General Business.

FISHING TACKLE.

A fine assortment of Fishing Tackle just received at the Newcastle Drug Store.

Rods from 15c. to $7.50.
Reels from 50c. to $4.00.
Lines from 3c. to $6.00.

An Extra supply of Casts from 15c. to 90c.

ALL THE POPULAR FLIES, SUCH AS,

Jock Scott, Durham Ranger, Popham, Silver Doctor, Black Dose, Nigger, Dusty Miller and Butcher.

Also a lot of novelties, consisting of folding hats, drinking cups and pocket flasks.

Newcastle Drug Store,
E. LEE STREET, Proprietor.

Newcastle, May 10, 1897.

AT THE CHATHAM CARRIAGE —AND— Agricultural Warerooms.

$85.00. $85.00.

The '97 Model.

MASSEY, HARRIS BICYCLE

Beautiful in Design!
Faultless in Construction!

The standard equipment of this Bicycle is like the machine itself, the best that can possibly be produced.

Dunlop Tires, Perry Chain, Christy Saddle.

—ALSO—

FEATHERSTONE BICYCLE '97 MODEL.

COMBINATION TANDEMS.

The Duke $60; The Duchess $60;
The Prince $50; The Princess $50;
The Midget $40.

ALSO

Beebe Wooltrame Bicycle $60.

ALEX. ROBINSON Agent,
Chatham, N. B

GO TO PORTLAND, BOSTON, ETC.

VIA THE

Canada Eastern Railway and Fredericton.

Leave	Loggieville	6.00 a.m.
"	Chatham	6.12 a.m.
"	Chatham Jc.	6.45 a.m.
"	Doaktown	8.50 a.m.
"	Boiestown	9.35 a.m.
"	Cross Creek	10.47 a.m.
Arrive	Fredericton	12.15 p.m.
Leave	"	4.20 p.m.
Arrive	Bangor	11.10 p.m.
"	Portland	3.50 a.m.
"	Boston	7.25 a.m.

Pullman Sleeper runs through from Fredericton Juncton to Boston.

Jubilee Millinery,

—AT—

THE BOUQUET.

In commemoration of the

QUEEN'S JUBILEE,

I will now sell the remainder of my choice stock of millinery and fancy goods

AT A LARGE DISCOUNT.

The ladies who have not yet procured their midsummer millinery will do well to call at the Bouquet and secure great bargains.

JOSIE NOONAN.

Executors' Notice.

All persons having just claims against the Estate of the late John Shirreff, High Sheriff deceased, are hereby requested to file the same duly attested with M. S. Benson, Attorney at-Law, within three months from the date hereof, and all persons indebted to the said Estate are required to make immediate payment to Mary Henrietta Shirreff.

Dated at Chatham 15th day of March, 1897.

MARY HENRIETTA SHIRREFF, Executrix.
HARRY SHIRREFF, Executor.

WOOD-GOODS!

WE MANUFACTURE AND HAVE FOR SALE

Laths,
Palings,
Box Shooks,
Barrel Heading,
Matched Flooring,
Matched Sheathing,
Dimensioned Lumber,
Sawn Spruce Shingles.

THOS. W. FLETT,
NELSON.

IMPROVED PREMISES

Just arrived and on Sale at

Roger Flanagan's

Wall Papers, Window Shades,
Dry Goods,
Ready Made, Clothing,
Gents' Furnishings
Hats, Caps
Boots, Shoes &c. &c

Also a choice lot of

GROCERIES & PROVISIONS.

R. FLANAGAN,
ST. JOHN STREET CHATHAM.

Miramichi Advance.

CHATHAM, N. B. - - JULY 22, 1897.

An Unusually Hot Period.

People get a little tired of reading weather items in some of the country papers, which in every issue offer such information as "Rain fell on Tuesday," or "We are having good weather now," but persons abroad, especially those who have read such ideas of Canada's climate as are implied in Kipling's "Our Lady of Snows" will, perhaps, be surprised to learn that for the seventeen days of July, from the fourth to the twentieth, inclusively, the maximum thermometrical readings at the Dominion meteorological station, Chatham, averaged eighty-four and three-tenths, and the minimum fifty-eight and six-tenths. This is an average for each twenty-four hours of about four degrees warmer than the corresponding period last year.

