POOR DOCUMENT

MC 2033

FROM ALL OVER THE MARITIME PROVINCES

WOODSTOCK.

Woodstock, May 21—A special meeting of the town council was held tonight, Coun. Henderson in the chair. The most important business was the opening of tenders for $80,000 town bonds. These tenders, as follows, were referred to the finance committee to report upon at next meeting:

Dominion Securities Company, Montreal, will give ninety-two and interest for al or none of $80,000 four per cent 30 year bonds.

J. M. Robinson, jr., of St. John, representing his firm of bankers, was present. Their tender said: We beg to offer you $78, that is $76,624 for all or none of your $80,000 town of Woodstock four per cent bonds, dated 1st June, 1906, due in 30 years, but subject to call at the end of 20 years. At this price the bonds yield four and a quarter to the purchaser if held till maturity.

Aemilius Jarvis & Co., bankers, Toronto, say: "For issue of $80,000 debentures, bearing four per cent, payment semi-annually and maturing in 1936, we will give $73,873 and accrued interest."

Tenders were received from I. C. Churchill and Arthur Fisher for laying about $1,400 of sewer pipe. The contract will be given to Mr. Churchill if he accepts the work to be done in sections until appropriation is exhausted.

Coun. Leighton made a strong plea for the immediate engagement of an expert engineer to advise about changing the pumping station plant from steam to electricity and connecting with one of the two electric light companies, but the matter was postponed till next meeting.

John Hayes was appointed poundkeeper and field driver.

The chairman of streets reported that he was thinking of going to St. John for an expert to lay asphalt sidewalks as he was not satisfied with work of local men.

SACKVILLE

Sackville, May 19—The recital given in Beethoven Hall last evening by Miss Mabel Harnett, of Bermuda, post graduate in piano music, was very successful. Miss Harnett is a player of much ability. She possesses good technique and her selections were given with much expression. Miss Harnett was ably assisted by Prof. George Wilson, who rendered two number in his own inimitable manner.

Frank Hicks, son of Sanford Hicks, of this town, had the fingers of his right hand cut off while working in McKay's saw mills, near Hampton, Kings county, N. B.

Mrs. Stanley Atkinson, of Orange, N. J., arrived in town and will spend the summer here the guest of her husband's parents, Capt. and Mrs. Stephen Atkinson.

Prof. and Mrs. Hammond left Tuesday for Montreal, where they will stay a few days before returning to Quebec, whence they will sail for England. They expect to return to Sackville about the first of September.

Frank Armstrong, who has been prostrated with appendicitis at the Academy, is better, and will probably pull through without an operation.

Archibald Crossman, a graduate of Mt. Allison Conservatory of Music, has returned from the United States, where he consulted specialists in regard to his health. He is somewhat better, but still very deaf.

Mrs. Hamil Oulton left Thursday for Wetaskawin, Alberta, where she will be the guest of her daughter, Mrs. J. Tweedale.

FREDERICTON.

Fredericton, May 22—(Special)—Judge Wilson presided at the May term of the Queens county court which opened at Gagetown this morning. A bastardy case constituted the docket and the overseers of the poor not appearing to prosecute, it was dismissed.

A number of prominent contractors are here tonight to submit bids for supplying and installing a water filtration plant at the pumping station. Among the number are P. J. Mooney, George McArthur, of St. John; Robert Milligan, New York; Joseph Long, Alex. McKenzie, Boston; H. J. McManus, Memramcook, and C. Lesler, Montreal. Bids close at 8 o'clock tomorrow evening.

Post Office Inspector Colter is here this evening.

A shocking accident occurred near Keswick a few days ago, whereby a daughter of Albert Griffiths was painfully hurt. She was standing alongside a tubular cream separator and wore her hair parted in the centre. In some way her hair on the side nearest the creamer caught in the spindle and before the machinery could be stopped all of her beautiful wealth of hair on that side of her head had been torn out by the roots, leaving the bare scalp.

Remarkable fishing stories continue to come to hand. Yesterday at Marysville while fishing in the Nashwaak Joseph Hazelwood caught an eight-pound salmon with club bait. The fish was a very lively one and furnished some genuine sport before he was finally captured with the assistance of a landing net. Mr. Hazelwood also got several large trout out of the Nashwaak's waters.

