Halictus helianthi, n. sp. One female.

Length about 4 mm., anterior wing 3 mm.; head and thorax dark green, abdomen and legs piceous; hind margins of abdominal segments obscurely reddish; pubescence dull white; wings hyaline, iridescent, nervures and stigma testaceous. Head ordinary; eyes converging below; mandibles dark ferruginous, black at base; antenna dark, flagellum obscurely reddened beneath apically; tegulæ piceous, strongly punctured; mesothorax dullish, finely and distinctly punctured; area of metathorax delicately sculptured.

Microscopic characters: Front densely punctured; a delicate keel between antennæ; tegulæ well punctured; mesothorax reticulated between the punctures, which are well separated on disc; area of metathorax with few, delicately wrinkled plica, on a minutely reticulate surface, and with no sharp or shining edge posteriorly; scutellum rather sparsely punctured; abdomen with very minute scattered punctures, close to H. perparvus Ellis from Arizona, but perparvus differs thus: Mesonotum yellowgreen, contrasting with the dark blue-green of rest of thorax (in helianthi no marked contrast; mesothorax is an obscure olive green); second and third abdominal segments not, or not noticeably, punctured (in helianthi very distinctly punctured in the subbasal region, where the pigmentation is strongest); plicæ of area of metathorax of same general type, but larger and more numerous, and the minute reticulation is stronger and yet more minute, producing the appearance of a very finely malleate surface (in helianthi, especially apically, there are very delicate mainly transverse lines); plumose hairs on posterior face of metathorax shorter. (The nearest relative in Southern California is H. legulariformis Crawf., which I took at La Jolla in August; this is larger than helianthi and has the mesothorax brighter, yellowish green.)

Agapostemon texanus Cresson. Two females.

Melissodes aurigenia Cresson. One female, collecting pollen; males, three of them denuded.

Pseudomelecta californica Cresson. One female.

Diadasia enavata Cresson. One female, collecting pollen.

The absence of any species of *Andrena* and *Megachile* is noteworthy. A single *Bombus* was seen on the flowers, but not captured. No honey-bees were on the flowers, though they were in the vicinity.