

Canada has but little connection with that of Europe whose history after all is that with which it is really important to familiarise the youth both of Europe and America, since it is from the former that the latter has borrowed its civilisation, its religion, its laws and its manners. Indeed we look upon the time that in so many of our schools and colleges is devoted to the study of American history and American geography as time-wasted. The history of Greece and of Rome, the geography of those countries which have controlled the course of European civilisation are the histories and the geographies with which above all it behooves the members of that race to be acquainted. The Tiber, the Jordan, the Nile and the Euphrates are rivers with which we would rather that our children should be familiar, than that they should know the course of all the waters of North America, and we look upon it as a blemish upon our school given education that too many of them are utterly ignorant of the great battles that have decided the fortunes of the world, of Actium, of Lepanto for instance, though they have had drilled into them the details of all the petty skirmishes that may have occurred on this Continent. The histories which our youth should first learn are Sacred History, then the History of the ancient centres of civilisation and then those of France, England, and of Europe generally.

NORTH BRITISH REVIEW—April, 1870.—Messrs. Dawson Bros., Montreal:

The contents of the current number are fully up to the mark, and are on the following subjects:—1. The Church Policy of Constantine; 2. Earl Godwin, and Earl Harold; 3. The Early Authorship of Shakespeare; 4. The Will, and Free Will; 5. Jane Austen; 6. Parties and Politics of Modern Russia; 7. The Home Policy of the Session; 8. Contemporary Literature.

ADDRESS AND REPLY.

The following is the text of the Congratulatory Address of the Clergy of the Arch-Diocese of Toronto to the Most Rev. Dr. Lynch, on his elevation to the Archiepiscopacy:—
To His Grace the Most Rev. John Joseph Lynch, D.D., Archbishop of Toronto.

MY DEAR FATHER YOUR GRACE:

We, the Priests of the Arch Diocese of Toronto, having assembled as soon as possible after the labours of Holy Week, hasten to offer Your Grace our congratulations on your elevation to the Archiepiscopacy. We are rejoiced that the capital of Ontario has been selected by our Holy Father Pius IX. as the Metropolitan See of the new Ecclesiastical Province which has been erected; and our joy is the greater that the choice has fallen upon our own beloved Chief Pastor to be the first Metropolitan of so important a Province. While the Eternal City, the centre of Catholic Unity, is enlivened by the presence of the Successors of the Apostles, who have gathered from all quarters of the globe at the call of Christ's Vicar on earth, to work for the welfare of the Church of God under the guidance of the Holy Spirit of Truth. We are glad to know that the state of your health is sufficiently good to permit your labours to extend beyond our own locality; as we are aware, that both in Committee and in Council, you are endeavouring to further the interests of Christ and His Church even to the ends of the earth.

It must have been a source of real joy to your venerable Predecessor in this Diocese—the Rt. Rev. Dr. De Charbonnel—to meet your Grace in the Holy City, and to recall the memory of Toronto where he laboured so long and so zealously; and his pleasure must be much increased by the fact that so important a Diocese has been elevated to the Archiepiscopal rank, and that the Successor of his choice has been deemed by the Holy See worthy to be its first Archbishop. We earnestly beg of your Grace to convey to him our sentiments of profound respect and sincere love, and our gratitude for the numerous acts of kindness that many of us have received at his hands.

In conclusion, while humbly requesting Your Grace to receive the expression of our devotedness and affection to yourself, we venture to express the hope that we shall see you soon again amongst us, receiving in person the same manifestations of our love.

While requesting also your Pastoral Blessing, we beg of you to convey to our Holy Father the Pope our filial attachment, and to obtain from Him for ourselves and our respective flocks His Apostolic Benediction.

The following is the reply of His Grace:

ROME, June 10th, 1870.

MY BELOVED PRIESTS,—I have received, through the Very Rev. J. F. Jamot, V. G., your very kind and respectful Address on the occasion of the choice made by Our Holy Father of the See of Toronto for the Metropolitan of the Province of Ontario.

