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Fine and Cool

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HOME
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HAIG NAILS DOWN ALL GAINS, STOPPING ATTACKS ASTOUNDING EXPOSE OF GERMAN INTRIGUE

WASHINGTON SHOWS BERNSTORFF CENTRE OF A BIG CAMPAIGN AGAINST THE STATES

Former Ambassador, While Still at U.S. Capital, Applied For \$50,000 To Influence Congress Through Organization Known To Berlin—Advised Interference In Irish Affairs.

Washington, Sept. 21.—Secretary of State Lansing today made public an astounding addition to the series of disclosures covering German intrigue in America and elsewhere, a message sent by Count von Bernstorff in January of this year to the Berlin foreign office, requesting authority to pay out \$50,000 to influence Congress through an unnamed organization, apparently known to the Berlin authorities. Count von Bernstorff indicated in his message that money had been paid this organization on former occasions to perform the same work. The text of the message, made public without comment, follows:

The message, dated January 21, 1917, follows:

"I request authority to pay out up to \$50,000 (fifty thousand dollars) in order, as on former occasions, to influence Congress through the organization you know of, which can perhaps prevent war in the meantime to act accordingly. In the above circumstances a public official German declaration in favor of Ireland is highly desirable in order to gain the support of Irish influence."

Whether the state department is in possession of other evidence had not been revealed, but it is the fixed belief that additional chapters will be added.

Knew of Sub Plans.

The reference to the availing war is taken as an indication that Ambassador Bernstorff had prior knowledge of his government's policy in regard to the war, and that he was equally confident that the United States Government could not be easily placated by mere promises.

It has not been assumed that the ambassador actually attempted to bribe or personally influence any member of Congress. Fifty thousand dollars, it was pointed out, would go but a short way towards buying the influence of congressmen. Judiciously expended, however, it might do much in compensating said agents, such as are now known to have belonged to the elaborate machine Bernstorff had so carefully built up for the purpose of espionage and propaganda.

The Irish Intrigue.

Information in the possession of the government, but not yet revealed, is said to show conclusively a more direct connection of the German machine in America with the Irish question than that indicated in Count von Bernstorff's message. The records at the department of justice are said to contain the names of men implicated in that phase of German intrigue well known in America.

Today's announcement by the state department is the first official utterance of the government with regard to the German ambassador's active participation in the maze of plots and intrigues conducted for Germany's benefit in this country since the beginning of the European war.

FIRST COUNTY HOTEL OWNER IS SUMMONED

Inspector Makes Initial Charges Against One Under Temperance Act.

Mrs. M. Brook, owner of the Lobo Junction Hotel at that place, will appear before Judge Chittick tomorrow on a charge of having liquor on premises other than a private dwelling in contravention of the act on the Ontario Temperance Act.

The information was laid by inspector J. E. Keenleyside, who claims that he made a search of the hotel some days ago and found a bottle of whisky in the barroom. The case is the first where a person operating a hotel in Middlesex has been tried under the above-mentioned section.

NINE PERSONS KILLED IN IRISH EXPLOSION

London, Sept. 21.—An explosion has occurred in a munitions factory in Ireland. It was officially announced today by the British war office. Nine persons were killed. The number of injured has not yet been ascertained.

CROWN PRINCE REPULSED WITH SERIOUS LOSSES

Paris, Sept. 21.—Troops of the German crown prince last night attacked the French positions on Mont St. Eloi in the Champagne region, but, according to the official statement issued today by the French war office, they were repulsed with serious losses.

ELEVEN BILLION DOLLAR WAR BILL HAS PASSED CONGRESS

Washington, Sept. 21.—The eleven billion dollar war credits bill conference report was adopted today by the house and the measure sent to the White House for the president's signature. The bill authorizes \$1,000,000,000 of new bonds for allies.

ASYLUM PATENT KILLED THURSDAY BY YOUNG WOMAN

Meets Death From Injuries Inflicted by Fellow Inmate of Insane Hospital.

