WE WILL HAVE SOMETHING OF INTEREST TO SAY TO YOU ABOUT SPRING CLOTHES IN A FEW DAYS.

Neck and Shoulders above all competitors.

OAK HALL

Canada's Best Clothiers

King St. East

Opp. St. James' Cathedral.

TRADE MARK REG.

TO MEMORIALIZE GOVERNMENT.

To Amend Act re Bridge Inspection —Western Ontario Good Roads Ass'n Concludes Session.

Many matters far reaching in their influence as affects the welfare of the Province of Ontario were under discussion at yesterday's sessions of the Western Good Roads Association. While every latitude was afforded the members for the discussion of matters more directly in touch with the rural districts, the under field of legislation and national affairs came well within the scope of the gathering. It would be difficult to select from any gathering a more representative and influential body of men than the members composing the association. And not alone are they men, strong in mental calibre, but a careful analysis of their averdupois by County Clerk Ramsden elicited the information that their average weight is fully 200 lbs.

A most interesting discussion was the proposal to introduce wide tires in lieu of the present narrow tires. Mr. Macdonald of Waterloo warmly advocated the use of the wide tire, and likewise a standard width in the matter of sleighs, making them, instead of 3 ft. 2 in., the present width, uniform with the wagon, or 4 ft. 8 in. He gave many good reasons why the change should be made, citing a number of fatal accidents due in part to the fact that the tracks were not of equal width. Mr. Shaver of Waterloo endorsed the doctrine of wide tires, while his fellow councilor, Mr. Channing of Victoria, was opposed to the innovation. Reid of Wentworth questioned the right of the council to introduce legislation in regard to wide tires.

Major Bruce of Simcoe questioned the right of the association to memorialize the government on the good roads subject. Street Commissioner Jones briefly addressed the convention.

It was finally moved by R. F. Miller and C. E. Lundy that the Western Good Roads Association memorialize the provincial government to amend Section 132 of the Municipal Act of 1903 by giving power to county engineers, or to a government engineer, to examine bridges affected by said section from time to time as they require to be built or repaired, and to determine what should be the proper length, and that the engineer's award shall be binding upon the township and county alike. The motion was unanimously adopted.

The sum of $50 was donated to Col. Farewell for his valuable services in aid of the association. The legislative committee chosen last year were re-elected. They are R. R. Brett (Essex), Daniel Quillan (Simcoe), Norval Hagar (Welland), J. D. Evans (York), J. W. Wood (Victoria), Peter Christie (York), Luther W. Turner, J. A. Macdonald (Waterloo), and the president and secretary.

Executive committee, A. W. Campbell, P. J. VanVleet (Wanstead), C. E. Hewson and the president and secretary.

Toronto was chosen as the next place of meeting.

ABOLISH COMPARATIVE LITERATURE

Discussed by Life Insurance Men and Steps May Be Taken.

The regular quarterly meeting of the Canadian Life Insurance Officers' Association was held in the rooms of the insurance institute. Those present were: David Dexter (Federal), in the chair; J. K. Macdonald (Confederation), J. Milne (Northern), T. Hilliard (Dominion), G. B. Woods (Continental), T. Bradshaw (Imperial), W. C. Macdonald (Confederation), R. H. Matson (National), A. McDougald (Pelican and British Empire), E. E. Reid (London), R. Junkin (Manufacturers), P. H. C. Papps (Manufacturers), C. H. Fuller (Continental), with letters of regret from George Wegenast (Mutual), L. Goldman (North American), D. M. Mc-Goun (Standard), B. Hal Brown (London and Lancashire), D. Burke (Royal Victoria), F. Sanderson (Canada).

Several matters of interest were discussed, including legislation, and proposed taxation at different points.

The subject of comparative literature received a good deal of attention. It is expected that before long the practice adopted by a number of the Canadian companies not to publish or circulate comparative literature of any description, will be made general, which would undoubtedly result in elevating the insurance business to a higher standard.

The association secured an amendment to the Nova Scotia Insurance Act of 1903, by which the undesirable clause was repealed, which held "that the age of the insured shall in all cases be determined within three years from the time the policy of insurance is effected, otherwise the age mentioned in such policy shall be conclusive proof of such age."

PIANO RECITAL AT ST. GEORGE'S HALL.

Second of Present Series by Miss Abbie May Helmer.

