

TARIFF AGREEMENT WILL MEAN REDOUBLED PROSPERITY FOR CANADA

(Continued from page 1) Secretary Knox. He was not less anxious than the president to bring about a friendly arrangement.

"We present the arrangement not as a triumph of one country over another but as the result of an effort to do justice to both. The one fear I have is that there may be people who will say that we have made so good a bargain that we should not approve of it. In times past friendly arrangements with the United States have failed to receive the approval of congress, but we think that the time is more favorable now.

"We think we have found the psychological moment for dealing with the question. We think we are within reach of some of the commercial advantages for which we have struggled for half a century. We commit this matter to parliament with the firm conviction that it is going to be a good thing for Canada and a good thing for the United States and that it will promote the friendly relations and the commerce of the two countries."

Mr. Borden followed in the tone indicated and Sir Wilfrid Laurier adjourned the debate.

The Free List.

The statement of articles and duties specified in schedules A and B shows the following figures. THE FIRST BEING THE RATES NOW PROPOSED FOR BOTH COUNTRIES, THE SECOND BEING THE REDUCTION BY THE UNITED STATES, AND THE THIRD THE REDUCTION MADE BY CANADA.

Cattle—Free, none, 25 per cent. Cattle, less than one year old—Free, 82 per cent, none. Cattle, valued at not more than \$14 per head—Free, \$3.75 per cent, none. Cattle valued at more than \$14 per head—Free, 71.2 per cent, none. Horses and mules—Free, none. Horses over one year old valued at \$50 or less—Free, none, \$12.00. Horses (N. O. P.)—Free, none, 25 per cent.

Swine, valued at \$150 or less per head—Free, \$30 per cent, none. Horses valued at over \$100—Free, 25 per cent, none. Sheep and lambs—Free, none, 25 per cent. Sheep and lambs less than one year old—Free, 25 per cent, none. Sheep and lambs, one year old or over—Free, \$1.20 per cent, none. Other live animals—Free, 20 per cent, 25 per cent. Poultry (dead)—Free, 5 cents per lb., 20 per cent. Wheat—Free, 25 cents per bushel, 12 cents per bushel, 25 per cent. Rye—Free, 10 cents, 10 cents. Oats—Free, 10 cents, 10 cents. Barley—Free, 10 cents, 15 cents. Buckwheat—Free, 15 cents, 15 cents. Beans, Adzuki (dried)—Free, 45 cents, 25 cents.

Peas (dried)—Free, 25 cents, 15 cents. In the case of seed peas the reduction by the United States is 40 cents. Potatoes—Free, 25 cents, 20 cents. Sweet potatoes—Free, 25 cents, 10 cents. Yams—Free, 25 cents, 30 per cent. Turnips—Free, 25 cents, 30 per cent. Onions—Free, 40 cents per bushel, 30 per cent. Cabbage—Free, 2 cents each, 30 per cent. All other vegetables in their natural state—Free, 25 per cent, 30 per cent. Fresh apples—Free, 25 cents per bushel, 40 cents per bushel. Fresh pears—Free, 25 cents per bushel, 25 per cent. Fresh peaches—Free, 25 cents per bushel, \$1.00 per lb. Fresh plums—Free, 25 cents per cubic foot capacity of barrels or packages, 2 cents per lb. Wild blueberries, strawberries and raspberries—Free, 1 cent per quart, none. Blackberries, gooseberries, raspberries and strawberries (N. O. P.)—Free, 1 cent per quart, 2 cents per lb. Corn, except into Canada for distillation—Free, 15 cents per bushel, none. Dried apples—Free, 2 cents per lb., 25 per cent. Dried peaches, pears and apricots—Free, 2 cents per pound, 25 per cent. Butter—Free, 6 cents per pound, 4 cents. Cheese—Free, 6 cents, 3 cents. Fresh milk—Free, 2 cents per gallon, 17.2 per cent. Fresh cream—Free, 5 cents per gallon, 17.2 per cent. Eggs, per dozen—Free, 5 cents, 3 cents. Honey—Free, 20 cents per gallon, 3 cents per pound.

