1888.] THE RELATIONS OF MISSIONS AND COMMERCE.

golian-we have abused them all, and each in a different way. Our record is sad and disgraceful, and we are in no mood to read lectures to other Christian nations. But we are ready to unite with them, heart and hand, in any measures of amendment.

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There are consolations in this dark history, as there are in the coolie traffic of the South Pacific. One is, that all this time the Christian Church, or at least portions of it, have realized the wrong, and have done what they could to save the people from destruction and lead them There have never been more beautiful exemplificaunto eternal life. tions of Christian love than those which were exhibited by Moravian missionaries through all the early history of our dealings with the Amer-And thousands of our own people have followed their ican Indians. worthy example. Never in the whole history of martyrdom has one seemed to follow so nearly in the footsteps of the vicarious Redcemer, and so to fill up the remainder of His suffering even unto death, as the saintly Patteson, who literally died for the sins of unscrupulous kidnappers, of the Caucasian race.

A third principle is, that improvement generally follows as commerce becomes established. There is much comfort in this. The first rough adventurers are at length followed by a better class. Homes are established by Christian merchants; fathers who are solicitous for the moral atmosphere which surrounds their children, exert a wholesome influence; the missionary is no longer sneered at, but is supported; vice that was open and shameless is frowned upon. The church and school have arrived. In many a land where the first wave of our civilization seemed to cast up only mine and dirt, order, intelligence and religion at length prevailed.

There was a time in San Francisco when the courts of justice were paralyzed, and when the right-minded citizens felt constrained to send to Hawaii for a missionary to return and establish a Christian church in his own land. Even saloon-keepers joined in the call, alleging that without a church and Christian institutions no man's life was safe.

In all new mining fields, whether in America, or Australia, or South Africa, the first contact has been demoralizing, and yet in those same settlements, when order had been established, when the Christian family had arrived, when a church and a schoolhouse, and a Christian press and Christian influence had obtained a footing, all was changed. And dark as the problem of civilization in Africa now is, and urgent as may be the duty imposed upon us to save the present generation, we do not hesitate to prophesy that European civilization in West Africa a-half century hence will be full of life and light. Even at the worst, we are by no means disposed to hand Africa over to Islam, which in all these centuries has done so little for the heathen tribes—which, by degrading woman, has tended to destroy the family, and, therefore, the State, and which has depopulated every country that it has ever