I reciprocate most cordially all your kind sentiments, and earnestly pray, also, that Our increased responsibilities may be sustained by an increase of Divine grace, and on Our part a faithful co-operation with it. In Our late Pastoral Letter, which you have received, We sufficiently expressed to you and to Our beloved children of the Laity Our sentiments; and We again earnestly pray our dear Lord to pour upon all of us the best gifts of His Grace.

It is to Us a continual subject of joy, indeed,

to assist at this Sacred and Ecumenical Council, to meet in it the Successors of the Apostles from every part of the world; to pray with them at the same Altar, and surround at the same time the sacred tomb of the Blessed Apostles St. Peter and St. Paul, and the shrines of innumerable holy Pontiffs and Martyrs enclosed within the venerable walls of the Vatican Basilica; to be so often blessed by the presence of the Vicar of Christ on earth, the true Successor of St. Peter, and to bear His words, inspired with the most exalted wisdom and earnest piety. We often cry out in the depth of Our heart, *Bonum est nos hic esse*, and many Kings and Prophets have desired to see the things that you see, and have not seen them. We have met here many of Our old college fellow-students, who are governing dioceses in all parts of the world, in Africa, in Asia, in Australia, in America, and, of course, in Europe—all fellow-countrymen, also. What examples of zeal, of self-sacrifice, and of grand triumphs for our holy religion! They have left all things to follow Christ, and now in their old age they rejoice in their sacrifice of youth, home and friends. One thought, and one universal topic of conversation—the salvation of souls—appears to be their chief motive of action.

You have well remarked that it was a source of great joy to Us to meet in Rome Our venerable predecessor, and to have him, as it were, Our god father at the reception of the Pallium. We presented to him your respects and love, so well merited by him. His kind and fatherly heart was much moved by your remembrance of him; and he commissioned Us to present you the expression of his ever enduring love and esteem for you. We often entertain each other with your zeal, labours and successes in our dear Lord's service; and we pray that you persevere to the end in seeking the one thing necessary,—The kingdom of God and his justice; and that you persevere to the end.

Our Holy Father has commissioned Us to bestow upon you and upon your respective congregations His Apostolic Benediction, and many other favours.

We cannot foresee when we shall have the pleasure of returning, as the affairs of the Council, as you remark, must take precedence of the affairs of particular dioceses. All things in the council proceed with order, liberty, clarity, and pious decorum; and although, as in the first Council of Jerusalem, *magna contentio ferebat* all is done with that dignity and charity worthy of gentlemen and especially Bishops.

Our health has improved, through the mercy of God, for the last few months, and we entertain the hope of being able to labour a little longer in God's service in Toronto. Receive again, Our Dearly Beloved Priests, the expression of Our sincere esteem and affection with which we are

Yours faithfully in Christ,

JOHN JOSEPH LYNCH,
Archbishop of Toronto.

To Very Rev. F. P. Rooney, V. G., and the Clergy of Toronto Archdiocese.

MARITIME WAR LAW.—The following is the full text of the highly important declaration respecting Maritime Law, signed by the Plenipotentiaries of Great Britain, Austria, France, Prussia, Russia, Sardinia and Turkey, assembled in Congress at Paris, April 16, 1856:—

"The Plenipotentiaries who signed the Treaty of Paris of the 6th March, 1856, assembled in Conference, considering—

"That Maritime Law, in time of war, has long been the subject of deplorable disputes:

"That the uncertainty of the law, and of the duties in such matter, gives rise to difference of opinion between neutrals and belligerents which may occasion serious difficulties and even conflicts;

"That it is consequently advantageous to establish a uniform doctrine on so important a point;

"That the Plenipotentiaries assembled in Congress at Paris cannot better respond to the intention by which their Governments are animated than by seeking to introduce into international relations fixed principles in this respect;

"The above mentioned Plenipotentiaries, being duly authorised, resolved to concert amongst themselves as to the means of attaining this object; and, having come to an agreement, have adopted the following solemn declaration:

"1. Privateering is and remains abolished.

"2. The neutral flag covers enemy's goods, with the exception of contraband of war.

"3. Neutral goods, with the exception of contraband of war, are not liable to capture under enemy's flag.

"4. Blockades, in order to be binding must be effective; that is to say, maintained by a force sufficient really to prevent access to the coast of the enemy.

