The Toronto World

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THURSDAY MORNING, AUG. 13.

Be of Good Cheer

Graver news came over the ocean yesterday, and there may be graver still. Anyone who feels in any way down-hearted or discouraged had better take out a history of the Peninsular War and the Waterloo campaign, and, going back a hundred years or so in imagination, try to picture the conditions then, and sum up a little gratitude for the improvement now. The Waterloo campaign of a hundred days was fought and finished before most people on this side of the ocean had heard it had begun. We are better off in one respect than that, tho in another we suffer all the see-saw strain of suspense and anxiety as the fortune of war appears to fluctuate from one side to the other. Those who can mind their own business till they hear something decisive probably gain in peace of mind what they lose in intelligence.

To many people no news is bad news, and they prefer to hear what is not being done, or what is probably going on, to sitting in the misery of doubt. The reassurances of competent authorities are a welcome relief to those who thus suffer in silence. The public are themselves the best judges in these matters. Anyone who is found out deceiving or faking, or cheating, if it be only to the value of a cent, loses future patronage from the cheated public. Honest news has nothing to fear, and needs no official prosecution nor protection. The public simply neglect the unreliable and valueless newspapers, and that is their greatest punishment.

There may be days when bad news will come. There were days fifteen years ago when stout-hearted Britishers almost despaired. Many thought, even if they did not say so, and a large number actually declared, that the end of the empire had come at last. But we "muddled thru." We muddled thru the Crimea, which was a much worse muddle and less justifiable, perhaps, than the South African war. At any rate, the South African war has turned out well for everybody today, and South Africa is as loyal as Ulster. So, if the days with bad news come again, we must just cast back our memories to the marvelous resources for muddling thru which Britain possesses, and feel satisfied that it will all come right in a day or two. The kaiser and his men have no trepidation and no nervousness at all, and why should we?

We do not take a despondent view of the campaign. Quite the reverse. But it would be folly not to recognize the gigantic character of the task before the allies. Two actions are probably being fought at the present time, one in Belgium, and one in Alsace. Either of these may be decisive of the kaiser's campaign. Should both battles so decisively against the German forces, it is possible the kaiser might see reason and the war be ended in three weeks. Good judges do not wish such a consummation. They would prefer to see a fight to a standstill, until Germany is exhausted, and the allies are able to dictate peace on their own terms in Berlin. But whatever the news, it is well to remember that the nations of Europe are fighting for liberty and freedom in the British and American sense, and will not give up till they achieve it.

One German Misconception

Underlying the course of events that led to the outbreak of the war and controlling the situation that made it inevitable was the rivalry of the German and the Slav for dominance in Southeastern Europe. This was very clearly shown in a statement published in March of last year in Financial America of New York and prepared exclusively for its use. One significant statement made was that "The Balkan States form a new military element which Europe must take into account as a whole. These new Slav states may possibly get into closer touch with Russia and thus be found in the ranks of our opponents. It is imperative that we should be prepared for the worse contingency."

At the time this statement was prepared the German authorities had evidently no anticipation that the United Kingdom, when the crisis came, would be numbered in the ranks of their active opponents. It dismissed British predominancy at sea as neither favorable nor unfavorable to Germany and declared that the relations between Germany and England did not affect continental military operations. Thus little more than a year ago it is clear that British intervention on the continent was looked on as so improbable that the possibility even deserved no consideration. If that idea continued to prevail, it is not surprising the kaiser thought it safe to assume that Belgium would at the worst adopt the role of benevolent neutrality.

Heroes at Home

There is only one difficulty about carrying out the suggestions made by Mr. H. G. Wells in yesterday's World, and that is to get the ideas pressed home to the people who need to be influenced, or when influence is ineffective, compelled to put them into force.