The program presented at the piano recital of Miss Abbie May Helmer in St. George's Hall last evening won the deservedly hearty plaudits of the large and fashionable audience that there gathered. The numbers included some of the choicest selections of Beethoven, Moszkowski, Chopin, Rubinstein, Schubert, Liszt, and other classical composers. Miss Helmer added largely to her reputation as a pianist of very high order, making her friends look forward with keenest interest to the third recital to take place later in the season. The piano used was a beautiful concert grand of the old firm of Heintzman & Co., which seems to be the popular choice at all noted musical and society functions. Miss Helmer was assisted by Mrs. W. Hewes Oliphant, contralto, whose singing was greatly appreciated. Miss Mockridge was the accompanist.

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY. Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. All druggists refund the money if it fails to cure. E. W. Grove's signature is on each box. 25c. 133

New Sheds Are Useful.

The newly-established C. P. R. freight stations at Parkdale and at the foot of Cherry-street are said by officials to be doing much toward relieving the pressure at the Simcoe-street sheds, as well as being a real boon to both shippers and consignees in the east and west end of the city.

Monkey Brand Soap removes all stains, rust, dirt or tarnish — but won't wash clothes. a6

JAIL-BREAKER HILLIS CAUGHT AND GREAT JOY AT HAMILTON

Men Who Found Jail in Ambitious City No Prison Heard From in Michigan.

Hamilton, Feb. 25. — (Special.) — William Hillis, the jail breaker and desperado, has been re-captured in Flint, Michigan. This was the welcome news that reached Chief Smith this afternoon. The message was signed by Sheriff E. G. Rust, and was very brief. It simply stated that Hillis had been placed under arrest in that city this morning. He was well-known in Flint, where he had relatives and friends. When he escaped the local authorities thought he might strike in that direction, and they asked Sheriff Rust to keep a look out for him.

While serving a month's term in the Hamilton jail for carrying an unlawful weapon, and waiting for his trial on several more serious charges, Hillis sawed his way out in a highly sensational manner. His trial was fixed for Tuesday, Jan. 12. Some time between Saturday night, Jan. 9, and Sunday morning he broke jail. Altho he was separated from the turnkey by only the thickness of a wall, he managed to saw three bars in the door of the cell, and another in the jail window. After making a daring attempt to free his pal, Herbert Yates, he fled, and from that day until this afternoon the police have not had an inkling of his whereabouts.

Hillis was raised near Guelph, and has a long criminal career. When captured by Constables Libke, Robertson and McDonald, about midnight, Wednesday, Dec. 2, he tried to draw a gun on the officers. He was suspected of having had a hand in the Barron murder, and of shooting Constable Peaire of Dundas, but the police had not enough evidence to convict him on those charges. When he escaped he had been committed for trial on several charges of housebreaking and robbery. His pal, Yates, was sent to the Kingston Penitentiary for five years.

Inspector McMahon left on the 5.45 train for Michigan this evening. He does not expect to bring Hillis back with him, as it is probable that the prisoner will fight extradition. The authorities here think it will take nearly a month to arrange the extradition.

Not to Raise Tax Rate.

The members of the finance committee met this evening and decided not to raise the tax rates this year. Last year's overdraft of $150,000 will be carried over and the estimates of nearly all the independent boards were cut down. Three thousand dollars, as taken from the police commissioners, $3000 from the parks board, $700 from the public library board and $1000 from the cemetery board, the additional $22,700 raised in this way, was divided among the other civic boards. That means that the sewers committee will get $4100 for new sewers, the fire and water committee $18,000 for construction work and $43,000 for the fire department, those of refuge $10,000, the board of works $31,000 and the hospital board $37,000. The city solicitor was instructed to press a suit against the street railway and to issue another writ against the company, unless it pays the city a percentage of its gross receipts instead of on the amount of fares collected.

Not in Favor of Free Books.

In answer to an enquiry made by Col. John S. Hendrie, M.L.A., the members of the international management committee of the board of education said to-night that they were not in favor of free school books for public school scholars, and were satisfied with the present system. Wm. McVey was appointed caretaker of the West-avenue School, and Elmer Bowman of the Hess-street School.

The first game in a series to decide the hockey championship of the city was played to-night in the Victoria Rink between the Tigers and the wholesalers. The Tigers won out with a score of 22 to 6.

T. J. Robson, West End Y. M. C. A., Toronto, champion skater of Canada, beat W. Tillman, Dundas, to-night at the Central Rink by one lap in a race of two miles and forty-seven yards.

Roy Miller, the well-known bicyclist, died this evening in the city hospital. He had undergone an operation.

Will Fight On.

In spite of Judge Britton's judgment, Nesbitt, Gauld & Dickson will not give up the fight to quash the Bell Telephone bylaw. "We will carry the case to the Court of Appeal, and will fight to the last ditch," they declared today.