Garden, field and other seeds not otherwise provided when in packages weighing over a pound and not including garden seed—Free, 15 cents a bushel to 20 cents per pound, 10 per cent. Grass seed, including timothy and clover seed—Free, none, 10 per cent. Flaxseed or linseed (per bushel)—Free, 25 cents, 10 cents. Cottonseed and other oil seeds—Free, none, 10 per cent. Hay (per ton)—Free, \$4, \$2. Straw—Free, \$1.50, \$2. Extract of haddock bark—Free, 1.2 cent per pound, none. Glycerine, used for manufacturing purposes—Free, 1 cent, none. Fish of all kinds, fresh, pickled, smoked, kippered, boned, etc.—Free, from 34 cents to 50 cents, from 1 cent to 50 cents. Oysters—Free, none, 3 cents to 10 cents. Fish oil—Free, 8 cents to 15 cents per gallon, 22.2 cents. Feldspar, crude, powdered or ground—Free, 20 per cent, none. Fluorspar—Free, \$3 per ton, none. Mica, manufactured and rough trimmed and mica ground or bolted—Free, 20 per cent, 17.8 per cent. Talk, not for toilet use—Free, 1 cent per pound, none. Plaster rock or gypsum, crude, not ground—Free, 80 cents per ton, none. Salt in bulk—Free, 7 cents per cwt., 5 cents per cwt. Salt in bags, barrels and other coverings—Free, 11 cents per cwt., 7.12 cents per cwt. Asbestos, not further manufactured than ground, crude—Free, none, 17.2 cents. Asbestos, ground—Free, 25 per cent, 25 per cent. Fine fencing wire of iron or steel—Free, 3.4 cents per pound, nothing. Brass bars—Free, none, none. Carbon electrodes—Free, 30 per cent, none. Cream separators—Free, 45 per cent, none. Rolled iron sheets—Free, 3.10 cent per pound, none. Rolled iron rods—Free, 1.2 cent per pound, to 2.10 cent per pound, 5 per cent. Wire crucible steel—Free, less than 35 per cent, 5 cents. Galvanized iron or steel wire—Free, not less than 35 per cent, none. Type casting and type setting machines, iron.

for use in printing offices—Free, 30 per cent, 20 per cent. Cokes—Free, 20 per cent, none. Cottonseed oil—Free, none, 17.12 per cent. Mineral values (natural)—Free, 8 cents per gallon, none. Soda ash—Free, 14 cent per pound, none. Salt—Free, \$1 per ton, none. Timber, hemlock or spruce, other than that by sawing—Free, 12 cent per cubic foot, none. Sawed boards and other lumber—Free, \$1.25 per M, none.