Rafting operations at Douglas boom commenced today. The boom company are wanting men.

The death occurred last night at French Lake of Mrs. Amelia Mersereau, aged 91. She leaves three sons, John, George and James, all of French Lake, and one daughter, Mrs. John Bunker, Traceyville.

Isaac Davidson, a well known carpenter of this city, died this morning at Woodstock, where he has been visiting relatives. He had a stroke of paralysis a fortnight ago and never rallied from it. The deceased was about seventy-five years of age and is survived by two sons, William of Portland and Fred of Woodstock, and three daughters, Mrs. McGibbon, wife of conductor Charles McGibbon of this city; Mrs. Fred Baker of Melvern Square, N. S., and Mrs. Harry Saunders of Woodstock. The body will be brought here this evening and will be interred at Lakeville Corner tomorrow.

Two boys named Harry Allen and Alex. Atkinson, pleaded guilty at the police court this morning to a charge of stealing a stove and of stealing wagon tires, and selling them for junk. They informed the court that the tires were sold to Louis Lavine, a Jewish junk dealer, for thirty-five cents, and the stove to the New Brunswick Foundry for sixty cents. Col. Marsh strongly denounced the purchasers, and even went so far as to express his opinion that they were the real criminals.

He said if the parties who lost the iron would lodge a complaint, he would proceed against the N. B. Foundry and Lavine for receiving stolen articles.

H. F. McLeod, who appeared for Lavine, took exception to his honor's remarks, and a wordy war ensued lasting several minutes. McLeod refused to obey the command of his honor to sit down, and was finally ordered to leave the court, and did so. Before going he repeated his former statement that the court had no right to make an ex parte statement reflecting on his character.

Allen and Atkinson were remanded until tomorrow for sentence.

Mrs. Amelia Mersereau, widow of the late Gain Mersereau, died at French Lake yesterday, aged ninety-one years.

Rafting operations at the Douglas boom commenced this morning and will be prosecuted vigorously for the balance of the season.

The river here is about on a standstill and many logs are running.

Engineer Barbour arrived from Boston this morning and will remain until tomorrow evening when bids for installing the filtration plant close.

E. H. Allen, claims agent of the I. C. R. is here today.

Fredericton, N. B., May 23—(Special)—A programme of patriotic exercises was carried out at the high school this afternoon by the pupils in honor of Empire Day. A prize presented by the Daughters of the Empire for the best essay on Queen Victoria, her life and reign was awarded to Miss Lillian Corbett.

Annie Tonar, aged 17, daughter of Charles Tonar, died last night from consumption.

The water in the river is falling quite fast today.

Harry Allen and A. Atkinson, the boys who pleaded guilty yesterday to a charge of stealing junk, were this morning allowed to go by Col. Marsh under a suspended sentence of six months.

FREDERICTON, N. B., May 23 (Special)—The death occurred here at an early hour this morning of James D. Fowler, one of Fredericton's best known citizens. He had been ailing for about a year from a complication of diseases, and news of his death, though not unexpected, was received on all sides with deep regret.

Mr. Fowler was a native of this city and resided here all his life. He served the apprenticeship as a jeweller with the late James White, and about five years ago purchased the business of the late John Babbitt, and carried it on with much success up to the time of his death. He was an active member of several fraternal societies, including the Masons, Oddfellows, Knights of Pythias, Workmen and Foresters, and has filled prominent positions in several of these bodies. He was a charter member of the Knights of Pythias and was chosen representative to the Supreme lodge. Mr. Fowler held the position of gas inspector for the city, an appointment received from the Dominion government.

He was a man of kindly and genial disposition, and was very popular among his acquaintances. The deceased was about fifty-five years old, and leaves a widow, formerly Miss Tattersall, sister of John Tattersall, chief of the Woodstock fire department; one daughter, Miss Fannie Fowler, and three sons, Charles, James and Robert. He will be buried on Friday afternoon with full Masonic honors.

HARCOURT.

Harcourt, N. B., May 22—Last Saturday morning at 4 o'clock lightning struck the residence of Anthony Kenney at Clairville, near Coal Branch Station. It struck the chimney, demolishing it from top to bottom, and struck a stove pipe, throwing it over on a bed six feet away. The lightning passed into four different rooms, splintering pieces of boards and scorching the paper, but the house did not take fire, and none of the six occupants were injured.