"The Governments of the undersigned Plenipotentiaries engage to bring the present declaration to the knowledge of the States which have not taken part in the Congress of Paris, and to invite them to accede to it.

"Convinced that the maxims which they now

proclaim cannot but be received with gratitude by the whole world, the undersigned Plenipotentiaries do not that the efforts of their Governments to obtain the general adoption thereof will be crowned with full success.

"The present Declaration is not and shall not be binding, except between those powers who have acceded, or shall accede to it.

Done at Paris, the sixteenth of April, one thousand eight hundred and fifty-six.

[Signed]

Buol Schauenstein.	Hatzfeldt.
Hubner.	Orioff.
Walewski.	Bunnow.
Bourquenez.	Cavour.
Clarendon.	De Villamarina.
Cowley.	Aali.
Maniuffel.	Mehammed Djemil.

THE STORM ON SUNDAY.—The following is a tolerably correct account of the damage done to property in the city:—Some forty feet of the roof of a Grand Trunk car shed at Point St. Charles was blown off, and other buildings slightly damaged. The roof of the Dominion Work at Point St. Charles village was also blown off, besides portions of three or four houses in the village. A large elm was blown down in Phillips square, a maple broke in two and fell across the head of St. Lawrence Main street, and a large tree was blown down near the east end of Craig street, and one in Dalhousie square. Part of the velocipede rink at St. Jean Baptiste village was destroyed, and several persons more or less injured. The spire of the Dorchester street Wesleyan Methodist church was again injured, and so much that service could not with safety be held in the church. The steamboat "Laprairie" on her way to town with some 350 passengers had a narrow escape from a serious accident.

FATAL ACCIDENT AT LACHINE.—On Sunday evening a man was killed at Lachine, a car being tossed over upon him by the storm.—*Herald.*

The Post Office Savings Bank return for May, published in Saturday's *Canada Gazette*, shows that the amount held by the Receiver General at the end of that month, was \$1,465,663; being an increase of \$56,165 over the amount held on the 30th April.

PROVINCIAL EXHIBITION.—The annual exhibition of the Provincial Agricultural Association for 1870 will be held at Toronto on the 3rd, 4th, 5th, 6th and 7th of October next. We have received a copy of the prize list, rules and regulations.

EXTENSION OF THE CITY LIMITS.—The *Minerve* learns that our City Clerk has just addressed a circular to the Mayors of the City of Montreal, and villages of St. Jean Baptiste, Coteau St. Louis, Cote des Neiges and Hochelaga informing them of the nomination of a Committee composed of Aldermen Rodden, David and Bernard to take into consideration the extension of the city limits. The circular invites these municipalities to name delegates to a meeting to this end, which will be held in the City Hall shortly.

PERSONAL.—We regret to learn that our respected townsman, Dr. O'Sullivan, from severe mental and physical labor has been obliged to suspend his practice, and leave town for a time to recuperate his health; long drives under the scorching heat of day and an almost total deprivation of rest at night, have of late told fearfully on even his hardy constitution. But we hope to see him soon return with renewed health and vigour to attend to the wants of his numerous friends, as faithfully as he has done since his advent to our town. Dr. Hillier, late House Surgeon of the Kingston General Hospital, will, during Dr. O'Sullivan's absence, take charge of his patients.—*Peterborough Review.*

YOUNG MAN DROWNED AT RIVER DU LOUP.—We regret to learn the death of Mr. Patrick Horan, who was drowned while bathing at River du Loup yesterday. The deceased was a brother of Mr. J. Horan, so well and popularly known in Quebec, and was a young man who possessed many friends, and whose death will occasion wide-spread sorrow. He had been only two years embarked in a thriving business, and had lately visited Quebec full of buoyant hopes.—*Quebec Mercury* of 20th.