On the Anxious Seat.

The Toronto and Niagara Power Co. has bought a right of way 80 feet wide at both ends of the beach. Contractor F. H. Dickenson will soon start to clean the strip bought, and to fence it in, starting at Niagara Falls, and working towards Hamilton. The company has not yet secured right of way across the beach, and the residents view with alarm any proposition to build another line across that summer resort.

Reached Dollar Mark.

Wheat reached the dollar mark this morning on the local market. The price of flour did not advance.

Billy Reynolds, who was picked up with a "billy" last night, was fined $50 or 30 days in jail this morning.

J. F. Reynett, chief clerk in the division freight agents' office here, has been promoted to a position in the traffic bureau of the G.T.R. at Montreal.

Judgment against the Journeymen Barbers' Union for $60 was given this morning by Judge Monck in favor of A. C. Bishop. The union had refused to pay $60 for the funeral of Mr. Bishop's son, who was a member of the union, on the ground that six months had not elapsed between the time he was suspended by the union until his death.

It is said that Andrew Cowan will be the assistant manager of the New Ontario and the Ocean and Lake Navigation Companies which have been amalgamated.

CANADA AND AUSTRALIA

Should Know More of Each Other, Says Sir Sandford Fleming, on Subject of Imperial Cable.

The Empire Club turned out in force yesterday to luncheon at Webb's to hear Sir Sandford Fleming discourse upon "Imperial Cabling." "The great old man of a great young country," as G. W. Yarker described him in moving a vote of thanks at the close, gave a very spirited account of the patriotic efforts which had been made to form "a system of Pan-Britannic cables girding the globe."

The attempt to build an all-red telegraph line round the world had been one of the most stirring and memorable battles in modern history. Australia and Canada, however, each knew more of the United States than of each other, for there had not yet been a single press message passed over the cable between Canada and Australia. The sorry driblets of news we did get came at secondhand thru the English papers.

The idea of giving a three months' free trial had been projected. Australia and New Zealand were invited to co-operate with Canada in establishing a press service for a period of three months, giving 500 words per day each way free. Australia had raised difficulties and there the matter rested.

It was intended that no part of the system should touch foreign soil. From Great Britain to Canada the line passed thru Vancouver to Australia, then across the continent to Western Australia, and to India and South Africa. Thence to Bermuda, and back to England with a line north to Canada.

Such a girdle of the world would connect all British possessions, keep her coaling stations in touch with the centre of power, and by deep sea cables, the least vulner of such means, constitute the best security of the peace of the empire from interruptions.

Sir Sandford would invoke the inherent right possessed by the state to extend the principle of state ownership to a single all-British cable.

Hon. L. P. Brodeur will be the speaker next week.

"COLLECTIVE BARGAINING"

Continued From Page 1.

could be raised in the unions to admit of this, he thought that such agreements between employers and the unions would prove to be the means of solving all difficulties. Reason and justice must be aimed at on both sides. Mr. Wright believed that reason and justice did exist on the part of the unions. A standard agreement had been drawn up which could be adapted to any particular case, and embodied all the practical measures which experience had furnished for adoption between employers and unions.

Mr. Bowen gave an example where a union had been supplied with a detail-explanation of a 10 per cent. cut in wages. The men realized that it was necessary, and not only so, but themselves recommended a still further reduction as necessary. When the employes were dealt with reasonably, strikes as a rule could be averted.

One reason for the peaceful condition of labor in Buffalo was the influence of the Roman Catholic bishop. He believed the spirit of social democracy was at the root of all labor troubles. A spirit of co-operation would facilitate the settlement of most problems.

When stronger measures were found to be necessary it had been proposed that each individual of the union involved should be sued personally for the damages occasioned by a strike. Most of the individuals have some savings, and they do not like to have a judgment for damages registered against them. In the case cited without having resort to any extreme measure, the union called off the strike. The principle established in United States offices, that a non-union man should have all the rights and privileges of union men, was held to be the death knell of unionism. Y.M.C.A. classes, trade and technical classes, and other avenues should be used for the training of young men who are unable to find openings as apprentices. It was a matter of great importance to employers that young men should be prepared to furnish intelligent labor. Buffalo and Toronto might join in using the 7,000,000 horse-power furnished by Niagara Falls to make their district the greatest manufacturing centre in the world.

Employers Must Be Alert.

