a proposal for their destruction? Why no one. None but ignorant or unscrupulous men ever attempted it, and as a lawyer and one accustomed to respect the sacred nature of private rights, he would oppose such an attempt here, however great public clamour might be against him, aye, even though the Seigneurs went against him, he would guard them against themselves. He would tell them what they should do. They should go to their tenants, summon them together, represent to them that they had been informed of their grievances, propose terms of accommodation to them, offer to sell them their lands in the form of freeholds, and say if you are desirous of possessing a freehold, let us agree on the price, and I will sell it to you.

*Mr. Armstrong*—It is out of the power of the Seigneur to do so. He cannot sell any land.

*Mr. Prince*—It was impossible that any King could ever grant land to a Seigneur without at the same time giving him the power of commuting with his tenants. If that were the case, why did not the Attorney General lay the law on the table, in order that the House might become acquainted with it. It appeared to him perfectly inconsistant with the nature of a grant, that a man should have the right of holding lands without possessing at the same time the right of divesting himself of them. He warned members from Lower Canada of the consequences of their recklessly introducing this end of the wedge, for all-powerful as they are now, the hour might come when their strength would be reduced, and through the infirmities of human nature, they would be in opposition—for it was not to be expected that their power would last for ever,—when threefold retribution would be meted out to them, if they now infringed on the sacred rights of private property. All attempts of this kind had failed with one exception, and he deeply regretted to say that was, when they consented to the spoilation of the University. Let them be careful that they did not go too far, for as certainly would retribution—and a heavy one—be exacted for their interfering forcibly between landlord and tenant for that was the footing on which this question must be put.

Monday, June 17.

The Speaker laid before the House a statement of the affairs of the Peterborough and Port Hope Railway Company.

Twenty-six Petitions were laid on the table. Among the petitions received and read were those:

Of John Johnston and others, of the Free Presbyterian Church of Canada, in Brock, Reach and Whitby, praying that the funds accruing from the Clergy Reserve Lands be applied to purposes of general education and improvement, and that there be no further disposal of the said lands until the question is finally disposed of.

Of Thomas George Choat and others, of the Townships of Dummer and Douro, County of Peterborough, praying for a just appropriation of the proceeds of the Clergy Reserves and Rectories; retrenchment in Public Expenditure; repeal of the Usury Laws; complete Law reform in forms, proceeding, and fees; election of all Local Officers; vote by Ballot; equal Parliamentary Representation; and Elective Legislative Council.

Of the Municipal Council of the County of Oxford, praying that the proceeds of the Clergy Reserves and Rectories be applied to Education and Local purposes; that the Law of Primogeniture be abolished; for a complete Law reform; for an equitable Assessment Law; that County Officers be elected; that the Court of Chancery be abolished; that Pensions and the pensioning system be discarded; and for a reduction of all Public salaries.

Of T. R. Tranchemontagne, President, and others, Administrators of the Berthier Academy, praying the usual aid in support of the said Academy.

A Message was received from the Legislative Council, stating that they had agreed to the following Bills, without amendment:

A Bill to incorporate the Hamilton Gas Light Company.

A Bill to authorize the inhabitant householders holding lands in the new settlements on the borders of the Saguenay, forming the second Municipal Division of that County, to establish a Municipal Council therein, and for other purposes.

On motion of the Hon. Mr. LaFontaine, the Council's amendments to the Bill to extend the period limited for certain purposes in the Montreal Registry Act, were considered and agreed to.

On motion of Mr. Ross, the Petition of the Quebec Board of Trade, was ordered to be printed.

Mr. Notman introduced a Bill to alter and amend the practice of the several Courts of Law in Upper Canada, and to reduce the costs of the same;—second reading on Wednesday next.

Mr. Sherwood of Brockville, introduced a Bill to authorize and enforce the attendance of witnesses in civil cases from any part of this Province before the Courts of Superior Jurisdiction;—second reading on Monday next.

On motion of Mr. Duchesnay, a Select Committee was appointed to enquire and report whether the Fines imposed by Justices of the Peace in Lower Canada, are accounted for and paid over to the proper authorities.

*Mr. Merritt* gave notice that he would introduce a Bill to establish a Banking system.

*Mr. Seymour* brought in a Bill to amend the Act relative to mortgages in Upper Canada;—second reading on Monday next.