Sardines in oil (over 20 oz. per box) 5 cents per box, none, 1 cent. Sardines in oil (over 12 oz. per box) 4 cents per box, 12 cents. Sardines in oil (over 8 oz. per box) 3 cents per box, 12 cents. Sardines in oil (over 4 oz. per box) 2 cents per box, 12 cents. Sardines (in boxes over 36 oz.)—30 per cent, none, 5 per cent. Form, wagon and completed parts there of—22.12 per cent, 22.12 per cent, 2.12 per cent. Plough—15 per cent, none, 5 per cent. Holding type—27.12 per cent, 7.12 per cent, 2.12 per cent. Antiseptic surgical dressing, such as absorbent cotton, wool, lint, lamb wool, tow, tulle, gauzes and ointment prepared for use as surgical dressing, plain or medicated, surgical trusses, pessaries and suspensory bandages of all kinds—17.12 per cent, 27.42 per cent, 2.12 per cent. Printing ink—17.12 per cent, 7.12 per cent, 2.12 per cent. Enamels—17.12 per cent, 17.12 per cent, 2.12 per cent. Plate glass, not bevelled, in sheets or panes exceeding seven square feet each, exceeding twenty-five square feet each—25 per cent, 45.26 per cent, 2.12 per cent. Oxide of iron as a color—22.12 per cent, 7.12 per cent, none. Motor vehicles, other than railway and tramway, and automobiles and parts thereof, not including rubber tires—30 per cent, 15 per cent, 5 per cent. Asbestos, manufactures of or of which asbestos is the component of chief value—22.12 per cent, 22.12 or 17.12 per cent, 2.12 per cent. Canoes and small boxes of wood, not power boats—22.12 per cent, 12.12 per cent, 2.12 per cent. Wood flour—22.12 per cent, 12.12 per cent, 2.12 per cent. Digesters of iron or steel for the manufacture of wood pulp—27.12 per cent, 17.12 per cent, 2.12 per cent. Cotton, manufactures of or of which cotton is the component of chief value—17.12 per cent, 17.12 per cent, 7.12 per cent. Mineral and aerated waters in bottles or jugs—17.12 per cent, 14.12 per cent, nothing. Musical instrument cases, fancy cases or boxes, portfolios, satchels, reticules, card-cases, purses, pocketbooks, fly books for artificial flies, all the foregoing composed wholly or in chief value of leather—22.12 per cent, 7.12 per cent to 17.12 per cent, 2.12 per cent. Schedule "C", consisting of articles on which the United States makes reductions in duty but Canada does not make the same change—none. THE FIRST FIGURE IS THE RATE OF DUTY NOW PROPOSED BY THE UNITED STATES, AND THE SECOND FIGURE THE REDUCTION MADE BY THE UNITED STATES: Aluminum in crude form—5 cents per lb., 2 cents per lb. Aluminum in plates, sheets, bars and rods—5 cents per lb., 3 cents per lb. Laths—10 cents per 100, 10 cents per thousand. Shingles—30 cents per M, 20 cents per M. Sawed boards (not deals) and other lumber planed or finished on one side, per thousand feet board measure—30 cents per thousand, \$1.25. Boards, planed or finished on one side and tongued or grooved, or planed or finished on two sides—70 cents per thousand, \$1.25 per thousand. Boards, planed or finished on three sides, or planed or finished on two sides and tongued and grooved, per thousand—\$1.12 per thousand, \$1.25 per thousand. Iron rods—10 cents per ton, 5 cents per ton. Sheet, slack or coil, of all kinds, such as will pass through a half-inch screen, is changed to admit washed slack into the United States at 15 cents per ton of 2,240 pounds. What Canada Concedes. Schedule "D", consists of articles on which Canada makes reductions in duty but the United States does not make the same change. The first figure is the rate of duty now proposed by Canada, and the second figure the rate of duty made by the United States. Cement (Portland)—per thousand pounds—11 cents, 13 cents. Fruit trees of all kinds—2.12 cents, 1.2 cents. Condensed milk, the weight of a package to be included in the weight for duty—3 cents per lb., 1.4 cents per lb. Biscuits without added sweetening—29 cents per lb., 1.4 cents per lb. Fruit in air-tight cans or other air-tight packages, weight of cans or packages to be included in weight for duty—2 cents per lb., 1.2 cents per lb. Peanuts (shelled)—1 cent per pound, 1 cent per pound. Peanuts (unshelled)—1.2 cent per pound, 1.2 cents per pound. Coal, bituminous, round and run of the mine, including bituminous coal such as will not pass through a three-quarter inch screen—45 cents per 2,000 pounds, 5 cents per ton.

HON. W. S. FIELDING

Tooth and disc barrows—15 per cent, none, 5 per cent. Harvesters and reapers—15 per cent, none, 2.12 per cent. Agricultural drills and plows—15 per cent, none, 5 per cent. Mowers—15 per cent, none, 2.12 per cent. Horse rakes—15 per cent, none, 5 per cent. Cultivators—15 per cent, none, 5 per cent. Hay rakes—20 per cent, 15 to 25 per cent, none. Threshing machines—15 per cent, none, 5 per cent. Windstackers, etc.—15 per cent, 20 per cent, 5 per cent. Hay loaders—20 per cent, 15 to 25 per cent, none. Potato diggers—20 per cent, 25 per cent, 5 per cent. Soddier or feed cutters—20 per cent, 25 per cent, 5 per cent. Grain crushers—20 per cent, 20 per cent, 5 per cent. Flaming mills—20 per cent, 15 per cent, 5 per cent. Hay tedders—20 per cent, 15 to 25 per cent, 5 per cent. Farm or field rollers—20 per cent, 15 to 20 per cent, 5 per cent. Manure spreaders—20 per cent, 15 to 25 per cent, 5 per cent. Washers—20 per cent, 25 per cent, none. Windmills—20 per cent, 25 per cent, none. Cutters, plated or not, etc.—27.12 per cent, 19.12 to 40.12 per cent, 2.12 per cent. Bells and gongs, brass corners and rules for printers—27.12 per cent, 17.12 per cent, 2.12 per cent. Basins, urinals, and other plumbing fixtures of earthenware for bathrooms and lavatories, bathtubs, sinks and laundry tubs, of earthenware, stone, cement or clay or of other material—30.12 per cent, 2.12 to 12.12 per cent, 7.12 per cent. Brass band instruments—22.12 per cent, 2.12 per cent, 5 per cent. Grindstones of sandstone, not mounted, finished or not—5 cents per sq. ft., 70 cents per ton, 80 cents per ton. Building or monumental stone of free-stone granite, sandstone or limestone, unmounted or not—5 cents per sq. ft., 70 cents per ton, 80 cents per ton. Building or monumental stone of free-stone granite, sandstone or limestone, mounted or not—5 cents per sq. ft., 70 cents per ton, 80 cents per ton. Cloves, watches, time recorders, clock and watch keys, clock movements—27.12 per cent, 12.12 per cent, 7.12 per cent. Feathers, in their natural state—12.12 per cent, 7.12 per cent, 2.12 per cent. Printers' wooden cases and cabinets for