William G. Thurber and son, James, returned last night from Waterford, where they were visiting Rev. and Mrs. George L. Freebern.

Miss Marion Dunn returned last night from a several days visit to Sackville, where her sister is a student in the musical academy.

Ernest E. Buckerfield visited Moncton yesterday.

Miss Elizabeth McDermott returned from Main River yesterday.

CHATHAM.

Chatham, May 21—The funeral of the late William Muirhead took place Monday afternoon. Service was conducted by Rev. J. B. MacLean, assisted by Rev. Duncan Henderson. The pall-bearers were Alex. Fraser, William Wilson, John T. Rundle, Captain Robert Walls, Edward Jonson and Charles Johnston and burial was in St. Andrew's cemetery.

E. R. Vickery, formerly manager of the Dominion Pulp Mill, will sail tomorrow on the steamboat Orthia for Manchester, England.

Frank E. Daniels had a narrow escape from a very serious accident today. He was walking down lower Water street, when a plank fell from the J. B. Snowball Company's elevated steam roller, striking him on the head, and inflicting a deep wound, which necessitated several stitches.

The dwelling house on Cunard street, willed to St. John's church by the late James Firth, is undergoing extensive repairs and improvements, and when completed will be occupied by Rev. J. Morris MacLean, pastor of St. John's church.

A meeting of the W. C. T. U. will be held at the home of Mrs. Robert Godfrey, Upper Water street, Thursday afternoon at 3.30 o'clock.

David T. Johnson, of Bathurst, is in town.

Large congregations attended the special regationtide service in St. Paul's and St. Mary's churches on Sunday.

Judge Connors has improved his property in Duke street by planting several fine trees.

ST. MARTINS.

St. Martins, N. B., May 22—W. E. Skillen, who returned from St. John on Saturday, accompanied by his wife, left on Tuesday for Boston. Mr. and Mrs. Skillen expect to be absent about two weeks.

Mr. and Mrs. Allan Love are receiving congratulations of their numerous friends on the birth of a daughter.

Messrs. McVae, Power, Cronan and F. Shaw have been fishing with good success on the lakes in this vicinity. They returned to St. John on Tuesday.

Miss Alberta M. Brown left on Tuesday for Boston, where she is spending some weeks visiting relatives.

Miss Bella McInerney left for Boston on Tuesday.

Harry Graves, who has been for the past winter in Fort Fairfield (Me.), returned home on Monday.

Councillor Robert Connely and wife returned from Sussex on Monday.

David McInerney went to St. John on Tuesday.

SHEFFIELD

Sheffield, May 22—The churches and schools at Lakeville Corner, which were closed on account of diphtheria, are all opened again.

Hon. L. P. Ferris, of White's Cove, passed through Sheffield this week en route for Fredericton.

Mrs. Thomas Bridges has returned from a lengthy visit to her daughter, Mrs. James W. Miles, of Maugerville.

Miss McCordick, of Upper Gagetown, is in Sheffield the guest of Mr. and Mrs. Charles Griffith.

Workmen are busy putting a new roof on the Baptist church at Lakeville Corner.

Mrs. W. J. W. Bridges was summoned to Marysville Saturday to see her daughter, Mrs. Milard F. Reid, who is very ill with cancer of the breast.

R. A. McFadgen, of the New Brunswick Railway Company, has sold his fine residence at Maugerville to Frederick Miles, and will remove with his family to the city.

Charles Lunn, of Lakeville Corner, left Saturday by steamer Majestic for Gagetown, to see his aunt, Miss Sophia Chase, who is very ill.

CONDENSED DESPATCHES.

Ibsen Is Dead--Weight of Letters--Leprosy Completely Cured.

Sir William Van Horne arrived in New York today from Havana.

The international postal congress has approved the British proposition to raise the weight of letter to one ounce. The next meeting will be held in Madrid.

Count Siskly has been relieved from the presidency of the council of the empire or upper house of the Russian parliament at his own request, and on account of ill-health.