Last year, our hottest day was 17th June, when the mercury rose to 91 in the shade. This year our hottest was Tuesday, 20 July, when it registered 97. We have, however, in the hot period of this month, 96.5 on 6th, 91 on 7th, 95.5 on 8th and several other days very near the nineties. We give the temperatures recorded at the Government station here for the period from 4th to 20th July, compared with same for 1896, for which we are indebted to Mr. Jas. F. Connors, the official observer:—

	1897.		1896.	
	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.
July 4,	81.5	41.5	75.4	49.0
5,	89.0	61.0	61.5	52.5
6,	96.5	63.0	65.0	51.0
7,	91.0	66 0	63.0	49.7
8,	95.5	65.5	76.0	59.7
9,	63.5	56.5	86.0	58.0
10,	81.5	51.5	88.5	60.5
11,	80.0	58.5	84.0	65.0
12,	83.0	58.0	89.5	59.6
13,	60.0	56.5	82.0	67.5
14,	85.5	57.5	80.3	58.0
15,	84.0	68.5	79.5	53.5
16,	87.0	61.0	69 5	62.5
17,	85.5	62.0	75.7	53.0
18,	82.0	53.5	83.0	50.5
19,	89 5	57.0	83.5	55.5
20,	97.0	60.0	84.2	57.5

The effect of the continued heat this month is shown by the humidity which was 64 on 6th and only 44 on 20th. The period may, therefore, be considered an unusual one in the meteorology of this part or the country.

LATEST:—Readings of yesterday, 21st were, maximum 92, minimum 64.

Hon Mr Blair.

Hon. A. G. Blair, Minister of Railways and Canals, arrived at Fredericton on Monday, having come from Ottawa by the C. P. R. route. He is having a holiday, and however strong and vigorious he may be, there ought to be no doubt that he needs a period of rest and freedom from the pressure of official business. The faithfulness with which he has stood at the post of duty since he took charge of his important department of the government, has won the admiration of friends and opponents alike, and it is to be hoped that his holiday-time will not be marred by either the intrusion of unforseen official duties, or the, perhaps, more worrying and importunate attentions of interested political friends. When he has had a rest it is probable that he will resume the role of the official and have a look over the Intercolonial Railway and other matters and things which require his personal attention.

The New Post Office Inspector.

Dr. Newton R. Colter, of Woodstock, who, at a meeting of the cabinet at Ottawa on Saturday, was appointed Post Office Inspector for New Brunswick, is of Irish origin, his father having come from Leitrim, Ireland, in 1826, and settled at Sheffield, where Dr. Colter was born in 1844. He was educated at Sackville Academy and graduated M. D. at Harvard in 1866. In the following year he obtained the degree of L. R. C. P. in London, England. In 1871 he married Miss Jane Hatt, of Fredericton. Dr. Colter has been prominent in the local affairs of Woodstock for many years, but never was a candidate for political honors until 1891, when he redeemed the county from the Conservatives. In the last general election he was defeated. Dr. Colter has been a staunch Liberal and a sturdy advocate of Liberal principles in and out of season. He had strong claims on the party, which the government has recognized on the first suitable opportunity. There is no doubt that he will make a capable and efficient officer. [St. John Globe.

St. John Letter.

A friend asks me, "How shall I spend my vacation so as to get the most out of it? I have no new clothes to display and and I don't like crowds." The question can be answered without a moment's reflection. If you are a bicyclist take your wheel and journey on any road leading out of the city. At dinner time stop at the most attractive farm house in sight; after dinner negotiate for a fortnight's stay, or continue on a few miles further, where you are sure to be suited. If you are not a wheelman, give a boy anywhere from one to five dollars and tell him to spend all of the money in the purchase of a railway or steamboat ticket. Leave the route he hits upon entirely to chance. He may send you up the St. John, into Grand Lake, or up the Bellisle, the Washademoak or the Kennebecasis, or you may be left at some way station on the C. P. R. the I. C. R. or the Canada Eastern. No matter where, you will find just what you want: hospitable people, quiet, home made bread, fresh vegetables and fruit, butter about which lingers the odor of new mown hay, eggs warm from the nest, milk that has neither watered nor skimmed, grass to roll in, apple trees to give you shade, brooks to fish in and birds and squirrels to sing and chatter to you. With Hansen's "Furthest north" and a half dozen new novels, or some old ones, like "The House of the seven gables," "A Chance Acquaintance" and "Kidnapped," which can be read over and over with interest, your fortnight's vacation will be very pleasurably spent.

He is a public benefactor who makes two blades of grass grow where but one grew before, and every farmer does this who uses Albert's Thomas Phosphate as a fall top dressing on his meadow and pasture lands. It has been demonstrated that by its use the crop is frequently doubled, its feeding value greatly increased, and that its good effects are apparent for six or eight succeeding years.

The St John plumber is noted for his modesty. The other day a landlord asked him if he would take care of the pipes and faucets in his tenements for the ensuing year. After an elaborate calculation on his fingers he answered that for a bonus of $20 he would chance it.

A local paper says of steamer Victoria which was launched last week, "She will probably surpass in speed and elegance anything that ever floated on the broad bosom of the mighty St. John."

About 200 Knights of Pythias from Boston, guests of the St John Knights, arrived in the city on Tuesday and made a fine appearance in parade Wednesday accompanied by their brethren. They had a moonlight sail on the river Wednesday evening and returned home Thursday apparently well pleased with their reception.