HON. WILLIAM PATERSON

Split peas, dried—7.12 cents per bushel, 37.12 cents per bushel, 7.12 cents per bushel. Prepared cereal foods—20 per cent, none, 5 per cent. Bran, middlings, etc., for animal food—12.12 cents per 100 pounds, 7.12 per cent, 5 per cent. Bran, middlings, etc., for human food—12.12 cents per 100 pounds, 7.12 per cent, 5 per cent. Biscuits (sweetened)—25 per cent, 25 per cent, 2.12 per cent. Biscuits (unsweetened)—1.2 cent per pound, 1.2 cent per pound. Peanuts (unshelled)—1.2 cent per pound, none, 1.12 cents. Pickles, sauces and catsup—32.12 per cent, 1.2 cent per cwt, 2.12 per cent. Egg yolks and albumen—7.12 per cent, 9 per cent, 2.12 per cent. Cherry and other fruit juices—17.12 per cent, 49 cents per gallon, 3 cents per gal.

holding type—27.12 per cent, 7.12 per cent, 2.12 per cent. Antiseptic surgical dressing, such as absorbent cotton, wool, lint, lamb wool, tow, tulle, gauzes and ointment prepared for use as surgical dressing, plain or medicated, surgical trusses, pessaries and suspensory bandages of all kinds—17.12 per cent, 27.42 per cent, 2.12 per cent. Printing ink—17.12 per cent, 7.12 per cent, 2.12 per cent. Enamels—17.12 per cent, 17.12 per cent, 2.12 per cent. Plate glass, not bevelled, in sheets or panes exceeding seven square feet each, exceeding twenty-five square feet each—25 per cent, 45.26 per cent, 2.12 per cent. Oxide of iron as a color—22.12 per cent, 7.12 per cent, none. Motor vehicles, other than railway and tramway, and automobiles and parts thereof, not including rubber tires—30 per cent, 15 per cent, 5 per cent. Asbestos, manufactures of or of which asbestos is the component of chief value—22.12 per cent, 22.12 or 17.12 per cent, 2.12 per cent. Canoes and small boxes of wood, not power boats—22.12 per cent, 12.12 per cent, 2.12 per cent. Wood flour—22.12 per cent, 12.12 per cent, 2.12 per cent. Digesters of iron or steel for the manufacture of wood pulp—27.12 per cent, 17.12 per cent, 2.12 per cent. Cotton, manufactures of or of which cotton is the component of chief value—17.12 per cent, 17.12 per cent, 7.12 per cent. Mineral and aerated waters in bottles or jugs—17.12 per cent, 14.12 per cent, nothing. Musical instrument cases, fancy cases or boxes, portfolios, satchels, reticules, card-cases, purses, pocketbooks, fly books for artificial flies, all the foregoing composed wholly or in chief value of leather—22.12 per cent, 7.12 per cent to 17.12 per cent, 2.12 per cent. Schedule "C", consisting of articles on which the United States makes reductions in duty but Canada does not make the same change—none. THE FIRST FIGURE IS THE RATE OF DUTY NOW PROPOSED BY THE UNITED STATES, AND THE SECOND FIGURE THE REDUCTION MADE BY THE UNITED STATES: Aluminum in crude form—5 cents per lb., 2 cents per lb. Aluminum in plates, sheets, bars and rods—5 cents per lb., 3 cents per lb. Laths—10 cents per 100, 10 cents per thousand. Shingles—30 cents per M, 20 cents per M. Sawed boards (not deals) and other lumber planed or finished on one side, per thousand feet board measure—30 cents per thousand, \$1.25. Boards, planed or finished on one side and tongued or grooved, or planed or finished on two sides—70 cents per thousand, \$1.25 per thousand. Boards, planed or finished on three sides, or planed or finished on two sides and tongued and grooved, per thousand—\$1.12 per thousand, \$1.25 per thousand. Iron rods—10 cents per ton, 5 cents per ton. Sheet, slack or coil, of all kinds, such as will pass through a half-inch screen, is changed to admit washed slack into the United States at 15 cents per ton of 2,240 pounds. What Canada Concedes. Schedule "D", consists of articles on which Canada makes reductions in duty but the United States does not make the same change. The first figure is the rate of duty now proposed by Canada, and the second figure the rate of duty made by the United States. Cement (Portland)—per thousand pounds—11 cents, 13 cents. Fruit trees of all kinds—2.12 cents, 1.2 cents. Condensed milk, the weight of a package to be included in the weight for duty—3 cents per lb., 1.4 cents per lb. Biscuits without added sweetening—29 cents per lb., 1.4 cents per lb. Fruit in air-tight cans or other air-tight packages, weight of cans or packages to be included in weight for duty—2 cents per lb., 1.2 cents per lb. Peanuts (shelled)—1 cent per pound, 1 cent per pound. Peanuts (unshelled)—1.2 cent per pound, 1.2 cents per pound. Coal, bituminous, round and run of the mine, including bituminous coal such as will not pass through a three-quarter inch screen—45 cents per 2,000 pounds, 5 cents per ton.