STRUCK DOWN BY NOZZLE

Girl, Escaping From Room in Nurse's Absence, Seized Hose as Weapon.

INQUEST STARTS TONIGHT

Crown Action Depends on Its Findings and on Medical Board's Report.

A young woman patient at the London Hospital for the Insane, suffering from delusions, today night, assaulted and killed Mrs. Macdonald, another patient. The girl was notified and held in an inquest at the institution at 7 o'clock tonight. The remains will be viewed, but no evidence will be taken. The hearing will be adjourned until some day next week.

Escaped While Nurse Away.

The young woman who caused Mrs. Macdonald's death had not been at the asylum for many months. She has been under the delusion that Macdonald was an enemy of hers. The latter had never in any way injured her, but the girl in her insanity thought so. Shortly after 10 o'clock last evening she was restless, and the nurse in charge decided to go to the diet kitchen and get her something to eat before she went to sleep. She left, and while she was gone the girl slipped out into the corridor, and, seizing a hose nozzle, struck Mrs. Macdonald on the head.

Two other nurses were in their office just off the room, and hearing the noise rushed into the room and overpowered the girl. The third nurse returned and the attack was given. Dr. W. J. Robinson and the staff rushed to the corridors, and Mrs. Macdonald was removed to the hospital ward. She died until 1 o'clock this morning, never regaining consciousness.

Not Responsible, Says Doctor.

"The young woman has been with us at four or five months ago," said Dr. Robinson. "She is suffering from delusions, and will ultimately recover. I expect she came from a respectable family living some distance from London, and I would like to have her name known. She is not criminally responsible, as asked her after the occurrence why she had done this, and she said she was."

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LABOR CONVENTION ASKS INTRODUCTION OF LITERACY TEST FOR ALL NEWCOMERS

Expect Rush of Illiterates From Europe After War—Press Criticized.

Ottawa, Sept. 21.—The first feature of the morning session of the Trades and Labor Congress was a severe criticism of the press, by Delegate Sangster (Montreal). Hoop (Winnipeg), and Tom Moore (Niagara Falls) for the reports appearing concerning the returned soldiers.

Delegate Sangster read an article from an Ottawa newspaper, wherein it was stated that if the Government would permit this sort of talk, the returned soldiers would not be taken into consideration. He objected to this kind of talk, and said that the purpose of making trouble. This talk did not intend to be called one. Articles appearing in the press throughout the country, he said, were of a nature to be intentional, and the remarks of one delegate were made to reflect on the whole resolution.

Delegate Hoop (Winnipeg) also voiced his objections to the pressing upon inopportune remarks and "playing them up."

Charges Incited.

Delegate Tom Moore (Niagara Falls) stated that the report had been printed with the sole object of inciting the returned men to violence. The press and politicians should be broader than to invite direct violation of the law and cause trouble of that nature.

Delegate W. R. Trotter, immigration representative, then submitted his report. No discussion ensued until he read the resolution referring to illiterates. The resolution, which was adopted at the 1916 convention, reads as follows:

"Having regard to the increasing number of illiterate peoples from Southern and Eastern Europe who later years have invaded the United States and Canada, and believing that the immigration laws should be increased this most undesirable immigration, the congress favors the introduction of a literacy test to that all immigrants shall be required to read and write in some language or tongue."

This resolution was the subject for immediate discussion. Delegate H. P. H. (Toronto) stated that in his opinion there were thousands of Canadians going to Europe for jobs, and that would be the condition after the war.

Vice-President J. A. Simpson and Delegate Stevenson (Toronto) and Delegate Rishbeth (Montreal) were of the opinion that this resolution would bar the very people that Canada needed.

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WASTAGE OF FOOD IN CANADA TOTALS \$56,000,000 PER YEAR, ENOUGH TO FEED ARMIES

National Organization and Economy Could Save Sum Large Enough to Feed Million Soldiers for Year.