DESTRUCTIVE HURRICANE IN KENT.—The *Chatham Planet* says: "Early on Sunday afternoon, 17th inst., appearances indicated the approach of a storm from the North West, but the wind being from the exactly opposite quarter, it was thought it would blow off in another direction. At half past two o'clock, however, there was a lull succeeded by a dead calm; the wind chopped round to the N. W., and gradually increased in strength till it became a perfect hurricane, bringing up the dust in clouds, and at a quarter to three o'clock the storm burst upon us with all its fury; the thunder and lightning were terrific, and the rain was so thick and heavy, as to have the appearance of sheets of water, at the same time showing of hail stones, or rather irregular lumps of ice, adding to the destructive powers of the storm. This war of the elements continued for

fully twenty minutes, and the damage done in the line of the storm during that short period throughout the country must have been immense, if we may judge by the result in town, where shade, ornamented and fruit trees have suffered to a very great extent—every street bears evidence of this, on both sides of the river, in the complete destruction of handsome shade trees, or damage to them by the breaking off of limbs, which have been thickly strewn along thoroughfares—the brittle willow trees suffering most in that respect. Few fruit trees have been blown down in town, but they have been stripped of their fruit to a very great extent. The roofs of many buildings have been damaged amongst others the roof of the second store from the West in the Confederate Block on King Street, and that of Mr. Ughnart's building in the same block, the latter being altogether with the proprietors in not having the outer edges of the tin secured with mortar. The roof of the brick building on the corner of Wellington and F. A. B. streets, belonging to Mr. J. H. Smith, M. P. P., was partly blown on to the Gravel Road, and all the roofs of the adjoining brick block on Wellington street were more or less damaged. The top part of the gable end of a brick building on Raleigh street, belonging to Mr. George Buckle, was blown in. As was to be expected, window glass has suffered to a considerable extent. The west side of the Scotch Church [Mr. Rennie's] was exposed to the storm and severely a pane in the centre portion of the five windows has been left whole; fortunately, however, the stained glass lights escaped unharmed. The west side of the barracks escaped in the same way, and to an equal extent, and the "grand stand" on the ground for the accommodation of the band and spectators at cricket matches, &c., was blown over and smashed to pieces. The handsome circular summer house in the grounds of Mr. D. R. VanAllen was blown down and irretrievably damaged, and the vines were greatly injured. We also understand that Dr. Ralls' garden suffered much injury in the blowing down of his crops of corn, &c., and the blowing down of his fences, which allowed the wandering cows to complete the destruction of everything eatable. The corn crop in all the town gardens has been laid flat with the ground, and in most cases will be beyond recovery. We have had little or no report from the country as yet, but the damage to all standing crops, especially corn and potatoes, must be immense. We hear of one or more roofs in Louisville having been carried away; and that some dozen apple trees in the orchard of Mr. John Dolsen, on the river, in the township of Dover, and about two miles from town were blown down some of them across the road.

REMOVAL OF GUNS.—The Imperial Government are busy removing all the cannon and shot from the fortifications, and shipping them to England. One shipload has already been despatched per *Sunbeam*, *Quebec Mercury*.

A melancholy accident occurred on Friday, 15th inst., by which Mr. Edward Hodgins, of the firm of A. Kingston, Gait & Hodgins, of Forest, Ont., was instantly killed. He was out shooting, and his gun by some accident was discharged, the charge entering his stomach.

The *Leader* of the 14th inst. says:—It is a coincidence worth noticing that three members of the 6th of Parliament of the Province of Canada, who, with others, assembled in Kingston in the year 1841, met last night accidentally at the Rossin. They were Sir Francis Hincks, the Hon. John Sandfield Macdonald, and Col. Prince. Twenty-nine years of public service in rather a long period; and yet all three bear their service and honours with more than ordinary distinction.

WOODSTOCK, July 21.—This section of the Province was visited by a terrific storm last night. For several hours the sky was lit up with lightning, and about 10 p. m. rain fell with great force. A barn was burned in the neighbourhood, and in Woodstock a Mrs. Morrison was killed while in bed, and her husband, who was also in bed, was badly injured.

Kingston is to be the headquarters for the depots of the volunteer regiments now in the Red River country. They are to perfect their drill there and take charge of the fort and do garrison duty, as there will be a considerable number of men quartered there. It is hoped that Kingston will be the better of the arrangement. Orders to this effect have been transmitted from the Department of Militia.

