Bella, Col. Del Rosso and Col. di Chezo were taken. The Austrian suffered from the Allied artillery fire and lost 2,000 prisoners. The Italian losses are reported as slight owing to the accuracy of the sup-porting artillery.

Associated Press)—In a brilliant operation after hard fight-

liant operation after hard fighting, American troops on this front last night captured the village of Viaux (together with a large slice of the Paris highway, west of Chateau Thierry and two patches of wooded land. Americans took 275 German prisoners, including five officers and captured a quantity of machine guns and other equipments.

The Czecho-Slovak troops took part in the capture of Monte di Val Bella almost simultaneously with the an-nouncement France and Great Britain and give their support to the Czecho-Slovak fight for independence. Other Czecho-Slovak troops, formerly under the Austrian flag have been most active against the Bolshe-viki in Siberia.

BIG REWARDS.

Big rewards are being offered every day in the Want Columns for lest articles, and these articles are being returned to their finders in nine cases

There isn't really any excuse any more for a person keeping another's lost goods, at least, until the Want Ads have been studied., Mest everybody nowadays, knows that lost articles of any value will be advertised in the Want Columns, where finders are sure to see them.

Whether you are a finder or a loser, do the right thing and use the Want Ad lost article re-restovers. If you are a loser

the Want Ad lost article re-restorers. If you are a loser the Want Ads will make you happy again, and if you are a finder the Want Ads will keep your conscience clear and bring you satisfaction.

Courier Want Ads bring re-

SENSATIONAL EV ENTS IN RUSSIA. Stockholm and Copenhagen rep ort rumors that General Kaldines and Gen. Kornitoff, assisted by Germans, have captured Moscow and placed the Grand Duke Nicholas, the former Russian commander-inchief, on the throne and that Leui ne and Trotsky are in flight towards the Murman coast. Later despatch es state that supporters of the Grand Duke Nicholas have secured control of the Siberian Provinces of irkutsk, Blagoveschensk and Khada rovsk, due to the victories of Czecho-Slav troops and the treachery of the Red Guards, who murdered their officers and then surrendered. The towns of those mentioned are located on map appearing above, they being in Eastern and Central

Subjoyed and other