"The Employers' Association" was proposed by J. P. Murray. Capital did not consist in wealth alone, and many complex factors had to be considered in estimating the responsibilities and the rights of the employer. One of the best methods of protecting capital was for all to strive for industrial peace. Employers had been trusting to public opinion, while labor had been organizing. Increase of wages had not brought increased comfort, owing to the rise of prices. Intelligence must guide both parties.

Employers must form unions, section for section, industry for industry. It was impossible to have independent legislation when any class by fear or by favor secured a predominant influence. The unions had faith in themselves, they hoped to control capital, and their charity was nil. They allowed no non-union man to work, and while complaining of having the bread taken out of their own mouths, had no hesitation about taking it out of the mouths of others. The efforts of the employers were to have just laws from an independent legislature, just decisions from an unbiased judiciary, and a law-abiding people.

Strong to Ensure Respect.

James Pearson responded for the association. He wished to impress on those present that the important thing to do to bring about the success of the remedies suggested was to have such a body strong enough to ensure the respect of the unions, and form a centre which could secure a fair and equitable arrangement with labor when any difficulty arose. The unions were more likely to be reasonable when the manufacturers were strong enough to protect against what was not reasonable.

J. G. Merrick also spoke in response, as secretary of the association. He quoted from President Eliot of Harvard. The remedy for the evils of the labor situation must come thru the deep workings of the democratic spirit by which they had come into being.

Next Meeting in Toronto.

Montreal, Feb. 25.—The Dominion Wholesale Grocers' Guild, at a meeting to-day, elected Mayor Laporte of Montreal president for the ensuing year. Among the vice-presidents elected was A. G. Bauld, who represents the Province of Nova Scotia. It was decided to hold the next annual meeting at Toronto.

Would Start Up At Every Noise

Had Dizzy Feeling, Was Easily Tired and Could Not Sleep—Nerves Restored by

DR. CHASE'S NERVE FOOD

The letter of Mrs. Simpson quoted below is interesting, because in it she states some of the most common symptoms of nervous exhaustion.

Many people do not realize that their nervous system is undermined until they find themselves helpless victims of nervous prostration or paralysis.

Study this letter. If you have these symptoms you would do well to profit by the experience of the writer and use Dr. Chase's Nerve Food before your disease has reached an incurable stage and before you become crippled or helpless.

Mrs. M. Simpson, 48 Edward-street, Toronto, states: "I believe Dr. Chase's Nerve Food to be a splendid nerve restorer, and speak from personal experience. My nerves were very weak and exhausted; I was easily fatigued and would start up nervously at any unusual noise. I could not sleep at nights, and during the day time dizzy feelings would come over me and I would feel as though I were going to faint. Dr. Chase's Nerve Food has done for me what other medicines failed to do. It has strengthened and steadied my nerves so that I sleep and rest well and have not had a dizzy spell for some time. I feel healthy now, thanks to this food cure."

Dr. Chase's Nerve Food, 50 cents a box, six boxes for $2.50, at all dealers, or Edmanson, Bates & Co., Toronto. To protect you against imitations, the portrait and signature of Dr. A. W. Chase, the famous receipt book author, are on every box.

MANUFACTURERS OBJECT TO PAYING DOUBLE TAX

Assessment of Dividends Direct Discrimination Against Incorporated Companies.

The special committee on assessment heard the views of representatives of the Canadian Manufacturers' Association yesterday morning in connection with the assessment of incorporated companies. A memorial was presented by P. W. Ellis, chairman of the parliamentary committee of the association, declaring that the imposition of a tax on dividends received from stock held in incorporated manufacturing companies was a direct discrimination against the large majority of the manufacturers of the province. These companies would pay both real estate and business taxes, and to tax the dividends was a double taxation. The tax on shareholders in incorporated companies was a discrimination against such firms as compared with partnerships. Objection was also taken to the provision in the bill that a statement showing the dividends each year shall be filed with the assessor where it is open to the public. It might result in financial difficulty.

Bill Easy on Manufacturers.

The attorney-general pointed out that the committee had exempted the dividends of shareholders who are actively interested in the company and the widows and children of shareholders whose money is left in the business. The tax was on dividends which shareholders may receive from outside companies. The bill was eminently advantageous to the manufacturers. Machinery had been exempted and in most cases the revenue to be derived from the real estate would not be large because many large manufactures are carried on in inexpensive properties. As to the complaint against giving a statement of salaries to the assessor, there was something in it.

A. E. Kemp, M.P., said the manufacturers had no objection to the 50 per cent. business tax, but there was objection to joint stock companies being forced to make public the details of their business. He thought the committee should not come to a decision till the manufacturers throughout the province had a chance to be heard.