In answer to Mr. McConnell, Mr. LaFontaine stated that it was not the intention of the Government to amend the present School Bill, or to introduce a new one for Lower Canada.

*Mr. Robinson* moved for leave to introduce a Bill to prevent the payment of any claims under the Indemnity Act of last Session, until certain information moved for, is laid before the House.—

The motion having been put by the speaker.

*Mr. W. H. Boulton* rose to address the chair but was called to order. A discussion then arose, as to Mr. Boulton's right to speak several members gave their opinions pro and con; after which Mr. Boulton addressed the House. A protracted debate then ensued after which the motion was put and lost Yeas 16. Nays 48.

*Hon. Mr. Baldwin* in answer to Mr. H. Sherwood, said the Government had not received a formal inquiry from King's College respecting certain statements relative to the Commission of inquiry into the affairs of King's College; but he had learned from one of the Secretaries that the information would be forthcoming.

*Mr. W. H. Boulton* rose to move his Resolutions, relative to an address to Her Majesty, on the subject of amending the Constitutional Act. He spoke, at great length in support of his resolution from which we extract the following; that

The Members of the House of Assembly shall be appointed according to the population. No bill to pass unless by a majority of all members of each Branch of the Legislature.

The Governor be appointed by the Crown, or elective: a Lieutenant Governor to be appointed at the same time.

Every Bill before passing to be submitted to the Governor for his approval; if he does not approve of it he must state his objections, and the Bill must be reconsidered; if after reconsideration in both Houses, two-thirds of the members present shall agree to pass such Bill, it shall become Law notwithstanding the Governors objections.

While *Mr. Boulton* was speaking three attempts were made to count out the House, after which the House adjourned for want of a quorum at 8 p.m.

Tuesday June 18.

*Mr. Price*, in a speech of some length, moved his thirty one Resolutions on the Clergy Reserves. He stated that, if sold, they would yield £2,000,000. A lengthened debate occupied the House until a quarter past eleven, when, on motion of Mr. Sherwood of Brockville, the further consideration of the question was postponed until to-morrow evening.

### From our English Files.

There is likely to be a change of Ministry in France in consequence of the dispute with England. General De La Hitte will be Minister of War in the place of General D'Hautpoul, who is to go to Algeria as Governor-General. The General resigns the War Office in consequence of a dispute with General Changarnier. M. Drouyn De Lhuys succeeds General De La Hitte as Minister of Foreign Affairs. The Legitimists and Orleanists have had a meeting, and have come to a resolution that their only hope of success depends upon a cordial union between the two branches of the House of Bourbon. This is a wise determination; for, if their quarrels continue, Louis Napoleon will undoubtedly be Emperor. There have been disturbances in the South of France, particularly at Marseilles: they are supposed to be connected with some intended movement in favour of Henry V.

The Duke of Montpensier has been summoned from Spain to visit his father, the Ex-King of the French, who is not in a good state of health.

The King of Prussia was wounded by a pistol bullet, in the right arm, on the 22nd instant, as he was leaving Berlin for Potsdam. The assassin has been secured.

In Austria the State debt has increased to 1,158,000,000 florins. In the course of the year 1848–9, the expenditure surpassed the income by nearly 140,000,000 florins. This is a serious state of things, which will embarrass the Government a great deal.

There is to be a meeting of Sovereigns at Warsaw, at which the Emperors of Russia and Austria, and the Prince of Prussia, are expected to attend.

The Pope was to hold a Consistory on the 20th inst., when he would declare the organization that he intends to give to his dominions.

The Prime Minister of the kingdom of Nepaul has arrived in England on a special mission to the Queen.

The Lord Chancellor of England has resigned. It is proposed to divide the Judicial and Political functions of the office. We hope that at the same time the patronage of Church Livings will be given to the Bishops of the respective Dioceses. The Lord Keeper being no longer an Ecclesiastic, has clearly no right to exercise this patronage, which is too often abused to merely political purposes.

The Bishop of London's Bill has been deferred till Monday next (June 3). As this measure is in strict accordance with the fifth Canon of the Council of Nice, we hope it will be strenuously supported. The appeal ought to be direct from the Bishop to the Synod of Bishops.

