

and hanged; in women, to be drawn and burned.

SECT. XV. *Of offences against the persons of individuals.*

CRIMES affecting the persons of individuals, by other corporal injuries not amounting to homicide, are, 1. *Mayhem*; and also *foisting* at another. Penalties: fine; imprisonment; judgment of felony, without clergy. 2. *Forcible abduction*, and *marriage and defilement*, of an heiress; which is felony: also, *stealing*, and *deflowering or marrying*, any woman-child under the age of sixteen years; for which the penalty is imprisonment, fine, and temporary forfeiture of her lands. 3. *Rape*, and also *carnal knowledge*, of a woman-child under the age of ten years. 4. *Buggery*, with man or beast. Both these are felonies, without clergy.—5. *Affault*: 6. *Battery*; especially of clergymen. 7. *Wounding*. Penalties, in all three: fine; imprisonment; and other corporal punishment. 8. *False imprisonment*. Penalties: fine; imprisonment; and (in some atrocious cases) the pains of *præmunire*, and incapacity of office or pardon. 9. *Kidnapping*, or forcibly stealing away the king's subjects. Penalty: fine; imprisonment; and pillory.

SECT. XVI. *Of offences against the habitations of individuals.*

(1.) CRIMES affecting the habitations of individuals are, 1. *Arson*, 2. *Burglary*.

(2.) *Arson* is the malicious and wilful burning of the house or out-house, of another man. This is felony; in some cases within, in others without, clergy.

(3.) *Burglary* is the breaking and entering, by night, into a mansion-house; with intent to commit a fe-

lony. This is felony, without clergy.

SECT. XVII. *Of offences against private property.*

(1.) CRIMES affecting the private property of individuals are, 1. *Larceny*. 2. *Malicious mischief*. 3. *Forgery*.

(2.) *Larceny* is, 1. *Simple*. 2. *Mixed*, or *compound*.

(3.) *Simple larceny* is the felonious taking, and carrying away, of the personal goods of another. And it is, 1. *Grand larceny*; being above the value of twelve pence. Which is felony; in some cases within, in others without clergy. 2. *Petit larceny*; to the value of twelve pence or under. Which is also felony, but not capital; being punished with whipping, or transportation.

(4.) *Mixed*, or *compound*, larceny is that wherein the taking is accompanied with the aggravation of being, 1. From the house. 2. From the person.

(5.) Larcenies from the house, by day or night, are felonies without clergy, when they are, 1. Larcenies, above twelve pence, from a church; or by breaking a tent or booth in a market or fair, by day or night, the owner or his family being therein, —or by breaking a dwelling-house by day, any person being therein; —or from a dwelling-house by day, without breaking, any person therein being put in fear; —or from a dwelling-house by night, without breaking, the owner, or his family, being therein and put in fear. 2. Larcenies, of five shillings, by breaking the dwelling-house, shop, or warehouse by day, though no person be therein; —or, by privately stealing in any shop, warehouse, coach-house, or stable, by day or