Mr. Gibson said the arguments had already been presented, and if the idea was to intimidate the committee by force of numbers, it was not a worthy one.

Mr. Kemp merely wished to give every one a chance to lodge their protest. The proposed act, he said, was too inquisitorial.

Higher Than Montreal.

D. E. Thomson spoke for the Beardmore Company, which controls four companies. He claimed that Toronto manufacturers would have to pay a much higher tax than those of Montreal. A foreigner investing in Ontario manufacturing would escape, while an Ontario man would not.

G. H. Watson, K.C., said the bill was a departure from the underlying principle of the bill. The real principle was a tax on capital whether partnership or otherwise. An act of incorporation obtained by a partnership made them liable to a penalty.

The chairman said if any other deputations desired to be heard, action on this section might be postponed. Mr. Carscallen made the suggestion that all be placed on a 60 per cent. basis and that dividends be exempt. The committee then adjourned till Tuesday next.

WAR SITUATION

Continued From Page 1.

west side of Liaotung Peninsula the natives are making active preparations to cut off small bodies of Russian troops there. Ten thousand Manchurians have already enrolled in the movement, which is spreading. Volunteers are plenty; there is no lack of ammunition or money, for the patriotic rich are subscribing.

CHINA IS TROUBLESOME.

Japan Supposed to Be Forcing Her to Take Sides.

St. Petersburg, Feb. 25.—A special despatch from Port Arthur says Pekin and Tientsin report that there is considerable dissatisfaction in certain Chinese circles at the neutrality of China, and that the Japanese minister is trying to force China to side with Japan. It is asserted that Yuan-Sikai, the Chinese commander-in-chief, is under Japanese influence and that he secretly recommends an alliance between China and Japan on the ground that if Japan gets Corea she would not take Manchuria.

YINKOW, Feb. 25.—Foreign engineers on the Shanhaikwan-Newchwang railway say that according to their information their is no Russian force west of Liao River, with the exception of a guard of 25 Cossacks at Koupantzou.

TOKIO, Feb. 25.—The secretary of the Norwegian Consulate at Kobe has gone to Sasebo to see the captain of the captured ship Holks. This action is not understood, and it has given rise to speculation.

LONDON, Feb. 25.—Asked in the house of commons to-day by what authority it was proposed to detain at Ceylon the 325 Russian sailors rescued after the fight off Chemulpo, Premier Balfour said the Japanese government had now intimated that it was willing the sailors should return to Russia on giving their parole not to participate further in the war. The British government was now in correspondence with Russia with the view of settling the question on this basis.

ST. PETERSBURG, Feb. 25.—The irritation against the United States on account of the supposed unfriendly attitude of that country towards Russia, which was slightly noticeable before war was declared, seems to have become daily more pronounced; and, since the Vicksburg incident at Chemulpo American business men here are really alarmed concerning the possible effect upon American trade.

TOKIO, Feb. 25.—The question of stay of the Russian gunboat Mandjur at Shanghai remains unsettled. Paul Lessar, Russian minister to China, is said to be trying to intimidate the Chinese government in the matter, declaring emphatically that Japan has little chance of victory against a Russian army 500,000 strong. The court at Pekin is oscillating on this question. Russia is also pressing China to declare the neutrality of that portion of the empire, which Russia also occupies.

ST. PETERSBURG, Feb. 25.—Major-General Biagoeschensky, quartermaster-general of the Kieff military district, has been appointed to the important post of inspector-general of the Manchuria army. He fought in the Russo-Turkish war, and since that time his advancement in the army has been steady.

SALARY PROGRAM PASSES WITH ONLY ONE CHANGE

Board of Education Turned Down Trustee Martin's Motions Favoring Female Teachers.

John Lumsden gets a raise of $25 per annum. John is the messenger in the school offices, and the clause giving him $625 was the only item in the new salary bill which met with the disapproval of the majority of the board at its meeting last night. Miss Martin made a strenuous fight for the female teachers but lost every motion. Trustee Kent also took exception to some of the figures, but he, too, failed to convince the majority. The new arrangement of salaries reads as follows:

Secretary-treasurer's department — Secretary-treasurer, per annum, $2400; accountant, $1300; stenographer, $425; messenger for offices, $650.

Superintendent of buildings department — Superintendent of buildings, $2750; assistant, $1300; stenographer, $425; four workmen, each, $725.

Solicitor, per annum, $1000.

Collegiate Institute Staff.

