

## Solomon's Temple Lodge, No. 38

I.U.O.S.M.

The Officers and Members of the above Lodge Respectfully  
Request the pleasure of your company at their

### 5th Annual Easter Ball

to be held in Occident Hall, Queen and Bathurst Sts., Toronto

MONDAY, APRIL 5th, 1926

Admission 55 Cents.

Dancing 9.30—2

Prof. Matthews and his Lotus Orchestra.

Bro. D. Moore, W.M.; Bro. D. Walters, D.M.; Bro. C. Wilmot,  
Fin. Sec.; Bro. C. Mayers, S.D.; Bro. H. N. Riley, Tyler; Bro.  
A. Sage.

## More Mill-Ends

### At the MILL-END STORE

Cases of Mill Ends and Remnants Piling in Each Week.

#### THIS WEEK'S SPECIALS

Table Damask, 59c. quality, Mill End Price .....	35c. yd.
Better Quality for .....	49c. yd.
36x40 inch Factory Cotton .....	12c. to 25c. yd.
22c. White Flannelette .....	18c. yd.
Mill Ends Checked Curtain Muslin, 20c. for .....	10c. yd.
Linen Towelling .....	17c., 19c., 25c. yd.
Piles of Short Ends at .....	5c., 10c., 15c. each

## Andrews' Dry Goods

227 Dundas Street - - London, Ont.



**70° WARMTH  
GUARANTEED  
IN COLDEST  
WEATHER**

Here is *Comfort Guaranteed*—  
your whole house (every  
room) warm as you want it  
in coldest weather.

When you buy a Caloric Pipeless  
Furnace you get a written Money-  
back Guarantee that it must heat  
your home to 70 degrees in coldest  
weather."

Caloric engineers made pipeless  
heating a success—and their un-  
equalled service in determining  
correct installation is the most  
practical guarantee you can have  
of satisfactory heating.

Saves 1/3 to 1/2 the fuel. Now  
heating over 170,000 homes more  
comfortably and at less cost  
than they were ever heated be-  
fore. For old or new homes.  
No expensive installation. No  
plumbing—no pipes to freeze.  
Made in London by the Caloric  
Furnace Co., Ltd.

Come to our store and let us  
show you this wonderful heat-  
ing system.

### BULL BROS.

366 HAMILTON RD.

Phones 3488-W

3488-J



THE ORIGINAL PIPELESS FURNACE TRIPLE-CASING PATENT

© The M.S. Co. 1920

## Phenomenal Advancement Made By Race

Chicago, March 10—The remarkable development of Negro education with-  
in recent years has affected the ed-  
ucational policy of religious denom-  
inations supporting Race schools in  
that they are no longer called upon  
to provide educational facilities thru-  
out the whole South, but rather in  
certain particular though no less im-  
portant areas. Equally has it be-  
come necessary that the denomina-  
tional institutions for Negroes work-  
ing in these areas be adequately sup-  
ported and that their work co-ordin-  
ate with that being done in other  
sections by state legislatures.

This is the burden of the report  
of a commission consisting of Presi-  
dent Arlo A. Brown, University of  
Chattanooga; Dr. Thomas F. Holgate,  
Northwestern University; Professor  
Willis J. King, Gammon Theological  
Seminary, and President John L.  
Seaton, Albion College, which was  
appointed last May by the Board of  
Education of the Methodist Episcopal  
Church to study its Negro institu-  
tions. The recommendations of the  
committee covered, broadly, three  
principles:

(a) There shall be, in the main,  
but one educational institution in any  
state, except in the case of a state like  
Texas, which stretches over a wide  
territory and where there is reason  
to hope for substantial and adequate  
local support.

(b) The work of the schools should  
be so concentrated as to have the  
least loss of energy, and to that end  
no school should cover more than  
six years of work. There may be  
exceptions but the principle should  
be as here stated to be worked out  
as rapidly as possible.

(c) Teacher training should be em-  
phasized in all the schools as a means  
calculated to render the best service  
to the whole community. Some  
schools ought to place their chief em-  
phasis here.

A review of the achievements of the  
Negro since Lincoln issued his Em-  
ancipation Proclamation shows that  
in numbers the Negro has trebled, his  
homes have increased from 12,000 to  
700,000; his business men, which were  
4,000 then, number 70,000 now and he  
operates 920,000 more farms than he  
did sixty years ago.

Negro insurance companies have an  
income of \$10,000,000 annually, where  
they did not exist sixty years ago.  
Further, illiteracy has decreased from  
90 to 10 per cent. To his educational  
credit he has 48,000 teachers, 8,000  
physicians, 500 dentists, more than  
800 lawyers and almost 300 authors,  
editors and reporters. Ten thousand  
Negroes are college graduates, and  
sixty of this number are Phi Beta  
Kappas.

Negro churches have increased from  
700 to 47,000 and church property  
\$1,500,000 to \$100,000,000.

## March "Opportunity" A Brilliant Number

Something of the epicurean quality  
of an editor's mind is reflected in the

## St. Louis Boy Wins Fame in New York

By Alvin J. Moses

New York, Feb. 10—Benny Hall,  
of St. Louis whom Gene Flaherty  
swears he will steer into a champ-  
ionship if given only half a chance,  
is the lad who disputes Sugg's claim,  
and is ready to back up his challenge  
with real coin of the realm. Dur-  
ing last year Hall amassed a record  
that even Champion Rosenberg would  
be proud of, East being the scene  
of most of these battles. The St.  
Louis perpetual motion machine fig-  
ured in no less than 20 fights since  
last April, appearing against the best  
talent that could be induced to crawl  
under the ropes with him. In nearly  
all of these encounters Benny was  
forced to concede pounds to his op-  
ponents, but in every instance, he  
proved equal to the occasions, only  
four newspaper decisions going  
against him.

The fans who attend the bouts over  
at the Ridgewood Grove, swear by  
the pleasant faced fighting gamecock,  
and are sincere in their declarations  
that he should be able to make it  
decidedly unpleasant for Bud Taylor,  
McLarnin, Suggs, Graham, Rosenberg  
et al, if the following named gentry  
forced to come in at the poundage  
required by the commission—and we  
join in that opinion.

Before coming East Hall was look-  
ed upon as a sure shot for the bantam  
crown.

## Colored Attorney Argues Against Hughes

Associated Negro Press.

Chicago, Feb. 10—In an action in-  
volving firms whose aggregate assets  
total several billions of dollars in the  
Circuit Court here Wednesday, Assis-  
tant United States District Attorney,  
James G. Cotter, was opposed to  
Charles Evans Hughes, former candi-  
date for president of the United  
States, former secretary of state, and  
former governor of New York, in the  
legal arena. The action was an ap-  
peal which sought the removal of the  
case to Cleveland. The businesses  
involved are accused of violating the  
Sherman Anti-Trust Act. Mr. Cot-  
ter is one of the most able district  
attorneys in the Northern District of  
Illinois, white or black. His appoint-  
ment came largely through the ef-  
forts of Congressman Martin B. Mad-  
den.

tasty "menu" to the March issue of  
"Opportunity: Journal of Negro Life,"  
published by the National Urban  
League, 127 East 23rd Street, New  
York City. There is fiction by an  
able Negro writer, poetry by a bevy  
of the young literati, Negro history by  
a famous scholar and educator, of stu-  
dy of Negro folk lore by an eminent  
professor in a white university, seas-  
oned editorials, reviews of Spanish  
and English books pertaining to the  
Negro, and a continuation of the dis-  
cussion of the "Negro in Industry"  
which began in the February issue.