OBITUARY

Mrs. Rebecca E. Cummings. Deer Island, Jan. 23.—Closely following the death of two brothers, George and Oliver Fountain, which occurred but five weeks ago, Mrs. Rebecca (Fountain) Cummings passed away at the home of her daughter, Mrs. George McDonald, of Eastport, on Sunday morning, the 19th inst. She was a consistent member of the United Baptist church at Chocolate Cove and was a faithful attendant and loyal supporter in every department of church work until falling heavily prevented.

The funeral service was conducted from her home at Cummings' Cove by the pastor, Rev. Mr. Brown, who rendered a very touching and appropriate address. The choir sang Asleep in Jesus and Abide with Me, after which the interment took place beside her husband. She leaves one daughter, Mrs. George McDonald, and two grandsons, John A. Thompson and Nathaniel McDonald, of Eastport, and one sister, Mrs. Lorenza Garrison, of Seattle (Wash.).

Mrs. Mary Thorne Barker. Mrs. Mary Thorne Barker, widow of Thomas Barker, of Barker's Point, York county, and daughter of Colonel George H. N. Harding, of Margerville, died in this city December 27. Mrs. Barker leaves three sisters, Mrs. George E. Miles, of Upper Kent, Carleton county; Mrs. Henry Brown, of Margerville, Sunbury county, and Mrs. Charles F. Harding, of Calgary (Alta.), besides a large number of other relatives.

Mrs. Alexander Fox. The death took place yesterday of Mrs. Ann E. Fox, widow of Alex. Fox, custom tailor. Mrs. Fox was one of the best and most respected residents of Carleton. She leaves seven children, five sons and two daughters, one brother and one sister. The sons are Com. William Fox of Fairville; James, of Auburn (Me.), superintendent of the Boston and Auburn Railway; Leighton; Duke, of the Dominion Line; Fred, of A. C. Smith & Co. and John, at home. The daughters are Mrs. David P. Riley and Miss Hattie at home. There is also one granddaughter, Miss Annie A. Walker. Mrs. Fox resided at 208 Rodney street.