That the principals and teachers of the collegiate institutes be paid from month to month the salary provided by the schedule passed by the late high school board, May 15, 1901, pending the re-adjustment of the work of the public schools, collegiate institutes and Technical School, as follows:

Jarvis-street—F. Manley, $2800; W. Mitchell, $1550; R. Gray, $1550; G. Shaw, $1900; W. Grant, $1900; C. Lehman, $1550; G. Chase, $1900; N. Gundy, $1250; Miss Thomas, $1450; Miss Dunn, $1000; R. Wightman, $1000; R. Smith, $1000; caretaker, $1050.

Jameson-avenue—L. Embree, $2900; G. Smith, $1900; I. Birchard, $1800; N. Crawford, $1800; Miss Spence, $1700; Miss Hillock, $1550; J. Miller, $1900; J. Sinclair, $1350; Dandy, $1050; caretaker, $750.

Harbord-street—H. Spotton, $2800; T. Smyth, $1800; J. Cox, $1800; E. Hagarty, $1800; Miss Balmer, $1800; Miss Lawler, $1800; R. Eldon, $1800; R. Strath, $1400; L. Kennedy, $1400; C. Forfar, $1400; L. Clark, $1400; J. Carstairs, $1300; caretaker, $925.

Occasional teachers, per day, $4.

Technical School Staff.

That the principal and teachers of the Technical School be paid from month to month the following salaries, pending the readjustment of the work of the public schools, collegiate institutes and Technical School, as follows:

W. Packenham, principal, $2000; A. Horwood, assistant, $900; A. F. Macallum, director of drafting and designing department, $1500; Gustave Hahn, assistant, $1000; Gladies Ronan, occasional assistant ($4 per night), $148; C. Maynard, occasional assistant ($4 per night), $576; Silas B. Wass, occasional assistant ($4 per night), $576; A. C. Barrett, assistant in architecture department, $550; Charles N. Peake, assistant in machine drawing department, $550; W. D. Young, director of chemical department, $1500; W. J. Wilson, assistant, $800; C. J. Currie, occasional assistant ($4 per night), $400; J. M. Warren, director of mathematical department, $1200; M. J. Dwyer and H. G. Wilson, two occasionals at $4 per night, $192; J. W. McBean, director of physics department, $1200; W. S. Kirkland, assistant, $800; Margaret Davidson, directress of domestic science department, $1000; Isobel Marshall, assistant, $500; Margaret MacMillan, assistant, $800; C. O'Dea, director of department of commerce and finance, $1500; W. Baird, assistant, $800; estimate for modeling department, $1200; caretaker's department, $1650.

Public Schools.

That the public schools be divided according to the number of rooms as set forth in the following schedules: Schedule A, school of sixteen rooms and upwards; schedule B, schools of eight rooms and up to fifteen, inclusive; schedule C, schools not included in the above schedules; and that the salaries of the principals for 1904 be paid as follows:

Schedule A, minimum salary $1300, maximum $1600—First year, $1200; second year, $1350; third year, $1400; fourth year, $1450; fifth year, $1500; sixth year, $1550; seventh year, $1600.

Schedule B, minimum $1000, maximum $1500—First year, $1000; second year, $1050; third year, $1100; fourth year, $1150; fifth year, $1200; sixth year, $1250; seventh year, $1300; eighth year, $1350; ninth year $1400; tenth year, $1450; eleventh year, $1500.

Provided that no principal in the above schedule receive more than $100 increase during the year.

Schedule C—Cottingham School, $1500; Leslie-street, $1250; Parkdale, $1000; Elizabeth, $1100; Kew Beach, $950; Orphans' Home, $1000; Rosedale, $1000; Pape-avenue, $1000; Essex-street, $950; Withrow-avenue, $950; Victoria Industrial School, $1200; York-street, $750; Howard, $750; Boys' Home, $725; Girls' Home, $725; Island, $425; Alexandra Industrial School, $400.

That the salaries of male assistants be $700 and the maximum $900, and that the same be increased as per the following schedule: First year, $700; second year, $700; third year, $750; fourth year, $750; fifth year, $800; sixth year, $850; seventh year, $900.

Female Assistants.

That the minimum salaries of female assistant teachers be $350 per annum, to be increased at the rate of $25 per annum, as follows:

First year, $350; second year, $375; third year, $400; fourth year, $425; fifth year, $450; sixth year, $475; seventh year, $500; eighth year, $525; ninth year, $550; tenth year, $575; eleventh year, $600; twelfth year, $625; thirteenth year, $650; fourteenth year, $675.

