

spring of 1931 states, the flock was struck by an epidemic of Chicken Pox and Bronchitis. This epidemic was in no way related to the parasitic infestation existing in the flock, although the generally weakened condition of the stock due to the parasitic infestation undoubtedly caused heavier losses during the Pox and Bronchitis period.

The Chicken Pox was cleared up by individual bird vaccination and the Bronchitis by management, all of which was done through the co-operation of Dr. Conklin. The Bronchitis, however, reappeared in 1931-32, although since the time it was cleared up no reappearance has occurred.

The 1930-31 Revenue Loss Statement was as per the following:-

Poultry Department.

Revenue Loss 1930 - 1931.

"In offering an explanation for the reduced revenue of the Poultry Department for the year 1930-31 as compared with the previous year I beg to first make a statement as to the flock differences between the two years. In the year 1929-30 approximately 1400 pullet layers were kept, whereas in the year 1930-31 about 1100 were kept. The 1100 bird flock was, however, much superior to the previous year's flock and should have made as good a showing financially as the larger flock.

"We must also recognize the vast differences in prices received for produce this year, especially since January, as compared with 1929-30.

"The above statements re size of flock and prices are, however, not the cause of the severe drop in revenue. The real cause for the loss in stock and production was an outbreak