Barnard Steinfield, a jewelry sales agent, was robbed on the street in New Haven last night of a bag containing $3,500 worth of diamonds and watches. The thief got away with the goods.

Henrik Ibsen, the Norwegian poet and dramatist, died at 2.30 o'clock this afternoon. He was born in 1828.

Henrick Ibsen.

The clipper ship, A. G. Ropes, arrived today at New York from Kobe, Japan. She sailed from Kobe last December, after having been dismantled by a typhoon. She made the long voyage home under jury rig.

A despatch to the New York Times says that two women and a boy, suffering for years past with leprosy, have been discharged from the state lepers' home at Indian Camp, Iberville Parish, Louisiana, entirely cured. State physicians confirm the story. The report gives a full account of the methods used in stamping out the disease, saying: "From 1894 a regular treatment has been pursued, consisting of ichthyol, chlorate of potash, strychnine, salicylate of soda and chaulmoogra oil, arsenic. Since the summer of 1902, systematic treatment has been followed out in all cases with the results above referred to."

BLOOD HUMORS

PIMPLES
BLOTCHES
ERUPTIONS
FLESHWORMS
HUMORS

Many a otherwise beautiful and attractive face is sadly marred by unsightly Blotches, Pimples, Eruptions, Fleshworms and Humors, and various other blood diseases.

Their presence is a source of embarrassment to those afflicted as well as pain and regret to their friends.

Many a cheek and brow—cast in the mould of grace and beauty—have been already defaced, their attractiveness lost, and their possessor rendered unhappy for years.

Why, then, consent to rest under this cloud of embarrassment?

There is an effectual remedy for all these defects, it is,

BURDOCK BLOOD BITTERS

This remedy will drive out all the impurities from the blood and leave the complexion healthy and clear.

Miss Annie Tobin, Madoc, Ont., writes: "I take great pleasure in recommending your Burdock Blood Bitters to any one who may be troubled with pimples on the face. I paid out money to doctors, but could not get cured, and was almost discouraged, and despaired of ever getting rid of them. I thought I would give B.B.B. a trial, so got two bottles, and before I had taken them was completely cured and have had no sign of pimples since."

Burdock Blood Bitters has been manufactured by The T. Milburn Co., Limited, over 30 years, and has cured thousands at time. Do not accept a substitute unscrupulous dealers say is "just as good." "It can't be."

Bog Spavin

Cure the lameness and remove the bog without scarring the horse—have the same looking job as if did before the blemish came.

Fleming's Spavin Cure (Liquid) is a special remedy for soft and semi-solid blemishes—Bog Spavin, thoroughpin, Splint, Curb, Capped Hock, etc. It is neither a liniment nor a simple blister, but a remedy unlike any other—can't spill or blister and can't be imitated. Easy to use—only a little required, and your money back if never fails.

Fleming's Vest Pocket Veterinary Adviser

describes and illustrates all kinds of blemishes, and gives you the information you ought to have before ordering or buying any kind of a remedy. Mailed free if you write.

FLEMING BROS., Chemists,
57 Church Street, Toronto, Ontario

NO INTERFERENCE WITH COLONIES

David Lloyd George and Sir Gilbert Parker Object to Legislating for Them

CAN'T USE ROSS RIFLE

Bisley Official Says Weapon Will Not Be Permitted in Coming Shoot Unless it Has Been Issued to the Volunteers, But No Canadian Ammunition Can Be Used in Any Case.

Montreal, May 22—(Special)—A special London cable says: The standing committee on trade met at the house of commons today for consideration of the merchant shipping acts amendment bill. Clause one makes the British load-line provisions applicable to foreign ships, while they are within any part of the kingdom.

Havelock Wilson moved an amendment to extend this clause making it read all ports within the king's dominions.

Lloyd George hoped that the committee would consider this matter very seriously before accepting the amendment. By this amendment Great Britain would, for the first time, assume the function of legislating for her colonies. The colonies had their own regulations. Some ship owners held these regulations to be detrimental to British shipping, but were never interfered with by colonies in such matters, in fact, it was a very serious matter to interfere with the colonial regulation of foreign ships calling at their ports.

Sir Gilbert Parker agreed with Lloyd George.

The amendment was finally withdrawn.