Prince Albert has recently sent an exceedingly able and valuable paper to the Royal Agricultural Society of England, on "The Sewerage of Towns," in which his Royal Highness develops a plan for *filtering the sewers* at convenient intervals, thus accumulating in convenient tanks a rich and valuable manure, and liberating the water from all mechanical admixture of impurity.

A royal sign manual warrant has just been issued, granting a pension of £25 a year to Mrs. Harriett Waghorn, wife of the late Lieutenant Waghorn, "in consideration of the eminent services of her late husband."

Douglas Jerrold suggests, that in the event of the abolution of the Laureatship, the salary should endow the keepership of Shakspere's house.

Between ten and eleven o'clock on the night, of the 21st May, Sir John Ross, with Commander Phillips, left Loch Ryan, on his hazardous enterprise, in search of Sir. J. Franklin. The Felix, with her tender in tow, was towed out of the Loch by one of the Stranraer steamers.—*Shipping and Mercantile Gazette.*

Messrs. Searle, boat-builders to her Majesty, have presented a very fine boat, of a novel description, which has been constructed by them, to Lady Franklin. It is similar in form to a whale-boat, 23 feet long, 5 feet 8 inches broad, 2 feet 2½ inches deep, strongly framed with fir, the external part covering the ribs being a perfect skin of gutta perchia. She will go out with the expedition under the command of Captain C. C. Forsyth, now about to sail for Regent's Inlet in search of Sir John Franklin and his party; and as she is calculated to carry sixty or seventy men, and 160lbs. of provisions, and moreover possesses the advantage of extreme portableness as well as strength, there is no doubt she will be found exceedingly useful. She has been inspected by several aquatic men, and has elicited their warmest approbation.

Miss Jane Porter, the well-known authoress of the *Scottish Chiefs*, and many other standard novels and romances, expired at the residence of her brother, Dr. W. Ogilvie Porter, Portland-square, Bristol, on Thursday night, from a second attack of pulmonary apoplexy. Miss Porter was in her seventy-fourth year, and maintained to the last moment her intellectual faculties unimpaired.

A Scotch paper of Wednesday mentions the death of Mrs. Jeffrey, the wife of the late Lord Jeffrey. Mrs. Jeffrey was born in America, and was the grandniece of the celebrated John Wilkes, and the second wife of the late Lord Jeffrey, to whom she was married in 1813.

A little boy fell into a canal at Bilston, and was drowned; a woman who lived near, erroneously thinking it was one of her children, ran to see the corpse, fell down in a fit, and died in a few minutes.

The district church of Amiotts, in the parish of Althrope, Lincolnshire, has fallen to the ground, and is utterly destroyed. The rector (the Rev. J. Aspinall) is using his utmost endeavours to raise £800 to rebuild the church, and afford the inhabitants the means of attending divine worship.

The officers of the Coldstream Guards had a grand festival on Wednesday, at St. James's Palace, to celebrate the enrolment of the corps by General Monck, two hundred years ago. The Duke of Cambridge and the Duke of Wellington were present. The non-commissioned officers and privates, 1,400 in number, had dinner provided for them, at which the royal duke was also present. Few regiments have more distinguished themselves in war.—Their tenacious bravery at Waterloo, when the farm of Hugomont was their point of honour, is now historical, Sir. James Macdonald, who was at that time their Colonel had the gratification of joining in the celebration on Wednesday as a lieutenant-general. The speeches were convivial; the chairman soldierly; the Duke of Wellington emphatic, with well-weighed praise; Mr. Fox Maule complimentary, and contemptuous to the obscure and anonymous prints who detract from the proud position and distinction given to the body of her Majesty's faithful Guards.

Telegraph between England and Russia.—The Emperor of Russia has decided on placing Petersburgh in telegraphic communication with Vienna and Berlin, by means of the electric telegraph which will also pass through Warsaw and Posen. The wires are now being laid down between Berlin and St. Petersburg, and St. Petersburg and the Black Sea. When the continuous line of wire, an important part of which is now being sunk submarinely between Dover and Calais, is completed in connexion with the continent, a person in London may hold almost instant communication with another in Russia.

At the annual meeting of the Royal Agricultural Society of England, on Wednesday, the Duke of Richmond was chosen President for the ensuing year: he excused his absence from the meeting on the ground of illness.—The Council have altered their plan of exhibitions, to make it harmonize with and subserve the intirests of Prince Albert's Show of Industry: the show for 1851 will be a cattle-show in Hyde Park—as complete as possible an exhibition of breeding stock: the implement show will be merged in Prince Albert's show, and not have a separate existence as part of the society's show next year.