Clifton's first shipment of strawberries to Boston this season, 25 crates, went through the city last Wednesday.

At one time last week there were fifteen English and European steamers and sixteen sailing vessels in port loading lumber for the continental markets. Their cargoes total 50,000,000 feet, something more than St. John's entire European shipments in July 1895 and 1896.

The markets continue quiet. Flour is unchanged. Oatmeal is firm at $3 35 and cornmeal at $1 80 to $1 85 per barrel. Sugars have advanced from 3 16 to ¼ cent per pound. Canned tomatoes and peas are scarce at 80 to 90 cents per dozen. Choice creamery butter is in good supply at 15 cents, cheese at 9½ cents, and eggs are wanted at 10 cents.

Runaway teams continue to menace the lives of pedestrians in all parts of the city.

Northrup & Co., South Wharf, are disposing of immense quantities of Flag Ship salmon, the finest fish that comes from Fraser river.

St. John, July 19.

News and Notes.

J. D. Cox, of Upper Stewiacke, N. S., has discovered a large deposit of raw umber on his farm.

Sir Wilfrid Laurier, Hon. A. G Blair, and Col. Tucker, M. P, have been elected Fellows of the Royal Colonial Institute.

Hon. G. E. Foster has been chosen president of the Merchants' Fire Insurance Company, recently organized at Toronto.

PITTSBURG, PA., July 20.—A cloud burst near Carnegie, last night, damaged property to the extent of $25,000. The water rose so rapidly that the miners were forced to flee to the hills for safety.

DODGE POLE, NEB., July 20.—A cloudburst six miles west of this place washed out one mile of railroad track. All trains are tied up. Every dam between here and Sydney is washed out. This is the worst flood ever known here.

DENVER, COL., July 20.—Severe snowstorms is reported from all the higher portions in the mountain districts. Three inches of snow at Cripple Creek, Aspen and other points and one inch at Leadville. The weather is uncomfortably cool even in Denver.

A hitch is said to have occurred regarding the boats of the proposed new fast Atlantic service, the contractors and government both abandoning the turret type of steamers in favor of the Campania type. The contractors will ask increased subsidy on account of the change.

MARION, OHIO, July 20.—Succession of terrible electrical storms with rainfalls passed over the city and vicinity. George Stout while driving a mower was killed by lightning. Charles Seiter and Wm. Sontafl, mechanics returning home from work, were struck down on the street. Four men near Radnor, fifteen miles from this city were killed.

John Balcham, aged 70 years, suicided at Charlottetown on Monday by taking a dose of Paris Green. Balcham was to have given evidence in a Scott Act case and when the policeman went after him he found him dead with a tin of Paris green near by. It is said that the deceased recently remarked that he would rather die than to give evidence in a Scott Act case.

The Dominion trade returns for the fiscal year ending June 30 show that the total trade on the basis of goods entered for consumption and exported amounted in value to $244,852,000, compared with $228 728,000, the corresponding returns in 1895, an increase for 1897 of $16,124,000. For the month of June the imports amounted to $8,986,000 against $9,083,000 in 1896, and the exports to $16,825,000 against $11,931,000 in 1896. The duty collected for the month was $1,501,000, compared with $1,572,000 in 1896.

A meeting of the shareholders of the Canadian Shipping Company was held in their office, Montreal, last week with the result that the proposition from Messrs. Petersen, Tate & Co., in regard to the taking over of all the steamships of the old Beaver line, the offices and, in fact, the entire business of what is now known as the Canada Shipping Company, was formally agreed upon. What transpired at the meeting, outside the bare fact that the Petersen-Tate proposal and price were accepted, is being kept a secret. Messrs. Petersen, Tate & Co. are the fast line contractors and it is believed they will use the Beaver Line boats in connection with their freight service.

The news of gold discoveries in the Yukon territory may be, very properly, taken with some—perhaps with many—grains of allowance. Nevertheless the actual arrival of the gold proves that the reports concerning this new El Dorado have a substantial basis of fact. For the time Rossland and all the mining region of British Columbia are in the shade. There will, probably, be a great rush to the Yukon, and while the distance seems to be very great it is not so remote from civilized centres as was California when men started thither by either the overland route or the sea route around Cape Horn. Circle City which is referred to in the gold-reporting despatches is a thriving place with a theatre, electric lights, street railway and other necessaries of advanced civilization.

Colonel Waters, of the British Embassy at St. Petersburg, who has just performed a journey across Siberia, says:—"I can deny with absolute authority the oft-repeated stories of Siberian horrors and Russian cruelty.... I caught up hundreds of convicts on the road, and conversed with them in their own language. In the depth of a Russian winter, with ninety degrees of frost, I found these exiles traveling in comfort, smoking and singing. In every case they were well clothed and well fed, and, so far from dying on the roadside, any prisoner falling lame or becoming ill was placed in a carriage and driven to the nearest hospital.... I have not only not seen any case of ill-treatment, but, what is more, I have not even heard of one.... I am perfectly satisfied that the treatment of all classes of prisoners is remarkably kind, and that the sensational stories current in some quarters are absolutely untrue."