When people belong to the class who live only for themselves, and who resent the existence of everyone else on earth as a personal encroachment upon their own privileges, they usually have hides like a rhinoceros and are impervious to moral reflections or ethical standards. Mr. Wells pictures a family of this class laying in its stores without the slightest regard for the interests of other people, however poor or distressed. Serene in the strength of the maxim that "charity begins at home," they fortify themselves by putting it in practice as a proper example for all others to follow. Those who do not or cannot follow the example are put down as thriftless or foolish. And when the poverty-stricken come in their straits to ask for help, the parable of the foolish virgins is quoted to them, and they are told that they should have been prepared and put oil in their lamps.

There is no way to deal with the well-to-do selfish, except as Mr. Wells suggests, and that is to take such steps thru the public authority as may be needed to control the supply of food, and its proper distribution in case of necessity. There is plenty for everybody, but the creation of an artificial demand as the result of giving way to a panic or a mania for hoarding up food, may cause the gravest inconvenience to the whole nation.

The big stores can do a great deal by keeping prices at a normal level, to control the general trade. Many sacrifices must be made in wartime. Mr. Wells writes feelingly of the little tradesmen who dared to offend important customers in order to serve all alike. Men like this are heroes of the war at home, and those who refrain from taking advantage of times of stress are doing their part, even tho it be a passive one, in the gallant fight against a public enemy.

War and the Empire

For years it has been a current belief in Germany that the British Empire was held together by so loose a bond and contained so many disruptive elements that it would not survive the shock of a great war. India was supposed to be seething with discontent that only required a spark to burst out into rebellion. Egypt was in little better case, while the self-governing dominions, particularly Canada and South Africa, would certainly not make the cause of the mother country their own. Nationalist Ireland again only awaited the favorable opportunity to declare its independence and invite foreign aid against its oppressor.

The United Kingdom is engaged in a war which will tax its power to the utmost. Now, if ever, will these direful prophecies have their chance of fulfilment. But instead of dividing the empire, the war, waged, as it is, in a just and righteous cause, has demonstrated its solidarity and revealed the strength of the silken cord that binds its peoples together. Our empire, with far greater variety of race than even Austria includes, has found that freedom and justice are better solvents of racial difficulties than tyranny and proscription. Britain has long been regarded by the small and weak nations of Europe as their one disinterested friend. They know now.

Kitchener Is Not Idle

There was something surprisingly confiding about the information given out by the British censors regarding the landing of British troops at Calais and Dunkirk. There were 25,000 and more to follow. But where did they follow? It is by no means certain that they did not go to Antwerp. It would be a mighty surprise to the German generals after they had progressed in their big turning movement north of Liege to find that an English army was lying on their right flank or perhaps in their rear, and that their communications had been cut off. All the surprises will not arise out of German strategy, we may be sure. And while we are hearing all about the movements of the German armies, it is highly significant that nothing has been revealed of the whereabouts of the main body of the French and English forces.

New Employes of Government Railways Get Full Schedule Pay.

MONCTON, N. B., Aug. 12.—The employes of the Cape Tormentine Railway, recently taken over by the Intercolonial Railway, have all been given schedule pay. Engineers are to go over the line shortly and report on the work necessary to bring it up to the standard, and it is expected that the work of improvement will be commenced this month. Men in the Intercolonial shops have been put to work on full time.

FOOD BARONS ARE PREYING ON PUBLIC

Prices on Foodstuffs in Pittsburg Soar Forty Per Cent.

LOOK TO WASHINGTON

"As High as Traffic Will Bear," is Slogan of Unscrupulous Traders.

Special to The Toronto World.

PITTSBURG, Pa., Aug. 12.—Goaded into action by an avalanche of protests reaching them in letters and thru the newspapers, Pittsburg's City Council today directed the city solicitor to ascertain the steps necessary to appeal for relief from the food barons to the government authorities in Washington.

Prices of meat, vegetables and all foodstuffs have gone up in price 30 to 40 per cent. to consumers within a week. Newspapers denounce the food thieves of the nation who are using the European war situation as an excuse and say they are engaged in a revel of robbery.

