

does that fulfil our quota to the United Kingdom for that year?—A. Those show the total amount of exports of Canadian wheat and flour to the United Kingdom. That is the amount they took.

Q. I notice there that you kept your deliveries to the United Kingdom pretty well equal during that period of time in spite of the fact that, as you mention in the previous statement, there there were 206.6 million bushels exported in the first six months and in another part the exports were much lower, but apparently your supplies to the United Kingdom went forward at a very uniform rate.—A. Yes, although the movement was heavier in the fall of the year when the lakes were open.

Q. There is one other question: in supplying the requirements of France and the French colonies the amount shown is over 30 million bushels; there is only 8,727,711 bushels to France herself and 23,414,651 to the French colonies; did the French government undertake all of that?—A. Yes, that is right.

By Mr. Harkness:

Q. The second last paragraph says:

It is interesting to note that during the August-January period 36 per cent of Canadian wheat exports went to the United Kingdom, while during the February-July period, 61 per cent of the smaller Canadian wheat exports were directed to the United Kingdom. For the crop year as a whole, the United Kingdom took 45 per cent of wheat exports from Canada and 55 per cent went to other countries.

Can you give the average price paid per bushel for the 278 million involved?—A. During this period of time, as I mentioned in the report, the price to all countries was \$1.55 per bushel, including the United Kingdom.

Q. I thought that during part of that period it was changed.—A. No, it could not be during that period; it was extended to the 31st of July.

Q. Was the \$1.55 per bushel the price agreed on for all wheat?—A. Yes.

Q. All of it?—A. Yes.

By Mr. Hatfield:

Q. I would like to know if there was any wheat shipped into the United States during that period?—A. Yes.

Q. The report shows that some of it went there in bond; was there any sold to the United States?—A. Yes; those figures shown for the United States are for wheat for consumption and for milling in bond.

Q. It does not show them separately. Could you tell me how much was sold for consumption and how much for milling in bond?—A. I will get you a breakdown on that. We have it in our figures.

By Mr. Quelch:

Q. I understand that responsibility for deciding to which country wheat could be exported is vested in the wheat board, and that during this period allocation was largely a matter of government policy. Who decides as to how much wheat shall be exported to this country and how much shall be exported to that country? On the top of page 4 it says:

All the foregoing exports were programmed through the cereals committee of the then existing Combined Food Board and were related to export programs undertaken by other countries, principally the United States and Australia. In addition to wheat exports, Canada exported 62 million bushels of wheat in the form of flour, of which about 28 million bushels went to the United Kingdom and the balance was distributed among a wide range of importing countries. A very substantial volume of Canadian flour was purchased by UNRRA for distribution to countries in receipt of UNRRA assistance.