Colonel Crosse, secretary of the National Rifle Association, recently met with an accident by being thrown from a vehicle. He was unconscious for hours. The right side of his head was severely bruised, his right eye was slightly injured and his right shoulder dislocated.

Speaking to the Canadian Associated Press at Bisley, Mr. Crosse, in referring to the Ross rifle, said that rifle could not be used at the forthcoming meeting of the National Rifle Association unless the rifle had been issued by the Canadian government to volunteers, and even should the rifle be so issued, Canadians competing at Bisley will be required to use the ammunition issued by the N. R. A. They will not be allowed to use Canadian ammunition.

NOVA SCOTIA ELECTIONS JUNE 20

Government Decided Matter Yesterday—Nomination Day June 13.

Halifax, May 22—(Special)—The Nova Scotia legislature has been dissolved. This was decided on at a meeting of the government today and will be officially announced in the Royal Gazette tomorrow.

The date of the provincial elections is fixed for Wednesday, June 20, with nominations a week earlier. The last elections were held in October, 1901, so that this legislature has been in existence for almost five years.

A RECORD CANADIAN OUTPUT OF RAILS

Sydney Concern Turned Out 865 Tons Yesterday, Beating the "Soo" Plant's Best Performance.

Sydney, N. S., May 22—(Special)—The Dominion Iron and Steel Company's rail mill now holds the Canadian record for a day's output of steel rails. The Soo's record of 858 tons for a twenty-four hour shift having been shattered yesterday, when the boys in the Sydney mill kept the rolls going for a total of 865 tons. It is said that an even better record can be looked for in the near future from the Sydney mill.

DIRECT TAXATION ABOLISHED IN NEW YORK STATE

Albany, N. Y., May 22—By the signing of five bills today, Governor Higgins added the final stroke to the entire abolition for the first time in sixty-five years of the direct state tax; under the provisions of the constitutional amendment approved by the people at the last general election.

These bills relieve all real property from taxation for state purposes and entirely does away with the direct state tax. Not since the year 1841 has the state been able to raise its necessary revenues without imposing a tax on real property for state purposes.

CENTRAL TELEPHONE COMPANY'S PLANS

The Central Telephone Company Tuesday sent official notice to the mayor and corporation that they will come into St. John. The location of the exchange, it is explained, will be a matter for the engineers to decide in the future.

The company have engaged A. T. Presson, a telephone expert engineer, from the western states, and he will accompany Manager H. P. Robinson over the system with the double purpose of getting acquainted with it and advising any alterations that may be necessary.

Last night there was a conference in the Royal Hotel between Mr. Presson and T. H. Estabrooks, of this city, president of the company, and S. H. White and H. P. Robinson, of Sussex. Messrs. White and Robinson went home on the late train.

Hardware Men's Half-Holiday.

Tht hardware men are again in line for their three months half-holiday which in former years has been thoroughly enjoyed both by employers and employes. The following firms have signed the agreement: James Robertson Co., Ltd., I. & E. R. Burpee, W. H. Thorne & Co., Ltd., H. Horton & Sons, T. McAvity & Sons, Kerr & Robertson, S. Hayward Co., Ltd., Emerson & Fisher, Ltd., Jno. W. Addison (Est.), Miles E. Agar, McClary Manufacturing Co., Ltd., John J. Barry.

JUDGE AND LAWYER IN TILT IN COURT

Judge Forbes Calls Constable to Remove R. G. Murray, But Does Not Carry Out Threat.

Judge and lawyer in a lively verbal tilt furnished an interesting incident in the county court Tuesday afternoon. It was during the trial of the case of Murray vs. Clarke, a civic action which has been going on before Judge Forbes in chambers. While the grand jury were deliberating yesterday Judge Forbes took up the case.

The plaintiff is R. G. Murray, lawyer, and in his position as plaintiff he went to the witness stand to give evidence. W. H. Trueman represented him as counsel. A certain agreement forms part of the case and in connection with this the incident referred to arose.

Judge Forbes, at a certain point, told Mr. Murray not to talk, that his counsel would do that for him. Mr. Murray replied protesting that he had rights. One word led to another. Judge Forbes said he must not be talked back to by a young lawyer and finally he threatened to call a constable and have Mr. Murray removed from the court.