One Pittsburg daily today, in an exposure, showed that prices have been increased "because of a scarcity due to the war," on garden truck shipped into the local markets from points within a street car ride of the city.

Bread has jumped a cent a loaf, coffee 3 and 4 cents a pound, rice is 2 cents higher, and all meats are jumping 2 to 5 cents a pound higher daily.

"As high as the traffic will bear" is the slogan of most dealers, investigators for the city declare.

While the appeal to the government is being prepared, precedents are being looked up for possible action by state and municipal authorities.

WAR PRICES IN U.S. TO BE INVESTIGATED

Canadian Press Despatch.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 12.—Three resolutions calling for information as to "war prices" on foodstuffs in the United States were referred to Secretary Redfield today by Chairman Adamson of the house interstate and foreign commerce committee.

All of the resolutions call upon the department of commerce to explain why prices have gone up when the exportation of food practically has been stopped by the European war.

AMERICAN SENTIMENT TOWARD GERMANY.

(New York Tribune, Aug. 8)

There is no anti-German sentiment among the people or in the press of this country, as some distinguished German residents writing to the newspapers seem to think. We have too many German citizens, respect them too much, owe too much to their industry and loyalty, ever to have anything but the best feeling toward the German.

It is against the German Government and its policy that the present indignation is directed; against the kaiser with his wild militarism, that is now working havoc in all Europe, and has brought Germany itself face to face with ruin.

American public opinion holds the kaiser's government responsible for destroying the peace of Europe and bringing distress upon the whole world. It was the kaiser's government, with its "year of sacrifice," that started the last orgy of preparation for war, whose after-effects are being realized today. The kaiser could have held back Austria-Hungary when Servia humbled herself. The world looked to him to save it, but he did nothing.

The nations of the Triple Entente went into the fight with reluctance, that showed some sense of their responsibility as civilized powers. But the German Government flung Germany in without counting the costs, without even stopping to find out where its ally, Italy, stood; eager to strike the first blow with that huge engine of destruction in which it had such mad confidence.

American public opinion is outraged by the wanton attack on the weak neutral power of Belgium and the slaying of its subjects. It recoils at the cost of what the kaiser has undertaken. It has no sympathy with the excuse that this is a war of self-preservation for Germany. That is a militaristic delusion. Under peace Germany was outstripping its rivals, filling England with anxiety on the sea and putting out of the head of France its cherished visions of a regained Alsace and Lorraine.

American opinion feels that the best thing that can happen to the world is to have the German militaristic idol shattered and thrown down in the dust. Without the least feeling against the German people, that is how the American public feels about the present German Government and its works, and that sentiment is rightly reflected in the American press.

THOUSAND TONS OF BEEF PURCHASED BY FRANCE

Armour iand Company Receive Large Order for Canned Variety.

Special to The Toronto World.

CHICAGO, Aug. 12.—This city received the first large order for American meat to be shipped to the European war zone when the announcement was made by Armour & Co. late today that the French Government had purchased 2,000,000 pounds of canned beef.

HOSPITAL SHIP SAILS UNDER SEALED ORDERS

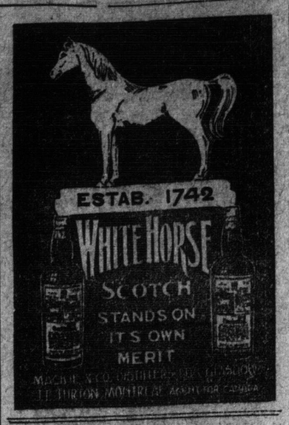
Prince George Leaves Victoria Suddenly for Secret Destination.

Canadian Press Despatch.

VANCOUVER, B.C., Aug. 12.—Under sealed orders the hospital ship, Prince George, Captain Donald, sailed from Esquimalt. Neither the reason for her departure nor her destination was divulged at the navy yard. She was sighted by the Shidenoka Maru about 75 miles west of Rade Roaks last night steaming at full speed in the direction of Cape Flattery, where the Canadian cruiser Rainbow was last seen.