In the British House of Commons Friday Mr. Balfour said the government did not intend to institute any prosecutions as a result of the report of the select South Africa committee. Speaker Gully ruled that as the committee had not reported the contumacy of B. F. Hawksley, the attorney of Cecil Rhodes, for refusing to produce certain telegrams at the time the offence was committed, the question of summoning him to the bar of the house need not now be raised. A curious scene took place in the House later. Mr. Blackwood, a money lender who had refused to answer certain questions put to him by a committee of parliament now investigating the methods of British money lenders, was summoned for contumacy to the bar of the House. After considerable hesitation he promised to answer the inquiries of the committee. John Dillon vehemently denounced the government and contrasted what he called its persecution of a humble and unfortunate money lender with the course that had been pursued in the cases of Rhodes and Hawksley. He began to discuss the report of the South Africa committee, when he was called sharply to order by Speaker Gully and sat down amid the cheers of the Irish members.

Sir L. H. Davies on the Behring Sea Controversy.

The Hon. L H. Davies, the Canadian Minister of Marine, who was summoned to London in connection with the Behring Sea controversy and the Belgian and German trade treaties, said to the correspondent of the 'Associated Press'—'Since my arrival I have conferred with Mr. John W. Foster, the United States special commissioner on the sealing question, and with the British Colonial Office. The latest phase of the matter is a proposal emanating from the United States Government that the American, Canadian and British seal commissioners should meet this autumn, return to the sealing grounds and in conjunction with officials specially representing the governments concerned, consider the situation in the light of the later facts collected by specialists. This plan was submitted by Mr. Foster only a few days ago. Nothing can be done this season and Great Britain has decided that there is insufficient data to justify any change. The fact is that the Americans have never loyally accepted the Paris award and never accepted the fact that the sealing herd, as a herd, is not more theirs than ours. It seems that their movement now is more or less controlled by the idea of getting the Paris award altered. From the evidence which I have examined I am strongly of the opinion that if the interests of the sealers themselves are to be regarded, they cannot stand a further loss of rights.'

Old Fogy and Short-sighted Merchants.

The manufacturers of Diamond Dyes receive letter orders every day from country places for Diamond Dyes. Ladies say their village store-keeper has been talked into buying one of the very inferior makes put up to outwardly imitate the world famed Diamond Dyes. They have tried these dyes, and the result was failure and loss of goods.

These country storekeepers (many of them) will not put in a stock of Diamond Dyes until they get rid of their goods. This means loss of trade to the short-sighted dealer. Diamond Dyes are certainly the favorites in country, town and city, and all live merchants sell them.

Any lady in the country who cannot obtain Diamond Dyes from her dealer can write to Wells & Richardson Co., Montreal, for the color required, stating whether it is to dye wool, cotton or silk, and the dyes will be sent by mail.

Flourishing Foresters.

CAMPBELLTON, July 14.—The High Court of I. O. F. was duly opened by High Chief Ranger Kinghorn in the Masonic Hall at 10 this morning. After the opening ceremonies the following committees were appointed:

Reception—Dr. Mullin, C. H. Taylor, Thomas Murray, D. G. Lingley, G. W. Mersereau.

Finance—W. J. S Myles, G. G. Scovil, W. Currie, G. F. Fowler, Dr. Morehouse.

State of Order—LeB. Coleman, Judge Wedderburn, H. Nadeau, A. C. Gibson, H. McKinney.

Constitution—A. W. Macrae, W. W. Charter, A. B. Coff, H. Atkinson, E. W. Paul.

Credentials—F. W. Merson, J. V. Russell, Major Campbell, C. F. Stultz, W. Baird.

Distribution—E. R. Chapman, G. P. Eastman, John McGibbon, John Betts, J. A. McQueen.

New Business—W. W. Wells, Thos. G. Colpitts, C. A. Smith, W. Hoyt, F. Fales.

Officials—A. W. Ebbett, R. Steeves, J. S. Fleming, K. Macrae, M. H. Goodspeed.

Press—J. T. Hawke, A. M. B King, George E. Day, E. W. Chandler.

Journal Secretary—H. McAfee.

Supreme Secretary McGillivray was enthusiastically received, accompanied by High Councillor Judge Wedderburn, Supreme Chief Ranger D. Oronhyatekha is yet in England and will leave there on the 16th inst. for home.

There is a very full representation of delegates, the number registered being over 125 with others to come on later trains.

The following delegates from the various courts in Northumberland County were present:—

Burnswick, Chatham—Geo. Stothart.

Boiestown—John S. Pond, Dr. W. N. Irvine.