The lawyer's reply to this was that his honor might, if he wished, do as he said and call a constable.

Judge Forbes summoned Constable Rawlings, who advanced towards Mr. Murray, but did not lay hands upon him, while that gentleman remained awaiting developments. The incident, however, ended at that and the case was resumed. The hearing was concluded and judgment reserved.

LETTERS TO THE EDITOR

[The opinions of correspondents are not necessarily those of The Telegraph. This newspaper does not undertake to publish all or any of the letters received. Unsigned communications will not be noticed. Write on one side of the paper only. Communications must be plainly written; otherwise they will be rejected. Stamps should be enclosed if return of manuscript is desired in case it is not used. The name and address of the writer should be sent with every letter as evidence of good faith.—Ed. Telegraph.]

THE ROADS IN CHARLOTTE COUNTY.

To the Editor of The Telegraph:—

Sir,—There are points in the correspondence from Baillie which are not admissable. Your correspondent refers to those who blame the local government for damage to the roads, which damage is directly traceable to Jack Frost. Suppose that in Oak Bay there lives a man of far-seeing practical, judgment. Would he be the man to conduct the business of St. John in detail? Such a thought would be too silly and could not be entertained for a moment. How can a man living ten to sixty miles from a road district know just what is required? Our climate is such that it requires "Johnny-on-the-Spot" every day. The only good plan is statute labor. When a man is appointed surveyor he takes pride in keeping his district in repair; and that without charge. Now, to cut a way to run surface water off there is a bill goes with it. The people are likely to feel that their interest in the roads has been taken from them, and that it is the superintendents', not their business, to keep up the roads. The road law cannot recommend itself to the people of Charlotte. There is a road leading to St. David that, during the winter, is blocked with snow. To get their mail from the Oak Bay post office, they must come on snow shoes.

Yours, etc., ALDON.

Oak Bay, (N. B.), May 21, 1906.

TWO YOUNG MEN DROWNED TUESDAY

HALIFAX, May 23 (Special)—News of a double drowning at Terrence Bay, a small fishing settlement on the western shore was received here today. Jerry Slawenwhite and his son and another young man of the same name, were returning from their nets about noon, when their boat was upset by a squall. The two young men sank at once, but the father kept himself afloat and was rescued by a boat from the shore in an exhausted condition. The bodies of the victims are not yet recovered.

Weddings.

An interesting wedding took place at St. Peters church Wednesday at six o'clock, when Miss Josephine Kervin, fourth daughter of Joseph Kervin, of Indiantown, was married to James B. Power, of the St. John Railway Co. The ceremony was performed by Rev. Fr. Bourgman, C. S.S. R., and the bride, who was attended by Miss Margaret Mullin, was given away by her father. Hugh McCormick was best man.

The bride's costume was of cream silk voile, with chiffon hat. The bridesmaid wore white crepe de chine, and chiffon hat to match.

The groom's present to the bride was a set ring and to the bridesmaid a similar gift.

The happy couple will go this evening to their home, 234 Bridge street.

Mr. and Mrs. Power were the recipients of many useful and pretty wedding gifts.

A meeting of the Free Kindergarten committee was held in the Y. M. C. A. rooms Tuesday afternoon. The most important matter was a decision to open a branch in the North End in September if enough subscriptions can be secured. The display of kindergarten work at the fall exhibition was discussed and the advisability of having a kindergarten class in operation was considered. It was announced that the proceeds of the rummage sale recently held were $150. This with the other subscriptions will enable the committee to finish the year's work and have a balance in the bank.

WASHES CLOTHES IN FIVE MINUTES

25 minutes to wash a tubful of clothes by hand. 5 minutes to do it better with the

"New Century" Washing Machine

There's no rubbing—no keeping the hands in steaming, dirty water. Simply fill the tub half full of hot, soapy water, put in the clothes, turn the handle, and the "NEW CENTURY" does all the work.

Let us send you a book about this new way to wash clothes. It's free.

The Dowswell Mfg. Co., Limited
Hamilton, Canada

ANOTHER SEARCH FOR MISSING TOTS

Yesterday the Ninth Day Since Little Creamer Children Disappeared

HOPE ABOUT GONE

Expected That Bodies Would Float if Children Were Drowned, But Hunt of Nearby Streams Was Fruitless—General Belief Now is Kidnapping or Violence.