SYNOD MEETING CANCELED.

OTTAWA, Aug. 12.—The meeting of the general synod of the Church of England, appointed to be held Sept. 9 in Vancouver, will not be held. The members of the general synod, including all the bishops and all clerical and lay delegates from each diocese in Canada, will be notified in a few days by His Grace Archbishop Hamilton, who is appointed to act in the absence of the primate, Most Rev. S. P. Matheson, Winnipeg, who is detained in England.



ORANGEMEN CARRY ERIN'S GREEN FLAG

Demonstration Results in Pledges of Loyalty—United Ireland, Watchword.

Canadian Press Despatch.

LONDON, Ont., Aug. 12.—Pledges of unswerving loyalty to the British throne in the present European crisis and of the readiness of Orangemen to go to the front to assist Britain in, as Mayor Hocken of Toronto put it here, the "battle against despotism for the rights of mankind," characterized the speeches here today in connection with the celebration of the Relief of Londonderry, an innovation in Orange circles in Ontario, which was participated in by over 2000 members of the Black Knights of Ireland from all parts of Western Ontario, including 300 from Toronto.

The speakers included Mayor Hocken, Toronto; Mayor Graham, E. T. Essery, K.C., Rev. W. C. Ruddorford, grand master; Sir Knight Lankin of Toronto; Canon Walsh, Brampton; Rev. William Lowe, Lucan, and Rev. R. W. Knowles, St. Thomas.

A feature of the occasion was the carrying at the head of the immense parade of the green flag of Ireland, signifying a United Ireland in the present crisis.

MARITIME PROVINCE AND QUEBEC SUMMER RESORTS.

1914 Shows Marked Increase in Appreciation.

Eastern Canada—the provinces by the sea—and a glorious summer country, is meeting with more and more appreciation; the 1914 season thus far showing marked advancement in the number of summer visitors seeking rest and recreation in this country, where the scenery is at times of sweet pastoral simplicity, and at times of sublime grandeur, with innumerable sandy beaches, lordly rivers, land-locked havens, broad expanse of ocean, and a clime unmatched in any part of Canada.

On August 14, 15, 16, 17, the government railways are offering greatly reduced fares to such well-known resorts as Murray Bay, Cacouna, Metis Beach, Matapedia, the Baie des Chaleurs, north shore of New Brunswick, St. John, the Strait of Northumberland, Prince Edward Island, Halifax, the Annapolis Valley, the Bay of Fundy, Nova Scotia's Atlantic coast, Cape Breton and the beautiful Bras d'Or Lakes, the Sydneys and Newfoundland. The tickets are good for return leaving destination September 1, 1914. With the excellent train service from Bonaventure Union Depot, Montreal, by the Maritime Express and Ocean Limited to St. John and Halifax, making close connection for all points in the Maritime Provinces, and the additional express, the St. Lawrence Special, to the lower St. Lawrence resorts, a big business is anticipated. 234

NEW PHASE OF WAR APPEARS TO BEGIN

Entrench Along Upper Front and Send Peasants South to Scout.

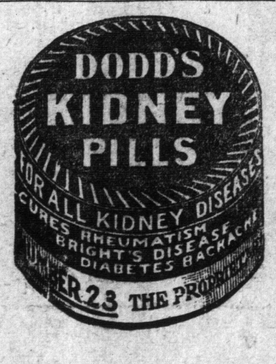
Canadian Press Despatch.

BRUSSELS, Aug. 12 (via London, 8.30 p.m.)—The Germans appear to be commencing a fresh phase of the war Their attack thru Central Belgium having failed, they are entrenching along their Maastricht-Liege front and are employing a number of peasants on the road south thru the Provinces of Liege and Luxemburg, foreshadowing an attempt to force their way to the south of the River Ourthe and towards the Upper Meuse in France

DEFERRED CABLE SERVICE RESUMED.

