

characteristic reaction, with chill, increased temperature, headache, pain in back and extremities, and nausea. The temperature reached 101° , remaining at that from 10 P.M. to 4 A.M. Locally, the parts about the sinus got very tender. Pain was also felt among the glands in the right submaxillary region, and in both axillæ, but with the exception of that in the right axilla, the pain complained of was slight. In the right axilla was found a gland, about the size of a marble, larger than any noted there at the first examination. This gland was excessively tender, so much so that he kept his arm from his side to avoid pressure on it.

Temperature practically did not reach normal for two days, when patient had regained his normal feelings. But up to date the gland in the right axilla is still very tender.

Obituary.

JOHN STEWART, M.D.—We regret to have to record the death of Dr. John Stewart, of Kingston, Ont. He was a native of Perthshire, Scotland, and received his professional education in Edinburgh. He settled in Kingston upwards of fifty years ago, and has always taken an active part in medicine and politics. It was mainly through his exertions that the Royal College of Physicians and Surgeons of Kingston was founded.

EDWARD BELLAMY, F.R.C.S.—London has lost, through the premature death of Edward Bellamy, another of its prominent surgeons. Mr. Bellamy was, at the time of his death, senior surgeon to Charing Cross Hospital. He was the author of the *Student's Guide to Surgical Anatomy* and the translator into English of *Braun's Topographical Anatomy*.

MR. JOHN MARSHALL, F.R.C.S. ENG., F.R.S., LL.D.—With great regret we record the death of Mr. John Marshall, Emeritus Professor of Surgery, and Consulting Surgeon to University College and Hospital. He was lately President of the Royal College of Surgeons, and for a number of years he represented this body in the General Medical Council. The institution of the conjoint scheme for examinations was mainly obtained through his efforts. He was the author of several works, as the "Outlines of Physiology, Human and Comparative," and a work on anatomy for artists. He was, we believe, the first to introduce into practice the use of certain oleates in the treatment of local inflammation.