Mrs. Winifred Flood. The death of Mrs. Winifred Flood occurred at the residence of her daughter, Mrs. R. J. Ritchie, Kildare Lodge, South Bay, last evening. The deceased, who was in the ninety-third year of her age, is survived by two sons and two daughters. The sons are John, of this city, and Patrick, of Bangor. Mrs. R. J. Ritchie and Mrs. Andrew Panley are the daughters.

Ernest McQuaid. Almsa, Jan. 23.—Ernest McQuaid died on Wednesday and was buried on Friday last. The bereaved have the sympathy of the entire community in their profound sorrow.

Dr. Wm. Zwimmer. Halifax, N. S., Jan. 24.—Dr. William Zwimmer, aged eighty years died in the Home for Aged Men this morning. He was born in St. John. He practiced his profession for many years in the United States.

Capt. Chas. Barr. Squampton, Eng. Jan. 24.—(Canadian Press)—Captain Charles Barr, the noted yachtsman, died suddenly of heart trouble here today.

Mrs. Rose Quinn. The death of Mrs. Rose Quinn, widow of James Quinn, took place at her late residence, 49 Sherbrooke street, last evening. She was in her 80th year. Two sons, Thomas and James, of this city, and three daughters, Mrs. William Crowley, Boston; Miss Margaret Danvers (Mass.), and Miss Teresa, of this city, survive.

James Brenner. Chatham, Jan. 25.—The death occurred yesterday of James Brenner, after a brief illness of pneumonia, in his 71st year, at the home, a short distance below town. Mr. Brenner has been all his life a resident of the Miramichi and was a son of the late Philip Brenner, the first of the family to settle here, and whose home, erected before the great Miramichi fire, is still standing. Mr. Brenner is survived by four sons, Philip A. of Somerville (Mass.), and James of Brockton. The funeral will be held on Friday afternoon at 2 o'clock from his late residence. Rev. J. M. McLean will officiate and interment will be in Riverside cemetery.

Mrs. Walter Fowler. Sackville, N. B., Jan. 25.—(Special)—Word reached here tonight of the death in Carney Hospital, Boston, this afternoon of Mrs. Walter Fowler, of Sackville. Deceased, being in poor health, went to Boston about three months ago, about Christmas she underwent a serious operation which she failed to recover from, growing gradually worse until the end came. She was the youngest daughter of the late John Fawcett and a sister of the late Charles Fawcett. She is survived by two sons, J. Ellsworth and Roy, who were with her when she died. She leaves six sisters, Mrs. George E. Ford and Mrs. Stephen Ayer, Sackville; Mrs. Johnson, Chelsea; Mrs. Day, South Boston, and Mrs. Wain, Melrose (Mass.). She was about 69 years old. The body will arrive here Friday and the funeral will be held Saturday afternoon.

Charles Smith. Amherst, N. S., Jan. 25.—Charles Smith, one of Cumberland's prominent business men, and Amherst's most highly respected citizens, died at his home at 1 o'clock this morning at the age of eighty-five. Until a few weeks ago, he had been a prominent figure in the streets of Amherst, but was stricken with heart trouble from which he succumbed. He was for many years engaged with the late James Hatfield, at Port Greville, in ship-building, shipping and general merchandise. He was a prominent Liberal and contested this county with the late Hon. W. T. Phips, being defeated by only eight votes by the present Sir Charles J. Townshend, chief justice for Nova Scotia. He had served as municipal councillor and warden. He was one of the most prominent workers and generous supporters of Trinity Methodist church.

His wife, who died some years ago, was a daughter of the late Robt. K. Smith, and sister of J. T. and C. P. Smith, K. C. barrister, of Amherst. Three daughters survive—Mrs. Mary, wife of C. F. Fullerton, of Parrsboro; Mrs. Mary, wife of Capt. Stewart Salter, of Parrsboro, and Miss Alice at home. He was one of Cumberland's most worthy citizens and a man of sterling Christian character.

George E. Tracy. Woodstock, N. B., Jan. 25.—Word of the death of George E. Tracy, a native not all gone in a week, wash them again.

WHAT WILL BECOME OF THE BAD EGGS?

One Hundred Thousand Dollars' Worth in Montreal Storage Ordered to Be Moved or Destroyed by Health Officials.

Montreal, Jan. 25.—At a special meeting of civic officials today it was decided to remove the \$100,000 worth of frozen eggs which have been condemned by the Provincial Board of Health. The eggs, which are now in storage at the Montreal warehouse, will be moved to a place outside the city limits or destroyed by the authorities within thirty-six hours.