Blackfield, Doaktown—Geo. W. Mersereau.

Blackville—James H. Dale.

Doaktown—R. H. Doak.

Douglastown—R. J. Coltart.

Happy Retreat, Derby—B. Clark, John Betts.

Miramichi, Newcastle—R. L. Maltby, J. S Fleming.

The high auditors reported the receipts as follows: Dues, $2,556.49; supplies, $770.56; fees, $1,650.18; miscellaneous, $75. Total, $5,052.23. Expenditures: Treasurer's orders, $4,178.47. Surplus, $873.76. Add last balance, $546.32. Balance on hand, $1,420.08. A sworn affidavit is attached.

Seventy-three new representatives received the high court degree.

The high chief's address was read and referred to a committee.

The high standing committee separately reported from the several districts into which the province is divided. They all showed the order in a highly flourishing condition, financially and numerically.

Reports of the secretary and treasurer were read. Two new courts were instituted in Westmorland last week, Court Fort Cumberland at Westmorland Point with a membership of fifteen, and Court Baie Verte at Baie Verte with seventeen members.

High Secretary Emmerson stated: In last August we had within this province about 4,700 members and 125 subordinate courts; today I can report our membership as being about 5,100 and that we have 141 subordinate courts. For the first time since 1887 I have to report the suspension of a court in this jurisdiction.

Seventeen courts have been organized, viz: By the High Secretary, in Northumberland county 4, Kent county 3, Westmorland county 2, Queens county 1; by Past High Chief Ranger Coleman, in Restigouche county 2, Northumberland county 1, Westmorland county 1, York county 1, St. John county 1, Sunbury county 1.

Reference was made to the losses sustained by death, which have been somewhat numerous, and to the good resulting through the organized visitation made by high standing committee. His financial statement gave the receipts as follows: Supplies, $770.56; dues, $2,556.49; fees, $1,650 18. Total, $5,052 23. The amount of indebtedness of subordinate courts to the High Court follows: For supplies, $229.67; for dues, $513.99; for charters, $2,725.66. Total, $3,469 32. There is $232.81 due to subordinate courts by the High Court for various causes.

The assets are: Cash, $1,420.08; supplies, $248; regalia, $193.50; P. E. Island, $1,000; subordinate courts, $3,469.32; total $5,430.90.

The liabilities are: Due Supreme Court, $3,107.86; Dr. Mullin, $5.00; subordinate courts, $232.81; F. W. Emmerson, for organizing, $565.88, LeB. Coleman, for organizing, $400.74; total $4,312.29.

Balance in favor of the High Court, $1,118.61.

The High Treasurer's report exhibited: Cash on hand, $546.32. Cash from secretary, $5,052 23. Total $5,598.55 Total disbursements, $4,178.47. Cash on hand, $1,420.08. Grand total, $5,598.55.

CAMPBELLTON, July 15.—The high Court, I. O. Foresters, on Wednesday voted down a proposition to select a permanent meeting place.

Supreme Secretary McGillivray delivered an address and took occasion to refer to some strictures passed upon him at the last meeting for mixing in politics, showing to the satisfaction of all who heard him that his course had been a manly one all through.

Mr. J. T. Hawke replied. He told of the way McGillivray's friends stuffed ballot boxes and asked if it were done in the interests of Forestry? He became so very offensive, in a political way that Major Maltby, of Newcastle, called him down, declaring they had not come there to air their political prejudices but to promote the interests of Forestry. He said Mr. McGillivray's remarks and explanations of his course were perfectly satisfactory.

The High Court passed a resolution of confidence in Mr. McGillivray and thanked him for his address.

In the evening a grand public meeting was held in the rink, addressed by a number of prominent Foresters.

Rev. Alex. McGillivray, editor of the Independent Forester, was present this morning and made an interesting address.

The finance committee reported a decrease in the High Court's indebtedness to the Supreme Court; advising the reduction of capitation tax from the subordinate to the High Court; expressing regret over the divergence of dues from the subordinates from the purposes originally intended; that courts in arrears be not allowed to vote hereafter until such arrears are paid; that a Foresters' booth be located at the coming exhibition in St. John. The report was adopted.

Rev. Bro. McGillivray brought forward the movement now in progress looking toward the erection of a bronze statue to Dr. Oronhytekha in the Temple building at Toronto. Should the funds to be raised be more than was necessary the surplus to be devoted to the procuring of a cot in a hospital.

No definite action was taken, the matter being looked upon as one to be dealt with by the subordinates.

The committee on the State of the Order suggested that the members of the High Standing committee hold public meetings in localities where weak or languishing courts are situated, and that other special attention be given to such courts. Adjourned.