A library formed at the Bank of England for the use of the clerks was opened the other day, after an appropriate address from Mr. Thomson Hankey, junior, the Deputy-Governor. One of the large offices has been handsomely fitted up for the purpose, and £500 (in addition to several large contributions from individual directors) has been voted by the court for the purchase of books.

Britannia Bridge.—One hundred and fifty extra hands have lately been taken on at these works, in order to expedite the preparations for the floating of the third great tube. The situation which it now occupies being at a much greater distance down the river than the two already floated, has rendered it necessary, preparatory to being floated between the piers, to remove it into the basin occupied by the first tube, where it will be turned round so as to bring it into the right position to cross the Straits, precisely in the same course as the first tube, parallel to which it is to be placed on the Anglesea side.—This movement is to take place on the 25th of the present month, and the pontoons have already been placed underneath the tube for the purpose. On the 10th of June (the succeeding spring tide) its final transit across to its permanent site is to take place. Since the completion of the present tubular passage over the river, circular windows, four inches in diameter, fitted with glass, and standing at about twenty feet apart, have been placed along the sides.—*Cambrian.*

Additional Grant to Maynooth.—On Thursday last, the attention of the House was called by Mr. Freweń to a nice little pro-Popish job in the Miscellaneous Estimates. In addition to the Parliamentary grant of 30,000*l.*, there appears in the Estimates for "Public Works and Buildings," the following item:—"Royal College, St. Patrick's, Maynooth, maintenance and repairs, 1,240*l.* 10*s.*" The Honourable Member for East Sussex having inquired of the Chancellor of the Exchequer whether it was his intention to include that sum in the vote to be taken on Friday, Sir Charles Wood made one of those convenient Ministerial replies which are "inaudible in the gallery." We have reason to believe that the reply was in the negative, as to the day on which that portion of the estimates would be gone into, but not as to the intention of the Government to bestow this additional grant on the Jesuit Seminary. We shall content ourselves for the present with having drawn attention to the fact that such a grant is in contemplation; not doubting that it requires only to be generally known, to call forth such an expression of the Protestant feeling of the country as shall put an effectual stop to the present attempt, and prevent for the future, a repetition of such official malpractices.—*John Bull, May* 18.

The authorities of the British Museum are stirring in a matter which does them credit, and will be gratifying to all who are interested in our early history. The endeavour to procure the removal to the safe custody of the Museum of the curious manuscripts of Prudentius, Higden, Wickliffe, &c., in the Tennyson Library—where they are now comparatively useless and unknown—interrupted by the death of the late Archbishop of Canterbury, has been renewed; and we believe with so much of good feeling on all sides, that it is at length likely to be brought to a satisfactory conclusion.—*Athenæum.*

## Colonial.

We have been requested by a correspondent, who is a member of the Orange Association, and who prays that he may never deviate from the rules laid down by the Society, to say that the paragraph which has appeared in many of the papers to the effect that the Orangemen of Ireland had burned their warrants, flags and other emblems of the order is totally untrue. This denial is made on the authority of a letter received by our correspondent from the Right worshipful the Grand Master of Great Britain and Ireland in which he says. "That he hopes no Loyal Orangemen in the Canadas will believe such lying stories, for they are great exagerations, and utterly untrue" Our correspondent expresses a hope that the Loyal men of this province will not be disheartened by reports circulcated by parties who having a republican bias, will not scruple to resort to sophistries and falsehoods to promote the objects they have in view.

Female Emigration.—A Society in England for promoting Female Emigration, of which the Right Hon. Sidney Herbert is the President, having learned that there exists in Upper Canada, and more especially in the country districts, a demand for female domestic servants, contemplates sending out a certain number of that class, provided arrangements are previously made in this country for their reception and distribution.

Great care is taken in England to select women of good character, whose age and habits fit them for domestic service: and upon enquiry amongst various classes of persons, it is concluded, that, if sent out in numbers not exceeding twenty at a time for any one place, they would speedily be enabled to obtain situations in the neighbourhood.