Ottawa, Sept. 21.—The enormous wastage in food throughout the Dominion is indicated in statistics compiled by the food controller. It is estimated that, owing to carelessness and inefficiency, there is wasted in garbage every year food to the value of \$56,000,000, or about \$7 per head of the total population.

By complete national organization and rigid economy it is thought the cost of living can be reduced by five cents per day for each individual. Counting in the elimination of garbage waste this would mean an annual saving of \$25,550 per head, or a national grand total saving of \$204,400,000, enough to feed an army of one million men for a year. The estimated preventable waste in garbage alone is more than sufficient to feed all Canadian soldiers overseas. Were one million Canadian families to save one slice of bread per week there would be a weekly saving of 71,250 one-pound loaves—enough to feed three and one-third divisions of soldiers for a day.

RUSSIAN GIRL SOLDIERS TURN ON CAPT. VERA, GIVING HER A BEATING; REASON: OH, BECAUSE!

Riot in Ranks of the Women's Battalion Drilling At Moscow.

Petrograd, Thursday, Sept. 20.—A small riot occurred today in the ranks of the women's battalion, drilling at Moscow, and it resulted in an attack by the girls upon Vera Butchikoff, the twice-wounded girl officer, who initiated the women's suffrage soldier organization. According to the Bourgeois Gazette, an infantryman rescued Commander Butchikoff, after some rough handling from the infuriated girls, who resented some acts of their leader not clearly defined.

As a result of the affair, many of the girls will be sent home, and only 250 will be permitted to go to the front.

A second riot of more serious consequences is reported to have followed an attempt by a crowd of women to take away from one woman a small quantity of cloth, which she had purchased at the market place. The rioters tried to defend the woman, and they in turn were assailed. Mounted militia and Cossacks dispersed the rioters, but not until they had wrecked the militia headquarters and had beaten to death a Government agent, who had shot into the crowd.

KING SELLS PEARLS

Amsterdam, Sept. 21.—The King of Bavaria has sent pearls to the value of half a million marks to the neutral countries for sale, according to the Berlin Lokal Anzeiger.

BRITISH CONSOLIDATE AND IMPROVE THEIR POSITIONS; VICTORY GREATEST OF YEAR

ASQUITH LEADS COUNTER DRIVE UPON PACIFISTS

Ex-Premier Will Tell England of Conditions at the Front.

HAIG'S WIN ANSWERS FOR

Germany "Feeling" for Peace, But British Keep Right On Fighting.

Montreal, Sept. 20.—A special cable from London says Mr. Asquith has returned from a visit to the western front, where he has been the guest of Sir Douglas Haig, and will on Wednesday next speak at Leeds at a meeting arranged by the war aims committee, of which the late premier, together with the present prime minister, Lloyd George, are presidents. Asquith's speech is looked forward to by the whole country. The necessity of an authoritative and indisputable lead for public opinion here, at this juncture, is everywhere recognized, for a small peace-at-any-price party is getting a more sympathetic hearing in various parts of the country than it has received in the past. A counter-propaganda, which as yet has not attained the dimensions of that begun by the war aims committee, Asquith is expected to set the public mind right in regard to the character of the operations on the western front, and particularly to remove the impression which exists in some quarters that Douglas Haig's offensives this year were failures, in the sense that they did not break through the German lines. The highest military authorities are satisfied with the results achieved during the summer.

A British Answer.

This morning's newspapers heralded the new British offensive in Flanders as the Entente allied answer to Germany's latest peace proposals. The Chronicle declared that the allies have nothing more to say, and adds:

"We have waged for a great object cannot be won by words but only by strong right arms."

The Daily Mail declares that the answer to the latest German effort to divide the Entente allied front is that Great Britain made the peace proposal and that Germany was ready to evaluate Belgium is supplied by the Doulls Haig. The newspaper adds:

"Meanwhile, it is the duty of the British Government to take far more energetic measures than it has applied heretofore to curb the treacherous agitation of pacifists, which is the enemy's last hope."