Deferred cable service, cable letter and week-end letter services have been resumed, but are limited strictly to London, Liverpool, Glasgow, Edinburgh, Bristol, Bradford, Dundee, Huddersfield, Manchester, Newcastle-on-Tyne, Leith and West Hartlepool. Such messages must fully comply with censorship requirements ,and are subject to delay.

British Pacific cable deferred and week-end letter services have been resumed.



AUSTRIA'S INVASION BY SERVIA BEGINS

Combined Servian and Montenegrin Armies Pour Into Bosnia.

ARE IN THREE COLUMNS

General Jankovich Takes Supreme Command of Allied Forces.

Canadian Press Despatch.

LONDON, Aug. 12, 7.40 p.m.—The Exchange Telegraph Company's Nish, Servia, correspondent says a combined Servian and Montenegrin invasion of Bosnia fromPlevlje (Tashlija), northwest of Novibazar, has begun in three columns. General Radomir Putnik, chief of the Servian general staff, being ill, General Jankovitch of the Servian army has taken supreme command of the forces.

TRIED TO WRECK PASSENGER TRAINS

Two Early Morning Attempts Were Made at Jarvis, Ontario.

WINDSOR, August 12.—Two different attempts to wreck fast passenger trains were made early this morning. The Chicago-New York flyer was going thru Jarvis at 50 miles per hour at 4 a.m., when it struck a pile of ties placed on the tracks. The engine left the rails, but the coaches remained on the track. Passengers were badly shaken.

Two hours later, at daylight, and a short distance farther along the track, flyer No. 6 hit another obstruction placed on the track, but did not leave the rails.

Railway officials and the police notified the military authorities.

TWENTY GERMAN LINERS TIED UP IN NEW YORK

War Forces Owners to Keep Them Idle for Fear of Capture.

Special to The Toronto World.

NEW YORK, Aug. 12.—Because of the international complications abroad, the following German ships, owned and operated by the North German Lloyd and the Hamburg-American lines, are at present tied up in the port of New York:

North German Lloyd: Kaiser Wilhelm II., George Washington, Friederich Der Grosse, Grosse Kurfurst, Barbarossa, and the Princess Irene.

Hamburg-American line: Vaterland, Hamburg, President Lincoln, President Grant, Pennsylvania, Gracia, Sarnia, Pisa, Alemenia, Konig, Wilhelm II., Prinz Eitel Frederick, and Prinz Johacin.

THE WORLD'S WAR MAP.

In view of the great interest taken in the war by practically every person, and the demand for a map of the war zone, The World has arranged with the Realty Map Company for a special Military Map of that portion of Europe that will show the fighting ground of the various armies and navies. The physical features of the country are shown in relief, together with all the strategic points and fortifications, as the map was prepared by a man who was engaged by the German Government in defining boundaries, etc. It will contain the correct boundaries of the various countries bordering on Germany as at present constituted, and as this will be the theatre of the present war it will constitute the most accurate map yet issued. It is drawn to a scale 25 x 21 and sufficient in size to enable you to follow the movements of the armies engaged. Military enthusiasts who provide themselves with flag pins will be able with the aid of The Daily World despatches to designate the armies on the map and in this way obtain a more lucid idea of the probable movements of the troops.

This map may be obtained at The World Office, 40 Richmond street west, Toronto, or 15 Main street east, Hamilton, for one coupon which is printed on another page, together with 25c. If by mail add 2c for postage.

CHEESE MARKETS.

MADOC, Ont., Aug. 12.—Nine hundred white cheese offered at 13 5-16c, sold at 12 9-16c, balance refused.

PETERBORO, Aug. 12.—At the cheese board meeting here today 1248 colored were offered; 12 9-16c bid. No sales. Adjourned for a week.

CAMPBELLFORD, Ont., Aug. 12.—At the cheese board meeting here today 865 offered; 510 sold at 13c and 135 sold at 12 13-16c. Balance refused at 12 13-16c.