Toronto is one of the ports to which it is proposed that this emigration should be directed: but in order to co-operate with the Society in England, it will be necessary to provide some place of reception for the emigrants immediately on their landing, where they may be assured of proper superintendence, and a safe asylum from the dangers that beset friendless women on their first arrival in a new country. Some means must also be devised for subsequently distributing them where their services are required.

With these views, the following Committees have been formed in Toronto; and they look with confidence to the public for support, not doubting that the undertaking will meet with encouragement from all classes in this country, and that sufficient funds will be contributed for carrying the proposed measures into effect. Arrangements have been already entered into, by which a proper place of reception may be secured, provided a moderate sum is raised to meet the cost of furniture and other necessary expenses.

Committee of Gentlemen.—The Hon. Chancellor Blake, Mr. Justice M'Lean, Mr. Justice Draper, R. Baldwin, P. B. DeBlapuiere, S. B. Harrison, His Worship the Mayor, Rev. Jas. Beaven, D.D., Rev. H. J. Grasett, M.A., Rev. S. Lett, LL.D., John Arnold, Esq., James S. Howard, Esq., Captain Crease, R.N., Dr. Hayes, E. M. Hodder, Esq., M.C., J. H. Hagarty, Esq., Lewis Moffatt, Esq., G. W. Allan, Esq., Thos. Champion, Esq.

Committee of Ladies.—Mrs. Arnold, Mrs. Beaven, Mrs. Blake, Mrs, DeBlaquiere, Mrs. H Boulton, Mrs. W. Boulton, Mrs. Crease, Mrs. Dixon, Mrs. Draper, Mrs. Grasett, Mrs. Gurnett, Mrs. T. D. Harrris, Mrs. E. G. O'Brien, Mrs. Robinson, Mrs. L. Robinson, Mrs. James Strachan, Mrs. Widder, Mrs. Willis.—*Honorary Secretary and Treasurer*, J. W. Brent, Esq.

Donations will be received by any of the Committee, or by the Secretary and Treasurer.

Bank of Upper Canada.—The 55th Dividend on the Capital Stock of this Bank, has been this day declared, at the rate of *Two and one-half per Cent*, for the half-year ending the 30th instant.

The Toronto correspondent of the Montreal *Courier* states, that Dr. Workman has retired from the management of the *Mirror*, and that he is to be succeeded by Mr. Matthew Ryan.

The *Western Miller* was towed into Quebec by the steamer *St. George*, having had a long passage in consequence of her boilers having become leaky. Her sea going qualities are well spoken of. We wish her better luck next time.—*Montreal Gazette.*

**Gore District.**

Great Western Railroad.—The Annual Meeting of this Company for the election of Directors, was held on Monday last. The *Spectator* says the meeting was very large, and that only those holding Canadian Stock voted. The following are the names of the Directors elected:—R. W. Harris. Peter Carroll, W. P. Maclaren, Daniel Macnab, Sir Allen Macnab, Archibald Kerr, Richard Juson, Robert McIlroy, H. McKinstry, James Hamilton, and G. S. Tiffany, Esqrs.

**Niagara District.**

Welland Canal.—During the first month of traffic through the Canal, 216 vessels passed through, against 196 up to the same date last year. 62 were bound for American ports, and 54 down; 53 up to Canadian ports, and 45 down. 50 of the down freights were agricultural produce, and 45 were products of the Canadian forest, of which 13 were for Oswego.—*St. Catharine's Journal.*

**Canada East.**

Great Fire in Griffintown this Afternoon, June 15.—About 4 o'clock, a fire broke out in a carpenter's shop, in Nazareth-street, destroying in its wake about fifty houses, and the Episcopal church of St. Ann's. It is still extending its ravages towards the Canal, and it is impossible to say when it will be got under. An immense quantity of lumber has been destroyed.

The fire in Griffintown, on Saturday, consumed nearly 200 houses. After raging about three hours it was subdued in the vicinity of the Forwarding Stores, at the canal, which together with the Gas Company's Works in the neighbourhood, narrowly escaped. The exertions of the fatigue Company of the 20th Regiment were most effectual in checking the progress of the fire in that direction. In the consternation at the time many families lost the whole of their furniture. A respectable woman, named Levingston, was burned to death in endeavouring to secure her property; and another woman, named McDonald, is reported missing. The Ætna Mutual and Quebec Insurance Companies are it is said, losers to a considerable extent by this disastrous occurrence. The Episcopal Church is insured in the Ætna for £800, and in the Quebec for £420. His Worship the Mayor is about to call a public meeting to consider measures for the relief of the sufferers.—*Montreal June* 17.