At this afternoon's session the following officers were elected:—

H. C. R.—Hon. Judge Wedderburn, (without opposition.)

H. V. C. R.—W. J. S. Myles, St. John.

H. S.—F. W. Emmerson, (re-elected.)

H. T.—E. P. Eastman, (re-elected.)

H. Phys.—Dr. B. M. Mullen, (re-elected.)

H. Coun.—E R. Chapman, (re-elected.)

H. Auditors—J. V. Russell, (re-elected) and Thomas Murray, Sackville.

At the evening session H. C. R. Wedderburn nominated the following appointed officers: Rev. D. Fiske, H. Chap.; Hector Nadeau, S. W.; W. G. Fraser, J. W.; W. McK. Weldon, S. B.; Bro. Mitchell, J. B.; A. Hastings, H. Mar.; S. L T. McKnight, H. Con.; A. W. Ebbett, H. Mess.; John Farley, H. I. S. The officers were installed by Rev. Alex. McGillivray.

The finance committee recommended the payment of the following salaries: High chief ranger, one hundred dollars; high secretary, ensuing year, three hundred and fifty; high treasurer, thirty-five; high journal secretary, twenty; high auditors, fifteen each; press committee, thirty; and for hall, ten dollars; also that eight hundred copies of minutes be printed.

St John was selected by ballot as the next place of meeting. The date is the second Wednesday in July.

A Prominent City Official

Thinks As Highly of Paine's Celery Compound as He Did Years Ago.

Mr. J. T. Dillon, Chairman of the Board of Assessors of the city of Montreal, is one of the best known and most popular citizens of the great metropolis.

As Mr. Dillon had some years ago given public testimony regarding the life giving virtues of Paine's Celery Compound, he was recently asked if his opinions had in any way changed as far as the value of the great curing medicine is concerned.

Mr. Dillon's reply was prompt, and his statement as strong as words could make it. His brief letter reads as follows:

"I am in receipt of your valued favor, and would say that I most cheerfully testify again to the worth, value and merits of Paine's Celery Compound.

"I am never without a bottle of it in my possession, and I partake of it daily. This I have been in the habit of doing for some seven years, and can affirm that, judging from experience, it is a most wonderful nerve restorer and tonic. Hardly a day passes by me that I am not asked the question, 'What do you do to yourself to preserve your youthful appearance?' My reply is, 'I take Paine's Celery Compound.'"

A Big Undertaking.

Holland is engaged in the engineering feat of draining the Zuyder Zee. The gulf is 50 miles in length and 210 miles in circumference. Five hundred thousand acres will thus be reclaimed and afford living room for 200,000 inhabitants. The work is proceeding by means of a dam built from the mainland to the Island of Wieringen on either side, thus cutting off the jealous sea constantly looking over the shoulder of the quaint country. Upon the chain of islands extending across the upper portion of the Zuyder Zee have lived for centuries a population engaged in fishing industries and to whom the dry land will mean a total loss of livelihood. There are some 2,000 households that will be displaced. The government, however appears to know the meaning of justice and has recently decided to pension the old fishermen and provide the younger men with craft fitter for sailing the North Sea and to insure them against accident. A special committee has been appointed to carry out the purpose.

Terrors of Rheumatism.

A REMEDY WHICH IS INSTANTANEOUS AND PERMANENT IN EFFECT—A CALGARY RESIDENT, CRIPPLED FOR THREE YEARS, BECOMES STRONG AS AN ATHLETE.

No subtle or mysterious force could be more miraculous in its effects than is South American Cure in all cases of rheumatism. James A. Anderson, of Calgary, N. W. T., says that seven or eight years ago he became afflicted with rheumatism, and for three years it made him a cripple, so that he had to use a stick to get about. In his own words: "I suffered untold misery, and though treated by the best physicians in the country, and I spent a term in the hospital, recovery seemed as hopeless as ever. A friend recommended South American Rheumatism Cure. It gave help immediately and after the second bottle I threw away my stick. To day I am as strong as an athlete." Price 75 cents.

Programme

OF THE FIRST PROVINCIAL CONVENTION OF THE NEW BRUNSWICK C. E. UNION HELD IN GERMAN STREET BAPTIST CHURCH, SAINT JOHN, AUGUST 11-13, 1897.

WEDNESDAY EVENING, 7.45

SERVICE OF SONG.

Address of Welcome, for the city, by the Mayor.
Address of Welcome, for Saint John C. E. Union, by Mr. W. C. Cross.
Address of Welcome, for the churches, by Rev. T F. Fotheringham.
Reply,—A Delegate.

MUSIC.

Address, "Practical Christianity," Prof. Case.
Remarks. Announcements.

THURSDAY.

6.30 SUNRISE PRAYER MEETING.

Forenoon Session.

9 30 Devotional half hour.
10.00 Address, Rev. Smith Baker, D. D., of Boston, Mass.
Music.
Appointment of Committees.
Conference.
11.00 Address, "A Young Christian's Ideals," Rev. C. T. Phillips.
Question Box.