THE STORM.—About ten o'clock last night a perfect tornado swept over the city, and considerable damage to property resulted. The flashes of lightning were vivid in the extreme, and the rain descended in torrents. A large portion of the western side of the drill shed was blown down, and several branches of the shade trees near the Queen Hotel were carried away; the buildings in course of erection in various parts of the city suffered, as did also many private residences. Towards midnight the storm abated, and fine weather ensued.—*Toronto Globe*, 20th inst.

DARING MURDER AT ST. SYLVESTER.—The Mayor of St. Sylvester arrived in town last evening to inform the authorities of a murder committed at that place yesterday morning, that steps might be taken—more energetic than the locality could take—to arrest the culprit and preserve order. It appears that some weeks back two residents of the locality, named Burns and Crofton, had a dispute, which we learn ended in the latter threatening to shoot the former and pointing a gun at him, and that in consequence Mr. Burns came to Quebec to take criminal proceedings against Crofton. It being necessary to secure the attendance of witnesses to prosecute the case, a bailiff named Hugh O'Donoghue, of St. Sylvester, was sent with the necessary writ and subpoena to compel their attendance before Judge Donnat, and the man having arrived at his destination had, it seems, served one of the witnesses, and was about proceeding to the residence of another named Lynch, when on his way there yesterday morning, between 8 and 9 o'clock, he was shot dead by an unknown hand.—*Quebec Mercury*.

A lad about 11 years old son of Mr. Joseph Neff, township of Bertie, fell on the 7th inst. from a load of straw upon a fork, and both prolegs passed completely through the body, one entering half an inch below the heart and emerging an inch from the spine. Under medical care he is doing well and considered out of danger.

FATAL ACCIDENT.—A correspondent writing from Plainfield, 19th inst., says:—A young man from Tyndensinga, by the name of Bell was thrown from his wagon and killed in this village, this afternoon at 3 o'clock. He was going to Belleville to witness the Orange Demonstration or oration in honor of the delegates from Ireland. His father and brother were with him at the time. The horses ran away but received no injury.—*Belleville Intelligencer*.

As an earnest of 'good things coming,' the *Chronicle* notes the sale of a raft of white pine at 19 pence currency per cubic foot, which is the highest price yet reached in Quebec, and the same journal thinks that if war should close the Baltic ports, it may attain a yet higher price.

MONTREAL WHOLESALE MARKETS

Montreal, July 27, 1870:

Flour—Pollards, \$2.60 to \$3.00; Middlings \$4.40 to \$5.00; Fine, \$4.75 to \$4.80; Super. No. 2 \$5.10 to \$5.15; Superfine \$5.30 to \$5.35; Fancy \$5.75 to \$6.00; Extra, \$5.90 to \$6.00; Superior Extra \$6.00 to \$6.00; Bag Flour, \$2.20 to \$2.30 per 100 lbs. Oatmeal per brl. of 200 lbs.—\$4.25 to 4.60. Wheat per bush, of 60 lbs.—\$1.00 to \$1.10. Asbes per 100 lbs.—First Pots \$5.45 to \$5.50 Seconds, \$5.00 to \$5.95; Thirds, \$5.00 to 4.20.—First Peas, \$1.10 to 1.15.

Pork per brl. of 200 lbs.—Mess, 27.50 to 28.00;—Thin Mess \$28.00; Prime, \$30.00 to 30.00. Buttermilk, per lb.—More inquiry, with latest sales of common to medium at 15c to 17c—good per choice Western bringing 17c to 18c. Cheese, per lb.—14 to 15c. Lamb, per lb.—14c. Barley per 48 lbs.—Prices nominal,—worth about \$3.40 to \$3.50. Peas, per 66 lbs.—\$3.84.

MONTREAL RETAIL MARKET PRICES.