Dr. McCarry, chief food inspector, said that he has no objection to the eggs being moved to a place outside the city limits, but that the eggs must be carted away from this city and outside of the province at once. I will give them thirty-six hours to comply with this order. After this, if the eggs are still in storage, I will have the whole condemnation seized and destroyed."

Correspondents who send letters to The Semi-Weekly Telegraph and who wish to have them returned if they are not printed, must send stamps for return postage.

LOCAL NEWS

The marriage of Harry Mark Daggart, of this city, and Miss Edna Howard, of Carleton Place, was celebrated last evening at the home of Rev. W. H. Robertson, pastor of Grandview Baptist church. Mr. and Mrs. Daggart will make their home in Prince Rupert—Vancouver World.

The steamer Connors Brothers, which has been undergoing repairs at Indian Head, was ready to take freight for down the bay yesterday. The boat has been remodelled and repainted and Capt. E. H. Johnston considers his craft as good as new. A. F. Johnston is mate and Joseph Williams, chief engineer. The Connors Brothers will sail on Saturday.

George G. Dodge, of Nauyasgowank, and Miss Clara Edna Robertson, of Norton, were married last evening at the home of Mrs. W. W. Camp. The ceremony was performed at 8 p. m. The bride wore a dress of blue albatross cloth trimmed with applique. They will live in Norton.

In Amherst, on Tuesday evening, Rev. P. J. Stackhouse united in marriage Miss Helen Lawson, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. S. L. Lawson, and Albert E. Sopp, of the Canada Car Foundry Co. They will reside in Amherst.

CASTORIA For Infants and Children. The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the Signature of *Dr. J. C. Watson*

A delicious filling for layer cake is made by mixing a pound of finely-minced shell-almonds with two eggs, a cupful of confectioner's sugar and a teaspoonful of vanilla.

Remove the scale from palms by washing them in water to which has been added a few drops of cedar oil. If the scale is not all gone in a week, wash them again.

TRAFT'S FOR

Quotes McKim Last Speech

Martyred President Says it is United States Adherent Treatment Canada Than has Recorded Her in the

Canadian Press. Washington, Jan. 25.—The utterance of President McKim of reciprocity, made the day assassinated at Buffalo, was night by President Taft in the Ohio Society's anniversary commemoration of the assassination. President Taft eulogized the martyred president, as tribute to his attitude on the reciprocity question, with reference to the declaration of reciprocity generally made by McKim at the Pan-American conference.

The broadening effect of responsibility McKim had on the view on his part in respect, which he had always been a proponent. May we not hope that our country may soon see a similar moral and social agreement.

Tribute to Canada. "Canada is our neighbor. We have not always accorded her the respect and regard to her sensibilities, but a great country indeed, a cause as to use no forcible words, she has a right to extend the brotherly hand and proposes closer relations. Ought we to be so backward in our appreciation of her greatness?"

"Our kinship, our common struggle for the future, and our mutual interests, are all in favor of a closer relationship. We should not be backward in our appreciation of her greatness."

By sensible trade arrangements we shall extend the output of our surplus. A system of mutual exchange of commodities is essential to the growth of our country. Reciprocity is the only way to secure more favorable markets.

Accordingly, after his visit to Buffalo, facing an immense task, he thought the time had come when it was his duty to make a statement on the subject of reciprocity. He said that he had no objection to the eggs being moved to a place outside the city limits, but that the eggs must be carted away from this city and outside of the province at once.

What we produce here will not intercept our surplus. The excess must be produced and we should have our surplus and buy wherever we can. The period of exclusive trade is a thing of the past. The expansion of our trade is a pressing problem. It is not a question of reciprocity or trade relations, but of the spirit of the age. Reciprocity is a means to an end, and we should not be backward in our appreciation of her greatness."

Remove the scale from palms by washing them in water to which has been added a few drops of cedar oil. If the scale is not all gone in a week, wash them again.

TO RAISE TEMPERANCE. (Washington Star.) Frank had been sent to the hardware store for a thermometer. "Did mother say what size?" asked the clerk. "Oh," answered Frank, "it's warm the biggest one you've got. It's to warm my bed room with."