(By a Member of The Telegraph Staff.)

Cape Tormentine, N. B., May 22—(Special)—It is not known here whether the military will turn out on Victoria day to search the woods as suggested by Sheriff McQueen.

As the finding of the children becomes more of a problem the suspicion that there has been violence or kidnapping increases.

Sheriff McQueen, who has laid the Creamer case before Solicitor General Jones and Premier Tweedie, expected to hear from the latter tonight but at a late hour no reply had been received. The sheriff, who is in Dorchester, informed Magistrate Riley this evening that he had talked over the telephone with Mr. Jones in St. John but apparently no step will be taken until word is received from the premier. Sheriff McQueen said that if he did not hear by tonight he would certainly hear by tomorrow.

Magistrate Riley tonight informed the sheriff fully as to what had been done up to date, at the scene of the disappearance, and was requested to communicate immediately in the event of developments.

This afternoon, thinking possibly that the children had been drowned and that on the ninth day the babies would float, Magistrate Riley, Mr. Creamer and a few others made the rounds of the place, where the children, perhaps, met such a fate. The ponds, the brooks, the sea shore were visited, with the customary result.

Since Sunday, the gales have been increasing. A northwesterly wind has been driving upon the coast opposite Peacock Settlement, and a body afloat, in the opinion of life long residents, would undoubtedly be cast upon the shore. The party tramped the wide reaches of marsh and beach, but returned as mystified as ever.

Pond Drained.

A pond near the Creamer home was drained as far as possible, and into what water remained, shot guns were discharged, in the hope that the vibration would be of some effect in raising to the surface a possible body. It was powder and shot wasted.

Hope of finding the children has almost been abandoned. All that could be done has been done.

In certain quarters the impression that the children have been kidnapped is growing. Others believe, what they believed from the first, that there is some one in possession of information not yet given out. Mr. Creamer, although loath to entertain the suspicion, expressed such a view this afternoon.

As an example of the interest attached to the case a letter of sympathy and inquiry was received by Mr. Creamer this morning, from as far away as Toronto. It was from Mrs. Benwell, of Dundas street, and after the writer had assured Mr. Creamer and his wife of her deep concern, inquired whether he belonged to a Creamer family of Toronto. Mr. Creamer says that he is in all probability some distant connection.

Macaulay's Prophecy of Uncle Sam's Future

(Written by Lord Macaulay in 1857 in acknowledging a copy of a "Life of Jefferson" presented to him by a prominent New Yorker).

Holly Lodge, Kensington,
London, May 23, 1857.

Dear Sir,—You are surprised to learn that I have not a high opinion of Mr. Jefferson, and I am surprised at your surprise. I am certain that I never wrote a line, and that I never in parliament—a place where it is the fashion to court the populace—uttered a word, indicating an opinion that the supreme authority in a state ought to be trusted to the majority of citizens told by the head; in other words, to the poorest and most ignorant part of society. I have long been convinced that institutions purely democratic must, sooner or later, destroy liberty or civilization, or both. In Europe, where the population is dense, the effect of such institutions would be almost instantaneous. What happened lately in France is an example. In 1848 a pure democracy was established there. During a short time there was reason to expect a general spoliation, a national bankruptcy, a new partition of the soil, a maximum of prices, a ruinous load of taxation laid on the rich for the purpose of supporting the poor in idleness. Such a system would, in twenty years, have made France as poor and barbarous as the France of the Carlovingians. Happily, the danger was averted; and now there is a despotism, a silent tribune, an enslaved press. Liberty is gone, but civilization has been saved. I have not the smallest doubt that, if we had a purely democratic government here, the effect would be the same. Either the poor would plunder the rich and civilization would perish, or order and prosperity would be saved by a strong military government, and liberty would perish.