The Daily News says: "Now that there appears for the first time some prospect that Germany may be moving towards 'restoration' in earnest, the immediate response is the official warning that there is no fear of the Entente allies being hoodwinked by such subterfuge."

VATICAN IS PEEVED AT WILSON'S METHOD OF ANSWERING NOTE

President's Democratic Way Considered Bad Form by Church Court.

Amsterdam, Sept. 21.—The Berlin Vossische Zeitung, a copy of which has been received here, says concerning the pope's peace note.

The paper adds: "We learn from a reliable source that the Vatican is painfully embarrassed by the somewhat irregular procedure of President Wilson's policies. The pope's note to Mr. Wilson, like that to each of the other sovereigns, was personally signed by the pope. It was therefore the communication of one sovereign to another. Elementary rules of diplomatic etiquette demanded a corresponding counter-communication. Aside from the essential contents of the note, the Vatican is offended at the inadmissible procedure, whereby Lansing (the American secretary of state) and not the president appears as the signatory. Unintentional disparagement of the pope's sovereignty, to say the least, is considered as a breach of all diplomatic usage."

FOUR W. ONTARIO MEN IN LATEST LIST OF OF CANADIAN LOSSES

Ottawa, Sept. 21.—There were 31 names in the casualty list issued from the record office of the department of militia and defence last night. Of these 2 were killed in action, 7 died of wounds, 3 repatriated prisoners of war, and the balance wounded, gassed or ill. The list includes the following from Western Ontario:

Died of Wounds—22565 H. Pell, Brantford.

Wounded—22565 G. H. Kelly, Brantford.

Wounded—22565 G. H. Kelly, Brantford.

Wounded—22565 G. H. Kelly, Brantford.

KAISER WILL ATTEMPT TO PATCH UP TROUBLE WITH THE BULGARIANS

London, Sept. 21.—A dispatch from Bern, Switzerland, received today by the British Admiralty through the Wireless Press, says:

"Emperor William has passed through Budapest, Hungary, on his way to Sofia, the Bulgarian capital. It is believed to be the emperor's intention to try to smooth over difficulties which have arisen between Bulgaria and Germany."

"Germany and Austria have demanded military aid, which Bulgaria has refused. On the other hand, Bulgaria has asked similar aid, which the central powers have refused."

New Line East of Ypres Is Considerably Expanded During Night By Haig, Who Has Little Trouble In Driving Off Germans—Australian Banner Now Floats Above Many Strongholds.

British Front in France and Belgium, Sept. 21.—(By the Associated Press).—During the night the British forces, with comparatively little opposition, consolidated and considerable improved the new line which they had won in their offensive against the Germans to the east of Ypres. Today, from the newly-acquired enemy stronghold known as Anzac, southwest of Zonnebeke, flutters the Australian banner, a symbol of the greatest victory which has marked British operations in the western theatre in the past year, not excluding that at Messines.

Southwest of Gheluvelt, the Germans still are holding a position which the British desired, and today at 9:30 o'clock Field Marshal Haig began a local attack here.

GERMAN CASUALTIES ARE GREAT

London, Sept. 21.—Field Marshal Haig, in a letter regarding the British offensive on the Belgian front, to the east of Ypres, yesterday, when the British troops pushed through the German lines for a distance of more than a mile, says that the completeness of the British success is confirmed by detailed accounts of the battle.

The British war office, after the receipt of Field Marshal Haig's report, today issued this bulletin:

"More detailed accounts of yesterday's battle confirm the completeness of our success."

"During the evening local attacks delivered by us in the neighborhood of Tower Hamlets and northeast of Langemark cleared up a number of strong points and completed the capture of our objectives in these localities. It is now established that in the many counter-attacks delivered by considerable forces of the enemy during the afternoon and evening his casualties were unusually great."

"The clear light of the day enabled our troops to obtain warning of impending attacks and in every case the advancing lines of German infantry were destroyed by the concentrated fire from our rifles and machine guns."