That Mrs. Warburton, teacher in Elizabeth-street School, and Mrs. Potter, Perth-avenue School, be paid at the rate of $900 each per annum.

Kindergarten Teachers.

That the salaries of kindergarten directresses be, for the first year, $300, and that the same be increased $25 per annum for the next succeeding seven years, making the maximum salary $475 per annum; and that the salaries of kindergarten assistants for the first year be $225, and that the same be increased $15 per annum for the next succeeding five years, making the maximum salary $300 per annum.

Special Teachers.

That the special teachers be paid as follows: Superintendent of music, $1500; assistant teacher of music, $600; superintendent of penmanship, $1500; superintendent of manual training, $1500; manual training assistants, four, each, $1000; superintendent of kindergartens, $1000; superintendent of drawing, $1000; drill instructor, $1250; superintendent of domestic science, $800; assistant, Miss Mitchell, $650; assistant, Miss Tennant, $600.

That the following allowance be made for occasional teachers: Male principal, per day, $3; male assistant, per day, $2.25; female assistant, per day, $1.50; kindergarten assistant, per day, $1.

Inspector's Department.

Chief inspector $3500.
Junior inspector, $2250.
Clerk of supplies, $1100.
Assistant clerk of supplies, $525.
Stenographic clerk, $625.

Motions That Failed.

Miss Martin moved that schedule C of last year's bill be inserted instead of schedule C in the foregoing. This would have the effect of raising the salaries of the principals of the Orphans' Home and Rosedale and Pape-avenue schools to $1250, $1050 and $1050, respectively. The motion was lost, after a deal of argument. Trustee Kent moved that the minimum for male assistants be $700 and the maximum $1000 by annual increases of $50. The motion failed. Miss Martin moved an annual increase of $50 per year for nine years for female teachers, inserting the proviso that no teacher receive more than $50 in one year. This also failed. The same fate met Trustee Kent's motion, that second year teachers should receive an increase of $25, Mr. Keeler pointing out that it was favoring a class. Moved by Trustee Kent, that Mr. Austin of the manual training department receive $1100 instead of $1000—Lost. Moved by Trustee Kent that Col. Thompson be given $1400.—Lost. Moved by Mr. Keeler that John Lumsden be given an extra $25 per year.—Carried.

Arrange Fire Claim.

Trustees Brown and Keeler moved that the chairmen of the board, and of the property and finance committees be appointed to arrange the Jesse Ketchum fire claims with the insurance adjusters.—Carried.

It was decided that a resolution of sympathy be sent to the family of the late Wilbur Grant of Jarvis-street Collegiate Institute, and that the flags of all the collegiates be at half-mast on the day of the funeral.

RUSS ARMY IN COREA.

St. Petersburg, Feb. 25.—According to information received by well-informed military men, the Russian army, which is intended to operate in Corea, will consist of an advance vanguard of two regiments of Siberian sharpshooters, a vanguard of sixteen regiments of infantry, with ninety-six quick-firing guns, three batteries of mountain guns and a corresponding force of cavalry. The main body will consist of forty regiments, including Cossack cavalry, with 300 guns. It is added that no important military operations will be possible before the melting of the ice, and that the present operations will be confined to necessary preparations.

Trust Funds and Investments

held by the Corporation are kept separate and apart from the property belonging to the Corporation itself. 25

The books of account relating to Estates and Trusts are always open for inspection by those who are directly interested.

The rigid examination of the accounts made by the Inspection Committee and Auditors is a guaranty of the integrity of the Trust funds in the Corporation's care.

The Toronto General Trusts Corporation

PAID-UP CAPITAL - $1,000,000
RESERVE FUND - 300,000
59 YONGE ST. - TORONTO.

AMUSEMENTS.

PRINCESS — MATINEE SATURDAY. The Musical Comedy Success A THE ORIGINAL CAST COUNTRY GIRL

COMING Week of Feb. 29. Only Matinee Sat. DANIEL V. ARTHUR presents MARIE CAHILL "Who is so Different From All Others" in the smartest of all musical comedies 'NANCY BROWN'

SEATS ON SALE — After Five Months' Record Breaking Broadway Run at the Bijou Theatre, New York.

GRAND OPERA HOUSE — MAT. SAT AT 2 — First time here at special prices LOVERS' LANE — NEXT WEEK Geo. W. Monroe in MY AUNT BRIDGET

MAJESTIC — MAT. EVERY DAY — Evenings 15c, 25c, 35c, 50c Mats. 10c, 15c and 25c ON THE BRIDGE AT MIDNIGHT —NEXT WEEK— TWO LITTLE WAIFS

SHEA'S THEATRE — Week of Feb. 23 Matinee Daily Matinee 25c: Evenings 25c and 50c. Blind Tom, Four Huntings, Mark Sullivan, The Misses Carmen, Lewis McCord & Co., The Dancing Passparts, Tom Brown and Miss Nevarro, The Kiretograph, The Four Nightons.