## United States.

A telegraphic despatch from Cleveland, this morning says that the steamer *Griffith*, on her way from Buffalo to Toledo, when about 20 miles below Cleveland, at 5 o'clock this morning, took fire and burned to the water's edge.—The mate, who swam ashore, reports only 30 saved, and those saved themselves by swimming to shore. Captain Roby, wife and child, are among the lost. There were between two and three hundred on board. The accounts differ as to the loss of life. The last report gives the number lost at 260.

The western lines are working badly, and we are unable to get further particulars.


A WORD TO THE AFFLICTED.

There can be no question that there are yet many undiscovered benefits to be derived from the use of Sherwood's Galvanic Embrocation. It rests with the candid inquirer and patient investigator to discover them. To those especially who are in the victims of some malady, in which Physic and Physicians have thus far failed, it offers strong assurance of hope; and to you it is earnestly recommended. Try it. Though it is not offered as a universal Panacea, it has often done great good where none was expected, and in no case can it do any harm. We say Try it—some new and hidden virtues may be only awaiting the test and trial.

For sale, Wholesale and Retail, by LYMAN, KNEESHAW & CO and ROBERT LOVE, Toronto; also by Druggists generally.


### TORONTO MARKETS.

Toronto, June 19th, 1850.

| | | | s. | d. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Fall Wheat, per 60 lbs. | 5 0 | a | 5 | 3 |
| Spring do. do. | 4 0 | a | 4 | 6 |
| Oats, per 34lbs | 1 6 | a | 1 | 7 |
| Barley, per 48lbs | 2 0 | a | 0 | 0 |
| Peas | 2 0 | a | 2 | 6 |
| Rye | 2 0 | a | 2 | 8 |
| Flour, superfine (in Barrels) | 26 3 | a | 0 | 0 |
| Do. fine (in Bags) | 25 0 | a | 0 | 0 |
| Market Flour, (in Barrels) | 22 6 | a | 0 | 0 |
| Do. (in Bags) | 22 0 | a | 0 | 0 |
| Oatmeal, per barrel | 20 0 | a | 22 | 6 |
| Beef, per lb. | 0 2 | a | 0 | 5 |
| Do. per 100 lbs. | 20 0 | a | 27 | 6 |
| Pork per lb. | 0 3 | a | 0 | 4 |
| Do. per 100 lbs. | 20 0 | a | 25 | 0 |
| Mutton per lb | 0 3 | a | 0 | 5 |
| Hams, do. | 35 0 | a | 40 | 0 |
| Potatoes, per bushel | 1 6 | a | 1 | 10½ |
| Butter, fresh, per lb | 0 6 | a | 0 | 7½ |
| Do. salt, do. | 0 6½ | a | 0 | 7 |
| Cheese, per lb. | 0 3½ | a | 0 | 5 |
| Lard, per lb. | 0 4 | a | 0 | 5 |
| Eggs, per doz., | 0 5 | a | 0 | 9 |
| Turkeys, each | 3 0 | a | 5 | 0 |
| Geese. do. | 2 0 | a | 2 | 6 |
| Ducks | 2 6 | a | 0 | 0 |
| Fowls | 1 6 | a | 1 | 8 |
| Straw | 30 0 | a | 35 | 0 |
| Hay | 50 0 | a | 60 | 0 |
| Fire Wood | 11 3 | a | 15 | 6 |
| Bread | 0 5 | a | 0 | 6 |

EXCHANGE.

| | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Toronto on London | 12 | @ | 0 | per cent. |
| " " New York... | 2½ | @ | 0 | " |
| New York on London. | 109¾ | @ | 110 | " |


NOTICE

To Builders and Contractors.

THE Building Committee of St. James's Church is prepared to receive TENDERS for the erection of the Church.

The Plans and Specifications may be seen at the office of Messrs. Cumberland and Ridout, Architects, Toronto Street, on and after Monday, 1st July.

Sealed Tenders to be addressed to the undersigned, endorsed "Tender for St. James's Church," and to be delivered on or before MONDAY, 15th JULY, at Noon, after which no tenders will be received.