"The obstinacy with which the enemy constantly repeated his attacks only added to his losses without recovering for him any of the valuable ground which we had won."

"Exhausted by his previous efforts, the enemy made no counter-attacks during the night, and our troops were able to consolidate their positions undisturbed."

"Our own losses in the battle are light."

"In the course of the night small hostile attacks were driven off west of Havrincourt and west of Lens."

GREAT STRONGHOLDS FALL TO BRITISH.

British Headquarters in France, Thursday, Sept. 20.—(By Associated Press).—The British offensive, which began at dawn over a wide front east of the Ypres salient, found the attacking forces late today holding many new positions of vital importance and continuing the fighting in German territory along a line, which in many places represented an average gain of a mile in places and capturing prisoners in excess of 2,000.

The British emphasize the completeness of the success of the British troops. They hold Veldhoek, Levenstede, and a number of strategically important farms and wooded tracts which had been heavily fortified by the Germans. The British captured a number of German prisoners, and the British were able to consolidate their new ground without disturbance.

In some sectors the British continued their offensive tactics during the evening. Local attacks, notably north of the Ypres salient, resulted in the capture of a number of strong points to which some German forces were clinging.

Patches today report the continuance of similar tactics at night when the new line was considerably improved in strength. Today's advances further announce the resumption of British attacks during the night, which was achieved where a position desired by the British was still held by the Germans.

The troops that went out to the attack represented some of the finest men in the British army. They entered the conflict in high spirits and eager for the fray. The British were aided by one of the most perfect and heaviest barrage fires yet attempted. The men were able to reach the first stages of the difficult ground rapidly. They had swept through Gheluvelt Wood, Inverness Copse and the eastern part of Shrewsbury Forest by 8 o'clock, two miles beyond the German line.

THE WEATHER

LOCAL TEMPERATURES.

Following were the highest and lowest temperatures recorded in London during the 24 hours previous to 8 o'clock last night. Highest, 51; lowest, 35.

The official temperatures for the 12 hours previous to 8 a.m. today were: Highest, 61; lowest, 48.

TOMORROW—FINE AND COOL.

Toronto, Sept. 21.—A cool, moderate breeze with fine and comparatively cool today and on Saturday.

Temperatures.

The following were the highest and lowest temperatures during the 24 hours previous to 8 a.m. today.

Station	High	Low	Weather
Vancouver	52	44	Fair
Calgary	48	41	Clear
Winnipeg	48	40	Clear
Port Arthur	50	42	Clear
Perry Sound	48	40	Clear
Port Stanley	48	40	Clear
Buffalo	48	40	Clear
Toronto	50	42	Clear
Kingston	48	40	Fair
Ottawa	48	40	Fair
Montreal	48	40	Cloudy
Quebec	48	40	Cloudy
Halifax	48	40	Cloudy

Since yesterday morning a few scattered showers have occurred from the lower lakes region to the Maritime Provinces, otherwise the weather in Canada has been very fine.

STRONG SUPPORT TO BE GIVEN ITALIANS, PROMISE OF DERBY

Baselli Assured That Allies Will Aid In Every Way.

Washington, Sept. 21.—Derby, British Minister of Munitions, according to dispatches received here from Rome, has sent the Prime Minister Baselli, a telegram of appreciation of the Italian army's splendid victories, with assurances that the allies will do everything in their power to support Italy's campaign. Lord Derby recently paid his first visit to the Italian front.

MINING MAGNATE DEAD.

Vancouver, B. C., Sept. 21.—Thomas Russell, one of the best known mining men in British Columbia, died at his home here yesterday. He was mine manager for the Crow's Nest Pass Coal Company.

CARRIED GUN: FINED \$500

Edmonton, Sept. 20.—For having in his possession two automatic revolvers fully loaded and upwards of a thousand rounds of ammunition on his person, August Albrecht, a German, was fined \$500 or three months in jail in police court this morning.