Afternoon Session

2.00 Devotional half hour.
2.30 Reports of Superintendents.
3.00 Address, "Christlikeness," Rev. J. M. Robinson.
Music.
3 30 Address, "The Junior Wheel," Miss Lena L. Woodill, Halifax, N. S.
Open Parliament,
Question Box.

Evening Session

7 30 Devotional half hour.
Address, Rev. Smith Baker, D. D.
Music.
Address, Rev. J. D. Freeman.
Conference,

FRIDAY.

6.30 SUNRISE PRAYER MEETING.

Forenoon Session

9.30 Devotional half hour.
10.00 Reports of Committees.
10.30 Address, "Christian Culture Helpful to Christian Service," Rev. W. Camp.
11.00 Address to Junior Workers, by Miss Woodill.
Music,
Conference,
Question Box,

Afternoon Session.

2.00 Devotional half hour.
2.30 Address, "The Endeavorer's Educational Opportunities," Rev. F. W. Murray.
Music.
Address, Prof. Andrews.
Music.
General Business.

Evening Session

7.30 Devotional half hour.
8 00 Resolutions,
Music,
Address, "Consecration," Rev. T. Trotter, D. D., of Wolfville.
Music.
Addresses, Rev Smith Baker, D.D.
Consecration Service.

Mizpah Benediction.

A Pioneer's Story.

FOLLOWING AN ATTACK OF LAGRIPPE HE SUFFERED DAY AND NIGHT FOR FOUR YEARS —A WELL KNOWN CLERGYMAN ENDORSES HIS STATEMENTS.

From the Record, Windsor, Ont.

Among the residents of Kingsville, Ont., none is held in higher esteem than Mr. Jas. Lovelace, who is known not only in town, but to many throughout Essex county. When a correspondent of the Record called upon him and asked him to verify certain statements as to his cure from a painful malady after several years of suffering, he cheerfully did so. Mr. Lovelace said:—Four years ago I had a bad attack of la grippe, which left me with a severe pain in the pit of my stomach. After trying household remedies and getting no relief, I consulted a doctor, but after a long treatment which did not help me, I became discouraged and concluded there was no relief for me. Night and day for four years that pain never left me. At times it was so bad that I had to give up work. I had frequently read of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills and perhaps as much out of curiosity as with any hope that they would help me, I bought a box. I followed the directions carefully, and by the time the box was finished I was surprised to find that I was getting relief. I could not understand how, after all the medicine I had previously tried had failed, this one box of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills should help me. I now cheerfully continued their use and by the time I had taken five boxes every trace of pain had left me and I felt as well as ever I had done in my life. To-day I am as sound as a dollar and believe there is no man of my age in Essex county who can stand a harder day's work.

Rev. R. D. Herrington, Baptist minister at Kingsville, says:—"Having known Mr James Lovelace for the past thirty years, I believe the above statements made by him to be strictly true. I might also say that I have been greatly benefitted myself by the use of Dr. Williams's Pink Pills.

A Chainless Bicycle.

In the opinion of many experts the chainless wheel will become the future fad. There can be no doubt that the transmission of power through a chain has more than one drawback; and every effort is being made to substitute new methods. The bicycle here mentioned is a chainless machine, in which the hind wheel is the driver. The gear mechanism consists of two rings mounted upon independent axles revolving in ballbearing boxes. These boxes are provided with strong disks connected by a rod that serves as a fixed axle upon which the driving wheel revolves. The advantage is thus obtained of having a very strong internal gearing and a frame that never has any tendency to get out of true. This machine is much shorter than others.

"England."

The following, which is reprinted from "The British Californian," is of a class not often found in United States papers. Its Kiplingism, renders it none the less worthy of appreciation:—

It seems to me that everything I read these latter days
Abuse of all things English is, or fulsome English praise
It's England this; it's England that; it's England day by day;
It's England leads in everything; it's England blocks the way.
If nations rise, or nations fall, or battles fierce take place
Between contending savages of some barbaric race
In Africa, or India, or far Afghanistan,
We read that Englishmen are there to gobble all they can.

If France in frenzy shouts aloud that England grabs too much;
Or Germany is found to be with Kruger quite in touch;
Or Russia makes a sudden move out in the purple East:
Or Turkey whips poor little Greece; or China kills a priest;
On land or sea, in any part of this great world of ours
If aught occur concerning things of interest to the powers—
The nations seem to stand aghast, and, if the news be true,
Their rulers all, with one accord, ask "What will England do?"

How comes it that this Mighty One, perched on her sea girt throne,
Gives orders to the world at large, in every clime and zone?
I know not; only this I know, the role that England plays
Was never even dreamt of by the Rome of ancient days.
In commerce, finance, business life, in what we eat and wear,
We all get smashed upon her wheels—the Juggernaut is there.
Some day she'll fall, perhaps, and then, in centuries to come,
They'll say: 'Great God! what men they were upon that island home!'