STAR — Matinee Every Day. ALL THIS WEEK Bob Manchester's CRACKERJACKS BURLESQUERS Next—Vanity Fair.

Not farewell but positively the last recital here of —GEORGE— GROSSMITH The greatest of entertainers—in new and old favorites. Massey Hall — TO-MORROW SAT. EVNG., Prices—$1.00, 75c, 50c; 600 rush seats, 25c.

CANADA LODGE NO 49, I.O.O.F. Members of the above Lodge are requested to attend the funeral of our late Bro. William Grant from his late residence, 372 Markham St., on Saturday at 3 p. m. Members of sister Lodges invited.
Hector Mc Lean, N. G. — H. E. Terry, Secretary.

When You Are Tired — Experimenting with Glasses — Go to EDWARD C. BULL, OPTICIAN. "If they come from Bull's they must be good." King Edward Hotel Building, 49 King East. 1357

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COAT MAKERS WANTED FOR LADIES' high-class tailoring, also bodice and skirt hands; to first-class hands highest wages will be paid and guarantee of steady work. Rae's, 264 Yonge-street. 26

BRIGHT, ENERGETIC WOMAN—To travel and appoint saleswomen to handle an article of women's wear; elegant goods, pleasant work and good money from commencement. Address Manager, 375 Clarence-street, London, Ont. 135

WANTED—SMART YOUNG GIRLS to pack and label. 4 Bay-street.

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FARM HANDS—TWENTY EXPERIENCED men waiting to hire. Thirteen Adelaide East, Room 1.

PERSONAL.

MRS. HARDY, 36 SULLY-CRESCENT, has quiet home for ladies before and during confinement; excellent references; good physician in attendance; strictly private; terms moderate; correspondence solicited. ed

LOST.

LOST—FAWN AND WHITE COLLIE pup; about 4 months old. Reward, 26 Marlboro-avenue.

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RICHARD G. KIRBY, 539 YONGE-ST., contractor for carpenter, joiner work and general jobbing. 'Phone North 904.

W. F. PETRY, TELEPHONE NORTH 351—Carpenter and Builder, Lumber, Mouldings, etc.

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$70,000—4 PER CENT., CITY, farm, building loans; no fees; agents wanted; commission paid. Reynolds, 24 Victoria-street, Toronto.

ADVANCES ON HOUSEHOLD GOODS, pianos, organs, horses and wagons. Call and get our instalment plan of lending. Money can be paid in small monthly or weekly payments. All business confidential. Toronto Security Co., 10 Lawlor Building, 6 King West.

MONEY LOANED SALARIED PEOPLE, retail merchants, teamsters, boarding houses, without security; easy payments; largest business in 48 principal cities. Tolman, 60 Victoria-street. ed

ABSOLUTELY THE CHEAPEST PLACE in town to borrow money on furniture or piano; security is not removed from your possession, easy payments. Mutual Security Co., first floor, 144 Yonge-street.

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STORAGE FOR FURNITURE AND PIANOS; double and single furniture vans for moving; the oldest and most reliable firm. Lester Storage and Cartage, 369 Spadina-avenue.

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FRANK W. MACLEAN, BARRISTER, solicitor, notary public, 34 Victoria-street; money to loan at 4½ per cent. ed

JAMES BAIRD, BARRISTER, SOLICITOR, Patent Attorney, etc., 9 Quebec Bank Chambers, King-street east, corner Toronto-street, Toronto. Money to loan.

ROWELL, REID & WOOD, BARRISTERS, Lawlor Building, 6 King West. N. W. Rowell, K. C., Thos. Reid, S. Casey Wood, jr. ed

VETERINARY.

F. A. CAMPBELL, VETERINARY SURGEON, 97 Bay-street. Specialist in diseases of dogs. Telephone Main 141.

THE ONTARIO VETERINARY COLLEGE, Limited Temperance-street, Toronto. Infirmary open day and night. Session begin in October. Telephone Main 861.

BUSINESS CARDS.

PRINTING — OFFICE STATIONERY, calendars, copperplate cards, wedding invitations, monograms, embossing, typewritten letters, fancy folders, etc. Adams, 401 Yonge.

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