

H. M. Modell

SUBSCRIPTION RATES.
To all parts of Canada and Newfoundland, \$2.00 per year; United States of America, \$3.50 per year.

THE DAILY MAIL.

WEATHER REPORT.
Toronto (noon)—Fresh N.W. winds, fair and cold; Friday S. winds, fair.

VOLUME 1, No. 13.

ST. JOHN'S, NEWFOUNDLAND, THURSDAY, JANUARY 29, 1914.

PRICE:—1 CENT.

G. Knowling **BOYS' CLOTHING DEPARTMENT** G. Knowling

Having received our full stock of Boys' Suits and single garments, we are now showing the best and most approved styles in Boys' smart wear-resisting Clothing, and

Our Prices are Far Below

anything you can get elsewhere. We can fit all boys of all ages and requirements

SUFFOLK!

A new feature for the Winter trade is the Suffolk Suit, similar to the Norfolk, but it has the advantage of a collar on the coat, and with a Sham Vest-buttoning up to throat, which everyone appreciates, especially for this time of the year. The colours are good, the prices right, and it will please all. Our prices:

\$1.80 to \$4.00

according to size and quality. Fit boys age 2 to 13 years.

NORFOLK

Our stock in this shape was never so complete. The patterns are exceptionally good, it is well finished and perfect fitting, and suitable for school or Sunday wear. For boys, age 2 to 13 years. Our prices:

\$1.40 to \$4.90

according to size and quality.

SAILOR

In good strong Union Serge, with plain or fancy collars and whistle attached with white cord. These are very special and we would advise an early call. Age 2 to 9 years. Our prices:

75c to \$4.30.

CLYDE!

This popular Suit, with Long Coat and Belt, is the height of fashion for small boys, with or without detachable White collar. Fit boys age 2 to 8 years. Look at the prices.

\$1.20 to \$4.20.

RUGBY!

This splendid 3 garment Suit in the usual smart style, which is always admired, for all occasions and weathers, as the Jacket may be worn loose or fastened. The patterns are good, and may be had in Navy Serge, if desired. Our prices:

Short Pants in Tweed, age 10 to 13 years, \$2.90 to \$5.20.

For age 13 to 18 years, \$2.90 to \$7.40.

Navy Serge, \$3.30 to \$6.60

Long Pants Suits, age 13 to 18 years, \$2.70 to \$7.70.

OVERCOATS!

Boys'

We have a splendid Selection of Boys Overcoats, which will prove interesting to mothers, both in price and quality. The colors are exceptionally good, the make and finish is perfect. For age 2 to 16 years.

\$2.20 to \$6.60.

Men's

We have been Leaders in the Overcoat line for many Winters, and we have to-day some Overcoats, in Single or Double Breasted style, and Men who care about Style, Fit and Comfort, should see these at once. The best shades of Tweed, Light or Dark Patterns and Black are as usual very fashionable.

TWEED 6.50, 8.00, 9.50, 12.00, 15.50

BLACK 4.75, 6.50, 8.00, 9.50 to 10.50

GEORGE KNOWLING.

ENGLAND IS DRIFTING TOWARDS CIVIL WAR OVER HOME RULE.

Liberals And Unionists Fail To Effect Any Satisfactory Compromise On The Matter.

ULSTER MEN RAISE AN ARMY AND PREPARE FOR CONFLICT.

Bonar Law Declares That Civil War is Inevitable and Says That the Liberals Should First Submit Home Rule to the People of the United Kingdom.—The Lord High Chancellor Believes That a Pacific Settlement Will Eventually Be Reached

Considerable discussion has been provoked in the Old Country by Mr. Bonar Law's speech at Bristol recently regarding Home Rule. As intimations in cable messages published in this paper, the speaker gave his audience to understand that all attempts to effect a compromise on the question had failed and that the gravest results were anticipated if the Government persisted in putting Home Rule through in its present form.

Failed to Compromise

"There have been," he said, "conversations between the party leaders, but thus far they have been without result, and I am grieved to say (but think it my duty to say so, for nothing can be gained by cherishing vain illusions) that so far as I can judge there can be no result.

"We are drifting rapidly (if something does not turn the current) inevitably to a civil war, which will shatter the whole fabric of our national existence and leave us exposed to dangers from without.