The Committee will not be considered bound to accept the lowest Tender, unless in all other respects it be satisfactory.

Signed THOS. D. HARRIS, L. MOFFATT, *Churchwardens.*

Toronto, 18th June, 1850. 47-4t

For Sale in Whitchurch.

A FARM containing 100 Acres, about 70 cleared (West half 25—in the 5th, Concession), on which there is a House containing Six good Rooms, besides Kitchen, Cellar and other conveniences, with suitable Offices attached.

There is a second House, Barn, &c., on the upper part of the Farm and a never failing stream of water runs through the Lot.

Price, £425. Apply, if by letter, post-paid, to William Roe, Esq. Newmarket, or Thomas Champion, Esq., Toronto.

June 20th 1850. 47-5in

THE COLONIAL LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY,

*Registered and Empowered under Act of Parliament, 7 and 8 Victoria, Cap.* 110.

CAPITAL £500,000 STERLING.

GOVERNOR:

*The Right Honourable the Earl of Elgin and Kincardine,* Governor General of Canada, &c., &c., &c.

HEAD OFFICES:

Edinburgh,..... 1, George Street.
London,..... 4. A. Lothbury.
Glasgow,..... 35, St. Vincent Place.
Montreal,..... 49, Great St. James Street.

THE Directors of the *Colonial Life Assurance Company* being desirous to afford all those advantages to their Policy-holders in this country, which are commanded by Assurers in Great Britain, have invested the Board in Montreal with full powers to examine into and accept proposals, putting the Company on the risk, *at once*, without communicating with the Parent Board.

A party has it thus in his power to effect an Assurance on his Life *immediately*, without incurring the delay to which Life Assurers in this country have hitherto been subjected, from the sanction of the Head Board being required to complete the transaction; the deliverance of the Board at Montreal being *final and irrevocable.*

This arrangement gives to the Colonial all the faculties of a Company *essentially local*; and, combined with the additional advantage of a large Guaranteed Capital, affords the most perfect security in all Assurance transactions.

The Colonial Life Assurance Company

Has been established for the purpose of extending the benefits of Life Assurance in the Colonies of Great Britain, and affording increased facilities to persons assured in passing from one country to another. The success which has attended its operation testifies how greatly such an Institution was required, and how much it has been appreciated.

*IN BRITISH NORTH AMERICA*

The Company has been received by all classes in the most satisfactory and welcome manner, and the number who have connected themselves with it by Assurance, show how very much such an Institution on a broad and liberal basis was required.

*THE CAPITAL OF THE COMPANY*

Gives complete security for all its transactions; and parties dealing with the Office incur none of the risks of Mutual Assurance.

*THE RATES*

Adopted have been framed after a most careful and searching inquiry as to the value of life in different countries, and the Directors are confident that they have adopted *as moderate a scale as can be held, compatible with safety.*

*PROGRESS OF THE COMPANY.*

The Colonial commenced business in 1846, and the result which has attended its operations fully bears out the anticipations of success which its founders entertained. The Company have granted Assurance, during the last two years alone, to the extent of £300,000 sterling.

*DIVISION OF PROFITS.*

The Directors look forward with confidence to a very favorable result at the first *Division of Profits in* 1854, *and persons assuring before 25th May*, 1850, *will participate in that Division to the extent of five years' claim for bonus.*

Every information can be obtained by application at the Company's Offices, KING-STREET, TORONTO.

Board of Management:

Honourable R. B. Sullivan, *Chairman.*

Wm. Proudfoot, Esq, | Alex. Murray, Esq.
James Brown, Esq., | T. D. Harris, Esq,

Hon. W. B. Robinson.

Legal Advisers:

Messrs. Wilson & Smith, Barristers

Medical Advisers:

Edwd. Hodder, Esq., M.D. | Francis Primrose, Esq, M.D

JOHN MAULSON,
*Agent and Secretary.*

Toronto, June 18, 1850. 47-3m.

BURGESS & LEISHMAN,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL;

CORNER OF KING AND CHURCH STREETS, ADJOINING THE COURT HOUSE.

HAVE on hand the Largest, the Cheapest and the best Assortment of **Ready-made Clothing and Dry Goods** in Canada West.

*Cloths, Cassimeres, Vestings, and general Dry Goods, Imported direct from Britain, by Ourselves.*

Garments made to order of every Description.