AND HE DID

POISONOUS MATCHES

In less than two years it will be unlawful to buy or to use poisonous white phosphorous matches

EVERYBODY SHOULD BEGIN TO USE

EDDY'S NON-POISONOUS

"SESQUI" MATCHES

AND THUS ENSURE SAFETY IN THE HOME.

ed7

MICHIE'S

GLENERNAN

Scotch Whisky

A blend of pure Highland malts, bottled in Scotland exclusively for

Michie & Co., Ltd., Toronto

Established 1835

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U.S. REVENUE TO SUFFER GREATLY

Plans Considered to Offset Estimated Loss of One Hundred Millions.

Canadian Press Despatch.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 12.—How to raise something like $100,000,000 to offset the loss to the United States in import duties expected to result from the war in Europe will be the subject of a conference tomorrow between Secretary McAdoo and Representative Underwood, chairman of the house ways and means committee.

Treasury experts tonight completed a statement showing imports from the war zone. They did not hazard an estimate of probable loss in revenue, tho informally it was admitted that the total might be in the neighborhood of $100,000,000 for the year. Figures also have been prepared to demonstrate what might be raised by increased taxes on liquors and tobacco and by adding in the income tax.

The normal revenue on importations from the countries now affected—Germany, Great Britain, Austria-Hungary, Russia, France and Belgium—approximates $116,000,000 a year. Germany exports many things that the customs experts say may be provided by England and other countries. Japan might take advantage of the opportunity to increase its exportations of articles normally supplied by Germany. The chief loss will be in pottery, laces and embroideries, etc.

Among the schemes being informally considered is one to change the internal revenue tax on cigars and tobacco, making it an ad valorem tax instead of flat tax on amounts. This way, it is estimated, about $40,000,000 could be raised. From an increased beer tax it is estimated $30,000,000 could be brought in. No change in the income tax could be effective until after July 1 next.

HOFBRAU

Liquid Extract of Malt

The most invigorating preparation of its kind ever introduced to help and sustain the invalid or the athletic.

W. H. LEE, Chemist, Toronto, Canadian Agent.

MANUFACTURED BY 246 THE REINHARDT SALVADOR BREWERY, LIMITED, TORONTO.

AT OSGOODE HALL

18th August, 1914.

Before Clute, J.

Mayberry v. Sinclair, and in the Matter of the Ontario Elections Act.—Judgment. Appeal by both parties from the recount before the deputy judge of the County of Oxford. Held: The result is that on Mr. Mayberry's appeal two votes are to be added to his total of 2581 and four votes are to be deducted from Mr. Sinclair's total of 2586, and all the other objections taken by Mr. Mayberry are dismissed. On Mr. Sinclair's appeal two votes are to be deducted from Mr. Mayberry's total of 2583. That is, two votes are added and two votes are deducted from Mr. Mayberry's total of 2581, leaving that total as found by the deputy county court judge unaltered, and four votes are to be deducted from Mr. Sinclair's total of 2586 as found by the said deputy county court judge, leaving a total for Mr. Sinclair of 2582, thus leaving a majority in favor of Mr. Sinclair of one vote. As each appeal has partly succeeded and partly failed, and one of the principal points involved was the non-compliance of the returning officer with the requirements of the statute, there should be no costs to either party. McKay, K.C., for Mayberry. E. Bristol, K.C., for Sinclair.

MONTREAL'S WARY MAYOR.

MONTREAL, Aug. 12.—"Are you going to have a Russian flag with the Union Jack and tri-color on the city hall buildings?" Mayor Martin was asked this morning.

"Yes, as soon as they do something," answered the mayor.

German Losses at Liege.

COPENHAGEN.—The German losses at Liege are now placed at 4500 killed, 12,000 wounded and 3700 prisoners.

My, But This Is Fine Ale!

O'Keefe's

SPECIAL EXTRA MILD ALE

"It has done me a world of good. My appetite is better — digestion is sound — I sleep well—and have gained in weight" Dr. Wiley—the famous pure food expert—was right when he said—"Beer is a veritable food product."

Order today from your dealer.