I'm really in a quandary; from school-boy days till now
I always thought America was on the topmost bough.
Our papers now concede she's not. As England rules the sea,
Whatever that great nation says, we read will surely be.
If England is the pivot, then, on which this world revolves,
I'll hie me to a mountain bleak, and form some new resolves;
Yes, as I always try to get the best that this world gives,
I'll go and be an Englishmen, and live where Astor lives.

—JOHN E. RAISBECK, in Saxby's Magazine.

The Door to Good Health

IS THROUGH THE KIDNEYS—LIKE A WELL PLANNED SANITARY SYSTEM THEY KEEP THE HUMAN BODY HEALTHY—INTERESTING STORY FROM QUEBEC.

The kidneys have very appropriately been described as the sanitary system of the human body. Let them become inoperating and disease will quickly follow, and unless the obstructions are removed, death will be the result. Mr. D. J. Locke, of Sherbrooke, P. Q., suffered for years from complicated kidney trouble, and spent over $100 in efforts to secure relief; but no relief came until he used South American Kidney Cure. His statement is that four bottles completely cured him, and to-day he is in the enjoyment of sound health. In the most distressing cases this remedy gives relief in six hours.

REMOVAL OF TAILORING ESTABLISHMENT:—Mr. Weldon, owing to increased business, has shifted his quarters from Henderson St. to the store lately occupied by Jas. Nicol, Water St. Mr. Weldon is offering a large stock of the best material for suitings, overcoatings and pantings, and would ask all who wish to be well suited to call and see his goods and prices before ordering their clothes elsewhere. He guarantees fit and work.

W. T. Harris

again gives away a handsome PIANO ORGAN.

From now until the 2nd of Dec. 1897, with each dollar's worth of goods you buy and pay for at either our Grocery store or Boot & Shoe Store, you will receive a TICKET FOR A HANDSOME PIANO ORGAN which will be given away on the 2nd of Dec. 1897.

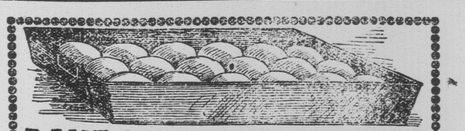
It will be conducted in the same manner as it was in 1895 and 1896, which proved very satisfactory and was admitted by all to be a square transaction.

On each ticket for the PIANO ORGAN will be printed PIANO coupon and number.

You get full value for every dollar you spend and some one is sure to get the PIANO ORGAN in addition.

The PIANO ORGAN is on exhibition at the RED STORE and is very handsome.

W. T. HARRIS,
Chatham, N. B.



BAKE A BATCH OF BISCUITS

Sift one quart of flour, two rounding teaspoonfuls of baking powder, and one teaspoonful of salt into a bowl; add three teaspoonfuls of COTTOLENE and rub together until thoroughly mixed; then add sufficient milk to make a soft dough; knead slightly, roll out about half an inch thick, and cut with a small biscuit cutter. Place a little apart in a greased pan, and bake in a quick oven for fifteen or twenty minutes. These biscuits should be a delicate brown top and bottom, light on the sides, and snowy white when broken open.

The secret of success in this recipe, as in others, is to use but two-thirds as much Cottolene as you used to use of lard. Cottolene will make the biscuit light, delicious, wholesome. Better than any biscuit you ever made before. Try it. Be sure and get genuine *Cottolene*. Sold everywhere in tins with trade-marks —"*Cottolene*" and *steer's head in cotton-plant wreath*—on every tin.

THE N. K. FAIRBANK COMPANY, Wellington and Ann Sts., MONTREAL.

ALBERT'S THOMAS PHOSPHATE POWDER

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IS THE

SOLUBLE BASIC PHOSPHATE OF ENGLAND.

☞ At the German Government Experimental Station at Darmstadt, Professor Paul Wagner has tested it most thoroughly, and unhesitatingly pronounces it the best phospheric fertilizer at his command. He says: "If you desire to enrich the soil, to provide the soil with a store of phosphoric acid to serve for continuous cultivation for perennial fodder fields, meadows, vineyards, orchards, etc., there can be no phosphate more suitable than Thomas' Phosphate Powder."

In another place he says that clover gave a higher yield on ground that had this powder put in it than on ground upon which phosphate manures had been applied.

It is the cheapest and most profitable Phosphate Manure in the World!

THE CONCENTRATED HORTICULTURAL MANURES,

For Fruiting, Gardening and House Work are the only absolutely pure and soluble manures in the Market.

☞ Our Pamphlet free.

GEORGE R. MARQUIS AGENT,
CHATHAM, N. B.

M. S. N. CO'Y.

ON AND AFTER

Wednesday, the 14th instant

THE STEAMER "NELSON"

will on every Wednesday until further notice, carry passengers between Chatham and Nelson and intervening points, commencing with the trip