July 27, 1870.

	s.	d.	s.	d.
Flour, country, per quintal	17	0	17	6
Oatmeal, do	11	6	12	6
Indian Meal, do	8	0	9	0
Rye-Flour, do	00	0	00	00
DAIRY PRODUCE.				
Butter, fresh, per lb	1	0	1	3
Do, salt, do (inferior)	0	8	0	10
Cheese, do	0	9	0	10
MISCELLANEOUS.				
Potatoes per bag	3	3	4	6
Turnips do	0	0	0	8
Onions, per minot	0	0	0	0
Maple Syrup per gallon	0	0	0	0
Honey	0	0	0	0
Lard, per lb	0	11	0	0
Eggs, fresh, per dozen	0	9	0	10
Haddock	0	2	0	4
Maple Sugar, per lb	0	6	0	8
Apples, per barrel	\$4.50			
Hay, per 100 bundles	\$7.00			
Straw	\$4.00			
MEATS.				
Beef, per lb	0	5	0	8
Pork, do	0	7	0	8
Mutton, do	0	5	0	6
Lamb, do	0	5	0	6
Veal, per lb	0	6	0	7
Beef, per 100 lbs	\$8.00			
Pork, fresh do	\$8.00			
GRAIN.				
Barley, do (new)	2	6	2	9
Peas, do	4	6	5	0
Oats, do	2	6	10	2
Buckwheat, do	2	6	3	0
Indian Corn, do	3	6	3	9
Rye, do	0	0	0	0
Flax Seed, do	7	2	1	6
Timothy, do	12	6	13	0



THE REGULAR MONTHLY MEETING of the ST. PATRICK'S SOCIETY will be held in the ST. PATRICK'S HALL, on MONDAY EVENING, 1st AUGUST.

(By Order) M. O'CONNOR, Rec. Sec.

INSOLVENT ACTS OF 1864 AND 1869.

Canada, Province of Quebec, District of Montreal. [In the Superior Court]

In the matter of Francois Fabien Ferland, An Insolvent.

On Saturday, the seventeenth day of September next, the undersigned will apply to the said Court for a discharge under the said acts of 1864 and 1869 respectively.

FRANCOIS FABIEN FERLAND, Per Vallie & Benoit, His Attorneys ad litem. Montreal, 22nd July, 1870.

WANTED

Immediately for the R. C. Male Separate school of Belleville, a first class male teacher, (a Normal school teacher preferred.) Salary liberal. Application to be made stating terms on or before the 5th prox.—if by letter postpaid—to P. P. LYONS, Secretary, Belleville, Ont., July 19th, 1870.

TEACHER WANTED

To teach French and English. Salary liberal. Address Prepaid. M. GRACE, Sec. & Treas., St. Canute, P. Q.,

SITUATION WANTED

A YOUNG MAN good at figures, of pleasant address, speaking fluently the English and French languages, and who has travelled extensively through the United States, wishes to get a situation as Grocery Clerk or Bar-Tender, or any position of trust where he could make himself generally useful. Address this office.

CITY AND DISTRICT SAVINGS BANK. FROM and After the FIFTEENTH instant this Office will CLOSE at ONE o'clock on SATURDAYS.

By Order of the Board, E. J. BARBEAU, Actuary.

July 1st, 1870.

VALUABLE FARM

FOR

SALE.

LOT No. 4, S. E., in the Township of Biddulph, in the County of Middlesex, Ont., containing 126 acres, more or less, 75 acres cleared and in a high state of cultivation, balance in beautiful timber land, there is a good thriving orchard, two overflowing springs, one of which is in the pasture, and the other at the house. A frame barn 35 x 45, a frame driving house 30 x 40; these buildings are almost new. Said farm is situated on the London and St. Mary's gravel road, in the heart of the celebrated Huron district. It is 14 1/2 miles from the city of London, and 12 1/2 miles from the important town of St. Mary's; it is three miles from the village of Lucan, and three and a half from the village of Granton—the three last named places are important produce markets on the G.T.R.R. It is within three-fourths of a mile of a post office, two good stores, a blacksmith shop and a tavern; it is within a mile and a half of a Roman Catholic church, Presbytery, and Separate School; in Lucan there are three Protestant churches—namely, English, Methodist and Presbyterian, together with three Schools, and all these places are as near as a first class gravel road. Terms mod. rat. For further information apply to John McIlhargy, of the press, or, by letter, to Patrick McIlhargy, St. Mary's Road, Biddulph, P. Q. Dated this 29th day of June, 1870.