"We must assume," continued Mr. Law, "that it is the present intention of the Government to carry their policy to the bitter end, and on that assumption it is our duty by every means in our power to prevent them from committing what we believe to be a great crime.

"Parliament has not the right to sell the people of Ulster into slavery. "If Ulster is to be dragged, the order must be given only as the declared will of the people.

"If the Government persists in its policy, the issue cannot be decided without bloodshed.

Demand a Bye-Election

"If Premier Asquith is right, he will lose nothing by a general election, and if he fears a general election he has an alternative in the referendum.

"The Government is ready apparently to face civil war rather than face the people. We have given a pledge that if Ulster resists we will support her, and we intend, with the help of the Almighty, to keep that pledge."

Commenting on Bonar Law's alarmist speech regarding the Ulster situation, Lord Haldane, Lord High Chancellor, points out that there is lots of time yet between now and the decisive hour in Ireland for a measure of compromise that will be acceptable and more or less satisfactory to all parties.

Calls It Childishness

The Daily Chronicle compares Bonar Law's statements with that of a child shouting in the dark to keep his courage up. The Pall Mall Gazette issues handbills with "Civil War Ahead" in large letters and comments editorially: "Rebellion ceases to be rebellion when the administration of public affairs become arbitrary."

The general independent opinion is that the Liberals will not be intimidated in any way by this threatened appeal to force.

Soberer judgment on both sides is in favor of compromise, and the leaders are working in that direction. Bonar Law, in spite of his platform talk, is attending compromise meetings with the Liberals.

Did Not Explain

The Manchester Guardian, recognized as the mouthpiece of the high-

er ranks of the Liberal party, points out that Bonar Law did not explain what precisely is the point of difference between himself and Asquith. It

Ulster Army Exceeds 100,000

The leaders of the Ulster Unionists claim to have enrolled more than the 100,000 men they started to get for their volunteers who are to act as an army to fight Home Rule.

The signaling and despatch riding corps were over-recruited.

The Orange leaders have arranged a postal service for every town of any importance, and medical and nursing services have been created.

Seven hundred women have qualified as members of the first-aid-to-the-injured organization in Belfast alone. Other women meet regularly and make bandages and other hospital appliances.

Two big hospitals have been arranged for Belfast, and small clearing hospitals in other places. The Marchioness of Dufferin has offered her residence at Claudeboye as a convalescent home.

Arrangements are also under way for the purchase of a big convalescent ship.

asks him to call into his council men of different temperament and wider experience of Irish life.

"It is idle to treat this as a party question," concluded the Guardian.

Government Members Act and Speak in Most Unparliamentary Way

Hon. J. C. Crosbie Waxes Disgracefully Abusive---Young, From Harbor Grace, Disorderly.

Yesterday's sitting of the House was occupied in further debating Mr. Kent's amendment to the Address in Reply, and was the most exciting of any held since the House opened.

At times the debate became warm and heated requiring Speaker Goodison to exercise his authority in maintaining order, decorum and dignity, which he did without favor, and further raised himself in the esteem of the Assembly.

The debate also brought out the real character, value and worth of some of the members to the Legislature and the country, and also afforded another striking illustration that the Opposition members are really in a class by themselves, a class which some of the more sane and sober of the Government side must envy.

Another Exhibition

John C. Crosbie, a Minister of the Crown, who evidently has more money than brains, more ignorance than knowledge and insolence than dignity, disgraced his district and the Executive Council of which he is a member, in a manner which is probably unparalleled in the history of Responsible Government.

Smarting from a few words that dropped from Mr. Coaker while in a cross-fire with the Minister of Finance, Mr. Cashin, which were that (Coaker) would flay the man (Crosbie) sitting by him. Crosbie, cut to the quick and feeling sore, prepared his tirade of low abuse which he delivered as soon as Mr. Coaker finished.

Some Choice Epithets

"Braggart," "ass," "madman," were some of his "choice epithets" used along with veiled insinuations which he was too cowardly to speak out in plain language.

Another disgraceful exhibition was that given by Mr. Young, Member for Harbor Grace, who with crimson face and in doubtful condition—like the Hr. Main member two days before—shouted back to Mr. Coaker: "Shut-up!"—"Do you feel like having some old man,"—this while Coaker was criticizing waste of public moneys.