You may think that your country enjoys an exemption from these evils; I will frankly own to you that I am of a very different opinion. Your fate I believe to be certain, though it is deferred by a physical cause. As long as you have a boundless extent of fertile and unoccupied land, your laboring population will be far more at ease than the laboring population of the old world; and while that is the case the Jefferson politics may continue to exist without causing any fatal calamity. But the time will come when New England will be as thickly settled as Old England. Wages will be as low, and will fluctuate as much with you as with us. You will have your Manchesters and Birminghams. And in those Manchesters and Birminghams hundreds and thousands of artisans will sometimes be out of work. Then your institutions will be fairly brought to the test. Distress everywhere makes the laborer mutinous and discontented, and inclines him to listen with eagerness to agitators, who tell him that it is a monstrous iniquity that one man should have a million while another cannot get a full meal.

In bad years there is plenty of grumbling here, and sometimes a little rioting; but it matters little, for here the sufferers are not the rulers. The supreme power is in the hands of a class, numerous indeed, but select—of an educated class—of a class which is, and knows itself to be, deeply interested in the security of property and the maintenance of order. Accordingly the malcontents are gently but firmly restrained. The bad time is got over without robbing the wealthy to relieve the indigent. The springs of national prosperity soon begin to flow again; work is plentiful, wages rise, and all is tranquility and cheerfulness. I have seen England pass, three or four times, through such critical seasons as I have described. Through such seasons the United States will have to pass in the course of the next century, if not of this. How will you pass through them? I heartily wish you good deliverance. But my reason any my wishes are at war, and I cannot help foreboding the worst. It is quite plain that your government will never be able to restrain a distressed and discontented majority. For, with you, the majority is the government, and has the rich, who are always the minority, absolutely at its mercy. The day will come when, in the state of New York, a multitude of people, none of whom has had more than half a breakfast, or expects to have more than half a dinner, will choose a legislature. Is it possible to doubt what sort of a legislature will be chosen? On one side is a statesman preaching patience, respect for vested rights, strict observance of public faith; on the other is a demagogue, ranting about the tyranny of the capitalists and usurers, and asking why anybody should be permitted to drink champagne and to ride in a carriage while thousands of honest folk are in want of necessaries. Which of the two candidates is likely to be preferred by a workman who hears his children cry for bread?

I seriously apprehend you will, in some such season of adversity as I have described, do things that will prevent prosperity from returning; that you will act like people who should, in a season of scarcity, devour all the seed corn, and thus make the next year not one of scarcity, but of absolute famine. There will be, I fear, spoliation. The spoliation will increase the distress. The distress will produce fresh spoliation. There is nothing to stop you. Your constitution is all sail and no anchor. As I said before, when a society has entered on its downward progress either civilization or liberty must perish. Either some Caesar or Napoleon will seize the reins of government with a strong hand or your republic will be as fearfully plundered and laid waste by barbarians in the twentieth century as the Roman empire was in the fifth—with this difference, that the Huns and Vandals who ravaged the Roman empire came from without, and that your Huns and Vandals will have been engendered within your country by your own institutions.

Thinking thus, of course I cannot reckon Jefferson among the benefactors of mankind.

Yours respectfully,
Thomas Babington Macaulay.

Mr. H. S. Randall,
New York, U. S. A.

More About Embalming Fluid.

New York, May 22.—More evidence about the effect of embalming fluid upon the lungs, was introduced today by District Attorney Jerome at the hearing of Albert T. Patrick's motion for a new trial. Dr. Hamilton Williams and Dr. Otto Schultz, coroners physicians, testified that embalming fluid of the kind and in the quantity used upon William M. Rice, of whole murder Patrick is accused, would not enter the lungs or leave there any indication of its presence.

Two Boys Drowned.

Lowell, Mass., May 22.—Two young boys were drowned in the raceway between the Merrimack and Boott mills, in this city today during the noon hour. It is not yet known positively who they were but it is believed they were Daniel Lynch, of 176 Adams street, and Arthur Wells of 35 Perkins street, each aged 13 years. Both have been reported missing and are known to have gone to the canal to search for pigeons eggs. The bodies have not been recovered.

Bryan Endorsed for President

Lima, May 22.—William Jennings Bryan was endorse for president here today by the Democratic judicial convention of sixteen counties of northwestern Ohio.

The C. P. R. each season stores at Brownville about 30,000 tons of Virginia coal for the winter. Heretofore this coal has been hauled from Searsport over the B. & A. This year it is being taken by barge to Bangor, thence over the Maine Central to Mattawamkeag and on to Brownville.

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