*Paris, London, and New York Fashions Received Monthly.*

THE MOST APPROVED STYLE ADOPTED.

In the Ready-made Clothing Department will be found:—

| | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Men's Linen Coats, from | 4s 4½d | | Men's Velvet Vests, | | |
| do Checked do | 6s 3d | | do Marcelles | do | |
| do Moleskin do | 10s 0d | | do Barathea | do | |
| do Black Alpaca do | 11s 3d | | do Tollenett | do | |
| do Russell Cord do | 13s 9d | | do Cassimere | do | |
| do Gambroon do | 11s 3d | | Men's Moleskin Trousers, | | 7s 6d |
| do Princess Cord do | 15s 0d | | do Linen Drill | do | 6s 3d |
| do Tweed do | 17s 6d | | do Fancy Drill | do | 4s 9d |
| do Broad Cloth do | 32s 6d | | do Tweed | do | |
| do Cassimere do | 17s 6d | | do Cassimere | do | |
| do Gutta Percha do | 30s 0d | | do Doeskin | do | |
| Men's Cloth Vests, from | 7s 6d | | do Buckskin | do | |
| do Black Satin do | 8s 9d | | do Sattinett | do | |
| do Fancy do | 8s 9d | | do Cloth | do | |
| do Linen do | 3s 4d | | do Cassinett | do | |
| do Fancy do | 4s 4½d | | do Cashmerette | do | |
| do Plush do | | | | | |
| Boy's Linen Coats, from | 4s 4½d | | Boy's Tweed Vests, from | | 5s 0d |
| do Checked do | 5s 0d | | do Cloth do | | 5s 0d |
| do Moleskin do | 7s 6d | | do Cassimere do | | 5s 9d |
| do Tweed do | 7s 6d | | Boy's Drill Trousers, from | | 4s 4½d |
| do Alpaca Tweed do | 8s 9d | | do Fancy do | | 4s 0d |
| do Russell Cord do | 10s 0d | | do Moleskin do | | 6s 3d |
| Boy's Fancy Vests from | 2s 0d | | do Checked do | | 5s 0d |
| do Silk do | 5s 0d | | do Doeskin do | | |
| do Satin do | 5s 0d | | do Cassimere do | | |
| WhiteShirts, Linen Fronts | 4s 4½d | | Neck Handkerchiefs, | | |
| Striped Cotton Shirts, | 2s 6d | | Gloves and Hoisery, | | |
| Shirt Collars and Fronts, | | | Red Flannel Shirts, | | 4s 4½d |
| Men's French Silk Hats, | | | Cotton Under Shirts, | | 2s 6d |
| Cloth Caps, | 2s 6d | | Fancy Caps, | | |
| Leghorn Hats | 5s 0d | | Felt Hats | | |
| Carpet Bags, Braces | | | | | |

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| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| 1000 Muslin Dresses, from 3s 11d | | Ribbons and Laces, | |
| 1000 Parasols, 2s 11d | | Lace Veils and Falls | |
| 500 Straw Bonnets, 1s 6d | | Cotton Yarn, from | 4s 6d P B. |
| Splendid Scarfs and Shawls, | | Stays, do | 1s 6d pair. |
| Collars and Neck Ties | | Prints, fast colours, | 5½d |
| Factory Cottons, from | 2½d | Artificial Flowers, | |
| White Cotton, | 3½d | Hosiery and Gloves, | |
| Striped Shirting, | 5d | | |

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Toronto, June 12, 1850. 46-1y

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Toronto, May 29th, 1850. 44-3in

REMOVAL

OF THE

BOSTON BOOK STORE.

B. COSGROVE respectfully intimates to his Friends and the Public, that he has REMOVED four doors East of his former stand, to the premises, No. 59, *Wellington Buildings*, recently occupied by Messrs. Evans & Hamilton, where he is now opening a very extensive Stock of Books, Periodicals, Maps, Stationery and Engravings, &c., to which he would particularly invite the attention of the Trade, as from arrangements with the Publishers, he is enabled to supply all Books and Periodicals Wholesale and Retail, at New York prices.

Toronto, June 3rd, 1850. 45-tf

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Albert Buildings, King Street,
24th April, 1850. 39-tf

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New Market Buildings.
Toronto, 7th May, 1850. 41-tf

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