It was with great difficulty the Speaker could get the unbalanced member from further upsetting the dignity of the Chamber. Even Mr. Currie felt it necessary to aid the Speaker in keeping him in check. All this shows how effective Mr. Coaker is in his attack upon the indifference to certain public concerns and its extravagance in the use of public moneys shown by the Government.

Great Effort

The speech made by Mr. Coaker yesterday will rank among the greatest of recent years and so far as expressing the real wants and aspirations, of the working masses of the country is concerned, it has never been equalled.

Those who heard him yesterday must readily see the conscious purpose which actuates the F.P.U. organization, which is moulding it and making it a distinct and lasting work, that is bound to have a good effect on the institutions of the country. The healthy, hearty enthusiasm displayed by Pres. Coaker and imparted to those associated with him in his work promise vast and beneficial changes in the status of the poorer classes of the country. There is no doubt that Mr. Coaker is one of the "architects" in the building up of our "Industrial Democracy" in Newfoundland, for he is enunciating new doctrines which are sure to take the place of the decadent ideals of statecraft.

Is Well Posted

The extraordinary amount of information given out by him yesterday on the various industries of the country, their needs and developments, clearly show his fitness to become one of Newfoundland's builders, which even his bitterest opponents willingly granted after yesterday's speech. When the House opened replies were tabled, questions asked by Mr. Grimes of the Minister of Finance and the Minister of Public Works.

Petitions were then presented by Messrs. Coaker, Abbott, Jennings and Targett from their respective districts, after which Mr. Targett continued his remarks of the previous day on the agricultural policy.

The Societies were a failure. This was not only his own opinion, but

Third Party in England With Churchill to Lead.

First Lord of Admiralty at War with Lloyd George and Planning a Break with Liberals.

Not long ago attention was called to the steady attack that was being made on Winston Churchill, First Lord of the Admiralty, by the advanced or Radical wing of the Liberal party, and the advantage that was being taken thereof by sections of the Union party to estrange Mr. Churchill from the Government if not actually to attach him to themselves.

Since that time this two-fold game has been developing apace, and Mr. Churchill's position has become the dominant topic of politicians of all parties. Mr. Churchill himself maintains the most absolute and most discreet silence.

Started It.

Naturally, the ball was set rolling by the interview with Lloyd George, the Chancellor of the Exchequer at Griceith, in which he declared that this was the psychological moment for Great Britain to reduce her naval expenditure.

Coming on top of Mr. Churchill's reiterated declaration that the next naval estimates must be substantially larger than the last ones, naturally indicated a split between the two men who are the most dominating characters in the Cabinet. Between them in the general opinion, lies the succession to the Liberal Premiership when Mr. Asquith vacates his present post, and it is this point, combined with the Unionists' effort to encourage Mr. Churchill against Mr. Lloyd George, that arouses such keen interest in the fight.

Questioned by the newspapermen in regard to this interview, Mr. Churchill made no pretence of any explanation, but in a few few dry words said

a Cabinet Minister could not possibly talk about a matter which had as yet not been settled by the Cabinet. No rebuke to Lloyd George could have been more direct or more severe.

To Lead New Party.

Recently there has been a further development on the outside of this interesting fight for the succession to the leadership between the First Lord of the Admiralty and the Chancellor of the Exchequer. Curiosity and interest in every political circle have been strongly piqued by some recent articles in The London Mail.

The Daily Mail's first article was headed: "Does He Want a New Party? Mr. Churchill's Position Today." The idea that Mr. Churchill is out for a new party has already been put forward, but not before the appearance of this article was it plainly suggested by the English press.

The Article.

The article starts by saying: "The question of Mr. Churchill's future is one of the most interesting in domestic politics at the moment." It proceeds to point out that he is one of the three "front bench" men whose reputation has conspicuously improved in the last few years, while as First Lord of the Admiralty "he is regarded," says the article, "as one of the best Ministers of Marine of our time."

The precise intentions of Mr. Lloyd George's navy demonstration are yet to be made clear, but the demonstration shows what has long been plain enough, that there is a difference, fundamental and irreconcilable, be-

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